

Pharmacy Program specification document

2007

Pharmacy program specification document

	Program Identification and General Information:					
1	Name of Program:	Pharmacy				
2	Academic degree granted by the (program certificate):	Bachelor of Pharmacy				
3	The total credit hours for granting the (qualification degree):	189-183 credit hours (compensatory and elective courses)				
4	The body responsible for granting the academic degree university:	Al-Nasser University				
5	Name of the college to which the program belongs:	Faculty of Medical Sciences				
6	Name of the department to which the program belongs:	Department of Pharmacy				
7	Number of years of study in the program:	years 5				
8	Study system in the program:	Semester system (5 years with a)total of 10 semesters and field training				
9	Professions/professions to which the program is intended to join:	Pharmacist				
10	Language of study in the program:	English				
11	Qualification required to join the program:	High school science				
12	Scientific departments participating in the implementation of the program:	None				
14	Date of Last Approval of the Program Specification Document:	2007				

University Vision, Mission, and Aims:

University Vision:

Local leadership, regional excellence, and keeping abreast of global scientific and research developments

University Mission:

Providing scientific and research services that contribute to providing the community with effective competencies capable of competition and creativity locally and regionally

Aims of the University:

The university aims to:

- 1. Providing an appropriate scientific environment to prepare graduates with skilled, scientific and practical competencies who have the ability to self- and continuous learning.
- 2. Developing and improving academic programs in accordance with quality and accreditation standards and serving the community.
- 3. Assisting colleges in developing and improving the performance of their academic and administrative members to serve the quality of educational, research, and administrative processes.
- 4. The best operation of the available human and material resources, the creation of opportunities and financial resources to serve the educational process, and the improvement of the infrastructure to ensure theachievement of the vision and mission of the university.
- 5. Expanding relations and partnerships with other universities, institutions, research centers, and the labor market to provide better serviceto society.

Faculty Vision, Mission and Aims:

Faculty Vision:

Leadership locally and excellence regionally in pharmaceutical sciences

Faculty Mission:

Seeking to provide the community with qualified, scientifically and research-trained medical cadres that contribute to community service and are able to compete locally and regionally

Aims of the Faculty:

The Faculty aims to:

- **1.** Providing an appropriate scientific and research environment to preparequalified and trained medical cadres.
- **2.** Promoting community service and community partnership in the field of health and environmental development.
- **3.** Updating programs and courses in accordance with the standards of academic accreditation and developing the skills of faculty members in thescientific and research field
- **4.** Developing the physical and human infrastructure of the collage
- **5.** Developing student skills and activities, continuous self-learning and problem-solving

Department Mission and Aims:

Department Mission:

The Department of Pharmacy seeks to enhance pharmaceutical education to provide the community with qualified graduates who are able to innovate and compete at the local and regional levels and build an educational and research environment to meet the needs of the community.

Department Aims:

The pharmacy department aims to:

- 1. Updating and developing study plans in line with the labor market and community needs
- 2. Providing advanced and distinguished education to graduate qualified professional and research pharmacists.
- 3. Building an appropriate educational and research environment for pharmaceutical education and production.
- 4. Serving governmental and private civil society organizations that are related to the pharmaceutical field.

Program Mission and Aims:

Program Mission:

Preparing qualified, scientifically and research-trained pharmacists who are committed to professional ethics and self-learning, and are able to serve the community and compete in the local and regional labor market, through a invotive educational environment and effective partnership, to meet the labor market needs.

Program Aims:

The program aims to:

- 1. Preparing scientifically and practically qualified pharmacists with the ability to workefficiently in the various fields of pharmacy and meet local and regional competition.
- 2. Providing the invotive environment to conduct outstanding scientific research in the pharmaceutical field that serves the community.
- 3. Providing students with scientific, practical and research knowledge and skills in the fields of pharmaceutical sciences.
- 4. Providing students with communication skills with others, in addition to the skill of self-learning and lifelong learning.
- 5. Encouraging various pharmaceutical activities that serve the community.

Graduate attributes:

- 1. Manufacture, prepare, and dispense medicines legally, ethically, and in accordance with guidelines
- 2. Identifying and solving problems related to the patient's medicines related to the manufacture, distribution, and dispensing of medicines
- 3. Demonstrate leadership and perform necessary pharmaceutical administrative duties
- 4. Cooperating with pharmacists, workers in the pharmaceutical fields, and healthcare providers in providing high-quality pharmaceutical services
- 5. Apply basic research skills related to pharmaceutical sciences
- 6. using modern information technologies for continuous learning, improving professional skills and community services
- 7. communicating effectively with patients, pharmaceutical workers, health care providers, and community members with full respect for cultural diversity

Program Standards & Benchmarks:

Academic Standards:

- 1. Standards Council for Academic Accreditation and Quality Assurance Yemen
- 2. Australian Accreditation Standards for Pharmacy Programme.
- **3.** National academicstandards for pharmacy in Egypt

A.Knowledge and Understanding: After successful completion of the program, the graduate will be able to: Recognize the principles of basic, management, health, environmental sciences, ethicsand pharmacy law. A1 Illustrate the importance of chemistry and basic sciences to pharmaceutical sciences. Explain the fundamentals of physicochemical properties of various substances of natural and synthetic origin used in the preparation of medicines including inactive and active ingredients as well as biotechnology and radio-labeled products. A3-

	Describe principles of pharmacology, pharmaceutical, pharmacy practice, clinical pharmacy,
	pharmacokinetics, and biopharmaceutics with applications in therapeutic drug monitoring,
	dose modification, and bioequivalence studies using biotechnology techniques.
A4-	
	Identify the toxic profile of drugs and other xenobiotics including sources, identification,
A5-	symptoms, management control and first aid measures.

B.Into	ellectual Skills:
After s	uccessful completion of the program, the graduate will be able to:
B1-	Apply basic pharmaceutical knowledge in the formulation of safe and effective medicines as well as in the development of new drug delivery systems and dispensing the medicament.
B2-	Use the knowledge of biotechnology principles in the development of new products.
В3-	Design and evaluate qualitative and quantitative analytical and biological methods for quality control of pharmaceutical preparations
B 4-	Select the appropriate industrial methods of extraction, isolation, purification, identification, standardization to formulation of natural products.

C.Pro	C.Professional and Practical Skills:					
After s	After successful completion of the program, the graduate will be able to:					
C1	Handle and dispose of chemicals, microbiological and pharmaceutical preparations including radiopharmaceuticals safely and effectively.					
C2	Operate different equipment and instruments					
C3	Use emerging technologies and implement GLP and GMP guidelines in pharmacy practice.					
C4	Carry out laboratory tests for different pharmacy related sciences.					

D.Gei	neral Skills:
After s	uccessful completion of the program, the graduate will be able to:
D1 -	communicate clearly with patients and other health care professionals by verbal and written means.
D2 -	keep effectively in a team or individually
D3-	Demonstrate creativity and time management abilities
D4-	element writing and presentation skills.
D5-	Have critical thinking and decision-making abilities and life-long learning.

Appendix (6) Aligning program objectives with learning outcomes.

Appendix (7) Aligning the learning outcomes of the program with the reference standards for scientific control.

Intend	led Learning Outcomes (PILOs)		
A - K	nowledge and Understanding		
	successful completion of the program, the graduate will be able to:	Teaching and learning strategies	Assessment Methods
A1	Recognize the principles of basic, management, health, environmental sciences, ethics, and pharmacy law.	*Lecture *seminar	*Written exams *Oral
A2	Illustrate the importance of chemistry and basic sciences topharmacy sciences.		exams *Seminar evaluation
A3	Explain the fundamentals of physicochemical properties of various substances of natural and synthetic origin used in the preparation of medicines including inactive and active ingredients as well as biotechnology and radio-labeled products.		
A4	Describe principles of pharmacology, pharmaceutical, pharmacypractice, clinical pharmacy, pharmacokinetics and biopharmaceutics with applications in therapeutic drug monitoring, dose modification, and bioequivalence studies using biotechnology techniques.		
A5	Identify the toxic profile of drugs and other xenobiotics including sources, identification, symptoms, management control, and first aid measures.		
B - In	tellectual Skills		
After su able to:	accessful completion of the program, the graduate will be	Teaching and Learning strategies	Assessment Methods
B1	Apply basic pharmaceutical knowledge in the formulation of safe and effective medicines as well as in the development of new drug delivery systems and dispensing the medicament.	- Critical thinking and problem	Discussion Oral questions
B2	Use the knowledge of biotechnology principles in the development of new products.	solving	

В3	Design and evaluate qualitative and quantitative analytical and biological methods for quality control of pharmaceutical preparations	Brainstorm ing	
B4	Select the appropriate industrial methods of extraction, isolation, purification, identification, and standardization to the formulation of natural products.		
	C - Professional and Practical Skills		
	After successful completion of the program, the graduate will be ableto:	Teaching and learning strategies	Assessment Methods
C1	Handle and dispose of chemicals, microbiological and pharmaceutical preparations including radiopharmaceuticals safely and effectively.	Labs	Homework Lab exams
C2	Operate different equipment and instruments		
C3	Use emerging technologies and implement GLP and GMP guidelines in pharmacy practice.		
C4	Carry out laboratory tests for different pharmacy-related sciences.		
D- Gen	eral Skills		
After s	successful completion of the program, the graduate will e to:	Teaching and learning strategies	Assessment Methods
D1	Communicate clearly with patients and other health care professionals by verbal and written means.	SeminarHomework	
D2	Work effectively in a team or individually		assignments
D3	Demonstrate creativity and time management abilities		
D4	Implement writing and presentation skills.		
D5	Have critical thinking and decision-making abilities and life-long learning.		

Intended Learning Outcomes Mapping:

- Appendix (8) The main and sub-fields of the program and their relative weights
- Appendix (9) Aligning the learning outcomes with the scientific content areas of the program and the courses it covers.
- Appendix (10) Matrix for the placement of learning outcomes of the program in courses (curriculum map).

Program Structure						
Requirements	CreditHours	weight %				
Haironita Pagainan anta	compulsory	12				
University Requirements	optional					
Escultus Doguinam anta	compulsory	31				
racuity Requirements	Faculty Requirements optional					
Program Requirements	Program Requirements compulsory					
	6					
Total of	183-189					

Study plan

	First Year: First Semester						
		Code /	CREDI	Γ HOURS	S		Pre-
	Courses Titles	No	Theoretical	Practical	Training	Total C.H.	Requested
1	Introduction to Pharmacy	B11151	2			2	
2	General Chemistry I	B11122	2	1		3	
3	English Language I	B11102	2			2	
4	Arabic Language I	B11101	2			2	
5	Medical Physics	B11121	2	1		3	
6	General Biology	B11111	2	1		3	
7	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry I	B11231	2	1		3	
8	Medical Terminology		2			2	B11102
To	otal of Credit Hours		16	4		20	

	First Year: Second Semester							
		Codo /	CREDIT	Γ HOURS	S		Pre-	
	Courses Titles	Code / No	Theoretical	Practical	Training	Total C.H.	Requested	
1	General Chemistry II	B11123	2	1'		3	<u>B11122</u>	
2	Mathematics (Calculus)	B11152	2			2		
3	Botany	B11271	2	1		3		
4	Arabic Language II	B11104	2			2	<u>B11101</u>	
5	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry II	B11232	2	1		3		
6	Islamic Culture	B11106	2			2		
7	English Language II	B11105	2			2	B11102	
	Total of Credit Ho	ours	14	3		17		

	Second Year: First Semester							
	Code / CREDIT HOURS						Pre-	
	Courses Titles	Code / No	Theoretical	Practical	Training	Total C.H.	Requested	
1	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry III	B11333	2	1		3	B11232	
2	Analytical chemistry I	B11224	2	1		3	B11123	
3	Pharmaceutics I (Physical pharmacy)	B11253	2	1		3	B11252	
4	Pharmacy Management	B11481	2			2		
5	Computer	B11103	1	1		2		
6	Physiology I	B11214	2	1		3	B11142	
7	Human Anatomy	B11142	2	1		3	B11111	
	Total of Credit	Hours	13	6		19		

	Second Year: Second Semester						
		Code /	CREDIT	Γ HOURS	S		Pre-
	Courses Titles	No	Theoretical	Practical	Training	Total C.H.	Requested
1	Analytical Chemistry II	B11225	2	1		3	B11224
2	Physiology II	B11215	2	1		3	B11214
3	Histology	B11244	2	1		3	B11142
4	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry IV	B11334	3			3	B11333
5	Pharmaceutics II	B11254	2	1		3	B11253
6	Psychology	B11112	2			2	
7	Biostatics	B11518	2			2	
	Total of Credi	t Hours	14	5		19	

T	Third Year: First Semester						
		Code /	CREDIT HOURS				Pre-
	Courses Titles	No	Theoretical	Practical	Training	Total C.H.	Requested
1	Pharmaceutics III	B11355	2	1		3	<u>B11254</u>
2	Biochemistry I	B11316	3	1		4	B11111
3	Pharmaceutical Microbiology I	B11245	3	1		4	B11111
4	General Pharmacognosy I	B11272	3	1		4	B11271
5	Pharmacology I	B11361	3			3	B11215
6	Instrumental Analysis	B11326	3			3	B11225
	Total of Credit Hours		17	4		21	

Third Year: Second Semester							
		Code /	CRED	IT HOURS	8		Pre-
	Courses Titles	No	Theoretical	Practical	Training	Total C.H.	
1	Pharmaceutics IV	B11356	2	1		3	
2	Biochemistry II	B11317	3	1		4	B11316
3	Pharmaceutical Microbiology II	B11346	3	1		4	B11245
4	General Pharmacognosy II	B11373	3	1		4	B11272
5	Pharmacology II	B11362	3			3	B11361
6	First Aid	B11143	2			2	
	Total of Credit Ho	ours	15	5		20	

Forth Year: First Semester							
	Codo		CREDIT HOURS				Pre-
	Courses Titles	Code / No	Theoretical	Practical	Training	Total C.H.	Requested
1	Medicinal Chemistry I	B11435	2	1		3	<u>B11334</u>
2	Pharmacology III	B11463	3			3	B11362
3	Biopharmaceutics& Pharmacokinetics I	B11457	2			2	B11317
4	Phytochemistry I	B11374	3	1		4	B11373
5	Pathology	B11448	3			3	B11244
6	Community Health	B11341	2			2	
To	otal of Credit Hours		15	2		17	

	Forth Year: Se	Second mester				
		CREDI	Γ HOURS	S	Pre-	
	Courses Titles	Code / No	Theoretical	Practical	Training C.H.	Requested
1	Medicinal Chemistry II	B11436	2	1	3	<u>B11435</u>
2	Pharmacology IV	B11464	3		3	B11463
3	Biopharmaceutics& Pharmacokinetics II	B11459	2		2	B11456
4	Phytochemistry II	B11475	3	1	4	B11374
5	Toxicology	B11465	2	1	3	B11464
6	Parasitology	B11347	2	1	3	B11111
7	Research Methodology (elective)	B11518	2		2	
	Total of Credit	Hours	14-16	4	18-20	

	Fifth Year: First Semester						
		Code	CREDIT	Γ HOURS	6		Pre-
	Courses Titles	/ No	Theoretical	Practical	Training	Total C.H.	Requested
1	Medicinal Chemistry III	<u>B11537</u>	2	1		3	<u>B11436</u>
2	Community Pharmacy	B11587	3			3	B11464
3	Clinical Pharmacy I	B11567	3			3	B11464
4	Industrial Pharmacy I	B11585	3			3	B11355
5	Communication Skills and Marketing (elective)	B11527	2			2	
6	Applied Pharmacognosy I	B11476	4			4	B11475
Tot	tal of Credit Hours		17	1		18	

I	Fifth Year: Second S	emester					
	Code /		CREDIT	HOURS			Pre-
	Courses Titles	No	Theoretical	Practical	Training	Total C.H.	Requested
1	Quality Control and Quality Assurance	B11586	3			3	
2	Hospital Pharmacy	B11582	3			3	B11481
3	Clinical Pharmacy II	B11568	3			3	B11567
4	Applied PharmacognosyII	B11476	4			4	B11475
5	Industrial Pharmacy II	B11588	3			3	B11584
6	Graduation Project	B11589		2		2	B11518
	Total of Credi	t Hours	16	2		18	





First year First semester





Course Specification of Introduction to Pharmacy

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:								
1	Course Title:	Introduction to Pharmacy							
2	Course Number and Code:	B11151	-	•					
			C	LH		Total			
3	3 Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total			
	Credit nours.	2	-	-	-	2			
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	First Semester/First Year							
5	Pre –requisite :	None							
6	Co –requisite :	None							
7	7 Program (s) in which the course is offered:								
8	8 Language of teaching the course:		Arabic/English						
9	Prepared By:	Nawal Ali AL-Zandani and Alzomor							
10	Approved By:					·			

II. Course Description:

This course will introduce the basic concepts in pharmaceutical science. This includes; history of pharmacy, development of pharmacy, pharmaceutical dosage forms, pharmacy profession and pharmaceutics.

III. ILOs:

At the end of this course, student must be able to:

- 1. Recognize the principles of basic pharmaceutical science and symbols.
- 2. Distinguish the importance of pharmaceutical science.
- 3. Explain physic-chemical properties of various substances used in preparation of medicines including inactive and active ingredients.
- 4. Compare between the old pharmacy and modern pharmacy.
- 5. Create basic pharmaceutical knowledge to the development of new pharmaceutical preparations.
- 6. Investigate the prescription and determine the medication errors





- 7. Choose the pharmaceutical terms and use them correctly.
- 8. Prescribe the different types of pharmaceutical dosage form.
- 9. Perform accurate calculations in the pharmacy.
- 10. Communicate clearly on the main topics in this course.
- 11. Implement writing and presentation skills
- 12. Demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities and life-long learning.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes	with	Teaching and Assess	ment	Methods:			
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge Methods:							
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) Knowledge and Understanding.) in	Teaching strategies to be used.	As	sessment Methods.			
At the end of this course, student must be able a1 - Recognize the principles of basic pharmaceutical science a2- Distinguish the importance of Pharmaceutical science. a3- Explain physico-chemical properties of various substances used in preparation of medicines including inactive and active ingredients.	to:	Lectures and seminars		Quizzes, Written am, short answers and homework. Participation			
(B)Intellectual Skills:	(B)Intellectual Skills:						
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Into	ellect	ual Skills to Teaching	Meth	ods and Assessment Methods:			
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) Intellectual Skills. At the end of this course, student must be able		Teaching strategies to be used		Assessment Methods			
b1- Compare between the old pharmacy and modern pharmacy.							
b2-Create basic pharmaceutical knowledgeto development of new pharmaceutical preparation		Lectures, Discussions, solvi problem	ng	Oral presentation, criteria-based performance			
b3- Investigate the prescription and determine medication errors,	rescription and determine the			evaluation Interpretative Exercises			
(C)Professional and Practical Skills.							
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professions Methods:	al an	d Practical Skillsto Te	achin	g and Assessment			
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills At the end of this course, student must be able to:	be u			ods of assessment			
c1-Choose the pharmaceutical terms and	Lec	tures	repor	reports and			





use them correctly. c2-Prescribe the different types of pharmaceutical dosage form. c3- Perform accurate calculations in the pharmacy.	and Group assignments	presentations based on their managerial skills
(D)General/ Transferable Skills: Alignment Learning Outcomes of General ar	nd Transferable skills to Te	aching and Assessment
Methods.		
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills At the end of this course, student must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
d1-Communicate clearly on the main topics in this course.	-Small group discussions	Reports, presentations
d2-Implement writing and presentation skills	-Microassignments	andcommunication with the lecturer and
d3- Demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities and life-long learning.		his colleagues.

V. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	HistoryOf Pharmacy and development of pharmacy	-Introduction to history of pharmacy -Symbols: the mortar and pestleandrecipere.OthersDrug development and discovery of active constituents, -Development of industrial pharmacyRole of old civilization; -Egyptian civilization -Greek civilization -Roman civilization	5	10	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, , d2., d3





		-Arabian civilization			
		-Europe civilization			
2	Pharmaceutical Sciences	-Medicinal chemistry and Pharmacognosy, Pharmacy practice, clinical pharmacy	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2,
3	Midt	erm Exam	1	2	a1, b1, b3, c1, c3
4	pharmaceutical dosage forms	-Definitions, examples of pharmaceutical dosage formsDosage form design, selection of the proper dosage forms, -Routes of drug administrationTypes of pharmaceutical dosage forms, advantages and disadvantage.	3	6	a1, a2, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1.
5	Pharmacopoeia and Pharmacy profession	 Definition and types objective and types Pharmaceutical abbreviations Pharmaceutical terminology Definitions and history. The field of Pharmacy: Profession ethics 	1	2	a2, a3, b3, c2, d1, d3.
6	Final exam	exam	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3c1, c2, c3, d1, d2,
	Number of Weeks	s)/per semester	12	24	

VI. Teaching Strategies:

⁻Lectures and seminars

⁻Solving Problemmethodand discussion





1	VII. Assignments and projects:			
no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	Assignment	a1-a3, b1-b3, d1- d2	9	5

V	YIII. Assessment Tasks:				
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Assignment	9	5	5%	a1-a3, b1- b3, d1- d2
2	Quizzes and class activity	all	5	5%	a1, a2, b3, c3
3	Mid Exam (theoretical)	7	30	30%	a1, a2, b1, b3, c1, c3,
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	13	60	60%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b3, c1, c3, d1, d2
	Total			100%	

IX.	Learning Resources:					
1-Required	d Textbook(s) (maximum two).					
	 Bond, Christine, (2000). Evidence-based pharmacy. Pharmaceutical Press, Fifth ed. London. Ruth E. Nermire, Karen L. Kier, McGraw Hill, 2009. Pharmacy student Survival Guide, Secondedition. 					
2-Recom	nmended Books and Reference Materials.					
	 Arthur J. Winfield, R. Michael E, Richards; 2009. Pharmaceutical practice, Fourthedition, Churchill Livingstone. Williams and Wilkins, 2005. Pharmaceutical calculations, 12thedition, Lippincott. Loyd v. Allen, Nicholas G. Popovich and Haward C. Ansel's, 2004. Pharmaceutical dosage forms and drug delivery Systems, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins. 					
3-Electron	3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites <i>etc</i> .					
	1-http://www.ashp.org/doclibrary/bestpractices/managementpositions.aspx					
	2-http://www.aetna.com/faqs-health-insurance/health-care-professionals-pharmacy-mgt-program-faqs.html 3-http://betterpharmacytech.com/about-us/pms/					





	X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)
The	University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al- Nasser University student's regulations handbook
1	Class Attendance: • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.
2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.
3	 (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.





	(Cheating):
5	 Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of General Chemistry I

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

I. Ge	eneral Information:					
1	Course Title:	General	l Chemist	ry I		
2	Course Number and Code:	B1112	2			
			C	LH		TD 1
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
		2	1			3
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	First se	emester/F	First year		
5	Pre –requisite :	None				
6	Co –requisite :	None				
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:	None				
8	Language of teaching the course:	English	/Arabic			
9	Prepared by:	Dr. Abo	dulmajed	Alsaifi		
10	Approved by:					

II. Course Description:

This course will enhance the student's knowledge of chemistry it will cover some basic definitions and units of measurement, atomic structure, electronic structure of atoms, periodic properties of the elements, chemical formulas and chemical equations, chemical bonding, Lewis structure and molecular geometry.

III. ILOs:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- **1.**Recognize the basic principles of general chemistry, and use scientific units of measurement.
- **2.**Identify the arrangement of elements in the periodic table, and classification of elements.
- **3.**Illustrate the types of chemical reactions and the physical laws governing these reactions
- **4.**Describe several types of chemical bonds and geometrical shapes of the molecule.





- **5.**Distinguish between the different chemical reactions and chemical bonds.
- **6.**Interpret the periodic properties of the elements.
- **7.** Analyze data, and clearly express results in a laboratory report.
- **8.**Use the periodic table to get important chemical information and trends.
- **9.**Write the formulas of compounds and chemical equations.
- **10.** Apply stoichiometry in chemical reactions: Mole-mass-number relationships
- 11. Perform a selection of basic laboratory procedures in general chemistry.
- **12.** Work effectively both in a team, and independently on solving problems.
- **13.** Use internet and search for information.
- **14.** Communicate effectively with his teacher and colleagues.

IV. Intended learning outcomes (ILOs) of the course:

(A) Knowledge and Understanding:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.
in Knowledge and Understanding.		
By the end of the course, students will be able	Lectures using data show, video,	Quizzes, Written
to:	homework, and class discussion	exam, short answersand
a1 Recognize the basic principles of general		homework.
chemistry, and use scientific units of		Participation.
measurement.		•
a2 Identify the arrangement of elements in the		
periodic table, and classification of elements.		
periodic table, and classification of elements.		
a3 Illustrate the types of chemical reactions		
and the physical laws governing these		
reactions		
a4- Describe several types of chemical bonds		
and and geometrical shapes of the molecule.		
,		

(B)Intellectual Skills:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment
Intellectual Skills.		Methods.
On completing this course, students will be able	Lectures, practice session,	Oral presentation,
to:	discussions, solvingproblem	criteria-based
b1- Distinguish between the different chemical	methods	performance
reactions and chemical bonds.		evaluation
b2- Interpret the periodic properties of the		Interpretative
elements.		exercises
b3- Analyze data, and clearly express results in a		
laboratory report.		





b4-Use the periodic table to get important chemical information and trends.		
(C)Professional and Practical Skills:		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and	Practical Skills to Teaching and A	Assessment Methods:
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inProfessional and Practical Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
By the end of the course, students will be able to: c1- Write the formulas of compounds and chemical equations.	Lectures, laboratory work, directed reading, independent study and group assignments.	Practical works, practical reports and presentations based on their experimental
c2- Apply stoichiometry in chemical reactions: Mole-mass-number relationships	ussignments.	work.
c3-Perform a selection of basic laboratory procedures in general chemistry.		
(D)General/ Transferable Skills:		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Tran	nsferable skills to Teaching and As	ssessment Methods.
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
By the end of the course, students will be able to: d1 Work effectively both in a team, and independently on solving problems. d2 Use internet and search for information.	Small group discussions, tutorials practical classes and micro assignments	Reports, presentations and communication with the lecturer and his colleagues.
d3 Communicate effectively with his teacher and colleagues.		ms concagaes.

V. Co	ourse Content:				
Cor	urse Topics/Items:				
	a – Theoretical Aspect:				
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Numbe r of weeks	Contact hours	CILOs





1	Introduction and Some definitions and Units of Measurements: • Matter • Physical and chemical properties physical and chemical changes, • Intensive and extensive properties, • Energy changes. • Units, SI system and Measurements and significant figures:	 atom, element, compound, mixture. The basic units in SI system. conversion, significant figures, rules of significant figures. 	2	4	a1, a2, b3, c2
2	Atomic Structure: Atoms and their component Atomic and Mass Number, Isotopes, Mole, Avogadro's number and the Mole and molecular weight • Periodic table: • Cations and anions • Writing formula from ions • Naming Chemical Compounds	 Historical, modern periodic table, Groups and Periods Ionic, Covalent (molecules), and oxoacid compound (Compound containing mono and polyatomic ions. 	2	4	a2, a3, a4, c2
4	Electronic Structure of Atoms andPeriodic Table • Electronic structure • Orbitals and Quantum Numbers: • The Energies of Orbitals • Electron Configuration • Writing Electron Configuration Electron Configuration and the Periodic Table	• Principal quantum number, the azimuthal quantum number, the magnetic quantum number, and the spin quantum number	2	4	a1, a2, b2, b3, c2
5	Mid Exam		1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b2, b3
6	Periodic Properties of the	• Atomic Size,	2	4	a1, a2, a3,





	Elements	Ionization Energy,			a4, b2, b3, c2
	• Explaining The Behavior of	Electron Affinity,			, , , , , , , , ,
	Elements Through Atomic	Electronegativity,			
	Properties	Metallic			
	1	Characters			
		 Oxidizing Agents, 			
		Acidic, Basic and			
	• The Halogens	Amphoteric			
	C	Properties			
	Chemical Formulas and				a1, a2, a3,
	Chemical Equations				b2, b3, c2
	• Chemical formulas:				
	Percent composition				
	Determine the Empirical	Empirical,			
	formula from a percent	molecular, and			
	composition	structure formulas.			
7	Empirical formula and	Reduction,	2	4	
7	molecular formula	combination,	2	4	
	Balance the chemical	decomposition,			
	equation	displacement and			
	Chemical Equations	metathesis reactions			
	Calculations based on				
	Chemical Equations				
	Classifying Chemical				
	Reactions				





 Formation of Ionic bonding andCovalent Bonding Lewis Formulas for Molecules and Polyatomic Ions The Octet Rule Resonance Limitations of the Octet Rule for Lewis Formulas Polar and Nonpolar Covalent Bonds Dipole Moments Formula charge Molecular Structure and Covalent Bonding Theories Valence Shell Electron Pair Repulsion (VSEPR) Theory Polar Molecules: The Influence of Molecular Geometry Valence Bond (VB) Theory Theory 	
8 Final Exam 1 2 15 30	a1, a2, a3, a4, b2, b3

b - PracticalAspect:				
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	CILOs
1	Identification of Anions: Carbonate and bicarbonate-sulfur salts-Halides-cyanogen salts-arsenic and phosphorous salts-and other miscellaneous salts	2	6	b1-b3, c1-c3, d1, d3
2	Identification of Cations: Silver group - copper/arsenic group - Iron group - Zinc group - alkaline earth group - alkali group.	3	9	b1-b3, c1-c3, d1, d3
3	Systematic analysis : of cations and anions in simple inorganic mixtures.	2	6	b1-b3, c1-c3, d1, d3





4	Systematic analysis: of cations and anions in mixture containing difficulties, e.g. phosphate organic matter, oxidizing agent, insoluble substances and mixture of related acid radicals.	3	9	b1-b3, c1-c3, d1, d3
	Final Exam	1	3	b1-b3, c1-c3, d1, d3
	11	33		

VI. Teaching Strategies:

- Lectures using data show, video animation and seminars
- Solving Problem method, Laboratory work, directed reading, independent study and discussion

VII.	Assignments and projects:			
No	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	Micro assignment	a1-a4, b1-b3, d1- d3	9	5

VIII.	Assessment Tasks:				
No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Assignment	ALL	5	5 %	a1-a4, b1-b3, d1- d3
2	Practical reports	1-10	10	10 %	b1, c1-c3, d1
3	Exercises and Home works and Quizzes	3, 6, 8, 10	5	5 %	a1, a2, a3, a4, b2, b3
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10 %	a1, a2, a3, a4, b2, b3
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	15	50	50 %	a1, a2, a3, a4, b2, b3
6	Final Exam (practical)	10	20	20 %	b1, c1-c3, d1
	Total		100	100 %	

IX. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- **1.** Whitten, Davis, Peck, and Stanley, *General Chemistry*, Thomson: Brooks Cole; 7th edition (2004)
- **2.** Darrell D. Ebbing and Steven D. Gammon. General Chemistry. 9th2009Houghton Mifflin Company, BOSTON NEW YORK





2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1. Course Notes Handout Texts: Prepared by Satyajit D. Sarker and Lutfun Nahar. Chemistry for Pharmacy Students: General, Organic and Natural Product Chemistry. John Wiley and Sons Ltd, The Atrium, Southern Gate, Chichester, West Sussex, 2007
- **2.** C.V.S. Subrahmanyam, Essentials of Physical Pharmacy, Published by Vallabh Prakashan (2005).

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1. http://www.evangel.edu/Personal/badgers/Web/GenChemPPTs.htm
- 2.http://facstaff.uwa.edu/mcurry/General%20Chemistry%20I%20PowerPoint.htm
- 3. http://memo.cgu.edu.tw/ching-shiun/general%20chemistry.htm

X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.

(Tardy):

Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.

(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):

- Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam.
 - Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed.
 - If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt.
 - If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%.
 - The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination.
 - In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark.
 - Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.

(Assignments and Projects):

• The students have to submit the assignment or project on time.

Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project. (Cheating): 5 Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice. (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year (Other policies): 7 • Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.

Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings.





Course Specification of English 101

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

I.	I. General Information:					
1	Course Title:	English	101			
2	Course Number and Code:	B11103	3			
			C	C.H		Total
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
3		2	-	-		2
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	First se	emester/ F	Tirst year		
5	Pre –requisite :	None				
6	Co –requisite :					
7	7 Program (s) in which the course is offered:		l Laborato	ory		
8	Language of teaching the course:	English				
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Ima	n Al- Mal	ndi		
10	Approved By:	·	•	•		·

II. Course Description:

The course is concerned with introducing medical Students to English language which is the medium of teaching in medical sciences. It provides students with additional and advanced grammatical structures and language functions needed for their study. It covers a wide range of scientific subjects, advanced grammatical structures specialist vocabulary and language functions.

III. ILOs:

After participating in this course students must be able to:

- 1. Define English language in general.
- 2. Recognize four skills of language.
- 3. Describe grammars in English language
- 4. Analyze English Grammar, writing, reading, with each lesson.
- 5. Examine medical terms and prescriptions.
- 6. Practice correct accent and pronunciation.





- 7. Search English books, references, medical dictionaries etc.
- 8. Explore and express English language with confidence.
- 9. Justify and comprehend English with ease.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcome	IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowle Methods:	*					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding. After participating in this course students must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.				
a1- Define English language in general a2- Recognize four skills of language. a3- Describe grammars in English language.	Lectures with different topics in English language Grammar courses with relevant grammar usage. Oral communication with students	Quiz and questions in each class Grammar exercise using in the class Presentation in every week Homework Written exams				
(B) Intellectual Skills:						
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellet Methods: Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. After participating in this course students must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods and Assessment Assessment Methods				
b1- Analyze English Grammar, writing, reading, with each lesson.b2- Examine medical terms and prescriptions.	Stories reading Creative writing Conversation. Reading, Using skimming Discussion and problem solving	Oral exam Quiz for skimming				
(C) Professional and Practical Skills. Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional Methods:	ional and Practical Skills to	Teaching and Assessment				
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills After participating in this course students must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment				
c2- Practice correct accent and pronunciation.	Lectures and Oral conversation in the class and group discussion.	Oral exam				





	Communication between the teacher, students in the class	
(D) General/ Transferable Skills:		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General Methods.	and Transferable skills to T	Peaching and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in General and Transferable Skills After participating in this course students must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
d1- Search English books, references, medical dictionaries etc.	Reading, group discussion	Exams, Homework, Oral questions and
d2- Explore and express English language with confidence.		quiz.
d3- Justify and comprehend English with		

V. Course Content:

ease.

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Unit: 1 reading	Preventive medicine	2	4	a1, a2, b1, c1, d1
2	Unit: 2 Infectious Diseases.	Infection and how they spread.	2	4	a2, a3, b2, c1, d1, d2
3	Unit: 3 Fight infection and midterm exam	How the body fight infection	3	6	a1-a3, b1-b2, c1, d1-d3
4	Unit 4: Nutrition	Nutrition and balanced diet	2	4	a1-a3, b1-b2, c1, d1-d3
5	Unit 5: Malnutrition	Deficiency	2	4	a1-a3, b1-b2, c1, d1-d3
6	Unit: 6 Immunity	Immunization	2	4	a1-a3, b1-b2, c1, d1-d3
7	Final Exam		1	2	a1-a3, b1-b2, c1, d1-d3
	Number of Weeks/and Units	28			





VI. Teaching Strategies:

Lectures, using diagrams, pictures and captions.

Stories reading

Creative writing

Conversation.

Group discussion.

Reading, Using skimming

Problem solving

,	VII. Assignments and projects:			
no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	Creative writing	b1-b2, c1, d1- d3	6	٥

	VIII. Assessment Tasks:				
No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Creative writing	6	5	5%	b1-b2, c1, d1-d3
2	Oral Tests	1-12	5	5%	a1-a3, b1-b2, c1, d1-d3
3	Written Test (1)	6	30	30%	a1-a3, b1-b2, c1, d1-d3
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	12	60	60%	a1-a3, b1-b2, c1, d1-d3
5	Totak		100	100%	

IX. Lea	arning Resources:			
1- Required Textb	ook(s) (maximum two).			
	 Amr Al Himairi, (2005), English for medical students, Sana'a University, Sana'a, Republic of Yemen Laquire Blass, (2005), Well read 1, Oxford University press. 			
2- Recommende	d Books and Reference Materials.			
	 Jack C. Richard, (2005), Person to Person Starter, Oxford University press. Mosby's (1989), Medical and Nursing Dictionary, second edition. Glotia Publication Pvt. Ltd. 			
3- Electronic Materials and Web Sites <i>etc</i> .				





X.	Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)
The	University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al- Nasser University student's regulations handbook
1	Class Attendance: • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.
2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.
3	 (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.





	(Cheating):
5	 Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero
	 Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





قالب توصيف مقرر اللغة العربية ١٠١

الجامعة: الناصر

الكلية: العلوم الطبية

القسم: صيدلة

البرنامج: صيدلة

I.	General Information: معلومات عامة					
1	اسم المقرر: Course Title				بة 101	اللغة العرب
2	رمز ورقم المقرر :Course Number and Code	B11101				
3	Credit hours: الساعات المعتمدة	نظ <i>ري</i> 2	C.H _ز عملي	س. م	تدریب	الإجمالي 2
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered: الفصل /المستوى الدراسي الذي يدرس فيه المقرر			الأول.	رل، المستوى	الفصل الاو
5	المقررات السابقة : Pre –requisite					
6	المقررات المصاحبة: Co –requisite					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered: البر امج التي يدرس فيها المقرر					المختبرات
8	Language of teaching the course: لغة تدريس				ِية ب	اللغة العربي
9	Prepared By: اعداد				صلاحي	د.صادق ال
10	تم اقراره من :Approved By					

II. Course Description: وصف المقرر

يسعي هذا المقرر الي تزويد الطالب بالمهارات اللغوية كالاستماع والتحدث. حيث يشمل دراسة الجملة الاسمية، (أساسيات في النحو). بالاضافة الى لمحة مختصرة عن الأدب العربي عبر العصور، ابتداء من العصر الجاهلي إلى الأندلسي. كما سيتم التطرق الي بعض القواعد الإملائية وعلامات الترقيم.





مخرجات تعلم المقرر: ILOs

بعد الانتهاء من المقرر سيكون الطالب قادر اعلى ان:

- ١- يصف مهارة التحدث وأهميتها.
- ٢- يشرح الجملة الاسمية وأركانها، وكيفية إعرابها.
 - ٣- يميز مهارة الاستماع، ويتدرب عليها.
 - ٤- يعدد الأدب العربي وانواعه، وعصوره.
- ٥- يحلل بعض المفردات العربية التي تصادفه أثناء المقرر.
 - ٦- يطبق استخدام علامات الترقيم.
 - ٧- يتعامل بمهارة اخلاقية مع مختلف المكونات.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods: تسكين المخرجات مع طرق التدريس والتقييم

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods: تسكين مخرجات المعرفة والفهم مع طرق التدريس والتقييم

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding.	Teaching strategies do be used. طرق	طرق .Assessment Methods التقييم
مخرجات المعرفة والفهم a1 يصف مهارة التحدث وأهميتها.	التدريس ١- المناقشة،والحوار أثناء الشرح والإلقاء	حل التدريبات المتعلقة بالدرس الامتحانات
a2يشرح الجملة الاسمية وأركانها، وكيفية إعرابها. a3 يميز مهارة الاستماع ،ويتدرب عليها.	, , ,	
a4 يعدد الأدب العربي وانواعه، وعصوره.		

(B)Intellectual Skills: المهارات الذهنية

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods: تسكين مخرجاتالمهارات الذهنيةمع طرق التدريس والتقييم

Course Intended Learning Outcomes مخرجات .CILOs) in Intellectual Skills المقرر في المهارات الذهنية	Teaching strategies to be used استراتيجيات التدريس	Assessment Methods طرق التقييم
b1يحلل بعض المفردات العربية التي تصادفه أثناء المقرر.	- استر اتيجية التواصل اللغوي. - استر اتيجية التفكير البنائي. - استر اتيجية التفكير الناقد.	بعض التدريبات والتكاليف الامتحانات

المهارات المهنية والعملية. (C)Professional and Practical Skills

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in مخرجات القرر في Professional and Practical Skills المهارات المهنية والعملية	Teaching strategies to be used استراتيجيات التدريس	Methods of assessment طرق التقییم
c1 يطبق استخدام علامات الترقيم.	 استراتيجية حل المشكلات. 	الامتحانات
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	- استر اتيجية التفكير الناقد.	تدريبات
		وتكاليف
(D) Canaral / Transferable Skiller & Maii VI . & dall oil de	1	





Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable skills to Teaching and Assessment Methods. تسكين مخرجات المعامة والانتقالية مع طرق التدريس والتقييم

1	:	
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills مهارات المقرر العامة	Teaching strategies to be used استراتيجيات التدريس	Methods of assessment طرق التقييم
d1 يتعامل بمهارة اخلاقية مع مختلف المكونات.	- استر اتيجية التواصل اللغوي.	التدريبات
		والتكاليف

V. Course Content: محتوى المقرر

1 – Course Topics/Items: مواضيع المقرر

a – Theoretical Aspect: المواضيع النظرية

	a Theoretical Aspect. 45	-			
Order مسلسل	الوحدة / الموضوعTopic/ unit	العناوين Sub topic الفرعية	Number of weeks عدد الاسابيع	Contact hours الساعات الفعلية	C- مخرجات ILOs تعلم المقرر
1	أهمية تعلم اللغة العربية.	-ماهي اللغة -أهمية اللغة	1	2	a1, b1, d1
2	مهارات الاستماع وأهميتها وعوائقها.		1	2	a3, c1
3	مهارات الاستماع تطبيق وتقويم.		1	2	a3, c1
4	حل بعض التدريبات المتعلقة بهذه المهارة.		1	2	a3, c1
5	مهارات التحدث وأهميتها وقصص.		1	2	a1, a2, b1, c1, d1
6	أسس الخطاب الناجح.		1	2	a1, a2, b1, c1, d1
7	امتحان نصفي		1	2	a1, a2, b1, c1, d1
8	نماذج لبعض الطلاب الراغبين في الإلقاء.		1	2	a1, a2, b1, c1, d1
9	الجملة الاسمية وأركانها.	- صور المبتدأ. - صور الخبر.	1	2	a1, a2, b1, c1, d1
10	مراجعة،وتطبيقات على الجملة الاسمية.	أمثلة + تدريب على الإعراب.	1	2	a1, a2, b1, c1, d1
11	النواسخ كان + إن وأخواتها.	حل الأمثلة وتحليلها.	1	2	a1, a3, b1, c1, d1
12	الأدب في العصر الجاهلي لمحة.		1	2	a1-a4, b1, c1, d1
13	الأدب في العصر الإسلامي والأموي.		1	2	a1-a4, b1, c1, d1
14	الأدب في العصر العباسي.		1	2	a1-a4, b1, c1, d1





15	الأدب في العصر الأندلسي		1	2	a1-a4, b1, c1, d1
16	امتحان نهائي		1	2	a1-a4, b1, c1, d1
Number	عدد الاسابيع او الوحدات في الفصل Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester عدد الاسابيع او الوحدات في الفصل			32	

استراتيجيات التدريس :Teaching Strategies

- المناقشة، والحوار أثناء الشرح والإلقاء
 - استير اتيجية التواصل اللغوي.
 - استير اتيجية التفكير البنائي.
 - استير اتيجية التفكير الناقد.
 - حل المشكلات

Assignments and projects: الابحاث والواجبات

no	Assignment البحث	مخرج تعلم CILOs المقرر	Week Due الاسبوع	الدرجة Mark
1	المهارات التفصيلية للاستماع.	a1-a4, b1, c1, d1	5	2
2	الشرود الذهني الأسباب والعلاج.		10	3

VIII. Assessment Tasks: طرق التقييم

no	طريقة Assessment Method التقييم	Week Due الاسبوع	الدرجة Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment نسبة الدرجة من الدرجة النهائية	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes مخرج التعلم الذي يحققه
1	بحث عن المهارات التفصيلية للاستماع الشرود الذهني الأسباب والعلاج.	5, 10	o	٥%	a1-a4, b1, c1, d1
2	اسئلة قصيرة Quizzes	3, 6, 9, 14	o	٥%	a1-a4, b1, c1, d1
3	Written Test (1)ا امتحان تحريري	7	٣.	۳0%	a1-a4, b1, c1, d1
4	Final Exam (theoretical) امتحان نهائي (نظري)	16	٦٠	٦٥%	a1-a4, b1, c1, d1
5	Total		100	100%	

IX.	Learning	Resources:	التعلم	مصادر

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).(٢ المراجع المطلوبة (بحد اقصى

۱- مجد الدين الفيروز أبادي،١٩٩٨، القاموس المحيط، الطبعة الاولى، دار الفكر للطباعة والنشر، بيروت، لبنان.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.ا



٢- د.محمد صالح الشنطي، ٢٠١٣م، المهارات اللغوية، الطبعة الاولى، دار الاندلس للنشر والتوزيع حائل، السعودية.



	١- د.محمد عبدالله المحجري، ٢٠١٣م، المهارات اللغوية ، الطبعة الأولى، دار الكتب اليمنية للنشر ،صنعاء ،اليمن.
	٢- د.صادق الصلاحي، الوجيز في اللغة العربية. (مخطوط)
3-Ele	etronic Materials and Web Sites etc. المراجع الألكترونية ومواقع النت
	١- موقع اللغة العربية تعلماً وتعليماً.
	٢- فنون اللغة العربية
	٣- الموسوعة العربية العالمية دليل المهارات.
<u> </u>	
X.	سياسات المقرر (Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc
الخ	ويشمل السرقة الادبية ومواثيق الشرف والحضور
The U	niversity Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to بحسب لائحة جامعة الناصر لشئون الطلاب
1	Class Attendance: حضور المحاضرات
	 ■ الالتزام بالمواعيد المحددة للمحاضرات والانتظام في الحضور، وضرورة حضور (٧٥٪) من ساعات
	المقرر.
	 إذا تجاوز نسبة غياب الطالب (٢٥٪) من ساعات المقرر يعتبر محروماً في المقرر. إلا اذا كان غيابه بسبب
	مرض او بعذر قاهر تقبله عمادة الكلية، وبموجب وثائق رسمية ومعمدة.
2	Tardy: التأخير
	 يسمح للطالب المتأخر بدخول المحاضرة إذا تأخر في حدود ربع ساعة فقط وبعذر واذا تكرر تاخر الطالب
	اكثر من ثلاث مرات بدون عذر يتم تنبيهه و اخذ تعهد كتابي بعدم تكرار ذلك مالم يستدعي ولي امره ويشعر
3	بذلك ويمنع من حضور المحاضرات ويعتبر راسبا في المقرر. حضور الامتحان والانضباط :Exam Attendance/Punctuality
3	حصور الامتحان بعد مرور أكثر من نصف ساعة من بدء الامتحان. ■ عدم السماح بدخول الامتحان بعد مرور أكثر من نصف ساعة من بدء الامتحان.
	 ◄ لا يسمح للطالب الخروج من القاعة الامتحانية بعد توزيع الأسئلة إلا بعد مرور نصف وقت الامتحان.
	 في حالة تغيب الطالب عن الامتحان بعذر مقبول يعاد له الاختبار بالدور الثاني بدرجة كاملة.
	 يعتبر الطالب الغائب في اختبار نهاية الفصل راسباً في المقرر الذي تغيب فيه وعند اعادة الامتحان تحسب
	له الدرجة الصغرى (٠٠٠٪).
	 يحرم الطالب من المقرر الذي اخل فيه بالنظام.
	 في المقررات العملية اذا رسب الطالب في الجزء العملي او النظري يعتبر راسبا في المقرر وعليه اعادة
	الامتحان في الجزء الذي رسب به وتحسب له الدرجة الصغرى.
	■ يمنع استخدام الهواتف المحمولة اثناء الامتحان ويعتبر الطالب محروما من المقرر اذا قام باستخدامه.
4	Assignments and Projects: الابحاث والمشاريع
	 تقديم الابحاث والمشاريع في الوقت المحدد تماماً. أذا تأخر الطالب عن تقديم واجباته في الموعد الذي حدد له لن يقبل إلا إذا ما وافق الأستاذ على قبول
	التأخير، بناءً على ظروف قاهرة يتم شرحها والإعلان عنها خطياً قبل رفع درجات المقرر مالم يحرم
	الطالب من الدرجة المخصصة لهذا النشاط.
I	





5	الغش: Cheating: لن يتم التسامح مع الغش وهو: محاولة الطالب الغش بالحديث أو النظر في ورقة الغير أو الإشارة أو محاولة استخدام أية وسيلة من وسائل الغش. الغش في الامتحان النصفي أو الشروع فيه يعتبر الطالب محروما من درجة الامتحان النصفي للمقرر. الطالب الذي يغش في الامتحان النهائي يحرم من المقرر اذا لم يستفد من الغش او المقرر الذي غش فيه والذي يليه اذا استفاد من الغش. ويحرم من المقرر الذي غش فيه والمقرر الذي قبله اذا غش في اخر مقرر. والذي يليه اذا تكرر غش الطالب أكثر من مرة في الدورة الامتحانية الواحدة يطبق عليه حكم الفصل من الدراسة لمدة عام جامعي او فصل نهائي اذا تكرر الغش لاكثر من مرتين.	
6	الطالب الناقل لأفكار الآخرين دون التوثيق يحرم من الدرجة ويعنف على فعلته تلك دون التشهير به أمام زملائه. زملائه. الطالب المنتحل صفة طالب آخر أثناء أداء الامتحان تطبق عليه المادة (٦٥) الفقرة (٢) من اللائحة الموحدة الشئون الطلاب بجامعة الناصر، وهو "الفصل"ويكون بقرار من الجهات المعنية. وتسري العقوبة نفسها على الطالب الذي انتحلت شخصيته لنفس الغرض.	
7	سياسات اخرى :Other policies لا يسمح استخدام الهواتف المحمولة داخل قاعة المحاضرة، أو أثناء سير الامتحان. إذا سلك الطالب سلوكاً غير مقبول فأنه يُحال إلى الجهات المعنية لاتخاذ اللازم، مشفوعاً بتقرير عن ذلك. يمنع الاكل او الشرب اثناء المحاضرة.	:





Course Specification of General Physics

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

I.	General Information:					
1	Course Title:	General	physics			
2	Course Number and Code:	B1112	1			
			C	LH.		Total
3	3 Credit hours:		Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
3	Credit flours.	2	1			3
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	Second	d Semeste	er/First Ye	ear	
5	Pre –requisite :	None				
6	Co –requisite :	None				
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:	Medical	l Lab			
8	Language of teaching the course:	Arabic/	English			
9	Prepared By:	Ibrahim Suraihy				
10	Approved By:			•		

II. Course Description:

This course will familiarize the students with the basic concepts and principles of mechanics, elasticity, fluids dynamics, electricity, and magnetism. It will strengthen the understanding of the concepts and principles through a broad range of interesting applications to the real world of medicine, dentist, agriculture, and other fields of sconce.

III. ILOs:

At the end of this course students must be able to:

- 1. Recognize the nature of general physics phenomena, facts, laws, definitions, concepts, theories.
- 2. Explain the physical characteristics of concepts, theories and materials.
- 3. Demonstrate scientific knowledge vocabulary, terminology, conventions (including symbols, quantities and units.
- 4. Promote science transcends national boundaries and that the language of science, correctly and rigorously applied, is universal.





- 5. Present reasoned explanations of phenomena, patterns and relationships.
- 6. Analyze the answer with respect to how likely or realistic it really is, and solve familiar and unfamiliar problems related to medical Physics.
- 7. Interpret and evaluate experimental observations and data
- 8. Handle experimental observations and data and work safely in a laboratory.
- 9. Apply concepts and skills to solve a problem related to medical physics.
- 10. Record results in an appropriate manner given a detailed format.
- 11. Make relevant observations, measurements or estimates to a degree of accuracy appropriate to the instruments or techniques used.
- 12. Use the language skills and terms to explain and discus aspects of medical physics.
- 13. Write structural reports or essays in accordance with the standard scientific guidelines.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Methods.		
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding. At the end of this course students must be able to	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.
a1- Recognize the nature of general physics phenomena, facts, laws, definitions, concepts, theories.	Lectures using data show, video animation and seminars, Worked examples	Quizzes, Written exam, short answers and homework.
a2- Explain the physical characteristics of concepts, theories and materials.		
a3- Demonstrate scientific knowledge vocabulary, terminology, conventions (including symbols, quantities and units.		

(B)Intellectual Skills:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At the end of this course students must be able to	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
b1-Promote science transcends national boundaries and that the language of science, correctly and rigorously applied, is universal. b2- Present reasoned explanations of phenomena, patterns and relationships.	Lectures, Practice session, Discussions, Solving Problem methods, worked examples in the text	Oral presentation, criteria-based performance evaluation Interpretative exercises. Written examination
b3- Analyze the answer with respect to how likely or realistic it really is and solve familiar and unfamiliar problems related to medical Physics.		paper.





(C)Professional and Practical Skills.		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professiona Methods:	al and Practical Skillsto	Teaching and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills At the end of this course students must be able to	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
c1-1-Interpret and evaluate experimental observations and data. c2- Handle experimental observations and data. c3-Apply concepts and skills to solve a problem related to medical physics. c4- Record results in an appropriate manner given a detailed format.	Lectures, Laboratory work, Worked examples, directed reading, independent study and Group assignments, Problem-Solving Strategies	Practical works, practical reports and presentations based on their experimental work.
(D)General/ Transferable Skills: Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Methods.	l Transferable skills to	Teaching and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills At the end of this course students must be able to	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
d1-Make relevant observations, measurements or estimates to a degree of accuracy appropriate to the instruments or techniques used. d2-Use the language skills and terms to explain and discus aspects of medical physics.	Worked examples, Small group discussions, Problem- Solving Strategies, Tutorials Practical classes Micro assignments	Reports, presentations and communication with the lecturer and his colleagues.
d3-Write structural reports or essays inaccordance with the standard scientific guidelines.	_	





I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Introduction: Physics and Measurements	 Concepts of unit and measurements. Fundamental and derived units. Units of length, weight, mass, time. Matter: properties of solids, liquids and gases Dimensional Analysis Conversion of Units What is Medical Physics 	1	2	a1, a3, b1, c4, d3
2	Vectors	 Coordinate Systems Vector and Scalar Quantities Components of a Vector and Unit Vectors Scalar Product of Vectors Displacement, Velocity, and Acceleration 	1	2	a2, b2, b3, d2, d3
3	The Force and Laws of Motion	 The Concept of Force Newton's First Law Newton's Second Law Mass and Weight Newton's Third Law Free body diagram Forces of Friction Forces in and on the body 	1	2	a2, b2, b3, c1, c3,c4, d1, d2
4	Static Equilibrium and Elasticity	 The torque The Rigid Object in Equilibrium The Center of Gravity Examples of Rigid Objects in Static Equilibrium. Skeletal Muscles and 	1	2	a1, a3, b1, b3, c2, c3, c4, d1, d3





		Levers • Static forces in the body • Elastic Properties of Solids • Stress, Strain, and Elasticity Modulus • Example: Bone Shortening			
5	Work, Energy, and Power	 Work Done by a Constant Force Kinetic Energy and Potential Energy Conservation of energy Power Energy Changes in the body Energy from Food Metabolic rate Efficiency of the Human body as a machine 	1	2	a1, a3, b1, b2, b5, c2, c4, d1,d2
6	Fluid Mechanics	 Properties of fluids: Density, fluid pressure, Atmospheric pressure, surface tension, capillary, Viscosity. Measurement of pressures, Measurement of blood pressure. Buoyant Forces and Archimedes' Princip le. Fluid Dynamics, Blood flow, Continuity equation. Bernoulli's Equation and its Applications Effect of gravitational forces on human body. 	2	4	a1, b1, b2, b3, c1-1, c2, d1, d2
7	Mid-	term Exam	1	2	a2, b2, b3, c1-1,c2, c3, d2, d3,





8	Temperature and Heat	 Temperature Thermometers and Temperature Scale Thermal Expansion of Solids and Liquids An Ideal Gas Heat and Internal Energy The First Law of Thermodynamics Heat Transfer Mechanisms Heat losses from the body 	1	2	a1, a3, b1, b2, c1-1, c2
9	Sound	 Sound Waves and its Properties Intensity of Sound Waves Sound Level The Doppler Effect Ultrasound and Medical Applications: A Scan, B Scan, M Scan 	1	2	a1, a3, b1, b3, c1-2, c2, c4, d2, d3,
10	Light	 The Nature of Light and the Ray Aspect of Light The Light Reflection and Refraction Medical uses, Endoscope Images formed by thin Lenses. The Magnifier, The Microscope. The Eye, Myopia and correction, Hyperemia 	1	2	a2, a3, b2, b3, c1-1, c2, d1
11	Electricity	 Electric Charges, Electric Field, Electric Potential Capacitance, Capacitors, Dielectrics Electric Current, Resistance, Resistors, Electrical Power Electrical Safety Electricity Within the Body, Electromyography 	2	4	a1, a2, b3, c2, c3, c4, d1,d3





		 (EMG), Electrocardiograph (ECG), Electroencephalograph (EEG) Flow of electricity in Solids, Electrolytes, Gases and Vacuum 			
12	Radiation	 Some Properties of Nuclei Radioactivity The Decay Processes Natural Radioactivity Nuclear Magnetic Resonance and Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) Radiation Damage Uses of Radiation in diagnostic and therapy X-ray Laser 	1	2	a2, b1, b3, c1-2, c3, c4, d1, d3,
13	FINAL EXAM		1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1, d2, d3
	Number of Weeks	/and Units Per Semester	15	30	

b - Prac	b - PracticalAspect:					
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs		
1	Measurement Tools And Systems	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1-1		
2	Determination of Young's modulus by Searle's method	1	3	a1, a3, b1, b3, c2, c3, d2, d3		
3	Experimental verification of Hooke's law	1	3	a3, b1, c2, c4, d1, d3		
4	Experimental determination of viscosity of highly viscous liquids	1	3	a3, b1, b2, b3, b4, c1-1, c3, d1, d2		
5	Experimental verification Stoke's law	1	3	a3, b2, b3, c1- 1, c2, c4, d3		
6	Midterm examination	1	3	c2, d1, d3,		





7	measure thespecific heat capacity of a substance	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, b3, c1-1, c3, d1, d2,
8	Determine resistanceusing a voltmeter and an ammeter	1	3	a2, a3, b2, b3, c1-1, c4, d2, d3
9	Experimental verification Ohm's Law	1	3	a1, a2, b3, c2, c3, d1
10	Experimental verification Pattern offield lines round a bar magnet	1	3	a1, b4, c2, c3, d2
11	Experimental verification mirror lines lows	1	3	a2, b1, b3, c2, c4, d1, d3,
12	Final examination	1	3	a1, a3, b1, b3, c2, c3, d2, d3
Numb	per of Weeks/and Units Per First Second seme	ester	36	

V. Teaching Strategies:

- Interactive lecturing in class. Working examples,
- Solving Problem method, Laboratory work, directed reading, independent study and discussion

V	I. Assignments and projects:			
no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	Project	a1-3, b1-3, d1- d3	8	5

V	VII. Assessment Tasks:					
No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes	
1	Exercises and Home works and Quizzes	3, 5, 6, 9, 11	5	5%	a1, a2, a3, c1-1, c2, d3	
2	Practical reports and activities	ALL	10	10%	a2, a4, c1-1, d1 d3	
3	Assignment	8	5	5%	a1-3, b1-3, d1- d3	
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	a2, a3, b1, b2, b3	
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	50	50%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2	
6	Final Exam (practical)	14	20	20%	a1, a2, a3, b2, c3	
	Total		100	100%		





VIII. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. Serway and Faughn, 2012, College Physics, Second Edition, Open Stax College,
- 2. Paul Davidovits, 2013, Physics in Biology and Medicine (Complementary Science), 4thRevised Academic Press Elsevier.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

 Russell K. Hobbie, Bradley J. Roth, 2009, Intermediate Physics for Medicine and Biology (Biological and Medical Physics, Biomedical Engineering), 4thRevised Edi Springer.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

IX. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.

(Tardy):

1

3

Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.

(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):

- Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam.
- Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed.
- If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt.
- If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%.
- The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination.
- In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark
- Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.





١,	(Assignments and Projects):
4	 The students have to submit the assignment or project on time.
	• In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer
	before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the
	student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	(Cheating):
)	• Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying
	from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib
	notes, pagers or cell phones) etc.
	Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero
	• Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did
	not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed
	in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be
	considered as failed in that course and the previous one.
	• If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for
	a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
	(Plagiarism):
6	"To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own".
	Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments.
	• If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full
	academic year
	(Other policies):
7	• Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class
	during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.
	• Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings.
	• Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.
	- Lating of difficing is strictly promoted.









Course Specification of General Biology

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

I	I. General Information:					
1	Course Title:	General Biology				
2	Course Number and Code:	B11111				
			C	C.H		Total
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
3	5 Credit flours.		1			3
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	First semester/ First year				
5	Pre –requisite :	None				
6	Co –requisite :	None				
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:	Medical Lab				
8	Language of teaching the course:	English/ Arabic				
9	Prepared By:	Mohammed F. Al-Helali				
10	Approved By:		•	•		

II. Course Description:

This course is important since it provides brief differences between living and non-living organisms. The topics will cover the cell structure, cell function, cell division including enzymes and material transport.

III. ILOs:

At the end of this course students should be able to:

- 1. Describe the function and chemical composition of macromolecules like carbohydrates, lipids, proteins and nucleic acids.
- 2. List the enzymes and material transport in and outside the cell.
- 3. Explain the cells structure, functions and reproduction of mitosis and meiosis emphasizing on their significance to organism breeding.
- 4. Distinguish the level of organization and function of organelles.
- 5. Compare between macromolecules, cell organelles enzymes and transport.
- 6. Use microscope and chemicals safely.
- 7. Operate different equipment's and instruments related to biology.
- 8. Show the appropriate responsibility, self-confidence, and ethical attitudes and behaviors.
- 9. Work effectively individually or as a part of team work.





IV. Alignment l	Learning Out	comes with 7	Teaching and	Assessment Methods:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

	Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding. At the end of this course students should be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.
a1	Describe the function and chemical composition of macromolecules like carbohydrates, lipids, proteins and nucleic acids.	Lectures	
a2	List the enzymes and material transport in and outside the cell.	using data show and seminars	Quizzes, written exam, and participation
a3	Explain the cells structure, functions and reproduction of mitosis and meiosis emphasizing on their significance to organism breeding.	Schinars	

(B) Intellectual Skills:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods:

	Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At the end of this course students should be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
b1	Distinguish the level of organization and function of organelles.	Lectures, practice	Oral presentation
b2	Compare between macromolecules, cell organelles enzymes and transport.	session, Discussion, solving problem methods	Oral presentation, evaluation, interpretative exercises

(C) Professional and Practical Skills.

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment Methods:

	Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills At the end of this course students should be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
c1	Use microscope and chemicals safely.	Lectures, laboratory	Practical works,
c2	Operate different equipment's and instruments related to biology.	work, directed reading, and Group assignments	practical reports and presentation based on experimental work





(D) General/Transferable Skills:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable skills to Teaching and Assessment Methods.

	Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in General and Transferable Skills At the end of this course students should be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
d1	Show the appropriate responsibility, self-confidence, and ethical attitudes and behaviors.	Small group discussions,	reports, presentation and
d2	Work effectively individually or as a part of team work.	Practical classes	communication with the lecturer and students

V. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Introduction	History of evolution	1	2	a1
2	Macromolecules	carbohydrates, lipids, proteins and nucleic aid	3	6	a1, b1, b2, d1
3	Cells and midterm	prokaryotes, eukaryotes, cell organelles	4	8	a2, b1, b2, d1, d2
4	Transport	active, passive, and bulky	2	4	a2-a3, b1, b2, c1, d1
5	Enzymes	properties, function and composition	2	4	a1-a3, b1, b2, d1, d2
6	Cell division	mitosis and meiosis in animal cell	2	4	a1-a3, b1, b2, d1, d2
7	Final Exam		1	2	a1-a3, b1, b2, d1, d2
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per S	emester	15	30	

b - Pr	actical Aspect:			
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Introduction	1	2	a1





2	Macromolecules	3	6	a1-a3, b1, b2, c1, c2d1, d2
3	Cells and tissues	3	6	a1-a3, b1, b2, c1, c2d1, d2
4	Transport	3	6	a1-a3, b1, b2, c1, c2d1, d2
5	Enzyme and Cell division	1	2	a1-a3, b1, b2, c1, c2d1, d2
6	Animal kingdom	1	2	a1-a3, b1, b2, c1, c2d1, d2
7	Final Exam	1	2	a1-a3, b1, b2, c1, c2d1, d2
Nun	nber of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	13	26	

VI. Teaching Strategies:

Lectures using data show, Video animation, Seminars, Solving problem method, Laboratory work, Directed reading, Independent study, Discussion.

T 7TT		1		• .
VII.	Assignments	and	nro	iecte:
V 11.	Assignments	anu	DIO	ICC LO.

no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	- Project	a1-3, b1-2, d1- d2	5	5

V	YIII. Assessment Tasks:				
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Project (single\group)	2, 8	5	5%	a1-3, b1-2, d1-d2
2	Practical reports	1-10	10	10%	a1-3, b1-2, c1- c2, d1-d2
3	Oral Tests	5, 9	5	5%	a1-3, b1-2, d1-d2
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	a1-3, b1-2, d1-d2
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	a1-3, b1-2, d1-d2
6	Final Exam (practical)	11	20	20%	a1-3, b1-2, c1- c2, d1-d2
7			100	100%	





	IX. Learning Resources:
1- Re	quired Textbook(s) (maximum two).
	1.Sylvia/S.Mader 2012, Human Biology, 1 th Edition (McGraw-Hill) N.Y.USA.
	2.E.Solomon, L.Berg, D.Martin 2008 Biology 8 th edition (Thomson Brooks Cole,
	Belmont.U.S.A College Publishing)
2- R	ecommended Books and Reference Materials.
	1.Bruce Albert, Alexander Johnson, Peter Walter (2008), Molecular biology of the cell,
	Fifth edition, (Garland Science), New York, U.S.A.
	2. Cecie Starr (1997), Basic concept in biology Third edition, (International Thomson
	Publishing Company), Belmont, U.S.A. 3.Shuaa Al-Yousufy (1994), Cell structure and function, (Qatar Publishing Library), Qatar.
	4. Aish Zaytoon (1996), Human biology, (National Publishing Library), Jordan.
3- F	Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.
J- L	
	1- <i>Journal of biology</i>, <u>www.jbiol.com</u>2- Biology of Reproduction, <u>www.biolreprod.org</u>
	2- Biology of Reproduction, www.biotreprod.org
	X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)
-	
The	University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-
1110	Nasser University student's regulations handbook
	·
1	Class Attendance:
1	• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the
	25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the
	Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.
	zero for the course.
	(Tardy):
2	Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an
	acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times
	without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not
	repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes
	and will be considered as failed.
	(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):
3	• Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes
	from the begging of the exam.
	• Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the

• If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%.

If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will

examination time is passed.

be eligible to take the exam as first attempt.

• The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of





	examination.
	• In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark.
	• Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	 (Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc.
	 Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one.
	• If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry I

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:						
1	Course Title:	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry I					
2	Course Number and Code:	B11231					
			C	C.H		Total	
3	3 Credit hours:		Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total	
	5 Credit nours.		1			3	
4	4 Study level/year at which this course is offered:		First semester/Second year				
5	Pre –requisite :	General Chemistry					
6	Co –requisite :						
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:	None					
8	Language of teaching the course:	English/Arabic					
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Tav	vfeek Ahr	ned Alob	aidy		
10	Approved By:			•			

II. Course Description:

The course aims to introducing the students to organic chemistry, structure and physical properties, orbital hybridization, factor affecting chemical reactivity. Also it covers the study of alkanes, cycloalkanes, alkenes, alkynes; the chemistry of Alcohol, Carboxylic acid and their derivatives, Aldehyde, Ketone, Ether, Amines, Reaction mechanisms and Stereochemistry. Also it covers the study of identification and preparation of some organic compounds.

III. ILOs:

At the end of this course the student should be able:

- 1. Recognize classification of hydrocarbons structure and physical properties of organic compounds.
- 2. Explain the factors affecting the chemical reactivity and orbital hybridization.
- 3. Illustrate the IUPAC nomenclature, physical, chemical properties, preparation and reaction of reactions of hydrocarbons.
- 4. List the differences between the types of hydrocarbons.





- 5. Identifythe types of hybridization.
- 6. Predict the method of preparation of the studied organic compounds.
- 7. Diagram the schemes that relate all the reactions of hydrocarbons
- 8. Practice the method of purification of organic compounds.
- 9. Perform qualitative test for some elements.
- 10. Operate different equipment and instruments.
- 11. Demonstrate the differentiation between aliphatic and aromatic compounds.
- 12. Acquire an ethical attitude and approach.
- 13. Use properly and safely the organic compounds and new tools in the laboratories.
- 14. Work independently or as a team.
- 15. Manage and organize the time.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding.	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.
At the end of this course the student should be able: a1- Recognize classification of hydrocarbons structure and physical properties of organic compounds. a2-Explain the factors affecting the chemical	Lectures using data show video animationand	MCQ Oral Exam, Quizzes, exam, short answers , Homework and Participation.
reactivity and orbital hybridization. a3- Illustrate the IUPAC nomenclature, physical,		
chemical properties, preparation and reactions of hydrocarbons.		
a4-List the differences between the types of hydrocarbons		

(B)Intellectual Skills:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in	Teaching strategies	Assessment Methods
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Intellectual Skills.	to be used	
At the end of this course the student should be able: b1- Identify the types of hybridization. b2-Predict the method of preparation of the studied organic compounds. b3-Diagram the schemes that relate all the reactions of hydrocarbons (C)Professional and Practical Skills.	Lectures, Practice session, Discussions, Solving Problem methods	Oral presentation, criteria-based performance evaluation Interpretative exercises.
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and I Methods:		_
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
At the end of this course the student should be able: c1-Practice the method of purification of organic compounds c2- Perform qualitative test for some elements. c3- Operate different equipment and instruments. c4-Demonstrate the differentiation between aliphatic and aromatic compounds.	Lectures and Group assignments.	Practical works, and practical reports.
(D)C		
(D)General/ Transferable Skills: Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Tran Methods.	nsferable skills to Teac	thing and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
At the end of this course the student should be able: d1-Acquire an ethical attitude and approach. d2-Use properly and safely the organic compounds and new tools in the laboratories. d3- Work independently or as a team. d4-Manage and organize the time.	Group assignments.	Practical works, And practical reports.

Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:





a – Theoretical Aspect:

	eoretical Aspect:				
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	ILOs
1	Introduction to Organic Chemistry	 ➢ The Origins of Organic Chemistry ➢ Classification of carbon compounds ➢ Classification According to Molecular Framework ■ Acyclic Compounds ■ Carbocyclic Compounds ■ Classification According to Functional Group ➢ Principles of Atomic Structure ➢ Bond Formation: The Octet Rule ➢ How Electrons are Arranged in Atoms ➢ Bonding in organic compounds ➢ Ionic Bonding ➢ The Covalent Bond ➢ Hydrogen Bond ➢ Carbon and the Covalent Bond ➢ Carbon—Carbon Single Bonds ➢ Electronegativity and Bond Polarity ➢ Arrhenius Acids and Bases ➢ Formal Charge ➢ Resonance ➢ Arrow Formalism 	1	2	a1, a4, b1, d1-4
2	Orbitals and Orbital Hybridization	 ➤ Wave Properties of Electrons in Orbitals ➤ Molecular Orbitals ➤ The Sigma Bond ➤ The Pi Bond ➤ Hybridization and Molecular Shapes ➤ SP3 Hybridization ➤ SP2 Hybridization ➤ SP Hybridization ➤ SP Hybridization ➤ Drawing Three-Dimensional 	1	2	a1, a2, b1, d1-4





		Mologulos			1
		Molecules			
		> General Rules of			
		Hybridization and Geometry			
		Bond Rotation			
		➤ The Structures of Alkanes			a2,a3, a4, b2,
		➤ Nomenclature of Organic			b3, c4, d1-4
		Compounds			05, 01, 01
		➤ IUPAC Rules for Naming			
		Alkanes			
		➤ Alkyl and Halogen			
		Substituents			
		➤ Use of the IUPAC Rules			
		Sources of Alkanes			
		Physical Properties of Alkanes			
	Alkanes and	and Nonbonding Intermolecular			
	Cycloalkanes	Interactions			
	1 *	➤ Conformations of Alkanes			
3	(Paraffinic	Cycloalkane Nomenclature	2	4	
	Hydrocarbons)	and Conformation			
		➤ Cis—Trans Isomerism in			
		Cycloalkanes			
		1 7			
		> Stabilities of Cycloalkanes;			
		Ring Strain			
		> General Methods of			
		Preparation of Alkanes			
		Reactions of Alkanes			
		Oxidation and Combustion;			
		Alkanes as Fuels			
		Halogenation of Alkanes			
		■ The Free-Radical Chain			
		Mechanism of Halogenation			
		> Definition and Classification			a1, a2, a3, a4,
		➤ Nomenclature			b2, b3, c4,
		> Some Facts about Double			, , ,
		Bonds			d1-4
		> The Orbital Model of a Double			
		Bond; the Pi Bond			
		Cis-Trans Isomerism in			
	Alkenes				
1	Tirches	Alkenes	3	6	
4	15'	> Z–E Isomerism in Alkenes	3	6	
	and Dienes	➤ General methods of Synthesis			
		of Alkenes			
		> Synthesis by Elimination of			
		Alkyl Halides			
		Dehydrohalogenation			
		Debromination of a Vicinal			
		Dibromide			
		Synthesis by Dehydration of			





	ſ	T	I.	I	<u> </u>
		Alcohols			
		> Addition and Substitution			
		Reactions Compared			
		Addition of Unsymmetric			
		Reagents to Unsymmetric			
		Alkenes; Markovnikov's Rule			
		Addition Reactions			
		➤ Addition of Hydrogen			
		> Addition of Halogens			
5		Midterm exam	1	2	
		➤ Cont., Reactions of Alkenes			
		➤ Addition of Water (Hydration)			
		> Addition of Acids			
		Oxidation of Alkenes			
		Oxidation with Permanganate			
	Cont.,	➤ Ozonolysis of Alkenes			
		Mechanism of Electrophilic			
	Alkenes	Addition to Alkenes			
6	Timenes	Markovnikov's Rule	1	2	
U	and Dienes		1	2	
	and Dienes	Explained with Rearrangement			
		Reactions			
		> Hydroboration of Alkenes			
		> Additions to Conjugated			
		Systems (Dienes)			
		Addition of Hydrogen			
		➤ Addition of Halogens			
		➤ Addition of Water (Hydration)			
		➤ Introduction			a1, a2, a3, a4,
		Nomenclature of Alkynes			b2, b3, c4,
		Physical Properties of Alkynes			d1-4
		➤ Some Facts About Triple			u1- 4
		Bonds			
		> The Orbital Model of a Triple			
		Bond			
		➤ Electronic Structure of			
		Alkynes			
		➤ Commercial Importance of			
7	Alkynes	Alkynes	1	2	
		Tikynes			
		➤ Acidity of Alkynes; Formation			
		of Acetylide Ions			
		> Synthesis of Alkynes from			
		Acetylides			
		> Synthesis of Alkynes by			
		Elimination Reactions			
		➤ Reactions of Alkynes			
		➤ Addition Reactions of Alkynes			
		- Addition Reactions of Alkylles	<u> </u>		





> Orbital Model for Benzene > Symbols for Benzene > Nomenclature of Aromatic Compounds > The Resonance Energy of Benzene > Electrophilic Aromatic Substitution > The Mechanism of Electrophilic Aromatic Substitution > Halogenation > Nitration > Sulfonation > Alkylation > Acylation > Acylation > Ring-Activating and Ring-Deactivating Substituents > Ortho, Para-Directing and Meta-Directing Groups > Meta-Directing Groups > Meta-Directing Groups > Substituent Effects on Reactivity > The Importance of Directing Effects in Synthesis	8	 ➢ Symbols for Benzene ➢ Nomenclature of Aromatic Compounds ➢ The Resonance Energy of Benzene ➢ Electrophilic Aromatic Substitution ➢ The Mechanism of Electrophilic Aromatic Substitution ➢ Halogenation ➢ Nitration ➢ Sulfonation ➢ Alkylation ➢ Acylation ➢ Ring-Activating and Ring-Deactivating Substituents ➢ Ortho, Para-Directing and Meta-Directing Groups ➢ Ortho, Para-Directing Groups ➢ Meta-Directing Groups ➢ Substituent Effects on Reactivity 	3	6	
Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester 14 28	9	Effects in Synthesis Final exam	1	2	

b – Practical Aspect: Organic Chemistry I				
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	 Instruction in the laboratory methods of organic chemistry rules and ethics in laboratory. Purification some organic compounds by Filtration 	1	2	





2	➤ Purification some organic compounds by Recrystallization	1	2
3	➤ Purification some organic compounds by Sublimation and Simple distillation	1	2
4	➤ Purification some organic compounds by Steam distillation and Determination of Boiling Points	1	2
5	➤ Determination of melting point and mixed melting point	1	2
6	Combustion experiments (benzene and hexane)	1	2
7	Extraction of caffeine from tea	1	2
8	 The separation of benzoic acid from p - dichloro benzene Separation of methyl orange for methylene blue using a chromatography column (adsorption) 	1	2
9	 ➤ acetylsalicylic acid extraction of aspirin tablets ➤ extraction of R - (+) - limonene from orange peel and grapefruit. 	1	2
10	➤ Paper chromatography (the separation of a mixture of sugars - the separation of amino acids). thin-layer chromatography (preparation of slides and the separation of dyes from the extract of spinach leaves).	1	2
11	➤ Final Exam	1	2
Number	of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	11	22

b - PracticalAspect :					
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs	
1	Purification some organic compounds by -Filtration	1	2	a1, c1, c3, d1-3	
2	Purification some organic compounds by -Recrystallization	1	2	a2, c1, c3, d2-4	
3	-Purification some organic compounds by Sublimation	1	2	a1, c1, c3	
4	Purification some organic compounds by Simple distillation	1	2	a1, c1, c3, d4	
5	Purification some organic compounds by Steam distillation	1	2	a1, c1, c3, d2	
6	-Determination of melting point and mixed melting point	1	2	c1, c3, d1-4	
7	Determination of Boiling Points,	1	2	a1, c1, c3, d3	
8	Combustion experiments (benzene and hexane)	1	2	a1, c1, c4	
9	Lassaigne's test, detection of sulpher,	1	2	a1, c1, c2, d1, d2	
10	Detection of halogen.	1	2	c1, c2, d1-4	
11	Detection of nitrogen.	1	2	a1, c1, c2	
12	Final Exam	1	2	c1-4, d1-4	
Number	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester 11 22				





V. Teaching Strategies:

Lectures using data show video animation, Practice session, Discussions, Solving Problem methods, Group assignments, Small group discussions and Practical classes.

VI. Assignments and projects:

no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	- Project	a1-4, b1-4, d1- d3	5	5

VII. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Project (single\group)	2, 8	5	5%	a1-4, b1-4, d1- d3
2	Practical reports	1-9	10	10%	a1, c2-3
3	Oral Tests	5, 9	5	5%	a1, a3, b1, b2, b4, b5
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	a1-4, b1-4, d1- d3
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	a1-4, b1-4, d1- d3
6	Final Exam (practical)	10	20	20%	a1, c1-3, d1-3
7			100	100%	

VIII. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- R. T. Morrison and R. N. Boyd, Organic Chemistry, 2002, 6th edition, Pearson Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
- 2- Francis A. Carey and Richard J. Sundberg, Advanced Organic Chemistry; Part B: Reactions and Synthesis, 2001, 4thedition, Wiley and Sons., Inc. New York.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1. I. L. Finar, Organic Chemistry: The Fundamental Principles, 1963, Fourthedition, longman green and company ltd. London.
- 2. John McMurry." Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry " 2011, Seventh Edition,





- 3. Jerry and March, Advanced Organic Chemistry; reaction, mechanism and structure, 2007, 6th edition, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey
- 4. Janice Gorzynski Smith." Organic Chemistry", 2011, Third Edition, McGraw-Hill, a business unit of The McGraw-Hill Companies, New York.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1- www.orgsyn.org
- 2-
- 3-

IV C D 1''	/' 1 1' 1 ' '	1 1 4	44 1 4 1
IX. Course Policies:	tincillaing niagiarism	academic nonesty	attendance etc.)
111. Course I offeres.	(Including plugidisin	, academic monesty	atteriaurice etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.

(Tardy):

1

3

Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.

(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):

- Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam.
 - Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed.
 - If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt.
 - If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%.
 - The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination.
 - In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark.
 - Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.

(Assignments and Projects):

• The students have to submit the assignment or project on time.





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	• In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
	(Cheating):
5	• Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc.
	Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero
	• Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one.
	• If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued
	for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	(Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own".
	 Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments.
	• If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full
	academic year
	(Other policies):
7	 Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.
	 Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Medical Terminology

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

I.Ge	I.General Information:						
1	Course Title:	Medical Terminology					
2	Course Number and Code:	B11113					
			C	LH		Total	
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total	
		2	-	-		2	
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	First semester/First year.					
5	Pre –requisite :	None					
6	Co –requisite :	English 101					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:	Medical Lab					
8	Language of teaching the course:	English					
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Iman Al- Mahdi					
10	Approved By:						

II. Course Description:

The course is consisted of different medical terms in English language. Medical terminology is one of the important Subjects in medical science. The usage of correct spelling and correct accent with pronunciation.

III. ILOs:

After participating in this course students must be able to:

- 1. Define medical terminology in English language.
- 2. Recognize correct and perfect accent of each medical terms with correct spelling.
- 3. Reproduce correct Grammar and writing lessons taught in the class.
- 4. Quote medical terms and prescriptions.
- 5. Review medical terms in English books, references, medical dictionaries etc. by using medical terminology.
- 6. Use prescriptions without spelling and grammar mistakes.
- 7. Apply Medical Terminology and reading with comprehension.





8. Write medical terms in English language fluently

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:							
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:							
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledg and Understanding.		hing strategies to be used.	Ass	sessment Methods.			
a1 Define medical terminology in English language. a2- Recognize correct and perfect accent of each medical terms with correct spelling. a3- Reproduce correct Grammar and writing lessons taught in the class.	differ Engli Gram with gram Oral	rent topics in ish language mar courses relevant mar usage. communication students	Presentation in every week Homework Written exams				
Alignment Learning Outcomes Methods: Course Intended Learning Out	Course Intended Learning Outcomes Teaching strategies to be Assessment Methods						
b1- Quote medical terms and prescriptions. b2 Review medical terms in English books, references, medical dictionaries etc. by using medical terminology.		ε		Oral exam Quiz for skimming			
(C) Professional and Practical S	kills.						
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment Methods:							
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills	Teaching strategies to be used			Methods of assessment			
c1- Use prescriptions without spelling and	Lectures and Oral conversation in the class and group discussion.			Oral exam			





grammar mistakes.	Communication between the teacher,				
c2-Apply Medical	students in the class				
Terminology and reading with					
comprehension.					
(D) General/Transferable Skills	s:				
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable skills to Teaching and Assessment Methods.					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in General and Transferable Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment			
d1 Write medical terms	Reading, group discussion	Exams, Homework, Oral			
in English language		questions and quiz.			
fluently					

IX. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Introduction to medical terminology	Importance of medical term- part of medical term - root	1	2	a1, a2, b1, c1, d1
2	Prefixes	Meaning of Prefixes :color, number, size, location degree ,direction	1	2	a1, a2, b1, c1, d1
3	Suffixes	Meaning of Suffixes: disease ,surgical procedures , instruments	1	2	a1- a3, b1-b2, c1-c2, d1
4	Analyzing and defining medical term	- Breaking down a medical term - Rules of defining medical term	1	2	a1- a3, b1-b2, c1-c2, d1
5	Combining a medical term	- Combining form , Combining vowels - Rules of using Combining vowels	1	2	a1- a3, b1-b2, c1-c2, d1
6	Cardiovascular tract	Analyzing and defining terms related to Cardiovascular tract	1	2	a1- a3, b1-b2, c1-c2, d1
7	Mid-term examination		1	2	a1- a3, b1-b2, c1-c2, d1
8	Respiratory tract	Analyzing and defining terms related to Respiratory tract	1	2	a1- a3, b1-b2, c1-c2, d1





9	Musculoskeletal term + skin	Analyzing and defining terms related to Musculoskeletal term + skin	1	2	a1- a3, b1-b2, c1-c2, d1
10	Gastrointestinal tract	Analyzing and defining terms related to Gastrointestinal tract	1	2	a1- a3, b1-b2, c1-c2, d1
11	Body structure	Direction terms, anatomical planes, body cavity	1	2	a1- a3, b1-b2, c1-c2, d1
12	Abbreviation	Most uses abbreviation	1	2	a1- a3, b1-b2, c1-c2, d1
13	Final Exam		1	2	a1- a3, b1-b2, c1-c2, d1
	Number o	f Weeks/and Units Per Semester	13	26	

VI. Teaching Strategies:

Lectures, using diagrams, pictures and captions.

Stories reading

Creative writing

Conversation.

Group discussion.

Reading, Using skimming

problem solving

VII. Assignments and projects:

no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	Creative writing	b1-b2, c1, d1-d3	6	5

VIII. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Creative writing	6	5	5%	b1-b2, c1, d1-d3
2	Oral Tests	1-12	5	5%	a1-a3, b1-b2, c1, d1-d3
3	Written Test (1)	6	30	30%	a1-a3, b1-b2, c1, d1-d3
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	12	60	60%	a1-a3, b1-b2, c1, d1-d3
5	Total		100	100%	





IX. Learning Resources:						
1- Required Textbo	ook(s) (maximum two).					
	 Amr Al Himairi, (2005), English for medical students, Sana'a University, Sana'a, Republic of Yemen Laquire Blass, (2005), Well read 1, Oxford University press. 					
2- Recommended	Books and Reference Materials.					
	 Medical Terminology and Abbreviations References. Mosby's Medical and Nursing Dictionary, second edition. Glotia Publication Pvt. Ltd. 1989. 					
3- Electronic Ma	terials and Web Sites etc.					
1.www.wow.com/Medical +Terminology 2. www.webcrawler.com/ 3. www.amazon.com						
X. Co	ourse Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)					

	X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)
The	University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al- Nasser University student's regulations handbook
1	Class Attendance: • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.
2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes

and will be considered as failed. (Exam Attendance/Punctuality):

3

- Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam.
- Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed.
- If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt.
- If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%.
- The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination.
- In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark.
- Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be





	considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	 Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





First year: second semester





Course Specification of General Chemistry II

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I.General Information:							
1	Course Title:	General Chemistry II						
2	Course Number and Code:	B11123						
			C	C.H		m , 1		
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total		
		2	1			3		
4	4 Study level/year at which this course is offered:		d Semeste	er/First Ye	ear			
5	5 Pre –requisite :		General Chemistry 1					
6	Co –requisite :							
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:							
8	8 Language of teaching the course:							
9	9 Prepared by:		lulamjid <i>A</i>	Alsaifi				
10	Approved by:							

II.Course Description:

This course will introduce the students the gas law's, properties of liquids and solids, chemical thermodynamics, chemicalkinetics, basic concepts of chemicalequilibrium and electrochemistry. The practical part will focus on different laboratory tests related to inorganic chemistry

III.ILOs:

At the end of the course, the successful student will be able to:

- 1. Define terms of thermodynamics, kinetics, and electrochemistry.
- 2. Identify the basic principles of gases, liquids and solids, thermodynamics, chemical kinetics, chemical equilibrium and electrochemistry
- 3. Classify various kinds of intermolecular attractions and how they are related to physical properties.
- 4. Describe the regular structure of crystalline solids, various types of solids, common processes of thermodynamics, and types of order reactions.





- 5. Interpret biological phenomenon by using natural physical laws.
- 6. Distinguish between the laws of thermodynamics, chemical kinetics, chemical equilibrium and electrochemistry.
- 7. Evaluate different types of chemical calculations.
- 8. Apply appropriate laboratory techniques in basic inorganic and physical chemistry.
- 9. Choose appropriate laboratory techniques in basic inorganic and physical chemistry.
- 10. Perform a selection of basic laboratory procedures in general chemistry.
- 11. Work effectively both in a team, and independently on solving problems.
- 12. Use internet and search for information.
- 13. Communicate effectively with his teacher and colleagues.

IV.1- Intended learning outcomes (ILOs) of the course:							
(A) Knowledge and Understanding:							
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understa	anding to Teaching and Asse	essment Methods:					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding.	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.					
By the end of the course, students will be able to: a1-Define some terms of thermodynamics, kinetics, and electrochemistry.	Lectures using data show, video, homework and class discussion	Quizzes, Written exam, short answers and homework. Participation.					
a2- Identify the basic principles of gases, liquids and solids, thermodynamics, chemical kinetics, chemical equilibrium and electrochemistry							
a3- Classify various kinds of intermolecular attractions and how they are related to physical properties.							
a4 -Describe the regular structure of crystalline solids, various types of solids, common processes thermodynamics, and types of order reactions.							

(B)Intellectual Skills:						
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods:						
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills.	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods.				
On completing this course, students will be able to: b1- Interpret biological phenomenon by using natural physical laws.	Lectures, practice session, discussions, solvingproblem methods	Oral presentation, criteria-based performance evaluation				





b2- Distinguish between the laws of thermodynamics, chemicalkinetics, chemicalequilibrium and electrochemistry.			In	terpretative exercises	
b3- Evaluate different types of chemical calculations.					
(C) Professional and Practical Skills:					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and	d Practic	al Skills to Teachi	ng and Asso	essment Methods:	
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) Professional and Practical Skills	in	Teaching strate used	egies to be	Methods of assessment	
By the end of the course, students will be able to: c1- Apply appropriate laboratory techniques in basinorganic and physical chemistry.	sic	Lectures, Laboratory work, directed reading, independent study and		Practical works, practical reports and presentations	
c2- Choose appropriate laboratory techniques in bainorganic and physical chemistry.	asic	Group assignme	nts.	based on their experimental work.	
c3- Perform a selection of basic laboratory proceding general chemistry.	ures in				
(D)General/ Transferable Skills:					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Tra	ınsferabl	le skills to Teachir	ng and Asses	ssment Methods.	
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills	Teach	ing strategies to be used	Metho	ods of assessment	
By the end of the course, students will be able to: d1- Work effectively both in a team, and independently on solving problems. d2- Use internet and search for information.	discuss practic	C 1	communic	esentations and cation with the ad his colleagues.	
d3- Communicate effectively with his teacher and colleagues.					

V.Co	ourse Content:					
Course Topics/Items:						
	a – Theoretical Aspect:					
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	CILOs	





1	Gases and the Kinetic – Molecular Theory Common Properties of Gases Pressure Gas Laws: Determination of Molecular Weights and Molecular Formulas of Gaseous Substances Dalton's Law of Partial Pressures Mass – Volume Relationships in Reactions Involving Gases The Kinetic – Molecular Theory Diffusion and Effusion of Gases Real Gases: Deviations from Ideality	• Boyle's Law, harles's Law, Gay – Lusac's Law, Standard Temperature and Pressure, Avogadro's Law, The Combined Gas Law Equation, The Ideal Gas Equation and Graham's law	3	6	a1, a2, b3, c2
2	Liquids and Solids: • Kinetic–Molecular Description of Liquids and Solids • Intermolecular Attractions and Phase Changes • Liquid State: • The Solid State: Melting Point, Heat Transfer Involving Solids, Sublimation and the Vapor Pressure of Solids • Phase Diagrams (Pversus T) • Amorphous Solids and Crystalline Solids • Structures of Crystals • Bonding in Solids • Band Theory of Metals	• Viscosity, Surface Tension, Capillary Action, Evaporation, Vapor Pressure, Boiling Points and Distillation and Heat Transfer Involving Liquids	2	4	a2, a3, a4, c2
3	 Chemical Thermodynamics: Heat Changes and Thermochemistry The First Law of Thermodynamics Some Thermodynamic Terms Enthalpy Changes Calorimetry Thermochemical Equations Standard States and Standard Enthalpy Changes Standard Molar Enthalpies of Formation, ΔH_f^o 		2	4	a1, a2, b2, b3, c2





	 Hess's Law Bond Energies Changes in Internal Energy, ΔΕ Relationship of ΔH and ΔΕ Spontaneity of Physical and Chemical Changes The Two Aspects of Spontaneity The Second Law of Thermodynamics Entropy, S Free Energy Change, ΔG, and Spontaneity 			
	 The Temperature Dependence of Spontaneity 			a1, a2,
4	Mid Exam	1	2	a3, a4, b2, b3
5	ChemicalKinetics: • The Rate of a Reaction • Factors That Affect Reaction Rates • Nature of the Reactants • Concentrations of Reactants: The Rate-Law Expression • Concentration versus Time: The Integrated Rate Equation • Collision Theory of Reaction Rates • Transition State Theory • Reaction Mechanisms and the Rate-Law Expression • Temperature: The Arrhenius Equation Catalysts	2	4	a1, a2, a3, a4, b2, b3, c2
6	 ChemicalEquilibrium Basic Concepts The Equilibrium Constant Variation of Kc with the Form of the Balanced Equation The Reaction Quotient Uses of the Equilibrium Constant, Kc Factors That Affect Equilibria The Haber Process: A Practical Application of Equilibrium Application of Stress to a System at Equilibrium Partial Pressures and the Equilibrium 	2	4	a1, a2, a3, b2, b3, c2





7	 Relationship between KP and Kc Heterogeneous Equilibria Relationship between ΔG0 Rxn and the Equilibrium Constant Evaluation of Equilibrium Constants at Different Temperatures ChapterElectrochemistry Electrical Conduction Electrodes Electrolytic Cells and Faraday's Law of Electrolysis Faraday's Law of Electrolysis Commercial Applications of Electrolytic Cells Voltaic or Galvanic Cells The Standard Hydrogen Electrode Standard Electrode Potentials Uses of Standard Electrode Potentials Standard Electrode Potentials for Other Half-Reactions Nernst Equation Using Electrochemical Cells to Determine Concentrations The Relationship of E0 Cell to ΔG⁰ and K Primary Voltaic Cells 	2	4	a1, a2, a3, b2, b3, c2
8	Final Exam	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b2, b3
Nun	nber of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	15	30	

b - F	b - PracticalAspect:						
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	CILOs			
1	Density	1	3	b1, c1-c3, d1			
2	Determination of the Value of the Gas Constant	1	3	b2, c1-c3, d1			
3	Determination of viscosity of a liquid	1	3	b1-b3, c1- c3, d1, d3			
4	Determine the Freezing Temperature	1	3	b1-b3, c1- c3, d1, d3			
5	Vapor Pressure and Heat of Vaporization	1	3	b1-b3, c1- c3, d1, d3			





6	Separation of Mixtures by Gravity Filtration and Evaporation	1	3	b1-b3, c1- c3, d1, d3
7	Heat of Solutionand Neutralization	1	3	b1-b3, c1- c3, d1, d3
8	Determination of equilibrium constant of reaction	1	3	b1-b3, c1- c3, d1, d3
9	Determination of order of the reaction	1	3	b1-b3, c1- c3, d1, d3
10	Determination of conductometric of solution	1	3	b1-b3, c1- c3, d1, d3
11	Final Exam	1	3	b1, c1-c3, d1
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	11	33	

VI. Teaching Strategies:

- Lectures using data show, video animation and seminars
- Solving Problem method, Laboratory work, directed reading, independent study and discussion

VII. Assignments and projects:

no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	Micro assignment	a1-a4, b1-b3, d1- d3	9	5

VIII. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Assignment	ALL	5	5 %	a1-a4, b1-b3, d1- d3
2	Practical reports	1-10	10	10 %	b1, c1-c3, d1
3	Written Test (1) Exercises and Home works Quizzes	7	15	15 %	a1, a2, a3, a4, b2, b3
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	15	50	50 %	a1, a2, a3, a4, b2, b3





5	Final Exam (practical)	10	20	20 %	b1, c1-c3, d1
	total		100	100 %	

IX.Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- **1.** Whitten, Davis, Peck, and Stanley (2004), *General Chemistry*, Thomson: Brooks Cole; 7th edition.
- **2.** Darrell D. Ebbing and Steven D. Gammon (2009). General Chemistry. 9th Edition Houghton Mifflin Company, BOSTON, NEW YORK

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1. Course Notes Handout Texts: Prepared by
- 2. Satyajit D. Sarker and Lutfun Nahar. Chemistry for Pharmacy Students: General, Organic and Natural Product Chemistry. John Wiley and Sons Ltd, The Atrium, Southern Gate, Chichester, West Sussex, 2007
- **3.** C.V.S. Subrahmanyam, Essentials of Physical Pharmacy, Published by Vallabh Prakashan (2005)

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 4.http://www.evangel.edu/Personal/badgers/Web/GenChemPPTs.htm
- 5.http://facstaff.uwa.edu/mcurry/General%20Chemistry%20I%20PowerPoint.htm
- 6.http://memo.cgu.edu.tw/ching-shiun/general%20chemistry.htm

X.Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

1

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.

academic year





2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.
3	 (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	 Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full





(Other policies):

7

- Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.
- Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings.
- Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Pharmaceutical Calculation

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:					
1	Course Title:	Pharmac	ceutical Ca	lculation		
1		Mathema	tics			
2	Course Number and Code:					B11152
					С.Н	Total
3	Credit hours: 2hrs.	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	
		2	-	-	-	2
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	Second s	semester/Fi	rst year	•	
5	Pre –requisite :	None				
6	Co –requisite :					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:					
8	Language of teaching the course:	English/A	Arabic			
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Abdulkarim Alzomor				
10	Approved By:					

Course Description:

This course is designed to provide calculus for students of pharmacy to develop an understanding of the derivative, types of functions including calculations related in several aspects of pharmaceutics, such as pharmaceutical technology, clinical and preparation pharmacy, pharmacology, pharmaceutical chemistry .and pharmacokinetics





II. ILOs: at end of the course students will be to:

- 1. Understand of the weights, measures the function of pharmaceutical balances,
- 2. Perform pharmaceutical calculations; the preparation of certain pharmaceutical dose forms.
- 3. Appreciate the need for accuracy and thoroughness in manufacture of pharmaceutical products.
- 4. Formulate liquid, mixture and powder pharmaceutical products.
- 5. Calculate is tonicity and osmolality of pharmaceutical preparations.
- Measurement and applications of specific gravity and concentrations of solids and liquids in calculating relative quantities in solid, semisolid or liquid components of pharmaceutical Prescriptions.
- 7. Understanding and applying dilutions as a concept in formulation and pharmaceutical analysis.
- 8. Performing calculations related to the preparation of isotonic solutions.
- 9. Performing calculations related to preparation of common pharmaceutical types such as powders, suspensions, capsules etc.
- 10. Solve problems and calculate the dose
- 11. Apply calculation in the field of pharmacy
- 12. Evaluate calculation data.
- 13. Work effectively both in a team, and independently on solving problems

III. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and	Teaching	Assessment
Understanding. At end of the course students will be able to:	strategies to be used.	Methods.
a1- Understand of the weights, measures the function of pharmaceutical balances	Lecture Group	Quiz Written exam
a2 Calculate is tonicity and osmolality of pharmaceutical preparations	discussion	
a3- Formulate liquid, mixture and powder pharmaceutical products.		
a4- Understanding and applying dilutions as a concept in formulation and pharmaceutical analysis.		





(B)Intellectual Skills:					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to	Teaching Met	hods and Asse	essment Methods:		
	Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At end of the course students will be able to:				
b1- Perform pharmaceutical calculations; the preparation pharmaceutical b2- Performing calculations related to the preparation of isotom b3- Appreciate the need for accuracy and thoroughness in man pharmaceutic	dose forms. ic solutions. nufacture of	Group discussion Seminar Lecture	Presentation Quiz		
	(C)I	Professional ar	nd Practical Skills.		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical	Skillsto Teac	hing and Asse	essment Methods:		
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inProfessional and Practical Skills At end of the course students will be able to:	Teaching s	strategies to be used	Methods of assessment		
c1-Solve problems and calculate the dose c2- Apply calculation in the field of pharmacy c3- Performing calculations related to preparation of common pharmaceutical types such as powders, suspensions, capsules etc.	Probl	lem solving methods	Written exam		
c4- Measurement and applications of specific gravity and concentrations of solids and liquids in calculating relative quantities in solid, semisolid or liquid components of pharmaceutical Prescriptions.					
	((D)General/Ti	ransferable Skills:		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable	skills to Teac	ching and Asse	essment Methods.		
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills At end of the course students will be able to:	Teaching s	strategies to be used	Methods of assessment		
d1-Evaluate calculation data. d2- Work effectively both in a team, and independently on solving problems	Prob	lem solving methods	Written exam		
Course Content:					





1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – T	heoretical Aspect:				
No	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Introduction &Roman numerals	 Introduction of pharmaceutical calculation Type of Roman number and problems 	1	2	
2	System used in the measurement	 Metric system Apothecary system Avoirdupois system Intersystem conversion Problems 	2	4	
3	Common household & Techniques measures	 Household measuring devices Techniques of pharmaceutical measurement Problems 	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, c3, d1,d2
4	Quantitative product strength	PercentageRatio strengthDilution and concentrationProblems	2	4	
5	Reducing and enlarging formulas	Reducing and enlarging formulasProblems	1	2	
6		Midterm exam	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, c3, d1
7	Biological fluids and electrolytes	 Electrolyte solutions and concept of milliequivalent. Buffers and Buffered solutions. Isotonic solutions Problems 	2	4	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3,
8	Drug doses & other subjects	 Density, Temperature and specific gravity Allegation methods in pharmaceutical sciences Fundamental concepts of dosage calculations 	2	4	61, 62, 63, c1, c2, c3, d1,d2





		 Dosage calculations based on body surface area (BSA Problems 			
9	Prescription	• Define, Types, Symbols	1	2	
10	Final exam		1	2	
	1	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	14	28	

IV. Teaching Strategies:

- Lectures using data show
- Group discussion
- · Problem solving method

V. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Exercises and Home works and oral test	8, 12	10	10%	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, c3, d1
2	Written Test (midterm exam)	6	30	30%	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, c3, d1
3	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	60	60%	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, c3, d1
4	Total	100	100%		

I. Learning Resources: 1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two). 1. M.Savva. (2006). Rational Approachto Pharmaceutical Calculations, V agmaLLC. 2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials. 1. H.C .Ansel (2013). Pharmaceutical Calculations. Lippincott Williams & Wilkin 14th ed. 2. S. Parsons. (2013); Pharmaceutical Calculations. Parsons Printing Pre.





3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites <i>etc</i> .
(Alsoavailableasopensourcee-book:http://pharmaceuticalcalculations.org)

,	VI. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)
The	University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al- Nasser University student's regulations handbook
1	Class Attendance: • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.
2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.
3	 Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.





4	(Assignments and Projects):
4	 The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
_	(Cheating):
5	 Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year.
	(Other policies):
7	 Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Botany

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I.General Information:					
1	Course Title:	Botany	7			
2	Course Number and Code:	B1127	1			
			C	LH		Total
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
		2	1			3
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	is First semester/ Second year				
5	Pre –requisite :	Biolog	У			
6	Co –requisite :	None				
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:					
8	Language of teaching the course:	English	/ Arabic			
9	Prepared By:	Mohammed F. Al-Helali				
10	Approved By:	·		•	•	

II.Course Description:

The course will provide a brief description of plants as living organism. The topics will cover the plant morphology, growth and anatomy of roots, stem and leaves. The course will also deal with the sexual and asexual reproduction of plants.

III.ILOs:

At the end of this course students should be able to:

- 1. Recognize the plant kingdom.
- 2. Describe plant structure, growth, anatomy and function of roots, stem and leaves.
- 3. Illustrate the transport of minerals, water and responses through the flowering plants.
- 4. Differentiate between seed plants and seed less plants and between flowering and non flowering plants.
- 5. Compare their experimental results with those that are found in computer sources.
- 6. Use microscope and make sections of the roots, stems and leaves and staining.
- 7. Perform experiments of dye and supply the plant with this dye to see the transport route in plants.
- 8. Manage time effectively and work as a part of team in order to fulfill a certain





project.

IV.	Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and	d Assessment Metho	ods:
Alignm	ent Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Un Methods:	derstanding to Tea	ching and Assessment
	Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding. At the end of this course students should be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.
a1 Reco	gnize the plant kingdom.		
a2 Describe plant structure, growth, anatomy and function of roots, stem and leaves. a3 Illustrate the transport of minerals, water and responses through the flowering plants.		Lectures using data show and seminars	Quizzes, written exam, and participation
(D) I	1 0 11		
. ,		to Teaching Met	
	Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At the end of this course students should be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
	erentiate between seed plants and seed less and between flowering and non flowering plants.	Lectures, laboratory work, directed reading,	Practical works,
	pare their experimental results with those that ad in computer sources.	and Group assignments	practical reports and presentation
	fessional and Practical Skills. nent Learning Outcomes of Professional and Pr Methods:	ractical Skillsto Tea	aching and Assessment
	Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills At the end of this course students should be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
stems an	microscope and make sections of the roots, and leaves and staining. orm experiments of dye and supply the plant is dye to see the transport route in plants.	Lectures, laboratory work, directed reading, and Group assignments	Practical works, practical reports and presentation based on experimental work





(D) General/Transferable Skills:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable skills to Teaching and Assessment Methods.

	Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in General and Transferable Skills At the end of this course students should be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
d1 Manage time effectively and work as a part of team in order to fulfill a certain project.		Small group discussions, Practical classes	reports, presentation and communication with the lecturer and students

V.Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	The Plant Kingdom; Seedless Plants	There Are Four Major Groups Of Plants	1	2	a1
2	Plant Structure, Growth, And Differentiation	Roots, Stems, Leaves, Flowers, And Fruits Made Up The Plant Body. Is Composed Of Cells And Tissues	2	4	a1-a2, b1-b2, d1,
3	Leaf Structure And Function	The Leaf Consists Of An Epidermis, Ground Tissue, And Vascular Tissue. Leaf Structure Differs In Dicots And Monocots.	2	4	a1-a2, b1-b2, d1,
4	Stems And Plant Transport and midterm	-Water And Minerals Are Transported In	3	6	a1-a3, b1-b2, d1,





		Xylem, While Sugars Are Transported In Phloem.			
5	Roots And Mineral Nutrition	-There Are Two Basic Types Of Root Systems	2	4	a1-a3, b1-b2, d1,
6	Reproduction In Flowering Plants	Fertilization Is Followed By Seed And Fruit Development	2	4	a1-a3, b1-b2, d1,
7	Growth Responses And Regulation Of Growth	External And Internal Factors Affect Germination And Early Growth	2	4	a1-a3, b1-b2, d1,
8	Final Exam		1	2	a1-a3, b1-b2, d1,
Nu	umber of Weeks/and Uni	ts Per Semester	15	30	

b - P	b - Practical Aspect:						
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs			
1	The plant kingdom; seedless plants	2	4	b1-b2, c1, c2 d1,			
2	Plant structure, growth, and differentiation	2	4	b1-b2, c1, c2 d1,			
3	Leaf structure and function	2	4	b1-b2, c1, c2 d1,			
4	Stems and plant transport	2	4	b1-b2, c1, c2 d1,			
5	Roots and mineral nutrition	2	4	b1-b2, c1, c2 d1,			
6	Reproduction in flowering plants	2	4	b1-b2, c1, c2 d1,			
7	Final exam	1	2	b1-b2, c1, c2 d1,			
Numb	er of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	13	26				

VI. Teaching Strategies:

- 1. Lectures using data show.
- 2. Video animation.





- 3. Seminars.
- 4. Solving problem method.
- 5. Laboratory work.
- 6. Directed reading.
- 7. Independent study.
- 8. Discussion.

V	VII.Assignments and projects:						
no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark			
1	- Project	a1-3, b1-2, d1-	5	5			

VI	VIII.Assessment Tasks:						
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes		
1	Project (single\group)	2, 8	5	5%	a1-3, b1-2, d1-		
2	Practical reports	1-10	10	10%	a1-3, b1-2, c1- c2, d1-		
3	Oral Tests	5, 9	5	5%	a1-3, b1-2, d1-		
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	a1-3, b1-2, d1-		
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	a1-3, b1-2, d1-		
6	Final Exam (practical)	11	20	20%	a1-3, b1-2, c1- c2, d1-		
7			100	100%			

IX.Learning Resources:

1- Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. Sylvia/S.Mader 2012, Human Biology, 1th Edition (McGraw-Hill) N.Y.USA.
- 2. E.Solomon, L.Berg, D.Martin 2008 Biology 8th edition (Thomson Brooks Cole, Belmont.U.S.A College Publishing)

2- Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1. Bruce Albert, Alexander Johnson, Peter Walter (2008), Molecular biology of the cell, Fifth edition, (Garland Science), New York. U.S.A.
- 2. Cecie Starr (1997), Basic concept in biology Third edition, (International Thomson Publishing Company), Belmont, U.S.A.
- 3. Shuaa Al-Yousufy (1994), Cell structure and function, (Qatar Publishing Library), Qatar.
- 4. Aish Zaytoon (1996), Human biology, (National Publishing Library), Jordan.

3- Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

1. Power Point Lectures for Biology, concepts and connections 6th edition by Campbell, Reece, Taylor, Simon and Dickey 2012.





	Y Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc.)
1	X.Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)
The	University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al- Nasser University student's regulations handbook
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2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.
3	 (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	 (Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed





	 in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





قالب توصيف مقرر اللغة العربية ١٠٢

الجامعة: الناصر.

الكلية: العلوم الطبية.

القسم: الصيدلة البرنامج: الصيدلة

	I.General Information: معلومات عامة					
1	اسم المقرر: Course Title				بة 102	اللغة العرب
2	رمز ورقم المقرر: Course Number and Code	B11102				
3	Credit hours: الساعات المعتمدة	نظ <i>ري</i> 2	C.H _أ عملي	س. د تطبیق	تدریب	الاجمالي
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered: الفصل /المستوى الدراسي الذي يدرس فيه المقرر			الأول.	ني، المستوى	الفصل الثا
5	المقررات السابقة: Pre –requisite				1.12	لغة عربيا
6	المقررات المصاحبة: Co –requisite					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered: البر امج التي يدرس فيها المقرر					المختبرات
8	Language of teaching the course: لغة تدريس المقرر				<u>.</u> غ	اللغة العربي
9	Prepared By: اعداد				صلاحي	د صادق ال
10	Approved By: تم اقراره من		•			

II. Course Description: وصف المقرر

يسعي هذا المقرر الي تزويد الطالب بمهارة القراءة والكتابة حيث يشمل دراسة النحو: الجملة الفعلية والأدب: المدرسة الإحيائية ،المدارس الرومانسية ،مدرسة الشعر الحر.





مخرجات تعلم المقرر:LOs: مخرجات

بعد الانتهاء من المقرر سيكون الطالب قادرا على ان:

- ١. يصف مهارة القراءة السليمة و الكتابة
- ٢. يشرح الجملة الفعلية وأركانها وصور الفاعل وصور المفعول به،ونائب الفاعل
 - ٣. يعدد انواع الأدب في العصر الحديث
 - ٤. يحلل علامات الترقيم ،ومواطنها الصحيحة
 - ٥. يطبق القواعد الإملائية الصحيحة
 - ٦. يجيد مهارة التلخيص، وكتابة السيرة الذاتية، والرسالة الإدارية
 - ٧. يتعامل بمهارة اخلاقية مع مختلف المكونات

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods: تسكين المخرجات مع طرق التدريس والتقييم

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods: تسكين مخرجات المعرفة والفهم مع طرق التدريس والتقييم

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding. مخرجات المعرفة والفهم	Teaching strategies to be used. طرق التدريس	طرق التقييم.Assessment Methods
a1 يصف مهارة القراءة السليمة و الكتابة	١- المناقشة،والحوار أثناء	حل التدريبات المتعلقة بالدرس
	الشرح والإلقاء	الامتحانات
a2يشرح الجملة الفعلية وأركانها وصور الفاعل		
وصور المفعول به،ونائب الفاعل		
a3يعدد انواع الأدب في العصر الحديث		

(B)Intellectual Skills: المهارات الذهنية

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods: تسكين مخرجات المهارات الذهنية مع طرق التدريس والتقييم

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in مخرجات المقرر في المهارات الذهنية	Teaching strategies to be used استراتيجيات التدريس	طرق Assessment Methods التقييم
b1 يحلل علامات الترقيم ،ومواطنها الصحيحة	- استر اتيجية التواصل اللغوي. - استر اتيجية التفكير البنائي. - استر اتيجية التفكير الناقد.	بعض التدريبات والتكاليف الامتحانات

المهارات المهنية والعملية.Professional and Practical Skills)

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment





Methods:						
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical مخرجات القرر في المهارات Skills المهنية والعملية	Teaching strategies to be usedاستر اتيجيات التدريس	طرق Methods of assessment التقییم				
c1 يطبق القواعد الإملائية الصحيحة	- استر اتيجية حل المشكلات. - استر اتيجية التفكير الناقد.	الامتحان تدريبات وتكاليف				
(D)General/ Transferable Skills: المهارات العامة والانتقالية Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable skills to Teaching and Assessment Methods. تسكين مخرجات العامة والانتقالية مع طرق التدريس والتقييم.						
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills المقرر العامة والانتقالية	Teaching strategies to be used استر اتيجيات التدريس	طرق Methods of assessment التقييم				
d1 يجيد مهارة التلخيص، وكتابة السيرة الذاتية، والرسالة الإدارية	- استراتيجية التواصل اللغوي.	التدريبات والتكاليف				
d2يتعامل بمهارة اخلاقية مع مختلف المكونات						

V. Course Content: محتوى المقرر

1-Course Topics/Items: مواضيع المقرر

a – Theoretical Aspect: المواضيع النظرية

Order مسلسل	الوحدة / الموضوعTopic/ unit	Sub العناوين topic الفرعية	Number of weeks عدد الاسابيع	Contact hours الساعات الفعلية	C- مخرجات ILOs تعلم المقرر
1	مهاراتالقراءة،أهميتها،أنواعها		1	2	a1, b1, d1- d2
2	مهارات القراءة حل أسئلة الكتاب		1	2	a3, c1
3	مهارات الكتابة	أهميتها وتاريخها	1	2	a3, c1
4	التلخيص		1	2	a3, c1
5	الرسائل والسيرة		1	2	a1-a3, a2, b1, c1, d1- d2
6	قواعد إملائية		1	2	a1-a3, a2, b1, c1, d1- d2





7	علامات الترقيم		1	2	a1-a3, a2, b1, c1, d1- d2
8	امتحان تحريري نصفي		1	2	a1-a3, a2, b1, c1, d1- d2
9	الأدب في النهضة والعصر الحديث	المدرسة الإحيائية	1	2	a1-a3, a2, b1, c1, d1- d2
10	المدارس الرومانسية		1	2	a1-a3, a2, b1, c1, d1- d2
11	مدرسة الشعر الحر		1	2	a1-a3, a3, b1, c1, d1- d2
12	الجملة الفعلية وأركانها		1	2	a1-a3-, b1, c1, d1-d2
13	المفعول به وصوره		1	2	a1-a3-, b1, c1, d1-d2
14	نائب الفاعل		1	2	a1-a3-, b1, c1, d1-d2
15	قواعد العدد		1	2	a1-a3-, b1, c1, d1-d2
16	الامتحان النهائي		1	2	a1-a3-, b1, c1, d1-d2
Numbe	er of Weeks/and Units Per Semester صل الدراسي	بيع او الوحدات في الف	عدد الأسا	32	

VI. Teaching Strategies: استراتيجيات التدريس

١ ـ المناقشة، والحوار أثناء الشرح والإلقاء

- استير اتيجية التواصل اللغوي.

- استير اتيجية التفكير البنائي.

- استير اتيجية التفكير الناقد.

حل المشكلات

VII. Assignments and projects: الابحاث والواجبات					
no	Assignment البحث	مخرج تعلم CILOs المقرر	Week Dueالاسبوع	الدرجة Mark	
1	المهارات التفصيلية للاستماع.	a1-a4, b1, c1, d1	5	5	
2	الشرود الذهني الأسباب والعلاج.		10	3	

طرق التقييم :Assessment Tasks





no	Assessment Method طريقة التقييم	Week Due الاسبوع	Mark الدرجة	Proportion of Final Assessment نسبة الدرجة من الدرجة النهائية	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes مخرج التعلم الذي يحققه
1	المهارات التفصيلية للاستماع الشرود الذهني الأسباب والعلاج.	5, 10	5	5%	a1-a4, b1, c1, d1
2	اسئلة قصيرة Quizzes	3, 6, 9, 14	5	5%	a1-a4, b1, c1, d1
3	Written Test (1) امتحان تحريري	7	30	30%	a1-a4, b1, c1, d1
4	Final Exam (theoretical) امتحان نظري)	16	60	60%	a1-a4, b1, c1, d1
5	Total		100	100%	

IX. Learning Resources: مصادر التعلم		
1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).(٢ المراجع المطلوبة (بحد اقصى		
س المحيط،الطبعة الاولى ،دار الفكر للطباعة والنشر ،بيروت ،لبنان.	 ١- مجد الدين الفيروز أبادي،١٩٩٨، القامو 	
ت اللغوية،الطبعة الاولى ،دار الاندلس للنشر والتوزيع حائل،السعودية.	٢- د.محمد صالح الشنطي، ١٣٠ ٢م، المهار ا	
2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.ا		
ت اللغوية ، الطبعة الأولى، دار الكتب اليمنية للنشر ،صنعاء ،اليمن.		
ق. (مخطوط)	٢- د.صادق الصلاحي، الوجيز في اللغة العربي	
3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc. المراجع الالكترونية ومواقع النت		
	1-موقع اللغة العربية تعلماً وتعليماً.	
	•2فنون اللغة العربية	
	3 الموسوعة العربية العالمية دليل المهارات.	

X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

سياسات المقرر (يشمل السرقة الادبية ومواثيق الشرف والحضور الخ

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to ------ بحسب لائحة جامعة الناصر الشئون الطلاب---

	بحسب لالحد جامعة التصر تسول الصرب	
1	Class Attendance: حضور المحاضرات	
	الالتزام بالمواعيد المحددة للمحاضرات والانتظام في الحضور، وضرورة حضور (٧٥٪) من ساعات	•
	المقرر.	
	إذا تجاوز نسبة غياب الطالب (٢٥٪) من ساعات المقرر يعتبر محروماً في المقرر. إلاّ اذا كان غيابـ بسبب	•
	مرض او بعذر قاهر تقبله عمادُة الكلْية، وبموجب وثائق رسمية ومعمدة.	
2	Tardy: التأخير	
	يسمح للطالب المتأخر بدخول المحاضرة إذا تأخر في حدود ربع ساعة فقط وبعذر. واذا تكرر تـاخر الطالب	•
	اكثر من ثلاث مرات بدون عذر يتم تنبيهه واخذ تعهد كتابي بعدم تكرار ذلك مالم يستدعي ولي امره ويشعر	
	بذلك ويمنع من حضور المحاضرات ويعتبر راسبا في المقرر.	





3	حضور الامتحان والانضباط بدخول الامتحان بعد مرور أكثر من نصف ساعة من بدء الامتحان. لا يسمح للطالب الخروج من القاعة الامتحانية بعد توزيع الأسئلة إلا بعد مرور نصف وقت الامتحان. في حالة تغيب الطالب عن الامتحان بعذر مقبول يعاد له الاختبار بالدور الثاني بدرجة كاملة. يعتبر الطالب الغائب في اختبار نهاية الفصل راسباً في المقرر الذي تغيب فيه وعند اعادة الامتحان تحسب له الدرجة الصغرى (٥٠٪). يحرم الطالب من المقرر الذي اخل فيه بالنظام. في المقررات العملية اذا رسب الطالب في الجزء العملي او النظري يعتبر راسبا في المقرر وعليه اعادة الامتحان في الجزء الذي رسب به وتحسب له الدرجة الصغرى. الامتحان في الجزء الذي رسب به وتحسب له الدرجة الصغرى. يمنع استخدام الهواتف المحمولة اثناء الامتحان ويعتبر الطالب محروما من المقرر اذا قام باستخدامه.	
4	Assignments and Projects: الابحاث والمشاريع في الوقت المحدد تماماً. أذا تأخر الطالب عن تقديم واجباته في الموعد الذي حدد له لن يقبل إلاّ إذا ما وافق الأستاذ على قبول التأخير، بناءً على ظروف قاهرة يتم شرحها والإعلان عنها خطياً قبل رفع درجات المقرر مالم يحرم الطالب من الدرجة المخصصة لهذا النشاط.	:
5	الغش: Cheating: لن يتم التسامح مع الغش وهو: محاولة الطالب الغش بالحديث أو النظر في ورقة الغير أو الإشارة أو محاولة استخدام أية وسيلة من وسائل الغش. الغش في الامتحان النصفي أو الشروع فيه يعتبر الطالب محروما من درجة الامتحان النصفي للمقرر. الطالب الذي يغش في الامتحان النهائي يحرم من المقرر اذا لم يستفد من الغش او المقرر الذي غش فيه والذي يليه اذا استفاد من الغش. ويحرم من المقرر الذي غش فيه والمقرر الذي قبله اذا غش في اخر مقرر. إذا تكرر غش الطالب أكثر من مرة في الدورة الامتحانية الواحدة يطبق عليه حكم الفصل من الدراسة لمدة عام جامعي او فصل نهائي اذا تكرر الغش لاكثر من مرتين.	
6	الانتحال والسرقة الادبية :Plagiarism الطالب الناقل لأفكار الآخرين دون التوثيق يحرم من الدرجة ويعنف على فعلته تلك دون التشهير به أمام زملائه. الطالب المنتحل صفة طالب آخر أثناء أداء الامتحان تطبق عليه المادة (٦٥) الفقرة (٢) من اللائحة الموحدة لشئون الطلاب بجامعة الناصر، وهو "الفصل"ويكون بقرار من الجهات المعنية وتسري العقوبة نفسها على الطالب الذي انتحات شخصيته لنفس الغرض.	•





Course Specification of Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry II

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

I. General Information:						
1	Course Title:	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry II				
2	Course Number and Code:	B11232				
			C	LH.		Total
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total 3
3	Cicuit nours.	2	1			3
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	Second semester/Second year				
5	Pre –requisite :	Pharma	aceutical	Organic (Chemistry	I
6	Co –requisite :					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:					
8	Language of teaching the course:	English/Arabic				
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Tawfeek Ahmed Alobaidy				
10	Approved By:					

II. Course Description:

This course will enhance students understanding of different organic compounds that includes; the chemistry of Alcohol, Carboxylic acid and their derivatives, Aldehyde, Ketone, Ether, aromatic compounds containing carbonyl group, aliphatic moiety, halogen Also it covers the study of identification and preparation of some organic compounds.

III. ILOs:

At the end of this course the student should be able to:

- 1. Describe the nomenclature, physical and chemical properties of organic compounds
- 2. Illustrate the different method of preparations.
- 3. Explain the mechanism of reactions of different organic compounds.
- 4. Recognize the pharmaceutical application of the organic compounds.
- 5. Suggest the possible method of preparation of organic compounds.
- 6. Design some models that facilitate the stereochemistry of compounds.
- 7. Interpret the common features between the different classes of organic compounds.





Methods of assessment

- 8. Predict the orientation of addition in different conditions.
- 9. Differentiate between isomers and their importance.
- 10. Practice some method of preparation of studied classes.
- 11. Carry out experiments for identification of some studied organic compounds.
- 12. Operate different equipment such as balances, hot plates, etc.
- 13. Work independently or as a team.
- 14. Manage and organize the time.
- 15. Implement writing and presentation skills and demonstrate critical thinking.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teachi	ng and Assassment Mat	hode			
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge a Methods:					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding.	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.			
At the end of this course the student should be able al-Describe the nomenclature, physical and chem properties of organic compounds a2- Illustrate the different method of preparations. a3-Explain the mechanism of reactions of different organic compounds. a4-Recognize the pharmaceutical application of the organic compounds.	Lectures using data show.	MCQ Oral Exam, Quizzes, exam, short answers and Homework			
(B)Intellectual Skills: Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Methods: Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in	Skills to Teaching M Teaching strategies to	Methods and Assessment Assessment Methods			
Intellectual Skills. At the end of this course the student should be able to: b1-Suggest the possible method of preparation of organic compounds. b2-Design some models that facilitate the stereochemistry of compounds. b3-Interpret the common features between the different classes of organic compounds. b4-Predict the orientation of addition in different conditions. b5-Differentiate between isomers and their importance.	be used Lectures, Practice session, Discussions, Solving Problem methods	Oral presentation, criteria-based performance evaluation Interpretative exercises.			
(C)Professional and Practical Skills. Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment Methods:					

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Teaching strategies to





and practical reports.

Professional and Practical Skills	be used	
At the end of this course the student should be able to: c1-Practice some example for method of preparation of studied classes c2-Carry out experiments for identification of some studied organic compounds. c3-Operate different equipment such as balances, hot platesetc	Lectures, Laboratory work, directed reading, independent study and Group assignments.	Practical works, practical reports and presentations based on their experimental work.
(D)General/ Transferable Skills:		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Methods.	Transferable skills to T	Teaching and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
At the end of this course the student should be able to:.	Small group discussion, and Group	Practical works, presentation

assignments.

Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

d1-Work independently or as a team.

d3-Implement writing and presentation skills

d2-Manage and organize the time.

and demonstrate critical thinking.

a – Theoretical Aspect:

	u Theoretical Tispect.					
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs	
1	Organic Halogen Compounds	 Definition Classification Nomenclature Physical Properties Interesting Alkyl Halides The Polar Carbon-Halogen Bond General methods of Synthesis of Organic Halogen Compounds Nucleophilic Substitution Reaction Examples of Nucleophilic Substitutions The Leaving Group The Nucleophile Nucleophilic Substitution Mechanisms The SN2 Mechanism The SN1 Mechanism Stereochemistry of the SN2 and SN1 Reaction 	3	6		





		 The SN1 and SN2 Mechanisms Compared Elimination Reaction The E2 Mechanism The Zaitsev Rule The E1 Mechanism Stereochemistry of the E2 Reaction Substitution and Elimination in Competition 			
2	Alcohols, Phenols and Thiols	 Definition Classification Nomenclature of Alcohols, Phenols and Thiols Hydrogen Bonding in Alcohols and Phenols Physical Properties Acidity and Basicity Reviewed The Acidity of Alcohols and Phenols The Basicity of Alcohols and Phenols Preparation of Alcohols The Grignard Reagent; an Organometallic Compound General Features—Reactions of Alcohols Dehydration of Alcohols to Alkenes The Reaction of Alcohols with Hydrogen Halides Prepare Alkyl Halides from Alcohols Oxidation of Alcohols to Aldehydes, Ketones, and Carboxylic Acids Alcohols with More Than One Hydroxyl Group Aromatic Substitution in Phenols Oxidation of Phenols Phenols as Antioxidants Thiols, the Sulfur Analogs of Alcohols and Phenols 	2	4	a1, a2, b1- 5, d1-d3
3		Midterm Exam	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b3, d1- d3
4	Ethers and Epoxides	 Definition Classification Nomenclature of Ethers Physical Properties of Ethers Ethers as Solvents Preparation of Ethers Reaction 	1	2	a1-4, b1, d3





		Fd	1		
		Ethers with Strong Acid			
		> Epoxides			
		Cleavage of Ethers			
5	Aldehydes and Ketones	 Definition Nomenclature of Aldehydes and Ketones Some Common Aldehydes and Ketones Aldehydes and Ketones in Nature The Carbonyl Group Preparation of Aldehydes and Ketones Reactions of Aldehydes and Ketones Nucleophilic Addition to Carbonyl Groups Addition of Alcohols: Formation of Hemiacetals and Acetals Addition of Water; Hydration of Aldehydes and Ketones Addition of Grignard Reagents and Acetylides Addition of Hydrogen Cyanide; Cyanohydrins Addition of Nitrogen Nucleophiles Reduction of Carbonyl Compounds Oxidation of Carbonyl Compounds Keto-Enol Tautomerism Acidity of a-Hydrogens; the Enolate Anion The Aldol Condensation The Mixed Aldol Condensation 	2	4	a1, a3, a4, b1-5, d1- d3
6	Carboxylic Acids and Their Derivatives	 Definition Classification and Structure of Carboxylic Acids and Their Derivatives Nomenclature of Acids Physical Properties of Acids Acidity and Acidity Constants Effect of Structure on Acidity; the Inductive Effect Revisited Conversion of Acids to Salts Preparation of Acids Oxidation of Primary Alcohols and Aldehydes Oxidation of Aromatic Side Chains Reaction of Grignard Reagents with Carbon Dioxide Hydrolysis of Cyanides (Nitriles) Carboxylic Acid Derivatives Preparation and Reactions of Esters 	2	4	a1, a3, a4, b1





		 Acyl Halides Acid Anhydrides Amides Application: The Mechanism of Action of β-Lactam Antibiotics 			
7	Final Exam		1	2	
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per semester			28	

b – Practical Aspect: Organic Chemistry II :					
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours		
1	➤ Identification of Alcohols	1	2		
2	➤ Identification of aldehyde and ketones	1	2		
3	➤ Identification of carboxylic acids	1	2		
4	➤ Identification of amines	1	2		
5	➤ Fisher method of esterification(preparation of ethylacetate)	1	2		
6	➤ Preparation of acetamide	1	2		
7	➤ Hydrolysis of acetamide	1	2		
8	➤ Detection of halogen and Detection of nitrogen.	2	4		
9	➤ Preparation of benzoic acid oxidation of benzyl alcohol	1	2		
10	10 Final exam		2		
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	22			

b - PracticalAspect:							
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs			
1	Identification of Alcohols	1	2	a1, c2, c3, d1-3			
2	Identification of aldehyde and ketones	1	2	c2, c3, d2			





3	Identification of carboxylic acids	1	2	a1, c2, c3, d3d4
4	Identification of amines	1	2	c2, c3, d1-d4
5	Fisher method of esterification(preparation of ethylacetate)	1	2	a1, a3, c1, c2, c3, d4
6	Preparation of acetamide	1	2	a1, c1, c2, c3, d2, d4
7	Hydrolysis of acetamide	1	2	a1, a3, c1, c2, c3, d3
8	Introduction to use of stereo models	2	4	a3, b2, b5, d1-d4
9 Final exam		1	2	a1-4, b1-b5, c1- c4, d1-3
Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semester0			20	

V. Teaching Strategies:

Lectures using data show video animation, Practice session, Discussions, Solving Problem methods, Group assignments, Small group discussions and Practical classes.

VI	VI. Assignments and projects:						
no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark			
1	- Project	a1-4, b1-5, d1- d4	5	5			

V	II. Assessment Tasks:				
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Project (single\group)	2, 8	5	5%	a1-4, b1-5, d1- d4
2	Practical reports	1-9	10	10%	a1, c2-3
3	Oral Tests	5, 9	5	5%	a1, a3, b1, b2, b4, b5
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	a1-4, b1-5, d1- d4
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	a1-4, b1-5, d1- d4
6	Final Exam (practical)	10	20	20%	a1, c1-3, d1-4
7			100	100%	

VIII. Learning Resources:	
1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two)).





- 1- R. T. Morrison and R. N. Boyd, Organic Chemistry, 2002, 6th edition, Pearson Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
- 2- K.-H. Hellwich · C. D. Siebert, "Stereochemistry Workbook" 2006, Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, Berlin.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1. I. L. Finar, Organic Chemistry: The Fundamental Principles, 1963, Fourthedition, longman green and company ltd. London.
- 2. John McMurry." Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry " 2011, Seventh Edition, Brooks/Cole 20 Davis Drive, Belmont.
- 3. Jerry and March, Advanced Organic Chemistry; reaction, mechanism and structure, 2007, 6th edition, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey
- 4. Janice Gorzynski Smith." Organic Chemistry", 2011, Third Edition, McGraw-Hill, a business unit of The McGraw-Hill Companies, New York.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

1-www.orgsyn.org

IX. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.

(Tardy):

1

3

Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.

(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):

- Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam.
- Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed.
- If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt.
- If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%.
- The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination.
- In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and





	student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark.
	• Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the
	student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	 (Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib
	 notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a fall academic year appropriate if he repeated cheating many than twice.
6	for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice. (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own".
	 Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings.
	Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





قالب توصيف مقرر (الثقافة الإسلامية)

الجامعة: جامعة الناصر

الكلية: كلية العلوم الطبية

القسم: الصيدلة

البرنامج: الصيدلة

	I. General Information: معلومات عامة					
1	/اسم المقرر :Course Title		ä	نافة الإسلامي	الثذ	
2	رمز ورقم المقرر: Course Number and Code	B11105				
3	Credit hours: الساعات المعتمدة	نظر <i>ي</i> 2	C.H ر عملي -	س. م تطبیق -	تدریب	الاجمالي
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered: الفصل /المستوى الدراسي الذي يدرس فيه المقرر		ى الأول	اني/ المستو	الفصل الث	
5	المقررات السابقة: Pre –requisite			لا توجد		
6	المقررات المصاحبة: Co –requisite			لا توجد		
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered: البرامج التي يدرس فيها المقرر	برنامج المختبرات				
8	Language of teaching the course: لغـة	اللغة العربية				
9	Prepared By: اعداد		عبداللة	لىوقى ناصر	د. محمد ش	
10	Approved By: تم اقراره من					

وصف المقرر: II. Course Description

يسعى هذا المقرر للتعريف بمفهوم الثقافة الإسلامية ومصادر ها وخصائصها وأصول العقيدة الإسلامية. كما سيتطرق الي التعرف على أنواع التكافل الاجتماعي في الإسلام، وموقف الإسلام من المرآة وموقف الإسلام من بعض القضايا الطبية المعاصرة كتحديد وتنظيم النسل والاستنساخ وبنوك الأجنة وأطفال الأنابيب وحكم الإجهاض في الإسلام وتشريح الجثة في الإسلام ، مع بيان حقوق الإنسان في الإسلام وحقوق الأقليات غير المسلمة من رعايا الدولة المسلمة، بالإضافة إلى بيان موقف الإسلام من الوحدة ومفهوم الوطن والمواطنة، بالإضافة إلى بيان العلمانية والعولمة والرسمالية والتغريب الثقافي والاجتماعي والغزو الفكري بأنواعه المختلفة



مخرجات تعلم المقرر: III.ILOs

بعد الانتهاء من تدريس المقرر سيكون الطالب قادرا على:

- ١- يعرف مفهوم الثقافة الإسلامية وخصائصها ومصادرها
 - ٢- يشرح أصول العقيدة الإسلامية وأركانها
- ٣- يميز بين نظام الحكم في الإسلام ونظام العلمانية والرأسمالية والعولمة.
 - ٤- يصف حقوق المرأة في الإسلام والجاهلية والمجتمع الغربي.
- ٥- يفرق بين انواع التكافل الاجتماعي في الاسلام المسنون والمفروض واثره في حياة الفرد المسلم
 - ٦- يحلل موقف الإسلام من الوحدة والمواطنة المتساوية.
- ٧- يطبق موقف الإسلام من بعض القضايا المعاصرة كالاستنساخ وأطفال الابيب وبنوك الأجنة والإجهاض وتشريح جثة الميت وغيرها من القضايا المعاصرة.
 - ٨- يتعامل بمهارة اخلاقية مع مختلف شرائح الانسان في العالم.
 - ٩- يقيم التغريب الثقافي والغزو الفكري.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods: تسكين المخرجات مع طرق التدريس والتقييم

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods: تسكين مخرجات المعرفة والفهم مع طرق التدريس والتقييم

رفة والفهم مع طرق التدريس والتقييم :Methods	تسكين مخرجات المع	
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding.	Teaching strategies to be used. طرق التدريس	Assessment طرق التقييم.Methods
مخرجات المعرفة والفهم	عری اعدریس be usea.	ivionious.(Os
بعد التهاء من تدريس المقرر سيكون الطالب قادرا على :		
-a1 يعّرِف مفهوم الثقافة الإسلامية وخصائصها ومصادر ها	المحاضرة وحل المشكلات.	الواجبات المنزلية.
	التقليد والمحاكاة.	المشاركة الفاعلة في قاعة
a2 يشرح أصول العقيدة الإسلامية وأركانها	العمل الفردي	الدرس
	التعلم التعاوني وطريقة الأداء	الملاحظة.
	العملي	الاختبارات التحريرية
a3 يميز بين نظام الحكم في الإسلام ونظام العلمانية والرأسمالية	البحث والاستقصاء	والشفهية.
والعولمة.	المناقشة	الواجبات المنزلية.
a4يصف حقوق المرأة في الإسلام والجاهلية والمجتمع الغربي.	وطريقة ضرب الأمثال	

(B)Intellectual Skills: المهارات الذهنية

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods: تسكين مخرجاتالمهارات الذهنيةمع طرق التدريس والتقييم





Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in مخرجات المقرر في المهارات الذهنية . Intellectual Skills ببعد التهاء من تدريس المقرر سيكون الطالب قادرا على	Teaching strategies to استراتيجيات be used التدريس	Assessment طرق التقبيم Methods
b1 يفرق بين انواع التكافل الاجتماعي في الاسلام المسنون والمفروض واثره في حياة الفرد المسلم	الأستقراء الاستكشاف الاستنباط التخطيط والتنفيذ والتقويم	الواجبات المنزلية. المشاركة الفاعلة في قاعة الدرس الملاحظة.
b2 يحلل موقف الإسلام من الوحدة والمواطنة المتساوية.		الاختبارات التحريرية والشفهية.
ات المهنية والعملية. (C)Professional and Practical Skills)	المهار	
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional a Methods:	and Practical Skillsto Tea	ching and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inProfessional and Practical Skills مخرجات القرر في المهارات المهنية والعملية بعد التهاء من تدريس المقرر سيكون الطالب قادرا على	Teaching strategies to be used استراتيجيات التدريس	Methods of assessment طرق التقييم
c1 يطبق موقف الإسلام من بعض القضايا المعاصرة كالاستنساخ وأطفال الابيب وبنوك الأجنة والإجهاض وتشريح جثة الميت وغيرها من القضايا المعاصرة.	الأستقراء الاستكشاف الاستنباط التعلم الذاتي التخطيط والتنفيذ والتقويم	المشاركة الفاعلة في قاعة الدرس الملاحظة. الاختبارات التحريرية والشفهية. الواجبات المنزلية.
هارات العامة والانتقالية :D)General/ Transferable Skills	الم	
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and T Methods. قوالانتقالية مع طرق التدريس والتقييم		thing and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) مهارات المقرر inGeneral and Transferable Skills العامة والانتقالية بعد التهاء من تدريس المقرر سيكون الطالب قادرا على	Teaching strategies to be used استراتيجيات التدريس	Methods of طرق التقييم assessment
d1 يتعامل بمهارة اخلاقية مع مختلف شرائح الانسان في العالم. d2 يقيم التغريب الثقافي والغزو الفكري.	الأستقراء الاستكشاف الاستنباط	الواجبات المنزلية. المشاركة الفاعلة في قاعة الدرس
ري. ســــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	التعلم الذاتي و التخطيط و التنفيذ و التقويم	الملاحظة. الاختبارات التحريرية والشفهية.





V. Course Content: محتوى المقرر

1 – Course Topics/Items: مواضيع المقرر

a – Theoretical Aspect: المواضيع النظرية

		a – Theoretical Aspect. 9.			
Order مسلسل	/Topic unit الموضوع	العناوين الفرعيةSub topic	Number of weeks عدد الاسابيع	Contact hours الساعات الفعلية	مخرجات C-ILOs تعلم المقرر
1	مفهو م الثقافة الإسلامية وخصائصها ومصادر ها	 ١- تعريف الثقافة الإسلامية في اللغة والاصطلاح ٢- خصائص الثقافة الإسلامية (الربانية – الشمولية – الوسطية والاعتدال - العمومية والعالمية – حفظ الضروريات الخمس) ٣- مصادر الثقافة الإسلامية (القرآن الكرين – السنة النبوية المطهرة) 	1	2	a1, b1, c1, d1
2	أصول العقيدة الإسلامية	ا - أهمية دراسة العقيدة الإسلامية	1	4	a2, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2
3	التكافل الاجتماعي في الإسلام	1- تعريف التكافل في اللغة والاصطلاح. 7- أسباب وجوب التكافل في الاسلام أو لا: القرابة الموجبة للتكافل. ثانيا: أصل مشروعية كفالة الزوجة بالنفقة. 7-الاصناف التي يستحب كفالتها. 8-بعض الامور التي تدخل السرور على المسلمين وأجرها عند الله عظيم.	1	2	a1, a3, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2
4	الاسلام والمرأة	 ١ - مقارنة بين ما كانت عليه المرأة في الجاهلية وما هي عليه في الإسلام. 	2	4	a1, a2, a4, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2



		 ٢-مكانة المرأة عند اليهود والنصارى والمجتمع المدني الحديث. ٣-مكانة المرأة في الاسلام. ٤-بعض مظاهر تكريم الاسلام المرأة. ٥-الحياء والمرأة. ٢-الفوارق الشرعية بين الرجل والمرأة وموقف العلم الحديث منها. القوامة. النبوة والرسالة والولاية العظمى والعامة. اختصاص الرجال بكثير من المرأة. الطلاق. الطلاق. 			
		 نسبة الأولاد. الميراث. العقيقة. الشهادة. تأديب الرجل للمرأة. تعدد الزوجات. الحجاب الشرعي وشروطه. ولباس القوى ذلك خير. اختظيم النسل. 			
5	موقف الاسلام من تنظيم النسل وبعض القضايا الطبية المعاصرة.	المنطيع النسل. المعاصرة: المعاصرة: الاستنساخ البشري والحيواني والنباتي. حكم الاسلام في الاستنساخ البشري والحيواني البشري البشري البشري البشري البشري حكم الاجهاض في الاسلام. الترقيع الجلدي وزراعة الأعضاء	1	2	a2, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2
6	کل ما سیق در استه	الامتحان النصفي	1	2	a1-a4, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2
7	حقوق الإنسان في الاسلام	 ١-الاعـــلان العـــالمي لحقــوق ١لاسلام. ٢-الاسلام وحقوق الانسان: حق الحياة. حق المساواة. حق الحرية. 	2	4	a1-a4, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2



- حق العدادة عنائلة والفرد في محاكمة عنائلة والفرد في محاكمة عنائلة وسعته حق العدادة من التعذيب حق العدادة من التعذيب حق العلاوء الدوب التعذيب والاعتقاد - حق العربة التعزيب والاعتقاد - حق العربة التعزيب والاعتقاد - حق العربة البنية حق العنائلة المحاكمة العكربة حق العنائلة المحاكمة المحاكمة وحدة الأممة الإسلامية المحاكمة المحاكمة المحاكمة العربة العربة المحاكمة المحاكمة المحاكمة المحاكمة والمواحمة والمواحمة المحاكمة العالم الإسلامي المحاكمة العالم الإسلامي المحاكمة العالم الإسلامي المحاكمة الإسلام منها المحاكمة الإسلام منها المحاكمة والمواحمة والمواحسات العالم المحاكمة المحاكمة والمواحمة والمواحسات العالم منها المحاكمة الإسلام منها المحاكمة الإسلام منها المحاكمة الإسلام منها المحاكمة المحاكمة والمواحسات العالم المحاكمة المحاكمة الإسلام منها المحاكمة والمواحدة والمواحسات العالم منها المحاكمة والمواحدة والمواحسات العالم منها المحاكمة والمواحدة والمواحسات العالم منها المحاكمة والمواحدة والمواحسات الغراد المحكري والمواحدة والمواحسات العالم منها المحاكمة والمواحدة والمواحسات العالم منها المحاكمة والمواحسات العالم منها المحاكمة والمواحدة والمواح			45. 6			1
- حق العماية من تسف السلطة حق العادية من التحذيب حق القرد في حماية عرضه - حق القرد في حماية عرضه - حق القرد المسلمين حق القرد الاعتقاد - حق التغيير و الاعتقاد - حق العرب الدينية حق العاد الإسرة حق التغيير المسلمية حق التغيير المسلمية حق التغيير المسلمية حق التغيير المسلمية حق التغيير كافة المقوق - حق التغيير كافة الإسلامية الوحدة الأمة الإسلامية المسلورة المسلورة المسلورة العدل المسلورة العدل العدرية العدرية العدرية الشوري العدرية العدرية العدرية العدرية العدرية العدرية المسلورة المسلورة. المسلورة المسلورة. المسلورة المسلورة. المسلورة المسلورة. المسلورة المسلورة. المسلورة المسلورة. المسلورة. والمسلورة المسلورة. المسلورة المسلورة. المسلورة المسلورة. المسلورة المسلورة. المسلورة المسلورة. المسلورة المسلورة المسلورة. المسلورة المسلورة. المسلورة المسلورة. المسلورة المسلورة. المسلورة المسلورة. المسلورة المسلورة.			_			
المداية من التعذيب - حق الحداية من التعذيب - حق الحداية من التعذيب - حق الحداية من المسلمين - حق اللهوء الى يدار المسلمين - حق اللهوء الى يدار المسلمين - حق اللهوء الى يدار المسلمين - حق المشاركة في الحياة العامة - حق الدعرة والإبلاغ - حق الدعرة والإبلاغ - حق الدعرة والإبلاغ - حق التعلى						
- حق الغرد في حماية عرضه و مستك حق الغرد في حماية عرضه و مستك حق العربة التفكير والاعتقاد - حق الحربة التفكير والاعتقاد - حق الحربة النفيد العامة حق الحربة النبية العامة حق الحربة النبية العامة حق العربة النبية العامة حق العربة النبية العامة حق العربة النبية العامة حق التنبية العامة حق التنبية العامة حق التنبية العامة التكرية حق التنبية الملكة التكرية حق التنبية العامة الإسلامية حق التنبية العامة الإسلامية حق التنبية التنبية العامة الإسلامية المعارف المعارف. المعارف المعارف المعارف المعارف المعارف المعارف. المعارف المعارف المعارف المعارف المعارف المعارف. المعارف						
وسعقه - حق هرية التعكير والاعتقاد - حق هرية التعكير والاعتقاد - حق هرية التعكير والاعتقاد - حق التعرب - حق هداية الملكية الفكرية - حق التعرب - حق هداية الملكية الفكرية - المورب وهداية العرب والسلح - المعرب						
- حق اللجوء الى ديار المسلمين حق الشعبر والاعتقاد - حق الشعبر والاعتقاد - حق الشعبر والاعتقاد - حق الشعبر التعبير والاعتقاد - حق الشعبر التعبير السامة. والشعبر - حق المحل - حق الاعراد - حق الاعراد - حق الاعراد - حق الاعراد - حق اللعمل - حق اللتمال - حق التنابع المساحة - حق التنابع المسلمة الملكة اللكورية - حق التنابع المسلمة الملكة اللكورية - حق التنابع الملكة اللكورية - حق التنابع الملكة اللكورية - حق التنابع الملكة اللكورية - حق اللامة الإسلامية - الإسلامية - المسلمة - الشعري ومستأمنين - العربية - المسلمة - الشعري المسلمة الملكة المسلمة - الشعري المسلمة المسلمة المسلمة المسلمة - الشعري المسلمة المسلمة - الشعري المسلمة المسلمة المسلمة - الشعري المسلمة ا			- حق الفرد في حمابة عرضه			
المنافعة			وسمعته.			
والتعبير حق المشاركة في الحياة العامة حق المشاركة في الحياة العامة حق الحرية الدينية حق الحرية الدينية حق الحرية الدينية حق العربة الدينية حق التربية الصالحة حق التربية الصالحة حق التربية الصالحة حق التربية الصالحة حق التربية المسالحة حق حماية الملكية الفكرية حق التمتع بكافة الحقوق - حق حماية الملكية الفكرية حق التمتع بكافة الحقوق - حق التمتع الإقتصادية - حق التمتع بكافة الحقوق - حق التمتع بكافة الحقوق - حق التمتع الإسلامية المربية الإسلامية المسارة على على المسارة على على المسارة على المسارة الم			 حق اللجوء الى ديار المسلمين. 			
عدق المشاركة في الحياة العامة حق العربة العابة حق العربة اللينية حق العربة اللينية حق الدعوة و البلاغ حق اللتربية الصالحة حق القربة الصالحة حق الفرب د في حماية حق المهابة المكربة الموسوصية حق المهابة المكربة المعظور على و أقسامه المعظور وحدة الأمة الإسلامية المعلى المساورة المعلى ومستأمين المعلى ومستأمين المعلى ومستأمين الوطن ومستأمين المهابة وشائتها ومدة المهابة والمواطنة والمواطنة والمواطنة العربة العربة العربة المعلور على العربة والمائية والمهابة والمواطنة والمائية والمائية والمواطنة والمواطنة والمائية والمائية والمائية والمواطنة			 حق حرية التفكير والاعتقاد 			
ع حق العرب النبيئة حق الدرب النبيئة حق الدعرة البلاغ حق العمل حق العمل حق العمل حق العمل حق العمل حق التربية الصالحة حق التنقل حق التنقل حق التنقل حق التنقل. حصوصيته حق التمتع بكافة الحقوق - حق حمايــة مشروعيتها حق التمتع بكافة الحقوق - حق حمايــة الاسلام والوحدة الأمة الإسلامية مشروعيتها المسروعيتها المسروعيتها المسروعيتها المسروعيتها المسروة الوطن وأقسامه المسروة المواطن: المسلمية المسروة المواطن: المسلمية العربة العربة العربة العربة العربة المسروع المسروع المسرواة المسلمة وشاتها وأهداة المسلمة وشاتها وأهداة وأضرارها على العام الإسلامي المفهرم العاملية وشاتها وأهداة وأهداؤها وأضرارها المفهرم الغزو الفكري وأنواعه - المؤود الفكري وأنواعه - المفهرم الغزو الفكري وأنواعه - المؤود المؤسسات الغزو الفكري والولة المؤسسات المؤود المؤسسات			والتعبير.			
حق الحرية الدينية . - حق العرق و البلاغ . - حق العمل . - حق العمل . - حق العمل . - حق التربية الصالحة . - حق التربية الصالحة . - حق التربية الصالحة . - حق التقل . - الوحدة و الأصل . - الوحدة و الأصل . - المحل . - الم			- حق المشاركة في الحياة العامة.			
حق الحرية الدينية . - حق العرق و البلاغ . - حق العمل . - حق العمل . - حق العمل . - حق التربية الصالحة . - حق التربية الصالحة . - حق التربية الصالحة . - حق التقل . - الوحدة و الأصل . - الوحدة و الأصل . - المحل . - الم			 حق احترام حقوق الاقليات. 			
حق الدعوة و البلاغ . حق العراق . حق العراق . حق العراق . حق التربية المصالحة . حق التربية المصالحة . حق التربية المصالحة . حق التربية المسالحة . حق التقل . حق التقل . حق التقل . حق حماية الملكية الفكرية . مقو حدة الأمة الإسلامية . ١ - الوحدة و الأصل ف ١ - مفيوم الوطن و اقسامه . ١ - مفيوم الوطن و اقسامه . ١ - مفيوم الوطن و اقسامه . ١ - مفيوم العراق . ١ - المحدل .						
- حق العمل حق بناء الاسرة حق بناء الاسرة حق التربية الصالحة حق التنقل حق التنقل حق التنقل حق التنقل حق حدايـــة - حق التنقل حق التنقل حق التنقل حق حدايــة الفكرية حق حدايــة الفكرية الوحـــــــــة والأصــــل فـــــي الموحــــة والأصـــل فــــي الموحـــة والأصـــل فــــي الموحـــة والأصـــل فــــي الموحـــة الأمة الإسلامية الموحـــة والأصـــل فـــي المعلى وحدة الأمة الإسلامية المعلى وأسلم المعلى وأسلم المسلوة المفهوم الرأســمالية ونشاتها وامدة. الرأسمالية الإسلامي المفهوم الرأســمالية ونشاتها الأسالمي المفهوم الرأســمالية ونشاتها الرأسمالية الإسلامي المفهوم الرأســمالية ونشاتها الأسلامي المفهوم المؤسل والمنافية المفهوم المؤسل والمنافية المفهوم المؤسل والمنافية المفهوم المؤسل والمنافية المفهوم المؤسل والمؤسل والمؤسل والمنافية المفهوم المؤسل والمؤسل						
- حق بناء الاسرة. - حق التربية الصالحة. - حق التربية الصالحة. - حق التربية الصالحة. - حق التربية الصالحة. - حق القاتل. - حق التماية الملكية الفكرية. - حق التماية الملكية الفكرية. - حق التماية الملكية المحقوق. حق التماية الإسلامية.						
- حق التربية الصالحة. - حق التنقل. حق التنقل.			_			
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- المساواة الحرية الشورى الديمقراطية - الديمقراطية المحانية ونشأتها ومدة العلمانية ونشأتها ومدة العلمانية ونشأتها وأهدافها العلمانية والعولمة ونشأتها وأهدافها العلم الاسلامي. 1 2 مفهوم العولمة ونشأتها وأهدافها الإسلامي. 1 2 المفهوم العولمة ونشأتها وأهدافها الإسلامي. 1 2 وأهدافها وأضرارها. 1 الرأسمالية ونشاتها الإسلام منها. 1 2 المفهوم الغزو الفكري وأنواعه الغزو الفكري وأنواعه الغزو الفكري وأنواعه الغزو الفكري وأنواعه والمؤسسات المؤسسات	9	الوطن والمواطن		1	4	
- الحرية الشورى الديمقراطية - الديمقراطية - الديمقراطية ونشأتها ومدة العلمانية والعولمة ونشأتها ومدة العلمانية والعولمة ونشأتها والهدافها العلم الإسلامي. ٢ - مفهوم العولمة ونشأتها وأهدافها الإسلامي. ٢ - مفهوم العولمة ونشأتها الإسلامي. ٢ - مفهوم الرأسـ مالية ونشاتها الرأسمالية ونشاتها ١ 2 المفهوم الرأسـ مالية ونشاتها الرأسمالية الإسلام منها. ٢ - موقف الإسلام منها. ١ - مفهوم الغزو الفكري وأنواعه الغزو الفكري وأنواعه العزو الفكري وأنواعه العزو الفكري وأنواعه العزو الفكري وأنواعه العزو الفكري وأنواعه والمؤسسات الغزو الفكري وأنواعه والمؤسسات العزو الفكري والمؤسسات العزو الفكري وأنواعه والمؤسسات العزور العز						
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c1, d1, d2				_	_	a1-a4, b1, b2
1 - معهوم الراسـ ماليه وبسابها الرأسمالية و الرأسمالية الرأسمالية الموقف الإسلام منها. المفهوم الغزو الفكري وأنواعه المؤوم الغزو الفكري وأنواعه الغزو الفكري و المؤسسات الغزو الفكري و المؤسسات الغزو الفكري و المؤسسات المغزو المؤسسات المغزو المؤسسات المغزو المؤسسات المغزو الفكري و المؤسسات المغزو الفكري و المؤسسات المغزو الفكري و المؤسسات المغزو الفكري و المؤسسات المغزو المغزو المغزو المغزو المؤسسات المغزو المغزو المؤسسات المغزو ال						
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ا - مفهوم الغزو الفكري وأنواعه الغزو الفكري 12 الغزو الفكري وأنواعه الغزو الفكري 12 الغزو الفكري 12 الغزو الفكري 12 مناطره واهداف والمؤسسات	11	الرأسمالية		1	2	
12 الغزو الفكري 1 ومظاهره واهداف والمؤسسات الغزو الفكري 12 12 12 14 d2			1			
12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			,			a1-a/ b1 b2
القارية	12	الغزو الفكري		1	2	
المنبعة تاء			التابعة له.			C1, u1, u2
	12	الغزو الفكري	ا مفهوم الغزو الفكري وأنواعه ومظاهره واهدافه والمؤسسات	1	2	





		٢-موقفالاسلام منه.			
13	التغريب الثقافي والاجتماعي	 ۱-مفهوم التغريب وأنواعه ومظاهره وأهدافه والمؤسسات التابعة له. ۲-موقف الإسلام منه. 	1	2	
14	کل ما سبق تدریسه	الامتحان النهائي	1	2	a1-a4, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2
Numbe		ع او الوحدات في الفصل Semester الدر اسي	عدد الاسابي	32	الإجمالي

VI. Teaching Strategies: استراتيجيات التدريس

المحاضرة وحل المشكلات. التقليد والمحاكاة. العمل الفردي التعلم التعاوني وطريقة الأداء العملي. البحث والاستقصاء المناقشة وطريقة ضرب الأمثال الأستقراء, الاستكشاف الاستنباط التعلم الذاتي والتخطيط والتنفيذ والتقويم

I	V]	II. Assignments and projects: لابحاث	71		
	No	البحث Assignment	مخرج تعلم CILOs المقرر	Week Due الأسبوع	الدرجة Mark
	1	بحث منزلي	a1-a4, b1, b2, d1, d2	9	5

V	طرق التقييم :III. Assessment Tasks				
No	Assessment Method طريقة التقييم	Week Due الاسبوع	Mark الدرجة	Proportion of Final نسبة Assessment الدرجة من الدرجة النهائية	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes مخرج النعلم الذي يحققه
1	Assignment بحث	9	5	5%	a1-a4, b1, b2, d1, d2
2	Exercises and Home works oral test الاختبار الشفوي والتمارين	4,6,10	5	5%	a1-a4, b1, b2, d1, d2
3	Written Test (1)امتحان تحريري	7	30	30%	a1-a4, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2
4	Final Exam (practical) امتحان نهائي (عملي)	16	60	60%	a1-a4, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2
			100	100%	

IX.	. Learning Resources: مصادر النعلم
	المراجع المطلوبة (بحد اقصى ٢).(maximum two)-1-Required Textbook(s
	 أ.د/ علي أحمد القاعدي ، مبادئ الثقافة الإسلاميةطبعة ١٤٣٤ هـ - ٢٠١٣ م، منشورات المتفوق للطباعة
	والنشري مرنداه النمن





	 د/ عبدالكريم عثمان، معالم الثقافة الإسلامية، الطبعة الثانية عشر،١٤٠٦ هـ - ١٩٨٥ م، مؤسسة الرسالة.
	2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.المراجع الموصي بها
	 د/ عبدالحكيم السروري، الثقافة الإسلامية، الطبعة الثانية ١٤٣١ هـ - ٢٠١٠ م، دار الفكر.
	 د/ يوسف القرضاوي، ثقافة الداعية، الطبعة الأولى ١٤١٧ هـ - ١٩٩٧ م، مؤسسة الرسالة بيروت.
	 ■ الثقافة الإسلامية – مجموعة من دكاترة جامعة العلوم – الطبعة الثالثة ٢٠١٤م –منشورات جامعة العلوم.
	 د/ عبدالله أحمد فروان - المدخل الى الثقافة الإسلامية منشورات الصادق للطياعة والنشر ٢٠١٤ م.
	3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.المراجع الالكترونية ومواقع النت
	
Σ	K. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)
	سياسات المقرر (يشمل السرقة الادبية ومواثيق الشرف والحضور الخ
The U	Iniversity Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to بحسب لائحة جامعة الناصر لشئون الطلاب
1	Class Attendance: حضور المحاضرات
	■ الالتزام بالمواعيد المحددة للمحاضرات والانتظام في الحضور، وضرورة حضور (٧٥٪) من ساعات
	المقرر. ■ إذا تجاوز نسبة غياب الطالب (٢٥٪) من ساعات المقرر يعتبر محروماً في المقرر. إلا اذا كان غياب بسبب مرض او بعذر قاهر تقبله عمادة الكلية، وبموجب وثائق رسمية ومعمدة.
2	التأخير: Tardy: ■ يسمح للطالب المتأخر بدخول المحاضرة إذا تأخر في حدود ربع ساعة فقط وبعذر. واذا تكرر تاخر الطالب اكثر من ثلاث مرات بدون عذر يتم تنبيهه واخذ تعهد كتابي بعدم تكرار ذلك مالم يستدعى ولى امره ويشعر بذلك ويمنع من حضور المحاضرات ويعتبر راسبا في المقرر.
3	حضور الأمتحان والانضباط: Exam Attendance/Punctuality: عدم السماح بدخول الامتحان بعد مرور أكثر من نصف ساعة من بدء الامتحان. لا يسمح للطالب الخروج من القاعة الامتحانية بعد توزيع الأسئلة إلا بعد مرور نصف وقت الامتحان. يعتبر الطالب الغائب في اختبار نهاية الفصل راسباً في المقرر الذي تغيب فيه وعند اعادة الامتحان تحسب له الدرجة الصغرى (٠٥٪). يحرم الطالب من المقرر الذي اخل فيه بالنظام. في المقررات العملية اذا رسب الطالب في الجزء العملي او النظري يعتبر راسبا في المقرر وعليه اعادة الامتحان في الجزء الذي رسب به وتحسب له الدرجة الصغرى. Assignments and Projects: الابحاث والمشاريع في الوقت المحدد تماماً.
7	 لقديم الابحاث والمساريع في الوقت المحدد لهام. أذا تأخر الطالب عن تقديم واجباته في الموعد الذي حدد له لن يقبل إلا إذا ما وافق الأستاذ على قبول التأخير، بناءً على ظروف قاهرة يتم شرحها والإعلان عنها خطياً قبل رفع درجات المقرر مالم يحرم الطالب من الدرجة المخصصة لهذا النشاط.





5	الغش: Cheating: لن يتم التسامح مع الغش وهو: محاولة الطالب الغش بالحديث أو النظر في ورقة الغير أو الإشارة أو محاولة استخدام أية وسيلة من وسائل الغش. الغش في الامتحان النصفي أو الشروع فيه يعتبر الطالب محروما من درجة الامتحان النصفي للمقرر. الطالب الذي يغش في الامتحان النهائي يحرم من المقرر اذا لم يستفد من الغش او المقرر الذي غش فيه والدي يليه اذا استفاد من الغش. ويحرم من المقرر الذي غش فيه والمقرر الذي قبله اذا غش في اخر مقرر. إذا تكرر غش الطالب أكثر من مرة في الدورة الامتحانية الواحدة يطبق عليه حكم الفصل من الدراسة لمدة عام جامعي او فصل نهائي اذا تكرر الغش لاكثر من مرتين.	:
6	Plagiarism: الانتحال والسرقة الادبية الطالب الناقل لأفكار الآخرين دون التوثيق يحرم من الدرجة ويعنف على فعلته تلك دون التشهير به أمام زملائه. الطالب المنتحل صفة طالب آخر أثناء أداء الامتحان تطبق عليه المادة (٦٠) الفقرة (٢) من اللائحة الموحدة لشئون الطلاب بجامعة الناصر، وهو "الفصل"ويكون بقرار من الجهات المعنية وتسري العقوبة نفسها على الطالب الذي انتحلت شخصيته لنفس الغرض.	
7	سياسات اخرى :Other policies لا يسمح استخدام الهواتف المحمولة داخل قاعة المحاضرة، أو أثناء سير الامتحان. إذا سلك الطالب سلوكاً غير مقبول فأنه يُحال إلى الجهات المعنية لاتخاذ اللازم، مشفوعاً بتقرير عن ذلك. يمنع الاكل او الشرب اثناء المحاضرة.	:





Course Specification of English 102

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

I. General Information:							
1	Course Title:	English	102				
2	Course Number and Code:	B1110	4				
			C	C.H		Total	
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total	
		2	-	-		2	
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	Secona	l semester.	/First yea	r.		
5	Pre –requisite :	English	n 101				
6	Co –requisite :	None					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:	Medica	l Lab				
8	Language of teaching the course:	English					
9	Prepared By:	Dr. In	nan Al-Ma	ahdi			
10	Approved By:			•			

II. Course Description:

The course is concerned with continuing English course to second semester to achieve fluency and accuracy in English language of medical students. English language which is the medium of teaching and learning in medical sciences also the window to the world of education. The course consist extensive and intensive learning in English language.

III. ILOs:

After participating in this course students must be able to:

- 1. Identify the usage of English language
- 2. Define Extensive and intensive learning in English.
- 3. Classify Oral and written communication in medical vocabularies fluently
- 4. Analyze the correct grammar and spelling.
- 5. Create ability to talking and writing lecture notes with ease.
- 6. Apply read and write English language very well.
- 7. Perform listening and speaking fluently.
- 8. Search English books, references, medical dictionaries etc.





9. Express English language with confidence.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowled Methods:	The state of the s				
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding. After participating in this course students must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.			
a1- Identify the usage of English language.	Lectures with different	Quiz and questions in			
a2- Define Extensive and intensive learning i English.	topics in English language Grammar courses with	each class Grammar exercise using in the class			
a3- Classify Oral and written communication in medical vocabularies fluently	relevant grammar usage. Oral communication with students	Presentation in every week Homework written exams			
(B) Intellectual Skills:					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellect Methods:	_				
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. After participating in this course students must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods			
b1 Analyze the correct grammar and spelling. b2 Create ability to talking and writing lecture notes with ease.	Stories reading Creative writing Conversation. Reading, Using skimming Discussion and problem solving	Oral exam Quiz for skimming			
(C) Professional and Practical Skills.					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professi Methods:	onal and Practical Skillsto	Teaching and Assessment			
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills After participating in this course students must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment			
c1- Apply read and write English language very well. c2- Perform listening and speaking fluently.	Lectures and Oral conversation in the class and group discussion. Communication between the teacher, students in the class	Oral exam			





(D) General/Transferable Skills: Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and

Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable skills to Teaching and Assessment Methods.

Titetious.				
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in General and Transferable Skills After participating in this course students must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment		
d1 Search English books, references, medical dictionaries etc.	Reading, group discussion	Exams, Homework, Oral questions and		
d2 Express English language with confidence.		quiz.		

V. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Unit: 7 Smoking	Problems of smoking	2	4	a1, a2, b1, c1, d1
2	Unit: 8 writing : Definition	Stage 1 writing	2	4	a1-a3, b1-b2, c1- c2, d1-d2
3	Unit: 9 writing 2. Definition. Part.2 and midterm exam	Structure 2	3	6	a1-a3, b1-b2, c1- c2, d1-d2
4	Unit 10. Writing 3 exemplification	Stage 1 and 2	2	4	a1-a3, b1-b2, c1- c2, d1-d2
5	Unit 11.writing.4 classification	Stage 1 and 2	2	4	a1-a3, b1-b2, c1- c2, d1-d2
6	Unit: 12 Writing 5 classification	Classification part two.	2	4	a1-a3, b1-b2, c1- c2, d1-d2
7	Final exam		1	2	a1-a3, b1-b2, c1- c2, d1-d2
	Number of Weeks/and Units P	1	28		

VI. Teaching Strategies:

Lectures, using diagrams, pictures and captions.

Stories reading





Creative writing
Conversation.
Group discussion.
Reading, Using skimming
problem solving

V	II. Assignments and projects:			
no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	Creative writing	b1-b2, c1, d1-d3	6	5

VIII. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Creative writing and Oral Tests	6	10	10%	b1-b2, c1, d1-d3
2	Written Test (1)	6	30	30%	a1-a3, b1-b2, c1, d1- d3
3	Final Exam (theoretical)	12	60	60%	a1-a3, b1-b2, c1, d1- d3
4	Total		100	100%	

IX. Learning Resources:

1- Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. Amr Al Himairi, (2005), English for medical students, Sana'a University, Sana'a, Republic of Yemen
- 2. Laquire Blass, (2005), Well read 1, Oxford University press.

2- Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- Jack C. Richard (2005), Person to Person Starter, Oxford University press.
- Mosby's (1989), Medical and Nursing Dictionary, second edition. Glotia Publication Pvt. Ltd.

3- Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)





The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook 1 Class Attendance: • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course. (Tardy): 2 Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed. 3 (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so. (Assignments and Projects): 4 The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project. (Cheating): 5 Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc.

Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero





	 Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year.
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Second year: first semester





Course Specification of Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry III

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

I.General Information:							
1	Course Title:	Pharma	ceutical C	Organic C	hemistry I	II	
2	Course Number and Code:	B1133	3				
			C	LH		T 1	
3	Credit hours: 3	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total	
3		2	1			3	
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	First so	emester/T	hird year			
5	Pre –requisite :	Pharma	ceutical C	Organic C	hemistry I	Ι	
6	Co –requisite :						
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:	None					
8	Language of teaching the course:	English/Arabic					
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Tav	vfeek Ahr	ned Alob	aidy	·	
10	Approved By:		•				

I. Course Description:

The course deals with organic chemistry of Amines, Reaction mechanisms and Stereochemistry. Polynuclear Aromatic Compounds, Heterocyclic Compounds and Reagents used in organic synthesis and Biomolecules. Also it practices the identification and preparation of some organic compounds.

II. ILOs:

At the end of this course the student should be able to:

- 1. Recognize the IUPAC nomenclature, physical and chemical properties of the compounds in studied classes.
- 2. Explain the aromaticity and stability of polynuclear and heterocyclic compounds.
- 3. Illustrate the mechanism of Electrophilic substitution and reactivity of orientation.
- 4. Describe the pharmaceutical application of the studied topics.
- 5. Suggest the possible method of preparation of polynuclear and heterocyclic compounds.
- 6. Diagram schemes that relate reactivity of polynuclear and heterocyclic compounds.





- 7. Predict the most active of polynuclear and heterocyclic compounds.
- 8. Interpret the effect of groups on orientation of electrophilic aromatic substitution in polynuclear and heterocyclic compounds.
- 9. Differentiate between different classes in respect to their properties and reactivity.
- 10. Practice some example for electrophilic aromatic substitutionin polynuclear and heterocyclic compounds.
- 11. Carry out experiments for identification of some preparedorganic compounds.
- 12. Operate different equipment such as balances, hot plates, rotatory evaporator, melting point apparatus....etc.
- 13. Use properly and safely the organic compounds and new tools in the laboratories.
- 14. Work independently or as a team.
- 15. Manage and organize the time.
- 16. Implement writing and presentation skills and demonstrate critical thinking
- 17. Acquire an ethical attitude and approach.
- 18. Manage and organize the time.

III. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in	Teaching strategies	Assessment Methods.
Knowledge and Understanding.	to be used.	
At the end of this course the student should be	Lectures using data	MCQ
able to:	show.	Oral Exam,
a1-Recognize the IUPAC nomenclature, physical		Quizzes, exam, short
and chemical properties of the compounds in		answers
studied classes.		and Homework
a2-Explain the aromaticity and stability of		
polynuclear and heterocyclic compounds.		
a3-Illustrate the mechanism of Electrophilic		
substitution and reactivity of orientation.		
a4-Describe the pharmaceutical application of		
the studied topics.		
(D) T = 11 = 1 (0.1.11)		

(B)Intellectual Skills:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods:

Tribulous.		
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in	Teaching strategies	Assessment Methods
Intellectual Skills.	to be used	
At the end of this course the student should be	Lectures, Practice	Oral presentation,
able to:	session,	criteria-based
b1-Suggest the possible method of preparation	Discussions,	performance
of polynuclear and heterocycliccompounds.	Solving	evaluation
b2-Diagram schemes that relate reactivity of	Problem methods	Interpretative exercises.
polynuclear and heterocycliccompounds.		





	<u> </u>	г
b3-Predict the most active of polynuclear and		
heterocyclic		
b4-Interpret the effect of groups on orientation of		
electrophilic aromatic substitution in polynuclear		
and heterocyclic compounds		
b5-Differentiate between different		
classes in respect to their properties and		
reactivity.		
(C)Professional and Practical Skills.		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional	and Practical Skillsto	Teaching and Assessment
Methods:		
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)	Teaching strategies	Methods of assessment
inProfessional and Practical Skills	to be used	
At the end of this course the student should be	Lectures,	Practical works,
able to:	Laboratory	practical reports and
c1-Practice some example for electrophilic	work, directed	presentations based
aromatic substitution in polynuclear and	reading,	on their experimental
heterocyclic compounds.	independent study	work.
c2-Carry out experiments for identification of	and	
some preparedorganic compounds.	Group assignments.	
c3-Operate different equipment such as balances,		
hot plates, rotatory evaporator, melting point		
apparatusetc.		
c4-Use properly and safely the		
organic compounds and new tools in the		
laboratories.		
(D)General/ Transferable Skills:		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and	Transferable skills to	Teaching and Assessment
Methods.		S
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)	Teaching strategies	M (1 1 C
inGeneral and Transferable Skills	to be used	Methods of assessment
At the end of this course the student should be	Small group	Practical works,
able to:	discussion, and	presentation
d1-Work independently or as a team	Group assignments.	and practical reports.
d2-Implement writing and presentation skills and		
demonstrate critical thinking		
d3-Acquire an ethical attitude and approach.	1	
d4-Manage and organize the time.	1	
<u> </u>		

- 1 Course Topics/Items:
- a Theoretical Aspect:



Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Amines and Related Nitrogen Compounds	 Definition Classification and Structure of Amines Nomenclature of Amines Physical Properties and Intermolecular Interactions of Amines The Basicity of Amines Comparison of the Basicity and Acidity of Amines and Amides Preparation of Amines Alkylation of Ammonia and Amines Reduction of Nitrogen Compounds Reaction of Amines with Strong Acids; Amine Salts Chiral Amines as Resolving Agents Acylation of Amines with Acid Derivatives Quaternary Ammonium Compounds Aromatic Diazonium Compounds Diazo Coupling; Azo Dyes 	2	4	a1, a2, a3, a4, b4, d3
2	Stereochemistry	 Definition Classification of Isomers Chirality and Enantiomers Stereogenic Centers; the Stereogenic Carbon Atom Configuration and the R-S Convention The E-Z Convention for Cis— Trans Isomers Polarized Light and Optical Activity Properties of Enantiomers Fischer Projection Formulas Compounds with More Than One Stereogenic Center; Diastereomers Resolution of a Racemic Mixture 	2	4	a1-2, b1, b2, b3, b5 d1-3



		 Meso Compounds; the Stereoisomers of Tartaric Acid Physical Properties of Stereoisomers Chemical Properties of Enantiomers 			
3	Polynuclear Aromatic Compounds :	 Definition Bonding in Polynuclear Aromatic Compounds Nomenclature and Physical and Chemical Properties Naphthalene Anthracene Phenanthrene Chemical Properties of Naphthalene Substitution reactions Halogenation Nitration Sulphonation Friedel-Craft's Reactions The Mechanism of Substitution in Naphthalene, Addition Reactions, Reduction, Oxidation, Orientation of Substitution in Naphthalene and Its Derivatives Effect of Activating and Deactivating Groups 	2	4	a1-a3, b1-b3, d1-d4
4	Midterm Exam		1	2	a1-a4, d1-d4
5	Heterocyclic Compounds	 Rules for Nomenclature of three, four, five, six and seven membered heteroatoms. Definition, properties, preparations, reactions, aromaticity Monocyclic five membered Rings Containing One heteroatom Pyrrole Furan Thiophen Monocyclic five membered Rings Containing two heteroatoms 	4	10	a1-a3, b1-b5, d1





		 Imidazole Oxazole Thiazole Pyrazole Monocyclic six membered Rings Containing One or More Heteroatoms Pyrrroline Pyrrolidine Pyridine, Pyridine, Pyrimidine Six-membered Heterocyclic Compounds with One Oxygen as a Heteroatom Pyran, Pyrone and Their Derivatives), Nomenclature of Bicyclic Rings Containing One or More Heteroatoms Purine Quinoline Isoquinoline Indole Acridine Carbazole 			
6	Final Exam		1	2	
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per semester 28				

b – P	Practical Aspect: Organic Chemistry III:		
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours
1	Synthesis of hexamine	1	2
2	Synthesis of aspirin	1	2
3	Preparation of salicylamide	1	2
4	Preparation of acetanilide	1	2
5	Nitration of acetanilide	1	2
6	Preparation of p-nitroaniline	1	2





7	Preparation of p-bromoaniline	1	2
8	Preparation of naphthalene picrate	1	2
9	Preparation of Anthracene picrate	1	2
10	Acylation of β-naphthol	1	2
11	Final exam	1	2
Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester			22

b - P	b - PracticalAspect:			
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Synthesis of hexamine	1	2	a1, a4, c1-c4, d1
2	Synthesis of aspirin	1	2	a2, b2, b5, c1-c4, d1
3	Preparation of salicylamide	1	2	a3, b2, b5, c1-c4, d3
4	Preparation of acetanilide	1	2	a2, a3, b2, b5, c1- c4, d1-d3
5	Nitration of acetanilide	1	2	a2, a3, c1-c4, d3
6	Bromination of acetanilide	1	2	a2, b5, c1-c4, d1-d3
7	Preparation of p-nitroaniline	1	2	a2, a3, b2, b5, c1- c4,
8	Preparation of p-bromoaniline	1	2	a2, a3, b2, b5, c1- c4, d3
9	Preparation of sulfanilic acid	1	2	a2, a3, b2, c1-c4, d1-d3
10	Preparation of benzoic acid oxidation of benzyl alcohol	1	2	a2, a3, b2, c1-c4, d1-d3
11	Final exam	1	2	a1-a4, b2, c1-c4, d1-d3
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester		22	

II. Teaching Strategies:

Lectures using data show video animation, Practice session, Discussions, Solving Problem methods, Group assignments, Small group discussions and Practical classes.

III. Assignments and projects:





no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	- Project	a1, a3, b2, b3, b4, b5	5	5

I	V.Assessment Tasks:				
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Project	2, 8	5	5%	a1, a3, b2, b3, b4, b5
2	Practical reports	1-10	10	10%	a1, a2, 3, c1-3
3	Oral Tests	5, 9	5	5%	a1, a3, b1, b2, b4, b5
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	a1, a3, b2, b3, b4, b5
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	a1-4, b1-5, d1- d3
6	Final Exam (practical)	11	20	20%	a1-4, c1-3, d1-3
			100	100%	

V.Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- R. T. Morrison and R. N. Boyd, Organic Chemistry, 2002, 6th edition, Pearson Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
- 2- Dohn D Hepworth, David R Waringand Micheal J Waring. "Aromatic Compounds "2002, The Royal Society of Chemistry, Cambridge.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1. John McMurry." Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry " 2011, Seventh Edition, Brooks/Cole 20 Davis Drive, Belmont.
- 2. Jerry and March, Advanced Organic Chemistry; reaction, mechanism and structure, 2007, 6th edition, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey
- 3. Janice Gorzynski Smith." Organic Chemistry", 2011, Third Edition, McGraw-Hill, a business unit of The McGraw-Hill Companies, New York.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

1-www.orgsyn.org

XI.Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)





The	University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook
1	Class Attendance: • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.
2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.
3	 (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	 Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one.





	• If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year.
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Analytical Chemistry I

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

Program title: Pharmacy Program						
I. General Information:						
1	Course Title:	Analytical Chemistry I				
1		·				
2	Course Number and Code:	B11224				
3	Credit hours:	С.Н				Total
		Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
		2	1			3
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	First semester/Second year				
5	Pre –requisite :	General Chemistry				
6	Co –requisite :					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:	None				
8	Language of teaching the course:	English/Arabic				
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Tawfeek Ahmed Alobaidy				
10	Approved By:					

II. Course Description:

This course focuses on the basic principles of pharmaceutical analytical chemistry, the Qualitative Inorganic Analysis of anions and cations, aqueous and non-aqueous method of titration. Also this course cover some practical method of analysis.

III. ILOs:

At the end of this course the student should be able to:

- 1. Recognize the basic principle of pharmaceutical analytical chemistry.
- 2. Explain the Qualitative Inorganic Analysis of anions and cations
- 3. Illustrate the indicators, solvents and reagents used in studied classes.
- 4. Describe the advantage and disadvantages of different method of analysis.
- 5. Determine the functional groups and their effect on acidity and basicity of pharmaceutical compounds.
- 6. Identify the concentration, yield and pH of the pharmaceutical compounds.
- 7. Diagram the schemes that explain different method of quantitative analysis.
- 8. Predict the pH through the functional groups in the pharmaceutical substances.
- 9. Operate different pharmaceutical instrument and equipment in the lab.
- 10. Evaluate the result of the practical part.





- 11. Solve some problems that are related to acidity and basicity and their effect on drug action.
- 12. Practice the standardization of some studied substances.
- 13. Cooperate with his/her colleagues to prepare a scientific topic.
- 14. Demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities
- 15. Work effectively in team

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

		-
Course Intended Learning	Teaching strategies	Assessment Methods.
Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge	to be used.	
and Understanding.		
At the end of this course the student	Lectures using data	MCQ
should be able to:	show video	Oral Exam,
a1-Recognize the basic principle of	animation	Quizzes, exam, short answers
pharmaceutical analytical		Homework and
chemistry.		Participation.
a2-Explain the Qualitative		
Inorganic Analysis of anions and		
cations		
a3- Illustrate the indicators, solvent		
reagent used in studied classes		
a4- Describe the advantages and		
disadvantages of different method		
of analysis.		
(D)T (11 (1 01 11)		

(B)Intellectual Skills:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods:

Methods.		
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills.	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
At the end of this course the student should be able to: b1-Determine the functional groups and their effect on acidity and basicity of pharmaceutical compounds. b2- Identify the concentration, yield and pH of the pharmaceutical compounds. b3- Diagram the schemes that explain different method of quantitative analysis. b4- Predict the pH through the	Lectures, Practice session, Discussions, Solving Problem methods	Oral presentation, criteria-based performance evaluation Interpretative exercises.





functional groups in the pharmaceutical substances.		
(C)Professional and Practical Skills		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Methods:		illsto Teaching and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inProfessional and Practical Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
At the end of this course the student should be able to: c1-Operate different pharmaceutical instrument and equipment in the lab. c2-Evaluate the result of the practical part c3-Solve some problems that are related to acidity and basicity and their effect on drug action. c4-Practice the standardization of some studied substances.	Lectures and Group assignments, Practical classes.	Practical works, And practical reports.
(D)General/ Transferable Skills:		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Methods.	General and Transferable skill	s to Teaching and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
At the end of this course the student should be able to: d1-Cooperate with his/her colleagues to prepare a scientific topic. d2- Demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities d3-Work effectively in team	Small group discussions Practical classes	Reports, presentations and communication with the lecturer and his colleagues.

V.	Course Content:				
1 -	1 – Course Topics/Items:				
	a – Theoretical	Aspect:			
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs





		Definition and scope. Introduction to			
1	Introduction to analytical	analytical chemistry, The Analytical	1	2	a1, a3, b1, b2, b3, b4,
1	chemistry	Perspective, Common Analytical	1	2	c3, d1
		Problems, why analytical chemistry?			
2	Basic Tools of Analytical Chemistry	Numbers in Analytical Chemistry Fundamental Units of Measure Significant Figures Units for Expressing Concentration Molarity and Formality, Normality Molality Weight, Volume, and Weight-to- Volume Ratios Converting Between Concentration Units p-Functions Stoichiometric Calculations Conservation of Mass Conservation of Charge Conservation of Protons Conservation of Electron Pairs	1	2	a1, a3, b1, b2, b3, b, c3, d1-3
		-identification of six groups of Anions:			
	Qualitative	1- Carbonates and Bicarbonates group2- Sulphur-containing anions3- Helidae			a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, b4, c1, c2, c5
3	Inorganic Analysis 1	3- Halides	3	7	
	Allarysis 1	4- Cyanogen anions			
		5- Arsinic and phosphorous containing anions			
		6- Nitrogen- containing anions			
		- separation of a mixture of Anions			
		identification of five groups of			
	Qualitativa	cations:			
4	Qualitative Inorganic Analysis 2	Group 1: lead(II), mercury(I), and	2	4	
		silver(I).			
		Group 2: mercury(II), copper(II),			a1, a2, a3,





tin(IV), arsenic(III), arsenic(V), antimony(III), andantimony(V). Group 3: iron(II), iron(III), cobalt(II), nickel(II), manganese(II), chromium(III), aluminium(III), aluminium(II), andbarium(II). Group 5: Magnesium(II), lithium(I), sodium(I), potassium(I), and ammonium(I)ionsseparation of a mixtureof Anions Modern concepts of acids and base, acid base equilibria, law of mass action, dissociation constants, Common ion effect, Ionic product of water, pH, buffer solutions, theory of acid base titration: Courves, neutralization indicators, mixed and universal indicators, Formal titrations. Pharmaceutical applications Theory, advantages and limitation, non-aqueous solvents, ionization and dissociation in non-aqueous media, titration of standard solutions, Pharmaceutical applications b4, c1, c2, c5			bismuth(III), cadmium (II), tin(II),			b1, b2, b3,
antimony(III), andantimony(V). Group 3: iron(II), iron(III), cobalt(II), nickel(II), manganese(II), chromium(III), aluminium(III), andzinc(II). Group4: calcium(II), strontium(II), andbarium(II). Group 5: Magnesium(I), lithium(I), sodium(I), potassium(I), and ammonium(I)ionsseparation of a mixtureof Anions Midterm exam 1 2 al-a4, bl-b4 B Modern concepts of acids and base, acid base equilibria, law of mass action, dissociation constants, Common ion effect, lonic product of water, pH, buffer solutions, theory of acid base titration, neutralization curves, neutralization indicators, mixed and universal indicators. Formal titrations. Pharmaceutical applications Theory, advantages and limitation, non-aqueous solvents, ionization and dissociation in non-aqueous media, titration of weak acids and bases, indicators in non-aqueous media, titration of standard solutions, Pharmaceutical applications						b4, c1, c2, c5
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andbarium(II). Group 5: Magnesium(II), lithium(I), sodium(I), potassium(I), and ammonium(I)ionsseparation of a mixtureof Anions Modern concepts of acids and base, acid base equilibria, law of mass action, dissociation constants, Common ion effect, Ionic product of water, pH, buffer solutions, theory of acid base titration: Acid Base titration: Theory, advantages and limitation, non-aqueous solvents, ionization and dissociation in non-aqueous media, titration: Theory, advantages and limitation, non-aqueous solvents, ionization and dissociation in non-aqueous media, titration of weak acids and bases, indicators in non-aqueous titration, preparation of standard solutions, Pharmaceutical applications			aluminium(III), andzinc(II).			
Group 5: Magnesium(II), lithium(I), sodium(I), potassium(I), and ammonium(I)ionsseparation of a mixtureof Anions Midterm exam 1 2 a1-a4, b1-b4 Modern concepts of acids and base, acid base equilibria, law of mass action, dissociation constants, Common ion effect, Ionic product of water, pH, buffer solutions, theory of acid base titration; mixed and universal indicators, mixed and universal indicators. Formal titrations. Pharmaceutical applications Theory, advantages and limitation, non-aqueous solvents, ionization and dissociation in non-aqueous media, titration: findicators, indicators in non-aqueous media, titration of weak acids and bases, indicators in non-aqueous titration, preparation of standard solutions, Pharmaceutical applications			Group4: calcium(II), strontium(II),			
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Acid Base titration: Water, pH, buffer solutions, theory of acid base titration, neutralization curves, neutralization indicators, mixed and universal indicators. Formal titrations. Pharmaceutical applications Theory, advantages and limitation, non-aqueous solvents, ionization and dissociation in non-aqueous media, titration of weak acids and bases, indicators in non-aqueous titration, preparation of standard solutions, Pharmaceutical applications water, pH, buffer solutions, theory of acid base titration, neutralization 4 8 at 1, a4, b1, b2, b3, c3 d3 d3 at 1, a4, b1, b2, b3, c3 d3			action, dissociation constants,			,
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mixed and universal indicators. Formal titrations. Pharmaceutical applications Theory, advantages and limitation, non-aqueous solvents, ionization and dissociation in non-aqueous media, titration of weak acids and bases, indicators in non-aqueous titration, preparation of standard solutions, Pharmaceutical applications mixed and universal indicators. Formal titrations. Pharmaceutical applications a1, a4, b1, b2, b3, c3 d3 6	6		acid base titration, neutralization	4	8	
Formal titrations. Pharmaceutical applications Theory, advantages and limitation, non-aqueous solvents, ionization and dissociation in non-aqueous media, titration of weak acids and bases, indicators in non-aqueous titration, preparation of standard solutions, Pharmaceutical applications Theory, advantages and limitation, all, a4, b1, b2, b3, c3 d3 d3 6			curves, neutralization indicators,			
Theory, advantages and limitation, non-aqueous solvents, ionization and dissociation in non-aqueous media, titration of weak acids and bases, and indicators in non-aqueous titration, preparation of standard solutions, Pharmaceutical applications			mixed and universal indicators.			
Theory, advantages and limitation, non-aqueous solvents, ionization and dissociation in non-aqueous media, titration of weak acids and bases, indicators in non-aqueous titration, preparation of standard solutions, Pharmaceutical applications			Formal titrations. Pharmaceutical			
Non aqueous solvents, ionization and dissociation in non-aqueous media, titration of weak acids and bases, indicators in non-aqueous titration, preparation of standard solutions, Pharmaceutical applications			applications			
Non aqueous solvents, ionization and dissociation in non-aqueous media, titration of weak acids and bases, indicators in non-aqueous titration, preparation of standard solutions, Pharmaceutical applications			Theory advantages and limitation			a1 a/ h1
aqueous titration of weak acids and bases, 3 6 indicators in non-aqueous titration, preparation of standard solutions, Pharmaceutical applications			non-aqueous solvents, ionization and			b2, b3, c3
titration: indicators in non-aqueous titration, preparation of standard solutions, Pharmaceutical applications	7			3	6	d3
Pharmaceutical applications	,	_	indicators in non-aqueous titration,	3	O	
1 4 1 1 1 4						
Final exam 1 2 a1-a4, b1-b4	8			1	2	a1-a4, b1-b4

Preparation and standardization of

Assay of Metformin hydrochloride

Preparation and standardization of sodium

Number of Weeks/and Units Per First Second semester

b - Practical Aspect:

8

9

10

11

12





Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semester6

32

2

2

2

2

2

24

c1-4, b2-3, d2

a1, c1-4, b2-3

a1, c1-4, b2-3, d2

a1, c1-4, b2-3,

d1-3 a1, c1-4, b2-3,

d1-3

0 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Identification of cations	1	2	a2, c1, c2, c5, b2- 3, d2
2	Separation of mixture of cations	1	2	a2, c1, c2, c5, b2- 3, d2
3	Separation of mixture of anions	1	2	a2, c1, c2, c5, b2- 3, d2
4	Calibration of volumetric apparatus	1	2	c1-4, b2-3, d2
5	Preparation and standardization of HCl and NaOH solutions	1	2	a1, c1-4, b2-3, d1
6	Assay of sodium bicarbonate	1	2	a1, c1-4, d1-4, b2-3
7	Assay ofbenzoic acid,	1	2	a1, c1-4, b2-3, d3

1

1

1

1

1

VI. Teaching Strategies:

Final Exam

perchloric acid

methoxide solutions

Assay of ephedrine

Lectures using data show video animation, Practice session, Discussions, Solving Problem methods, Group assignments, Small group discussions, Tutorials and Practical classes.

V]	II. Assignments and projects:			
10	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark





VIII. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Project	2, 8	5	5%	a1-4, b1-4, d1- d3
2	Practical reports	1-9	10	10%	a1, a3, c1-5,
3	Oral Tests	5, 9	5	5%	a1, a3, b1, b2
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	a1-a4, b1-b4
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	a1-a4, b1-b4
6	Final Exam (practical)	10	20	20%	a1, c1-4, b2-3, d1-3
7			100	100%	

IX. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- Douglas A. Skoog, Donald M. West, F. James Holler and Stanley R. Crouch Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry, 2004, 8th edition, Thomson Brooks/Cole, Belmont, USA.
- 2-F.W. Fifield and D. Kealey, "Principles and Practice of Analytical Chemistry" Fifth Edition, 2000, Blackwell Science, London.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- DEAN'S Analytical Chemistry Handbook, 2004, Secondedition, McGraw-Hill Handbooks, New York, USA.
- 2- SomenathMitra, Sample Preparation Techniques in Analytical Chemistry, 2003, A John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Publication, Canada.
- 3- K. Danzer, Analytical ChemistryTheoretical and Metrological Fundamentals, 2007, Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

1-The Analytical Abstracts database (http://www.rsc.org/

CFAA/AASearchPage.cfm)

2-The Analytical Forum on ChemWeb (http://analytical.

chemweb.com/search/search.exe)





X	C. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)
The	University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al- Nasser University student's regulations handbook
2	 Class Attendance: Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course. (Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes
3	 and will be considered as failed. (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.





5	 (Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Pharmaceutics I

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:					
1	Course Title:		Ph	armaceu	tics I	
2	Course Number and Code:	B1125	3			
			C	.H		То4о1
3	Credit hours: 3 hrs.	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
3	Credit nours. 3 ms.	2	1			3
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	First se	emester/S	econd yed	ır	
5	Pre –requisite :	None				
6	Co –requisite :					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:					
8	Language of teaching the course:	English	/Arabic			·
9	Prepared By:		hammed <i>I</i> dulkarim <i>I</i>		ķ	
10	Approved By:					

II. Course Description:

This course is designed to provide students with a detailed knowledge and understanding of certain aspects of the physical, chemical and biological phenomena which relate to the formulation of drugs and their distribution in the body. It will covers the fundamental Principals of solubility, interfacial phenomena, colloids, rheology, adsorption, micrometrics, drug incompatibilities, coarse dispersion and finally study of stability and kinetics of drug degradation and rate processes.





III. ILOs: at end of the course students will be to:

- 1. Explain the different methods of drug decomposition
- 2. Recognize the risk and importance of drug complexation
- 3. Identify origin and the consequences of the interfacial phenomenon
- 4. Define viscosity and mention its application in pharmacy
- 5. Analyze pharmaceutical degradation data and relate it to drug stability.
- 6. Compare between Newtonian and non-Newtonian fluids
- 7. Design stability study
- 8. Differentiate the instability of pharmaceutical dosage forms when occurred
- 9. Estimate shelf lives and suitable storage conditions for a drug formulation
- 10. Measure surface tension, viscosity, and other phenomenon
- 11. Solve stability problems arise during drug formulation.
- 12. Formulate good and stable dosage form
- 13. Write a scientific report.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

withous.		
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge	Teaching	Assessment
and Understanding.	strategies to be	Methods.
	used.	
At end of the course students will be able to:		
a1-Explain the different methods of drug decomposition	Lectures using data show	Written exam Quiz
a2- Recognize the risk and importance of drug complexation	Video animation	Quinz.
a3-Identify origin and the consequences of the interfacial	and seminars	
phenomenon		
a4- Define viscosity and mention its application in pharmacy		

(B)Intellectual Skills:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At end of the course students will be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
b1-Analyze pharmaceutical degradation data and relate it to drug stability.	Seminars Directed reading	Presentation Written exam
b2- Compare between Newtonian and non-Newtonian fluids	Independent	Quiz





b3- Design stability study		study Group	
b4- Differentiate the instability of pharmaceutical dosage form when occurred		Discussion	
(C)Professional and Practical Skills.			
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practica Methods:	al Sk	illsto Teaching	and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional	1	Teaching	Methods of
and Practical Skills		strategies to be	e assessment
At end of the course students will be able to:		used	D
c1- Estimate shelf lives and suitable storage conditions for a		Laboratory worl	
drug formulation		Directed reading	
c2- Measure surface tension, viscosity and other phenomenon	1	Independent stud	•
c3- Solve stability problems arises during drug formulation.			Report
c4- Formulate good and stable dosage form			
(D)General/ Transferable Skills:			
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable Methods.	skil	lls to Teaching	and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills	stı	Teaching rategies to be	Methods of assessment
At end of the course students will be able to:	D :	used	
d1-Write a scientific report.		ected reading	Assignment
		ependent study	Report
	Gro	-	
	D ₁ S	cussion	

V. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

	a – Theoretical Aspect:				
No	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Numbe r of weeks	Contac t hours	C-ILOs
1	Solubility	 Determination of solubility Techniques of aqueous solubility determination of non-ionized, ionized and unstable drugs Factors/ parameters affecting solubility Enhancement of solubility Extraction Solubility and partitioning coefficient Preservative action in oil-water systems 	2	4	c1, d1
2	Principles of dissolution	 Definition of dissolution and dissolution rate, Noyes-Whitney equation. Dissolution process and its mathematical 	1	2	a1, d2





	Ι	tus stars and		1	
		treatment			
3	Diffusion	 Dissolution rate determination Diffusion definition, mechanisms, pharmaceutical applications. Ficks first law, second law and steady state diffusion. Diffusion controlled drug delivery (reservoir systems). Diffusion controlled drug delivery (matrix systems) and the Higuchi equation 	1	2	a4, b3, d2
4	Rheology	Principles of rheology.Measuring methods in the rheology.Application of rheology in pharmacy	1	2	a4, b4, c3
5	Surface tension	 Concepts of surfaces, interfaces, surface and interfacial tension. Wetting of solid surfaces, spreading of liquids over liquid substrates critical micelle concentration(CMC) Effect of counter ion and temperature on surface tension and temperature on CMC-values Pharmaceutical applications of surfactants 	2	4	a3, b4, c3, d1
6		Midterm exam	1	2	a1, a2, b1, b2
7	Adsorption	Adsorption at solid surfacesadsorption isotherms	1	2	a3, d1
8	Micrometrics of powders	 Micromeritics and characterization of powders Shape factors Angle of repose Flowabilityand aging Effect of glidantscompactability Parenteral powders 	1	2	c4, d1
9	Complexation	 Definition of complexes, donor-acceptor interactions, Lewis acid-base system, types of complexes Metal ion complexes, chelates and organic molecular complexes Inclusion complexes, pharmaceutical applications and quantitative analysis of complexation (stoichiometric ratio determination and association constants 	1	2	a2, b1, d1





		 substances and their formulations with special reference to ICH guidelines Physical stability testing Highlights on accelerated/ ambient/ controlled physical stability testing of solutions, disperse systems, aerosols, coated/ uncoated tablets, gelatin capsules, and sustained release products Degradation mechanisms. Pharmaceutical stability problems (hydrolysis, oxidation, photodegradation,) First order reactions and second order reactions, integrated rate laws and half-life. Determination of shelf life and recommended storage conditions. 			
11	Incompatibility	Type of drug incompatibilitiesCauses of drugincompatibilities	1	2	b2, d1
12		Final exam	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2 b3, b4
	Number	of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	16	32	

b - P	b - PracticalAspect:				
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs	
1.	Separation of solid/liquid by Filtration.	1	2	c1, c2, c3, c4, d1	
2.	Reduction size of solid matter by Grinding and Sieving.	1	2	a1, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1	
3.	Separation of solid/liquid by Centrifugation.	1	2	c1, c2, c3, c4, d1	
4.	Separation of liquid/ liquid matter by Extraction.	1	2	c1, c2, c3, c4, d1	
5.	Determination the Solubility.	1	2	a1, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1	
6.	Measurement the surface tension.	1	2	b4, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1	
7.	The role of surfactant on the interfacial tension.	1	2	b4, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1	
8.	Determination the Angle of repose.	1	2	c1, c2, c3, c4, d1	
9.	Determination the Chemical drug incompatibility.	1	2	b2, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1	





10.	Determination the physical drug incompatibility.	1	2	b2, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
11.	Determination of order of degradation reaction and calculation of shelf life	2	4	c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
12.	Measurement of viscosity of different fluids	1	2	b4, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
13.	Finalexam	1	2	a1, b2-4, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester			28	

VI. Teaching Strategies:

- Lectures using data show
- Video animation and seminars
- Laboratory work
- Directed reading
- Independent study
- Group Discussion

VII. Assignments and projects:

no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	Assignment	b1, b2, b3, b4, d1	9	5%

VIII. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Assignment	9	5	5%	b1, b2, b3, b4, d1
2	Practical Reports	1-13	10	10%	b1, b2 b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, d1
3	Quizzes	2, 5, 12	5	5%	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2 b3, b4
4	Written Test (midterm exam)	8	10	10%	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2 b3, b4
5	Final Exam (practical)	14	20	20%	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2 b3, b4
6	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	50	50%	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2 b3, b4
	Total		100	100%	





IX. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. Michael E. Aulton, FAAPS, Kevin M.G.(2007). Aulton's Pharmaceutics: The Design and Manufacture of Medicines, Third ed. Elsevier. London, UK.
- 2. Remington (2005). The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, 2first Edition, Williams and Wilkins. Maryland, USA.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

1. Ansel and Loyd Allen (2013). Ansel's Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms and Drug Delivery Systems. 10thedition., Williams and Wilkins. Maryland, USA.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

1-www.go.jblearning.com/basicphysicalpharmacy

X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.

(Tardy):

1

Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.





3	 (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
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7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.









Course Specification of Human Anatomy

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

I. General Information:						
1	Course Title:	Human A	Anatomy			
2	Course Number and Code:	B11142				
			C.	.H		Total
3	Credit hours: 2hrs.	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
3		2	1			3
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	second semester/first year				
5	Pre –requisite :	Biology	,			
6	Co –requisite :					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:	Medical Lab				
8	Language of teaching the course:	English/Arabic				
9	Prepared By:					
10	Approved By:					

II. Course Description:

This course is designed to provide students with the necessary knowledge on human anatomy. This course will develop the basic understanding of different topics in anatomy with special focus on the terminology including; the skin, the skeletal system, the muscular system, the nervous system, the senses, the endocrine system, the urinary system and the circulatory system.

III. ILOs: at end of the course students will be to:

- 1. Describe Anatomical terms of position and movement
- 2. Identify the gross morphology of different body organs.
- 3. Discus structure and features of different body organs.
- 4. Explain the basic principles of structure of the different tissues and organs
- 5. Differentiate between different anatomical parts of human body
- 6. Categorize human body skeleton.
- 7. Correlate the anatomical structure with the function of every part of humanbody
- 8. Determine different anatomical parts of human body

(D)General/Transferable Skills:





- 9. Communicate fairly fluently via spoken and written English
- 10. Use effectively the computer, software applications related to the subject.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and	Assessment	Methods:		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Und- Methods:	erstanding t	to Teachin	g ar	nd Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding.			g : to !.	Assessment Methods.
At end of the course students will be able to:				
a1-Describe Anatomical terms of position and movement a2-Identify the gross morphology of different body organs. a3- Discus structure and features of different body organs. a4- Explain the basic principles of structure of the different tissues, organs and systems of the human body				Quiz Written exam
(B)Intellectual Skills:				
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills Methods:	to Teaching	g Methods	s an	ad Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At end of the course students will be able to:			g to I	Assessment Methods
b2-Differentiate between different anatomical parts of hun	nan body	Seminar		Presentation
b3-Caregorize human body skeleton. b3- Correlate the anatomical structure with the function of every part of human body.				Quiz Case study exam
(C)Professional and Practical Skills.				
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Pra Methods:	ctical Skills	sto Teachin	ng a	and Assessmen
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inProfessional and Practical Skills At end of the course students will be able to:	\mathcal{C}		ethods of essment	
C1-Determinedifferent anatomical parts of human body	Tutorialan	landModels Quiz exam		





Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable skills to Teaching and Assessment Methods.					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills At end of the course students will be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment			
d1-Communicate fairly fluently via spoken and written English	Tutorial classes	Report			
d2- Use effectively the computer, software applications related to the subject.	Seminar	Presentation			

V. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

No	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Introduction Anatomical terms	 Overview of the subject and its different parts Overview of the different body regions and systems Terms related to position Terms related to movement 	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2
2	Skin and fascia	 Structure Skin Functions of skin	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2
3	Anatomyof muscular system	 Types of muscles Structure of muscles	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2
4	Anatomy of Bone and cartilage	 Joints, ligaments, bursa, synovial sheath Bones and cartilage	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2
5	Anatomy of blood and lymph	Heart and blood vesselslymph vessels and nodes	2	4	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2
6	Anatomy of nervous system	Central nervous systemPeripheral nervous system	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2,





					b3, c1,
					d1, d2
7	Anatomy of respiratory system	Structure of respiratory organs	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2
8		Midterm exam	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4
9	Anatomy of digestivesystem	 Alimentary canal Digestive glands	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2
10	Anatomy of genital system	 Female: The uterus The vagina The ovary Anatomy of the breast Male: The testis Scrotum The penis 	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2
11	Anatomy of urinary system	The kidneyUreterUrinary bladder	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2
12	Anatomy of Sense Organs :	• Structure of Skin, Eye, ear, Nose, Tongue.	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2
13	Anatomy of Endocrine System:	ThyroidPancreasPituitaryAdrenal glandsGonads	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2
14		Final exam	Week 15	2	a1, a2, a3, a4
	Number of Wee	ks/and Units Per Semester	15	30	

b - Practical Aspect:					
	Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs





1	Introduction and terminology	1	2	b2, c1, d1-d2.
2	Anatomy of Bone and cartilage	1	2	b2, c1, d1-d2.
3	Anatomy of blood and lymph	1	2	b2, c1, d1-d2.
4	Anatomy of nervous system	1	2	b2, c1, d1-d2.
5	Anatomy of respiratory system	1	2	b2, c1, d1-d2.
6	Anatomy of digestive system	1	2	b2, c1, d1-d2.
7	Anatomy of genital system	1	2	b2, c1, d1-d2.
8	Anatomy of urinary system	1	2	b2, c1, d1-d2.
9	Anatomy of Sense Organs:	1	2	b2, c1, d1-d2.
10	10 Anatomy of Endocrine System:		2	b2, c1, d1-d2.
11 Final exam		1	2	b2, c1, d1-d2.
Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester		11	22	

VI. Teaching Strategies:

- Lectures using data show
- Video animation and seminars
- Laboratory work (Models)
- Directed reading
- Independent study
- Group discussion
- Tutorial

7	VII. Assessment Tasks:							
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes			
1	Exercises & Home works	3	2.5	2.5%	a1,a2,,b2,b3,c1,			
2	Project (single\group)	4	2.5	2.5%	a1,a2,,b2,b3,c3,d1,d3,			
3	Practical reports	1-10	10	10%	a1,a2,,b2,b3,c1,			
4	Mid Exam	8	15	15%	a1,a2,a3,,b1,b2,b3,d1,d2,d3,			
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	a1,,a2,,b1,b2,.b3.c1.			

13th Edition. Wiley, UK.





6	Final Exam (practical)	11	20	20%	a1,,a2,,b1,b2,.b3.c1
7			100	100%	

		100	10070	
VII.	.Learning Resources:			
1-Requ	uired Textbook(s) (maximum two).		
	1. John A. Gosling, Philip F. Ha	rris (2008)). Human anatomy	color atlas andtextbook Fifth
	edition. Elsevier, Spain.			
	2. Inderbir Singh (2011). Textbo	ook of Hur	nan Histology: W	ith Colour Atlas and Practical
	Guide. 6 th edition. Jaypee, Ne	wdelhi, In	dia.	
2-Red	ecommended Books and Reference	Materials.		
	1. Gerard J. Tortora, Mark Niels	sen (2013)	Principles of Hui	nan Anatomy,

VIII. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

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(Tardy):

1

3

Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.

(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):

- Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam.
- Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed.
- If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt.
- If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%.
- The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination.
- In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and





	student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark.
	• Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
	(Assignments and Projects):
4	 The students have to submit the assignment or project on time.
	• In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
	(Cheating):
5	• Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc.
	Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero
	• Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one.
	• If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
	(Plagiarism):
6	"To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own".
	 Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments.
	• If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full
	academic year
	(Other policies):
7	• Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class
	during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.
	• Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings.
	Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Human Anatomy

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

IX. General Information:							
1	Course Title:	Human Anatomy					
2	Course Number and Code:	B11142					
			C	.H		Total	
3	Credit hours: 2hrs.	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total	
		2	1			3	
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	second semester/first year					
5	Pre –requisite :	Biology	,				
6	Co –requisite :						
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:	Medical Lab					
8	Language of teaching the course:	English/Arabic					
9	Prepared By:						
10	Approved By:						

X. Course Description:

This course is designed to provide students with the necessary knowledge on human anatomy. This course will develop the basic understanding of different topics in anatomy with special focus on the terminology including; the skin, the skeletal system, the muscular system, the nervous system, the senses, the endocrine system, the urinary system and the circulatory system.

XI. ILOs: at end of the course students will be to:

- 11. Describe Anatomical terms of position and movement
- 12. Identify the gross morphology of different body organs.
- 13. Discus structure and features of different body organs.
- 14. Explain the basic principles of structure of the different tissues and organs
- 15. Differentiate between different anatomical parts of human body
- 16. Categorize human body skeleton.
- 17. Correlate the anatomical structure with the function of every part of humanbody
- 18. Determine different anatomical parts of human body

(D)General/Transferable Skills:





- 19. Communicate fairly fluently via spoken and written English
- 20. Use effectively the computer, software applications related to the subject.

XII. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and	Assessment	Methods:		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Uno Methods:	lerstanding	to Teachin	g ar	nd Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding.			g to !.	Assessment Methods.
At end of the course students will be able to:				
a1-Describe Anatomical terms of position and movement a2-Identify the gross morphology of different body organs. a3- Discus structure and features of different body organs. a4- Explain the basic principles of structure of the different tissues, organs and systems of the human body				Quiz Written exam
(B)Intellectual Skills:				
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills Methods:	to Teaching	g Methods	s an	d Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At end of the course students will be able to:			g to	Assessment Methods
b2-Differentiate between different anatomical parts of human body b3-Categorize human body skeleton. b3- Correlate the anatomical structure with the function of every part of human body.				Presentation Quiz Case study exam
(C)Professional and Practical Skills.				
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Professio	actical Skill	sto Teachi	ng a	and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inProfessional and Practical Skills At end of the course students will be able to: Teaching s to be used				ethods of essment
C1-Determinedifferent anatomical parts of human body	Tutorialan	dModels		Quiz exam





Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable skills to Teaching and Assessment Methods.				
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills At end of the course students will be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment		
d1-Communicate fairly fluently via spoken and written English	Tutorial classes	Report		
d2- Use effectively the computer, software applications related to the subject.	Seminar	Presentation		

XIII. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

No	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
15	Introduction Anatomical terms	 Overview of the subject and its different parts Overview of the different body regions and systems Terms related to position Terms related to movement 	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2
16	Skin and fascia	 Structure Skin Functions of skin	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2
17	Anatomyof muscular system	 Types of muscles Structure of muscles	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2
18	Anatomy of Bone and cartilage	 Joints, ligaments, bursa, synovial sheath Bones and cartilage	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2
19	Anatomy of blood and lymph	Heart and blood vesselslymph vessels and nodes	2	4	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2
20	Anatomy of nervous system	Central nervous systemPeripheral nervous system	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2,





28	N 1 02	ks/and Units Per Semester	Week 15	30	a1, a2, a3, a4
27	Anatomy of Endocrine System:	 Thyroid Pancreas Pituitary Adrenal glands Gonads Final exam 	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2
26	Anatomy of Sense Organs :	Structure of Skin, Eye, ear, Nose, Tongue.	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2
25	Anatomy of urinary system	The kidneyUreterUrinary bladder	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2
24	Anatomy of genital system	 Female: The uterus The vagina The ovary Anatomy of the breast Male: The testis Scrotum The penis 	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2
23	Anatomy of digestivesystem	 Alimentary canal Digestive glands	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2
22		Midterm exam	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4
21	Anatomy of respiratory system	Structure of respiratory organs	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2
					b3, c1, d1, d2

b - Pract	ical Aspect:			
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs





1	Introduction and terminology	1	2	b2, c1, d1-d2.
2	2 Anatomy of Bone and cartilage		2	b2, c1, d1-d2.
3	Anatomy of blood and lymph	1	2	b2, c1, d1-d2.
4	Anatomy of nervous system	1	2	b2, c1, d1-d2.
5	Anatomy of respiratory system	1	2	b2, c1, d1-d2.
6	Anatomy of digestive system	1	2	b2, c1, d1-d2.
7	Anatomy of genital system	1	2	b2, c1, d1-d2.
8	Anatomy of urinary system	1	2	b2, c1, d1-d2.
9	Anatomy of Sense Organs:	1	2	b2, c1, d1-d2.
Anatomy of Endocrine System:		1	2	b2, c1, d1-d2.
11 Final exam		1	2	b2, c1, d1-d2.
Numb	per of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	11	22	

XIV. Teaching Strategies:

- Lectures using data show
- Video animation and seminars
- Laboratory work (Models)
- Directed reading
- Independent study
- Group discussion
- Tutorial

V	VIII. Assessment Tasks:						
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes		
1	Exercises & Home works	3	2.5	2.5%	a1,a2,,b2,b3,c1,		
2	Project (single\group)	4	2.5	2.5%	a1,a2,,b2,b3,c3,d1,d3,		
3	Practical reports	1-10	10	10%	a1,a2,,b2,b3,c1,		
4	Mid Exam	8	15	15%	a1,a2,a3,,b1,b2,b3,d1,d2,d3,		
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	a1,,a2,,b1,b2,.b3.c1.		





6	Final Exam (practical)	11	20	20%	a1,,a2,,b1,b2,.b3.c1
7			100	100%	

XV.Learning Resources:
1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).
3. John A. Gosling, Philip F. Harris (2008). Human anatomy color atlas andtextbook Fifth edition. Elsevier, Spain.
4. Inderbir Singh (2011). Textbook of Human Histology: With Colour Atlas and Practical Guide. 6 th edition. Jaypee, Newdelhi, India.
2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.
2. Gerard J. Tortora, Mark Nielsen (2013). Principles of Human Anatomy, 13th Edition. Wiley, UK.

XVI. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.

(Tardy):

1

3

Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.

(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):

- Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam.
- Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed.
- If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt.
- If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%.
- The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination.
- In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and





	student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark.
	• Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
	(Assignments and Projects):
4	 The students have to submit the assignment or project on time.
	• In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
	(Cheating):
5	• Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc.
	Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero
	• Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one.
	• If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
	(Plagiarism):
6	"To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own".
	 Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments.
	• If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full
	academic year
	(Other policies):
7	• Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class
	during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.
	• Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings.
	Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of pharmacy Management

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:					
1	Course Title:	pharma	cy Mar	agement		
2	Course Number and Code:	B11481				
				C.H		Total
3	3 Credit hours:		Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
3	Creat nous.	2	-	-	-	2
4	4 Study level/year at which this course is offered:		semest	er/Fourth	year	
5	Pre –requisite :					
6	Co –requisite					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:					
8 Language of teaching the course:		Arabic/E	nglish			
9 Prepared By:		Nawal A	li AL-Z	Zandani ar	d Alzomo	or
10	Approved By:					

II. Course Description:

The basics and principles of management as an important tool to achieve objectives of an organization including health organizations such as hospitals and health offices will be introduced to build the students skills and abilities in the management of themselves, and to deliver better business results. Throughout the course, the student will be exposed to important element in health management such as management theory and function, planning process, human resources management, financial management, organizational behavior and strategic planning. Using appropriate example in health management, student will be able to understand better issues and challenges in health management and apply them in their practice as health manager of the future.

III. ILOs: At the end of this course, student must be able to:





- 1. Recognize the basics and principles of management.
- 2. Identify the importance of financial management and control in health care.
- 3. Explain the environmental factors that may influence health management.
- 4. Distinguish the basics and principles of management in the development of health care system..
- 5. Investigate the important elements in human resources management in health care.
- 6. Select the appropriate, methods and business type.
- 7. Operate basics of planning, managing and control in health care organization.
- 8. Carry out management skills formanagement of themselves
- 9. Implement writing and presentation skills and demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities and life-long learning.
- 10. Work effectively in a team and demonstrate creativity and time management abilities.
- 11. Demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities and life-long learning

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in	Teaching strategies	Assessment
Knowledge and Understanding.	to be used.	Methods.
At the end of this course, student must be able to:		
a1-Recognize the basics and principles of		
management.	Lectures	Quizzes, Written
a2- Identify the importance of financial management	and	exam, short answers
and control in health care.	seminars	and homework.
a3- Explain the environmental factors that may		Participation
influence health management.		

(B)Intellectual Skills:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods:

Withous.		
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At the end of this course, student must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
b1-Distinguishthe basics and principles of management in the development of health care system. b2-Investigatethe important elements in human resources management in health care. b3-Select the appropriate, methods and business type.	Lectures, Practice session, Discussions, Solving Problem methods	Oral presentation, criteria-based performance evaluation Interpretative exercises

(C) Professional and Practical Skills.

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment





Methods:					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills At the end of this course, student must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment			
c1- Operate basics of planning, managing and control in health care organization. c2-Carry out management skills formanagement of themselves	Lectures and Group assignments	reports and presentations based on their managerial skills			
(D)General/ Transferable Skills: Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable skills to Teaching and Assessment Methods.					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills At the end of this course, student must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment			
d1-Implement writing and presentation skills. d2-Work effectively in a team and demonstrate creativity and time management abilities. d3-Demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities and life-long learning.	-Small group discussions -Micro assignments	reports, presentations and communication with the lecturer and his colleagues.			

V. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Course introduction	.General information about the importance of health managementdefine the main topic in this course.	1	2	a1, b1
2	Health and management	-definition _ Why study management ? _ Management functions _ Management roles _ Types of managers _ Management skills	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2.d3



		•	1		
3	Organizational development	-definition -important of organization development(od) -role of od services/ consultant -od services/ techniques -conditions that had to be present if an OD intervention could have any meaningful chance of bringing about the desired change:	1	2	a2, a3, b3, c2, c1, d2, d3.
4	Organizational behavior	-introduction -important of ob -concept of ob -Organizational Citizenship Behavior (OCB)	1	2	a2, a3, b1, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2.
5	Leadership	-definition -introduction -nuture of power -Decision-making authority of leaders -Factors affecting leadership styleParticipative leadershipGuidelines to make full use of participative approach.	1	2	a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2,
6	Planning process	-Definition -stage of planning -Type of planning	1	2	a1, b2, b3, c1, c2, , d1, d2.
7	Mic	l-term exam	١	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, , d1.
8	Decision making process	-Definition -Steps of DM -Problems in DM -condition of DM -style of DM	1	2	a3, b1, b2, b3, b4, c1, d1, d2, d3.
9	Human Resource	-Definition of HRM -HRM process	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b2, b3, c1, d2, d3.





	Management				
10	Controlling	-Definition -type of controlling.	1	2	a3, b2, c1, , d1, d2, d3.
11	Budgeting and financial management	Issues in Financial Allocation • Methods of Financial Control — Budgeting • Bottom-up • Top down • Zero-based — Auditing • Internal • External	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, d1, d2, d3.
12	Strategic management	-Development of Strategic Management -Levels of Strategy -Strategic Management Process -SWOT Analysis -Corporate Portfolio Matrix	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, c1, , d1, d3.
13	Inventory management	-definition -INTRODUCTION -Function -Method of IM	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, c2, , d1, d2, d3.
14	Management theory	-Why study management theory? -The evolution of management -The evolution of management theoryRecent developments in management theory.	1	2	a3, b1, b3, c1, c2 d2.
15	Health care system	- definition -contents of HCS.	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2.
16	F	inal exam	١	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2.
Nur	mber of Weeks/an	d Units Per Semester	16	32	

VI. Teaching Strategies:





- -Lectures and seminars
- -Solving Problemmethodand discussion

VII. Assessment Tasks:

No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment
1	Quiz1	5	5	5%
2	Oral test	10	5	5%
3	Mid Exam (theoretical)	7	30	30%
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	60	60%
5	Total		100	100%

VIII. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- Kreitner. 2002. Foundations of Management: Basics and Best Practices. Robert New York: Thompson
- 2- Robbins and Coulter. 2002. Management, 7th Edition. Prentice and Hall International Inc.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1. Robbin, S.P.2002. Management Concepts and Practice. Prentice-Hall Inc.New Jersey
- 2. Shonell, S.M. and Kaluzzy, A.D. 2000. Health Care Management: A Text in Organizational Theory and Behavior. John Wiley and Sons, New Jersey, 4nd. Ed.

3- Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1. http://www.aetna.com/faqs-health-insurance/health-care-professionals-pharmacy-mgt-program-faqs.html
- 2. http://www.chemistanddruggistjobs.co.uk/jobs/pharmacy-manager/

IX. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)





The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook Class Attendance: 1 • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course. (Tardy): 2 Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed. (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): 3 Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so. (Assignments and Projects): 4 The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.





	(Cheating):
5	• Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc.
	Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero
	• Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one.
	 If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued
	for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
	(Plagiarism):
6	"To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own".
	 Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments.
	• If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
	(Other policies):
7	• Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.
	• Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings.
	Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Physiology I

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:					
1	Course Title:	Physio	logy I			
2	Course Number and Code:	B1121	4			
			C	.H		Total
3	Credit hours:	Th. Pr. Th. Pr. T			Th.	
3	Credit nours.	2 1	3			
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	First semester/ Secondyear				
5	Pre –requisite :	Human	Anatom	у		
6	Co –requisite :	NA				
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:	None				
8	Language of teaching the course:	English/ Arabic				
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Sadeq Abdulmogny				
10	Approved By:					

II. Course Description:

This introductory physiology course introduces basics concepts in physiology of human body. The course familiarizes students with basic definitions and principles related to physiology. This course helps students to understand body fluid and cellular physiology including the functions of cell components. The course gives an overview on the physiology of autonomic nervous system, structure of nerve, and compositions of blood.

III. ILOs: At the end of this course students must be able to:

- 1. Recognize the basic concepts of the physiology
- 2. List the functions of the different organelles in the human cell, and describe the transport system across the cell membranes.
- 3. Describe the body fluids, compartments, composition and function of blood.
- 4. Define basal metabolism, metabolic rate and factors affecting it, and homeostasis
- 5. Distinguish between physiological and pathological performance of body cells.
- 6. Integrate physiology with other sciences.

b2: Integrate physiology with other sciences.

(C)Professional and Practical Skills.

temperature.





- 7. Reform hematological analysis related to units.
- 8. Demonstrate the general body composition and function.
- 9. Choose and classify data obtained from physiological experiments.
- 10. Present clearly and effectively scientific topic in a tutorial, a staff meeting or the yearly scientific day
- 11. Communicate effectively with students by discussing results obtained from experimental physiological lab.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teach Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Under		
Methods:	TStanding to Teaching a	ma Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding.	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.
At the end of this course students must be able to:		
a1: Recognize the basic concepts of the physiology		Written examinations and
a2: List the functions of the different organelles in the		Quizzes.
human cell, and describe the transport system across		
the cell membranes.	Lectures	
a3: Describe the body fluids, compartments,		
composition and function of blood.		
a 4: Define basal metabolism, metabolic rate and		
factors affecting it, and homeostasis		
(B)Intellectual Skills:		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Methods:	Feaching Methods and A	Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills.	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
intenectual Skins.	to be used	Wethous
At the end of this course students must be able to:	Lecturesand	Written
b1: Distinguish between physiological and	interactive class discussions.	examinations and Quizzes.
pathological performance of body cells.		





Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
At the end of this course students must be able to:	Lectures and	Written
c1: Reform hematological analysis related to units.	Problem solving	examinations and Quizzes
c2: Demonstrate the general body composition and		
function.		
c3: Choose and classify data obtained from		
physiological experiments.		

(D)General/Transferable Skills:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable skills to Teaching and Assessment Methods.

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
At the end of this course students must be able to: d1: Present clearly and effectively scientific topic in a tutorial, a staff meeting or the yearly scientific day	Presentation and discussion	Written exams and performance based on presentation
d2: Communicate effectively with students by discussing results obtained from experimental physiological lab.		

V. Course Contents

1. Course topics and sub-topics (theoretical and practical) with contact hours and alignment to CILOs

Topics/Units of Course Contents





First	: Theoretical Aspects				
No.	Course Topics/Units	Sub-topics	No. of Weeks	Contact Hours	CILOs
1	1-Physiology of the cell. 2-Transport across the cell membrane.	Cell compositions Cell membrane Cytoplasmic organelles Nucleus Movements of molecules across membranes Mechanism of particles and water diffusion across cell membrane	2	4	a1, a2
2	1-Body fluids, composition, distribution, general functions. 2-Osmosis, tonicity and water balance	Body fluid importance Body fluid compartments Intracellular fluid (ICF) Extracellular fluid (ECF)	2	4	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2
3	1-Composition and functions of the blood.2- RBCs, Formation and general functions.	Blood Composition of blood: Plasma Blood elements Red blood corpuscles Most common types of normal and abnormal hemoglobin Anemia: Types of anemia RBCs functions	2	4	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2
4	Midterm		1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4 b1, b2





5	1- WBCs: structures, classifications and functions2- Hemostasis and its disorders	White blood cells Types of leucocytes White blood cells functions Platelets Hemostasis and WBCs disorders	2	4	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2
6	 1- Nerve fibers, structures, classifications, functions and properties of nerves. 2- Resting membrane potentials, action potentials and factors affecting them. 3- Conduction of nerve impulse, neuromuscular transmission. 	The neuron (Nerve cell) neuron classification, structure and function Resting and action potential Myelin sheath Neuroglia or glial cells General functions of neuroglia Types of neuroglia cells	3	6	a1, a2, b1, b2, c1, c2, d2
7	1-Autonomic nervous system, origin, organization, distribution. 1-Autonomic ganglia, chemical transmitters and functions of ANS.	Autonomic (involuntary or visceral) nervous system(ANS) Types of autonomic nervous system	2	4	a1, a2, b1, b2, c1, d2
8	Final exam		1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4 b1, b2
	Total number of weeks	s and hours	16	32	

2. Practical/Tutorial/Clinical Aspects

Write up practical/tutorial/clinical topics





No.	Practical/Tutorial/Clinical topics	No. of Weeks	Contact Hours	CILOs
1	Separation of the blood	1	2	a1, a2,a3, a4 b1, b2, c1, d1, d2
2	Measurement of the hemoglobin.	1	2	a1, a2,a3, a4 b1, b2, c1, d1, d2
3	Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR)	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, c1, c2,c3,
4	The hematocrit (H)	1	2	a1, a2, b1, c1, c2
5	Bleeding time and Clotting time	1	2	a1, a2, b1, b2, c1, c2, c3, d1- d2
6	Blood groups	1	2	a1, b1, b2, c1, c2, c3, d1-d2
7	The white blood cells	1	2	a1, a2, b1, c1, c2, c3, d1-d2
•	Total number of weeks and hours	7	14	

		VI. Assignments and projects:			
no	О	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1		Assignment	a1-a4, b1-b2, d1- d2	9	5





V	VIII. Learning Assessment:				
No.	Assessment Tasks	Week due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned CILOs
1	Assignments	9	5	5%	a1-a4, b1-b2, d1- d2
2	Quiz Homework	4	5	5%	a1, a2
3	Midterm Exam	7	10	10%	a1, a2, b1, b2,
4	Practical Report	ALL	10	10%	a1, a2, b1, b2
5	Final Exam Practical	14	20	20%	d1. d2
6	Final Exam Theory	16	50	50%	a1, a2, b1, b2
	Total		100	100%	

VII. Teaching Strategies

The methodologies and teaching and learning strategies that can be used:

- 1 Lectures
- 2 Discussions (Seminars)

IX. Learning Resources:

(Author, (Year), Book Title, Edition, Publisher, Country of publishing)

Textbooks-not more than 2

- 1- Text book of medical physiology, Guyton and Hall, 12th Ed 2010, MississippiMedical Center, Jackson, Mississippi, USA
- 2- Essentials of Human Physiology for Pharmacy, Laurie Kelly first Ed. 2005, CRC Press, Pharmacy Education series

Essential References-not less than 4





- 1- Textbook: Human Physiology, 13th Ed. Stuart Ira Fox
- 2- Anatomy and Physiology, Fifth Ed. Thibodeahandpatton 1999.
- 3- A–Z of Haematology first Ed. Barbara J. Bain and Rajeev Gupta, Blackwell Publishing Ltd. London 2003.
- 4- Textbook of Anatomy and Physiology. William Arnould-Taylor and Nelson Thornes, 1998)
- 5- Human Anatomy and Physiology 13th Ed. David Shier 2012

Electronic Materials and Web Sites

- 1. www.csun.edu/science/biology/anatomy/anatomy.html
- 2. www.cliffsnotes.com
- 3. www.innerbody.com
- 4. www.anatomyandphysiology.com/
- 5. www.mhhe.com/biosci2/anatomyrevealed
- 6. www.le.ac.uk/pa/teach/va/anatomy

X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.

(Tardy):

1

Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.





	(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):
3	• Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes
	from the begging of the exam.
	• Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed.
	If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will
	be eligible to take the exam as first attempt.
	• If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated
	 exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of
	examination.
	• In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and
	student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum
	 mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be
	considered as failed if he did so.
	(Assignments and Projects):
4	The students have to submit the assignment or project on time.
	• In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer
	before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	(Cheating):Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying
	from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib
	notes, pagers or cell phones) etc.
	Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero
	• Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed
	in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be
	considered as failed in that course and the previous one.
	• If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for
	a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice. (Plagiarism):
6	"To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own".
	Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments.
	• If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full
	academic year (Other policies):
7	Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class
	during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.
	• Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings.
	Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.









Second year: second semester





Course Specification of Analytical ChemistryII

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:						
1	Course Title:	Analyti	cal Chem	istryII			
2	Course Number and Code:	B11225					
			C	LH		Total	
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total	
3	5 Clean nours.		1			3	
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	is Second semester/Second year					
5	Pre –requisite :	Analyti	cal Chem	istry I			
6	Co –requisite :						
7	7 Program (s) in which the course is offered:						
8	Language of teaching the course:	English/ Arabic					
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Tawfeek Ahmed Alobaidy					
10	Approved By:						

II. Course Description:

This course will enhance the student's knowledge of the principles of analysis of pharmaceutical substances by oxidation reduction, gravimetric, precipitation, potentiometric method. Also this course coversthe principles of gas analysis and some practical method of analysis.

III. ILOs:

By the end of this course, the student should be able to:

- 1. Describe the basic principle of pharmaceutical analytical chemistry.
- 2. Recognize different method of quantitative analysis.
- 3. List the advantage and disadvantages of different method of analysis.
- 4. Explain the indicators, solvent reagent used in studied classes.
- 5. Diagram the schemes that explain different method of quantitative analysis.
- 6. Identify the concentration and yield of the pharmaceutical compounds.
- 7. Predict the oxidation number, k_{sp} of the pharmaceutical substances.
- 8. Evaluate the result of the practical part.
- 9. Operate different pharmaceutical instrument and equipment in the lab.
- 10. Perform the standardization and analysis of some studied substances.





- 11. Communicate effectively and clearly by verbal and written means.
- 12. Work effectively in team and manage the time.
- 13. Demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.
and Understanding.		
By the end of this course, the student should be able to: a1-Describe the basic principle of pharmaceutical analytical chemistry. a2- Recognize different method of quantitative analysis.	Lectures, practical sessions.	Quizzes, written exam oral exam Homework, Participation. and practical exam
a3-List the advantage and disadvantages of different method of analysis. a4- Explain the indicators, solvent reagent used in studied classes.		

(B)Intellectual Skills:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills.	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
By the end of this course, the stu should be able to: b1- Diagram the schemes that explain different method of quantitative analysis.	Lectures, Practice session, Discussions, Solving Problem methods	Oral presentation, criteria-based performance evaluation Interpretative exercises.
b2identify the concentration and yield of the pharmaceutical compounds. b3-Predict the oxidation number, k _{sp} ofthe pharmaceutical substances. (C)Professional and Practical Sk		





Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment Methods:					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inProfessional and Practical Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment			
By the end of this course, the stushould be able to: c1- Evaluate the result of the practical part.	Lectures and Group assignments, Practical session.	Practical works, And practical reports.			
c2- Operate different pharmaceutical instrument and equipment in the lab.					
c3- Perform the standardization and analysis of					

(D)General/ Transferable Skills:

some studied substances.

Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable skills to Teaching and Assessment Methods.

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
By the end of this course, the stushould be able to: d1- Communicate effectively and clearly by verbal and written means.	Small group discussions Practical classes	reports, presentations and communication with the lecturer and his colleagues.
d2- Work effectively in team and manage the time		
d3- Demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities		





V. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Redox titration:	Theory of redox reactions, strength and equivalent weights of oxidizing agents and reducing agents, redox titration curves, redox indicators, titration involving potassium permagnate, cerricsulphate potassium iodate, potassium bromate, titanous chloride, sodium 2, 6-dichlorophenol indophenol. Iodometry and iodimetry, Pharmaceutical application of redox titrations- Pharmaceutical applications	2	4	a1-3, b1-3, c1, d3
2	Potentiometry	Theoretical consideration, Measurement of potential, Instrumentation, Reference and indicator electrodes, ion selective electrodes, potentiometric titrations, location of end point, equipment, analytical application direct measurement of mean concentration, differential curve, determination of solubility product	2	4	a1, a3- 4, b2, c1, d1
3	Gravimetric Methods of analysis:	Overview of Gravimetry Types of Gravimetric Methods Conservation of Mass Why Gravimetry Is Important Precipitation Gravimetry Theory and Practice Sparingly soluble substances, Solubility product and common ion effect, factors affecting solubility,	3	6	a1-2, b1-3, c1, d2





		fractional precipitation, quantitative precipitation, condition for precipitation, contamination of precipitate-co precipitation and post precipitation, practical aspects of gravimetric analysis-precipitation, digestion, filtration, washing, drying/ignition of precipitate, introduction to thermogravimerty Quantitative Applications Qualitative Applications Volatilization Gravimetry Theory and Practice Quantitative Applications Evaluating Volatilization Gravimetry Particulate Gravimetry Theory and Practice Quantitative Applications			
4	Midterm		1	2	a1-4, b1-3, d3
5	Precipitation titration:	Theory of precipitation titration, Mohrs method, Volhard's method, Adsorption indicators.Pharmaceutical application	1	2	a1-4, b1-3, c1, d3
6	Complexometric titration:	Concepts of complexation and chelation, Werner's co-ordination number, stability of complexes, titrants, titration curves, types of complexometric titrations, methods of end point detection, metallochromic	3	6	a1-2, b1-2, c1, d1- 3





		indicators, metal ion buffer, titration selectivity - masking and demasking, Applications			
7	Gas analysis:	Principle of gas analysis, Hemple's apparatus, absorbants in gas analysis, applications — assay of oxygen, carbon dioxide, nitrous oxide.	1	2	a1-4, c1, d1- 3
8	Final exam		1	2	a1-4, b1-3, d1-3
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semester4				

b - P	b - PracticalAspect:						
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs			
1	Preparation and standardization of potassium permangnatesolution	1	2	a2, b1-3, c1-3, d1			
2	Preparation and standardization of ceric ammonium sulphatesolution	1	2	a1, b1-3, c1-3, d3			
3	Preparation and standardization of potassium iodidesolution	1	2	b1-3, c1-3,			
4	Assay of phenol	1	2	a1-4, b1-2, c1-3, d1			
5	Assay of hydrogen peroxide	1	2	a1, b1-3, c1-3, d2			
6	Preparation and standardization of ammonium thio cynate solution.	1	2	a1-4, b1-3, c1-3, d1-3			
7	Preparation and standardization of a silver nitrate solution.	1	2				
8	Assay of potassium chloride.	1	2	a1-2, b1-3, c1-3, d1			
9	Assay of sodium chloride.	1	2	b1-3, c1-3, d1-3			
10	Preparation and standardization of EDTA solution	1	2	a1, b1-2, c1-3,			
11	Assay of Calcium lactate	1	2	a1-4, b1-2, c1-3, d1-3			
12	Final exam	1	2	a1-4, b1-2, c1-4, d1-3			





Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	24	
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VI. Teaching Strategies:

Lectures using data show video animation, Practice session, Discussions, Solving Problem methods, Group assignments, Small group discussions and Practical classes.

VII. Assignments and projects:

no	Assignment CILOs Week Due		Mark	
1	- Project	a1, a3, a4b1-4, d2	5	5

VIII. Assessment Tasks:

No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Project (single\group)	2, 8	5	5%	a1, a3, a4b1-4, d2
2	Practical reports	1-9	10	10%	a1, a3, a4b1-4, c1-4, d1-d3
3	Oral Tests	5, 9	5	5%	a1, a3, b1, b2
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	a1, a2, a3-4
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	a1-4, b1-3, d1- 3
6	Final Exam (practical)	10	20	20%	a1-4, b1-2, c1- 4, d1-3
7			100	100%	

IX. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- Douglas A. Skoog, Donald M. West, F. James Holler and Stanley R. Crouch
 Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry, 2004, 8th edition, Thomson Brooks/Cole,
 Belmont, USA.
- 2- F.W. Fifield and D. Kealey, "Principles and Practice of Analytical Chemistry" Fifth Edition, 2000, Blackwell Science, London.





2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- DEAN'S Analytical Chemistry Handbook, 2004, Secondedition, McGraw-Hill Handbooks, New York, USA.
- 2- SomenathMitra, Sample Preparation Techniques in Analytical Chemistry, 2003, A John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Publication, Canada.
- 3- K. Danzer, Analytical ChemistryTheoretical and Metrological Fundamentals, 2007, Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

1-The Analytical Abstracts database (http://www.rsc.org/

CFAA/AASearchPage.cfm)

2- The Analytical Forum on ChemWeb (http://analytical.

chemweb.com/search/search.exe)

X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.

(Tardy):

1

3

Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.

(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):

- Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam.
- Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed.
- If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt.
- If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%.
- The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination.
- In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark.
- Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be





	considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the
	student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	 (Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc.
	 Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one.
	• If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Physiology II

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Pharmacy

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:					
1	Course Title:	Physiology II				
2	Course Number and Code:	B11215				
3	Credit hours:	C.H Th. Pr. Th. Pr.			Total Th.	
3	Credit nours.	2	1			3
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	Second semester/Second year				
5	Pre –requisite :	Physio	logy I			
6	Co –requisite :	NA				
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:	Medical Lab English				
8	Language of teaching the course:					
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Sadeq Abdulmogny				
10	Approved By:					

II. Course Description:

Physiology II is a continuation of Physiology I. This course examines the function relationships of the cardiovascular system, lymph and lymphatic system, introduction to respiratory system, functional anatomy of the kidneys, functions of kidneys, introduction to reproductive system, menstrual cycle, introduction to central nervous system, physiology of pain.





III. ILOs:

- 1. Describe and identify the major functions of the cardiovascular system and the physiological mechanism of ECG.
- 2. Recognize the function of each organ of the respiratory system and explain how oxygen and carbon dioxide are transported to and from the tissues of the body.
- 3. Exlain basal metabolism, metabolic rate and factors affecting it, and homeostasis
- 4. Distinguish between physiological and pathological performance of body cells.
- 5. Integrate physiology with other sciences.
- 6. Reform hematological analysis related to units.
- 7. Draw the general body composition and function.
- 8. Choose and classify data obtained from physiological experiments.
- 9. Present clearly and effectively scientific topic in a tutorial, a staff meeting or the yearly scientific day
- 10. Communicate effectively with students by discussing results obtained from experimental physiological lab.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding.	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.
a1: Describe and identify the major functions of the cardiovascular system and the physiological mechanism of ECG. a2: Recognize the function of each organ of the respiratory system and explain how oxygen and carbon dioxide are transported to and from the tissues of the body a3: Explain basal metabolism, metabolic rate and factors affecting it, and homeostasis	Lectures	Written examinations and Quizzes.
(B)Intellectual Skills:		





Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods:						
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills.	Assessment Methods					
b1: Distinguish between physiological and pathological performance of body cells.	Lecturesand interactive class discussions.	Written examinations and Quizzes.				
b2: Integrate physiology with other sciences.						

(C)Professional and Practical Skills.

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
c1: Reform hematological analysis related to units. c2: Draw the general body composition and function.	Lectures	Written examinations and Quizzes
c3: Choose and classify data obtained from physiological experiments.	Problem solving	

(D)General/ Transferable Skills:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable skills to Teaching and Assessment Methods.

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
d1: Present clearly and effectively scientific topic in a tutorial, a staff meeting or the yearly	Disscussion during seminar	Seminar assemeement
scientific day		
d2: Communicate effectively with students by		
discussing results obtained from experimental		
physiological lab		

V. Course Contetns





	Topics/Units of Course Contents					
First	: Theoretical Aspects					
No	Course Topics/Units	Sub-topics	No. of Week	Cont act Hour	CILOs	
1	 1- Introduction to cardiovascula r system 2- Heart and its properties 3- Blood pressure 	 Physiologicalanatomy, pulmonary and systemic circulation Properties of cardiac muscle, introduction to ECG. Heart sounds, cardiac cycle and cardiac output. Blood pressure and factor Determining and maintaining it. 	3	6	a1, a2, a3	
2	Lymph system	Lymph and lymphatic: formation and functions.	1	2	a1, b1, b2	
3	1- Introduction to respiratory system.	 - Mechanism of respiration and lung compliance. - Exchange and transport of gases, regulation of respiration and hypoxia. 	2	4	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2	
4	Midterm		1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1	
5	The kidney and its units	Functional anatomy of the kidneys.	2	4		





		Mechanisms of urine formation. Renal clearance and glomerular filtration rate (GFR). Regulation of acid-base balance by the kidneys.			a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2
6	Endocrine system	Introduction to endocrine system: endocrine glands and their functions.	2	4	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d2
7	Reproductive system	Introduction to reproductive: male and female reproductive system. Menstrual cycle	2	4	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1, c2, d1, d2
	Central nervous system	Introduction to central nervous system. Physiology of pain.	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2
8	Final exam		1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2
	Total number of v	weeks and hours	15	30	

Second: Practical/Tutorial/Clinical Aspects	
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Write up practical/tutorial/clinical topics

No.	Practical/Tutorial/Clinical topics	No. of Weeks	Contact Hours	CILOs
1	Puke Rate+ Respiration	1	2	a1, a2 b1, b2, c1, d1
2	Blood Pressure	1	2	a1, a2 b1, b2, c2, c3, d1, d2
3	Measurement of temperatare + hearing	1	2	a1, a2, b1, b2, c1, c2, c3
4	Blood Glucose Test	1	2	a1, a2, b1, b2, c1,





				c2, c3
5	Vision.	1	2	a1, a2, b1, b2, c1, c2, c3
6	ECG	1	2	a1, b1, b2, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2

,	VI. Teaching Strategies							
	The methodologies and teaching and learning strategies that can be used: 1 - Lectures							
2	-Discussions(Seminars)							
7	Enzyme	1	2	a1, a2, b1, c1, c2, d1, d2				
8	Bile Juice	1	2	a1, a2, b1, c1, c2, d1, d2				
9	Final Exam	1	2	a1, a2, b1, c1-c3, d1, d2				
	Total number of weeks and hours	9	18					

V	VII. Assignments and projects:					
no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark		
1	Assignment	a1-a3, b1-b3, d1- d2	9	5		

VIII. Learning Assessment:





No.	Assessment Tasks	Week due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned CILOs
1	Assignments	3, 6, 8,	5	5%	a1-a3, b1-b3, d1- d2
2	Midterm Exam Quizzes and Homework	7	10	15%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2
3	Practical Reports	All	10	10%	c1-c3, d1, d2
4	Final Exam Practical	14	20	20%	c1-c, 3d1. d2
5	Final Exam Theory	16	50	50%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2
Total			100	100%	

IX. Learning Resources:

(Author, (Year), Book Title, Edition, Publisher, Country of publishing)

Textbooks-not more than 2

- 1- Text book of medical physiology, Guyton and Hall, 12th Ed 2010, MississippiMedical Center, Jackson, Mississippi, USA
- 2- Essentials of Human Physiology for Pharmacy, Laurie Kelly first Ed. 2005, CRC Press, Pharmacy Education series

Essential References-not less than 4

- 1- Textbook: Human Physiology, 13th Ed. Stuart Ira Fox
- 2- Anatomy and Physiology, Fifth Ed. Thibodeahandpatton 1999.
- 3- A–Z of Haematology first Ed. Barbara J. Bain and Rajeev Gupta, Blackwell Publishing Ltd. London 2003.
- 4- Textbook of Anatomy and Physiology. William Arnould-Taylor and Nelson Thornes, 1998)
- 5- Human Anatomy and Physiology 13th Ed. David Shier 2012

Electronic Materials and Web Sites

- 1. www.csun.edu/science/biology/anatomy/anatomy.html
- 2. www.cliffsnotes.com
- 3. www.innerbody.com





- 4. www.anatomyandphysiology.com/
- 5. www.mhhe.com/biosci2/anatomyrevealed
- 6. www.le.ac.uk/pa/teach/va/anatomy

-					
2	X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)				
The	University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al- Nasser University student's regulations handbook				
1	Class Attendance: • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.				
2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.				
3	 (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so. 				
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project. 				
5	 (Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. 				

Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero





	 Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Histology

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

I. General Information:							
1	Course Title:	Histolo	gy				
2	Course Number and Code:	B11244					
			С.Н				
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total	
3		2	1			3	
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	Second Semester/Second Year					
5	Pre –requisite :	Human Anatomy					
6	Co –requisite :						
7	7 Program (s) in which the course is offered:		None				
8	Language of teaching the course:	English/Arabic					
9	Prepared By:	Ammar Saleh Omar					
10	Approved By:			•			

II. Course Description:

This course introduces the student to the structure of the human body and its relationship to function. Following an introduction to basic human histology, the course uses a systemic approach to the study of human anatomy.





III. ILOs:

after participation in this course student must be able to:

- 1. Describe normal histological structure of various systems
- 2. Illustrate the distinguishing structural features of organs, regions and cell types present in each system and relate the structural variations to differences in organ function.
- 3. Identify pathology of cells, tissues and organs based on enough knowledge of their normal structure.
- 4. Correlate between histological structure and function of different organs of all studied systems.
- 5. Differentiate between different organs in histological slide seen under the microscope.
- 6. Predict the functional deficit that can arise from certain structural disorders of an organ or tissue element.
- 7. Compare between the blood supply of some organs and their structure and specialized functions.
- 8. Draw and label histological slides seen during the course.
- 9. Show the appropriate responsibility, self-confidence, and ethical attitudes and behaviors.
- 10. Communicate clearly with patients and other health care professionals by verbal and written means.
- 11. Implement writing and presentation skills and demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities and long life learning.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Wellous.		
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding.	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.
after participation in this course student must be able to: a1 Describe normal histological structure of various systems.	Lectures using data show, video animation and seminars	Exam, short answers and homework.
a2 Illustrate the distinguishing structural features of organs, regions and cell types present in each system and relate the structural variations to differences in organ function.		
a3 Identify pathology of cells, tissues and organs based on enough knowledge of their normal structure.		
(B)Intellectual Skills:		





Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Methods:	Skills to Teaching M	Methods and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills.	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
after participation in this course student must be able to: b1 Correlate between histological structure and function of different organs of all studied systems. b2 Differentiate between different organs in	Lectures, Practice session, Discussions, andCases study.	Oral presentation, criteria-based performance evaluation Interpretative exercises.
histological slide seen under the microscope.		
b3 Predict the functional deficit that can arise from certain structural disorders of an organ or tissue element. b4 Compare between the blood supply of some organs and their structure and specialized functions.		
(C)Professional and Practical Skills.		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional a Methods:	and Practical Skillsto T	Ceaching and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
after participation in this course student must be able to: c1 Draw and label histological slides seen during the course.	Lectures, Laboratory work, directed reading, independent study and Group assignments.	Practical works, practical reports and presentations based on their experimental work.
(D)General/ Transferable Skills:		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Methods.	Transferable skills to	Teaching and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
after participation in this course student must be able to: d1-Show the appropriate responsibility, self-confidence, and ethical attitudes and behaviors.	 Small group discussions Tutorials Practical classes Micro 	reports, presentations and communication with the lecturer and his colleagues.
d2-Communicate clearly with patients and other health care professionals by verbal and written means. d3-Implement writing and presentation skills and demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities and long life learning.	assignments	





V. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

a – Theoretical Aspect.						
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs	
1	Microscopy and Microtechniques		1	2	a1, b2, b3, b4, c1, c4	
2	Epithelial tissue	Simple epithelium Stratified epithelium Glandular epithelium Neuroepithelium	2	4	a1, a2, b2, b3, b4, c1, a2, c3	
3	Connective tissue	Connective tissue proper Cartilage Bone	2	4	a1, a2, b2, b3, b4, c1	
4	Blood	Granular leukocyte Non granular leukocyte Platelet Heamopoiesis	1	2	a1, a2, b2, b3, b4, c1	
5	Mild term exam		1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, b4, c1, d1, d2, d3	
6	Muscular tissue	Skeletal muscle Cardiac muscle Smooth muscle	1	2	a1, a2, b2, b3, b4, c1	
7	Nervous tissue	Neuron Peripheral nervous system	1	2	a1, a2, b2, b3, b4, c1	
8	Circulatory system	The blood vessels	1	2	a1, a2, b2, b3, b4, c1	
9	Lymphatic and macrophage system	Lymphatic vessels Lymph node The spleen The tonsils	1	2	a1, a2, b2, b3, b4, c1	





		The thymus The macrophage system			
10	Integumentary system	Skin Thick skin Thin skin Skin appendages	1	2	a1, a2, b2, b3, b4, c1
11	Revision		1	2	a1, a2, a3, b2, b3, b4, c1, d3,
12	Final exam		1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, b4, c1, d1, d2, d3
Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester			28		

b - Practical Aspect:

Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Microscopy and Microtechniques	1	2	a1, ,b2,b3,c1,c2,c3,
2	Epithelial tissue	1	2	a1,a2,,b2,b3,c1,c2,c3
3	Connective tissue	1	2	a1,a2,,b2,b3,c1,c2,c3
4	Blood	1	2	a1,a2,,b2,b3,c1,c2,c3
5	Muscular tissue	1	2	a1,a2,,b2,b3,c1,c2,c3
6	Nervous tissue	1	2	a1,a2,,b2,b3,c1,c2,c3
7	Circulatory system	1	2	a1,a2,,b2,b3,c1,c2,c3
8	Lymphatic and macrophage system	1	2	a1,a2,,b2,b3,c1,c2,c3
9	Integumentary system	1	2	a1,a2,,b2,b3,c1,c2,c3
10	Revision	1	2	a1,a2,a3,,b2,b3,c1,c2,c3,d3,
11	Final exam	1	2	a1,a2,a3,,b2,b3,c1,c2,c3,d3,
Number of Weeks /and Units Per Semester			22	

VI. Teaching Strategies:

Lectures using data show, video animation and seminars Solving Problem method, Laboratory work, directed reading, independent study and discussion

VII. Assignments and projects:

no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	Assignment	a1-a3, b1-b4, d1-	9	5





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	us	

I	IX. Assessment Tasks:							
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes			
1	Exercises & Home works	3	2.5	2.5%	a1,a2,,b2,b3,c3,			
2	Project (single\group)	4	2.5	2.5%	a1,a2,,b2,b3,c3,d1,d3,			
3	Practical reports	1-10	10	10%	a1,a2,,b2,b3,c1,c2,c3			
4	Mid Exam	8	15	15%	a1,a2,a3,,b1,b2,b3,d1,d2,d3,			
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	a1,,a2,,b1,b2,.b3.c1.c2.c3			
6	Final Exam (practical)	11	20	20%	a1,,a2,,b1,b2,.b3.c1.c2.c3			
7			100	100%				

VIII. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- -Histology and cell biology for medical students part 1 and part 2, 2013 staff members of histology department faculty of medicine Cairo university.
- 2- Anthony Mescher 2013. Basic Histology: Text and Atlas, Thirteenth Edition: 9780071780339, 2013.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Functional histology
- 2- Histological techniques

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

1- www.histology.com

IX. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook





1	Class Attendance: • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.
2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.
3	 (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	 (Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for





	a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
_	(Plagiarism):
6	"To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own".
	 Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments.
	• If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
	(Other policies):
7	• Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class
	during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.
	• Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings.
	Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry IV

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

IV. General Information:							
1	Course Title:	Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry IV					
2	Course Number and Code:	B11334					
			C	LH		Total	
3	Credit hours: 2	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total	
3		2				2	
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	s Second semester/Third year					
5	Pre –requisite :	Pharma	ceutical C	Organic C	hemistry I	II	
6	Co –requisite :						
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:		None				
8	Language of teaching the course:		English/Arabic				
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Tawfeek Ahmed Alobaidy					
10	Approved By:		•	•			

I. Course Description:

This course deal with the study of introduction to, Spectrochemical methods, Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR), Chromatography. Also it covers some experiments for quantitative and qualitative determination of some pharmaceutical substances.

I. ILOs:

At the end of this course the student should be able:

- 1. Recognize the basic principles of instrumental
- 2. Explain physical, spectroscopic and chromatographic method of analysis.
- 3. Illustrate instrumentation and interpretation of spectra obtained from different method.
- 4. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of all types of analysis.
- 5. Identify the pharmaceutical application of different method of analysis.
- 6. Predict the qualitative and quantitative approach of each method of analysis.





Participation.

- Practice some quantitative determination of pharmaceutical substances.
- 8. Perform some qualitative determination of pharmaceutical substances.
- Operate different equipment and instruments.
- 10. Manage and organize the time.
- 11. Use properly and safely the organic compounds and new tools in the laboratories.
- 12. Work independently or as a team.
- 13. Acquire an ethical attitude and approach.

II. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods: Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods: Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) Teaching strategies to Assessment Methods. in Knowledge and Understanding. be used. At the end of this course the student should be Lectures using data MCQ show video animation Oral Exam, able: Quizzes, exam, short a1- Recognize the basic principles of answers instrumental , Homework and a2-Explain physical, spectroscopic

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills.	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
At the end of this course the student should be able: b1- Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of all types of analysis.	Lectures, Practice session, Discussions, Solving Problem methods	Oral presentation, criteria-based performance evaluation Interpretative
b2-Identify the pharmaceutical application of different method of analysis. b3-Predict the qualitative and quantitative approach of each method of analysis		exercises.

(C)Professional and Practical Skills.

and chromatographic method of analysis. a3-Illustrateinstrumentation and interpretation of spectra obtained from different method.

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment Methods:





Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
At the end of this course the student should be able: c1-Practice some quantitative determination of pharmaceutical substances.	Lectures and Group assignments.	Practical works, And practical reports.
c2-Perform some qualitative determination of pharmaceutical substances.		
c3-Operate different equipment and instruments. (D)General/ Transferable Skills:		

Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable skills to Teaching and Assessment Methods.

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
At the end of this course the student should be able: d1-Manage and organize the time. d2-Use properly and safely the organic compounds	Small group discussions Practical classes	Reports, presentations and communication with the lecturer
and new tools in the laboratories. d3-Work independently or as a team.		and his colleagues.
d4-Acquire an ethical attitude and approach.		

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

$a-Theoretical\ Aspect:$

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Principles of Spectroscopy	 Spectroscopy and Electromagnetic Radiations Characteristics of Electromagnetic Radiations Electromagnetic Spectrum Absorption and Emission Spectra Hydrogen index deficiency 	1	2	a1-a3,b1- b3,c1-3, d1-d4
2	Infrared Spectroscopy	 Introduction Instrumentation Sample Handling Theory (Origin) of Infrared Spectroscopy Number of Fundamental Vibrations Factors Affecting Vibrational Frequencies Characteristic Absorptions in Common Classes of Compounds Fingerprint Region 	3	4	a1-a3,b1- b3,c1-3, d1-d4





		Applications of Infrared			
		Spectroscopy Interpretation of Infrared Spectra			
		➤ Some Solved Problems			
3	¹ H NMR Spectroscopy	 Introduction Theory Instrumentation Sample Handling Shielding, Deshielding and Chemical Shift Measurement of Chemical Shift: NMR Scale Factors Affecting chemical Shift Number of PMR Signals: Equivalent and Nonequivalent Protons Peak Area and Proton counting Spin-Spin Splitting: Spin-Spin coupling coupling constant (J) Analysis (Interpretation) of NMR Spectra Nomenclature of Spin Systems Magnetic Equivalence Spin-Spin coupling of Protons with Other Nuclei Protons on Heteroatoms: Proton Exchange Reactions Simplification of complex NMR Spectra Applications of PMR Spectroscopy continuous Wave (eW) and Fourier Transform (FT) NMR Spectroscopy Some Solved NMR Problems Some Solved NMR Problems 	3	6	a1-a3,b1- b3,c1-3, d1-d4
4	١	Midterm Exam	1	2	a1-a3,b1- b3,c1-3, d1-d4
5	Midterm Exam Introduction and Theory		1	2	a1-a3,b1- b3,d1-d4





6	Visible and Ultraviolet Spectroscopy	 Introduction Absorption Laws and Molar Absorptivity Instrumentation Sample Handling Theory (Origin) of UV- Visible Spectroscopy Electronic Transitions Formation of Absorption Bands Designation of Absorption Bands Transition Probability: Allowed and Forbidden Transitions Certain Terms Used in Electronic Spectroscopy: Definitions Conjugated Systemsand Transition Energies Solvent Effects Woodward-Fieser Rules for Calculating λ_{max} in Conjugated Dienes and Trienes Polyenes and Poly-ynes Woodward- Fieser Rules for Calculating λ_{max} in a,β-Unsaturated Carbonyl Compounds Some Solved Problems 	2	4	a1-a3,b1- b3,c1-3, d1-d4
7	Mass Spectrometry	 Introduction Ionization Methods Molecular and Fragment Ions Instrumentation Double Focusing Mass Spectrometers Mass Spectrum and the Base Peak Recognition of the Molecular Ion (Parent) Peak and Detection of Isotopes Confirmation of the Recognized Molecular Ion Peak Multiply Charged Ions Metastable Ions or Peaks Applications of Mass Spectroscopy Representation of Fragmentation Processes Factors Governing General Fragmentation Processes Examples of General Fragmentation Modes Fragmentation Modes of Various Classes of Organic Compounds Some Solved Problems 	2	4	a1-a3,b1- b3,c1-3, d1-d4
8	Final exam		1	2	a1-a3,b1- b3,c1-3, d1-d4





Number of Weeks/and Units Per semester

28

II. Teaching Strategies:

Lectures using data show video animation, Practice session, Discussions, Solving Problem methods, Group assignments, Small group discussions and Practical classes.

IJ	II. Assignments and projects:			
no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	- Project	a1-4, b1-5, d1- d4	5	5

I	IV. Assessment Tasks:								
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes				
1	Project (single\group)	2, 8	5	5%	a1-a3, b1-b3, d1-d4				
2	Oral Tests	5, 9	5	5%	a1, a2, a3, c1-3				
3	Written Test (1)	7	20	20%	a1, a3, b1, b3,				
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	70	70%	a1-3, b1-3, d1- d4				
5	Total		100	100%					

V. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- Louis D. Quin, John A. Tyrell, Fundamentals of Heterocyclic Chemistry, 2010, John Wiley and Sons, Inc. Hoboken, New Jersey.
- 2- R. T. Morrison and R. N. Boyd, Organic Chemistry, 2002, 6th edition, Pearson Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1. John McMurry." Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry " 2011, Seventh Edition, Brooks/Cole 20 Davis Drive, Belmont.
- 2. Jerry and March, Advanced Organic Chemistry; reaction, mechanism and structure, 2007, 6th edition, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey

1-www.orgsyn.org





	3.	Janice Gorzynski Smith." Organic Chemistry", 2011, Third Edition, McGraw-Hill,
		a business unit of The McGraw-Hill Companies, New York.
3-Ele	ectronic	Materials and Web Sites etc.

	University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al
THE	University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al- Nasser University student's regulations handbook
1	Class Attendance: • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.
2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.
3	 (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so. (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer





5	 (Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Pharmaceutics II

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:					
1	Course Title:	Pharma	ceutics II			
2	Course Number and Code:	B1125	4			
			C	C.H		Total
3	Credit hours: 3 hrs.	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
		2	1			3
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	Second semester/Second year				
5	Pre –requisite :	Physic	al Pharma	acy		
6	Co –requisite :					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:					
8	Language of teaching the course:	English	/Arabic			
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Mohammed Addoais & Dr. Abdulkarim Alzomor				
10	Approved By:		•			

II. Course Description:

This course is designed to provide students with a detailed knowledge and understanding of pre-formulation concepts, design and formulation of a different pharmaceutical liquiddosage forms. Students will be given thorough knowledge on liquid dosage forms like solution, suspension and emulsion.





III. ILOs: at end of the course students will be to:

- **1.** Mention the types of solution.
- **2.** List the factors that affect pre-formulation of dosage forms.
- 3. Illustrate the common solvents used for solution preparation
- 4. Compare between flocculated and deflocculated suspension
- 5. Differentiate between stable and unstable emulsion
- **6.** Design stable emulsion and suspension
- 7. Formulate good and stable liquid dosage forms.
- **8.** Prepare good liquid dosage forms
- **9.** Perform quality control for liquid dosage form
- **10.** Choose the suitable emulsifying agent.
- 11. Solve instability problems occur during formulation
- **12.** Work effectively in a team.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

wiethous.		
(A) Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding. At end of the course students will be to:	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.
a1-Mention the types of solution.	Lectures using data show	Written exam Quiz
a2-list the factors that affect preformulation of dosage forms.	Video animation and seminars	
a3-Illustrate the common solvents used for solution preparation	and seminars	

(B)Intellectual Skills:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At end of the course students will be to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
b1- Compare between flocculated and deflocculated suspension	Seminars Directed	Oral exam Presentation
b2-Differentiate between stable and unstable emulsion	reading, Independent	Written exam
b3- Design stable emulsion and suspension	study Group	
b4- Formulate good and stable liquid dosage forms.	Discussion	
(C)Professional and Practical Skills.		





Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment Methods:							
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills At end of the course students will be to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment					
c1-Prepare good liquid dosage forms c2- Perform quality control for liquid dosage form c3- Choose the suitable emulsifying agent. c4 Solve instability problemsoccur during formulation	Laboratory work Directed reading, Independent study Group Discussion	Presentation Practical reports					
(D)General/ Transferable Skills:							
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable Methods.	skills to Teaching	g and Assessment					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills At end of the course students will be to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment					
d1-Work effectively in a team	Group discussion Directed reading, Independent study	Presentation					

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- 1 Course Topics/Items:
 - a Theoretical Aspect:

No	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Numb er of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Pre- formulation studies	 Study of physical properties of drug and its effect on formulation like Physical form Particle size Shape Densityand angle of repose Wetting Dielectric constant Solubility Dissolution Organoleptic properties Excipients compatibility Selection of solvent 	3	6	a2, c, b4, d1





		Common solvents used	in pharma	cy.			
2	Solution	 Introduction Classification of pharma Aqueous solution Non aqueous solution Formulation (vehicles unadditives) Isotonicity Stability of solution Manufacture of solution 	ised and	lution	5	10	a1, a2, c1, c, c3, d1
		Midterm exa	am		1	2	a1, a2, b1
3	Suspension	 Advantages and disadvantages and disadvantages are placed suspension Types of suspensions Formulation of suspens Difference between Floodeflocculation. Factors affecting sedim suspension. Formulation of various suspensions. flocculating age Viscosity modifier Formulation add Stability testing of suspensions. 	tion of ion occulation, entation rat types of ents iers litives	te of	3	6	a3, b, b4, c, c2, c3, d1
4	Emulsion	 Emulsion types Emulsion uses Identification of emulsion type Emulsion formulation Choice of emulsion type, and oil phase Emulsion consistency Choice of emulsifying agent Preparation of emulsion Classification of emulsifying agents Stability of emulsion Stability testing of emulsion 			2	4	b2, b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
5		Final exam			1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b3, b4
Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester 15 30							
b -	PracticalAspect:						
Orde	er Prac	tical Experiment	Number	Contact	t	C-IL(Os





		of weeks	hours	
1	Weights and measures, Containers, closures and Labeling	1	2	b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
2	Preparation Lugol's solution/ Potassium permanganate 0.2%	1	2	b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
3	Preparation Paracetamol elixir	1	2	b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
4	Preparation sodium bicarbonateEar drops/ chloramphenicol eye drops	1	2	b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
5	Midterm exam	1	2	b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
6	Preparation Simple syrup/ cough syrup	1	2	b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
7	Starch mucilage.	1	2	b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
8	Preparation of Calamine lotion	1	2	b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
9	Preparation of chloramphenicol suspension	1	2	b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
10	Preparation of mineral oil emulsion/ Liquid paraffin emulsion.	1	2	b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
11	Preparation Castor oil emulsion/ Cod liver oil emulsion.	1	2	b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
12	Final exam	1	2	b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semeste	r	24	

VI. Teaching Strategies:

- Lectures using data show
- Video animation and seminars
- Laboratory work
- Directed reading
- Independent study
- Group Discussion

V]	II. Assignments and projects:			
no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	Assignment	b1, b2, b3, b4, d1	9	5

VI	II. Assessment Tasks:				
No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Assignment	9	5	5%	b1, b2, b3, b4, d1
2	Practical Reports	7	10	10%	b1, b2, b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
3	Quizzes	2, 5, 12	5	5%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b3,





					b4
4	Written Test (midterm exam)	8	10	10%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b3, b4
5	Final Exam (practical)	14	20	20%	b1, b2, b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
6	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	50	50%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
	Total		100	100%	

IX. Learning	Resources:
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1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. Michael E. Aulton, FAAPS, Kevin M.G.(2007). Aulton's Pharmaceutics: The Design and Manufacture of Medicines, Third ed. Elsevier. London, UK.
- 2. Remington (2005). The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, 2first Edition, Williams and Wilkins. Maryland, USA.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

2. Ansel and Loyd Allen (2013). Ansel's Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms and Drug Delivery Systems. 10thedition., Williams and Wilkins. Maryland, USA.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

1-www.go.jblearning.com/basicphysicalpharmacy

X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.

(Tardy):

1

3

Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.

(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):

- Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam.
 - Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed.





	 If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	(Assignments and Projects):
+	 The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer
	before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the
	student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	 Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





توصيف مقرر (علم نفس)

الجامعة: الناصر

الكلية: العلوم الطبية

القسم: صيدلة

البرنامج: صيدلة

	I. General Information: معلومات عامة					
1	اسم المقرر :Course Title			علم نفس		
2	رمز ورقم المقرر :Course Number and Code	B11112				
3	الساعات المعتمدة: Credit hours:	نظر <i>ي</i> 2	ć C.H عملي -	س. ه تطبیق -	تدریب -	الاجمالي
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered: الفصل /المستوى الدراسي الذي يدرس فيه المقرر			الاول	ر/ المستوى	الفصل الاول
5	المقررات السابقة: Pre –requisite					
6	المقررات المصاحبة: Co –requisite					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered: البرامج التي يدرس فيها المقرر	المختبرات				
8	Language of teaching the course: لغة تدريس	اللغة العربية				
9	Prepared By: اعداد	حسن و هبان	د. علی			
10	Approved By: تم اقراره من					

وصف المقرر: II. Course Description

يقدم المقرر اطلالة عامة على ابرز موضوعات علم النفس من خلال التعريف بعلم النفس وميادينه ومدارسه واهدافه كما يتناول المقرر الشخصية ومحددات السلوك الانساني والدافعية والاحساس والانتباه والادراك البشري واخيرا يتطرق المقرر لموضوعات الذاكرة والنسيان.

مخرجات تعلم المقرر:III.ILOs

بعد الانتهاء من المقرر سيكون الطالب قادرا على ان:

- 1. يصف مفاهيم واهداف وميادين ومدارس علم النفس
 - ٢. يعرف مفاهيم وانواع الذاكرة والذكاء
 - ٣. يشرح أنماط الشخصية الانسانية
- ٤. يقارن بين محددات السلوك الانساني البيولوجية منها والبيئية
 - ٥. يحلل اهمية وانواع الدوافع البشرية
 - يفرق بين كل من الاحساس والانتباه والادراك





- ٧. يطور قدراته الذاتية من خلال استخدام مصادر التعلم المختلفة ومنها الانترنت.
 - ٨. يعرض أفكاره ويتواصل مع الآخرين بوضوح كتابة أو شفهيا.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods: تسكين المخرجات مع طرق التدريس والتقييم

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods: تسكين مخرجات المعرفة والفهم مع طرق التدريس والتقييم

Course Intended Learning	Teaching strategies to	طرق التقييم.Assessment Methods
Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge	be used. طرق التدريس	
and Understanding.		
مخرجات المعرفة والفهم		
بعد الانتهاء من المقرر سيكون الطالب قادرا	المحاضرات والنقاش	الاختبارات الشهرية والنصفية
على ان:		الاسئلة الصفية
a1-يصف مفاهيم واهداف وميادينومدارس علم		والتكاليف الورقية
النفس		
a2- يعُرف مفاهيم وانواع الذاكرة والذكاء		
a3-يشرح أنماط الشخصية الانسانية		

(B)Intellectual Skills: المهارات الذهنية

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods: تسكين مخرجات المهارات الذهنية مع طرق التدريس والتقييم

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. مخرجات المقرر في المهارات الذهنية	Teaching strategies to be used استراتیجیات التدریس	طرق التقييم Assessment Methods
بعد الانتهاء من المقرر سيكون الطالب قادرا على ان: b1-يقارن بين محددات السلوك الانساني البيولوجية منها والبيئية b2- يحلل اهمية وانواع الدوافع البشرية	الإلقاء والحوار والنقاش تحليل المواقف في التجارب الحياتية عروض الباوربينت	الاختبارات الشهرية والنصفية الاسئلة الصفية عروض الباوربينت والتكاليف الورقية اختبارات نهاية الفصل الدراسي

المهارات المهنية والعملية. (C)Professional and Practical Skills

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills مخرجات القرر في المهارات المهنية والعملية	Teaching strategies to be usedساستر اتيجيات التدريس	طرق Methods of assessment التقييم
بعد الانتهاء من المقرر سيكون الطالب قادرا على ان: 1-يفرق بين كل من الاحساس والانتباه والادراك	الإلقاء والحوار والنقاش تحليل المواقف في التجارب الحياتية عروض الباوربينت	الاختبارات الشهرية والنصفية الاسئلة الصفية والتكاليف الورقية





المهارات العامة والانتقالية: المهارات العامة والانتقالية (D)General/ Transferable Skills: المهارات العامة والانتقالية مع طرق التدريس والتقييم Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable skills to Teaching and Assessment سكين مخرجات العامة والانتقالية مع طرق التدريس والتقييم Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Teaching strategies to be التقييم استراتيجيات التدريس used سهارات المقرر المقرر التجيات التدريس المقرر الم

Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills مهارات المقرر العامة والانتقالية	Teaching strategies to be used استراتيجيات التدريس	طرق Methods of assessment التقییم
بعد الانتهاء من المقرر سيكون الطالب قادرا :على ان	الإلقاء والحوار والنقاش تحليل المواقف في التجارب الحياتية	الاختبارات الشهرية والنصفية الاسئلة الصفية
. على الله الذاتية من خلال استخدام مصادر التعلم المختلفة ومنها الانترنت.	عروض الباوربينت الامثلة والسيكودراما	عروض الباوربينت والتكاليف الورقية
d2-عرض أفكاره ويتواصل مع الأخرين	الاملته والسيحودراما	
بوضوح كتابة أو شفهيا.		

V. Course Content: محتوى المقرر	
1 – Course Topics/Items: مواضيع المقرر	
a – Theoretical Aspect: المواضيع النظرية	

مسلسل Order	Topic/ unit الوحدة /الموضوع	العناوين الفرعيةSub topic	Num ber of week s عدد الاسابي	Contact hours الساعات الفعلية	مخرجات C-ILOs تعلم المقرر
1	علم النفس , مدخل مفاهيمي عام	- تعاريف العلم , علم النفس - أهمية و اهداف علم النفس - موضوعات علم النفس - العلوم ذات العلاقة بعلم النفس	1	2	a1, b1, d1
2	مناهج البحث في علم النفس	- تعريف منهج البحث - أنواع مناهج البحث - تقنيات جمع المعلومات في البحوث - سمات و اخلاقيات البحث	1	2	a1, a2, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2
3	مدارس علم النفس	- مدرسة التحليل النفسي - المدرسة السلوكية - المدرسة الإنسانية - المدرسة الإيجابية	1	2	a2, a3, b2, c1, d2
4	مجالات علم النفس	- مجالات علم النفس النظرية - مجالات علم النفس التطبيقية	1	2	a2, b2, c1, d2
5	محددات السلوك العصبية والغدية	- الجهاز العصبي والسلوك - جهاز الغدد والسلوك	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2
6	محددات السلوك البيئية	- البيئة الطبيعية للسلوك - البيئة الاجتماعية للسلوك	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2
7	الامتحان النصفي		1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2



8	الدافعية Motivation	- تعريف الدافعية المفاهيم ذات العلاقة - تصنيف الدوافع - العلاقة بين الدافعية والسلوك - قياس الدوافع - تطبيقات دراسة الدافعية في الحياة	1	2	a1, a3, b2, c1, d1, d2		
9	الانفعالات Emotions	- تعريف الانفعالات والمفاهيم ذات العلاقة - تصنيف الانفعالات - بنية الانفعالات - نمو الانفعالات - العلاقة بين الانفعالات والسلوك - قياس الانفعالات	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2		
10	العمليات العقلية Mental process	- العمليات العقلية , تعريف عام ١- الاحساس ٢- الانتباه ٣- الادراك ٤- التفكير - مسار نمو وبناء المليات العقلية	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2		
11	الشخصية Personality	- تعريف الشخصية - نظريات الشخصية - العوامل المؤثرة في تكوين الشخصية - قياس الخصية	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2		
12	الصحة النفسية Health psychology	-مفهوم الصحة ,الصحة النفسية ,علم الصحة النفسية . - اهمية وفلسفة در اسة الصحة النفسية – منهجية در اسة الصحة النفسية - معايير (محكات) الصحة النفسية - فريق العمل في مجال الصحة النفسية – تعزيز الصحة النفسية	1	2	a1, a3, b1, b2, d1, d2		
13	الاضطرابات النفسية Psychological Disorders	- تعريف عام للاضطرابات النفسية والعقلية - تصنيف للاضطرابات النفسية والعقلية للاضطرابات النفسية والعقلية - اسباب للاضطرابات النفسية والعقلية - تقييم ومواجهة للاضطرابات النفسية والعقلية والعقلية والعقلية	1	2	a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2		
14		الامتحان النهائي	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2		
Number of V	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester عدد الاسابيع خمسة عشر اسبوع 28						





VI. Teaching Strategies: استراتيجيات التدريس

الالقاء والشرح
النقاش والحوار
الوسائل والرسوم التعليمية والالكترونية
اوراق العمل
الاسئلة الصفية
التجارب الحياتية والتطبيقات المهنية
الامثلة التوضيحية
عروض الباوربينت من الطلبة

VII. Assignments and projects: الابحاث والواجبات

no	Assignment البحث	مخرج تعلم CILOs المقرر	Week Due الاسبوع	الدرجة Mark
1	عروض الباوربينت	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2	4-12	5
2		a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2	4-12	3

VIII. Assessment Tasks: طرق التقييم

no	Assessment Method طريقة التقييم	Week Due الاسبوع	Mark الدرجة	Proportion of Final Assessment نسبة الدرجة من الدرجة النهائية	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes مخرج التعلم الذي يحققه
1	عروض الباوربينت تلخيص الموضوعات وتمثيل عليها	4-12	5	%5	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2
2	Quizzes اختبار شفوي Oral Tests اسئلة قصيرة	5-12	5	%5	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2
3	Written Test (1) امتحان تحريري	7	30	30%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2
4	امتحان (theoretical) امتحان نهائي (نظري)	14	60	60%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2
	Total		100	100%	

IX	مصادر التعلم :Learning Resources
1-Requ	nired Textbook(s) (maximum two).(۲ المراجع المطلوبة (بحد اقصى
	ـد محمود فتحي عكاشةو د محمد ابو حلاوة. ٢٠٠٨. مد خل الى علم النفس, جامعة العلوم والتكنولوجيا. اليمن. 1





د طارق محمود رمزي واخرون. ٢٠٠٠. مقدمة في علم النفس, دار الفكر العربي, لبنان2					
2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.ا					
د محيي الدين توق ١٩٩٢. المدخل الى علم النفس, دار الفكر للنشر, عمان -1					
د فاروق عبد الفتاح موسى. ٢٠٠٤. اسس السلوك الانساني – المدخل الى علم النفس العام - 2					
مكتبة زهراء الشرق. القاهرة					
3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc. المراجع الالكترونية ومواقع النت					
1-www.arabpsynet.com/archives/op/OP.khat-jordcons.htm.					
2-www.arabpsynet.com/book/samer					
•					

X.	X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)					
	سياسات المقرر (يشمل السرقة الادبية ومواثيق الشرف والحضور الخ					
The U	Jniversity Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to بحسب لائحة جامعة الناصر لشئون الطلاب					
1	Class Attendance: حضور المحاضرات					
	الالتزام بالمواعيد المحددة للمحاضرات والانتظام في الحضور، وضرورة حضور (٧٥٪) من ساعات المقرر.	•				
	إذا تجاوز نسبة غياب الطالب (٢٥٪) من ساعات المقرر يعتبر محروماً في المقرر. إلا اذا كان غيابه بسبب مرض او بعذر قاهر تقبله عمادة الكلية، وبموجب وثائق رسمية ومعمدة.	•				
2	Tardy: التأخير					
	يسمح للطالب المتأخر بدخول المحاضرة إذا تأخر في حدود ربع ساعة فقط وبعذر. واذا تكرر تاخر الطالب	•				
	اكثر من ثلاث مرات بدون عذر يتم تنبيهه واخذ تعهد كتابي بعدم تكرار ذلك مالم يستدعي ولي امره ويشعر					
	بذلك ويمنع من حضور المحاضرات ويعتبر راسبا في المقرر.					
3	Exam Attendance/Punctuality: حضور الامتحان والانضباط					
	عدم السماح بدخول الامتحان بعد مرور أكثر من نصف ساعة من بدء الامتحان.	•				
	لا يُسمح للطّالب الخروج من القاعة الامتحانية بعد توزيع الأسئلة إلاّ بعد مرور نصف وقت الامتحان.	•				
	في حالَّة تغيب الطالب عن الامتحان بعذر مقبول يعاد له الاختبار بالدور الثاني بدرجة كاملة.	•				
	يعتبر الطالب الغائب في اختبار نهاية الفصل راسباً في المقرر الذي تغيب فيه وعند اعادة الامتحان تحسب لـ ه	•				
	الدرجة الصغرى (٥٠٪).					
	يحرم الطالب من المقرر الذي اخل فيه بالنظام.	•				
	في المقررات العملية اذا رسب الطالب في الجزء العملي او النظري يعتبر راسبا في المقرر وعليه اعادة	•				
	الامتحان في الجزء الذي رسب به وتحسب له الدرجة الصغرى.	_				
	يمنع استخدام الهواتف المحمولة اثناء الامتحان ويعتبر الطالب محروما من المقرر اذا قام باستخدامه.	_				
4	Assignments and Projects: الابحاث والمشاريع - تقديم الابحاث والمشاريع في الوقت المحدد تماماً.					
_	- تعديم الابحاث والمساريع في الوقف المحدد للماها. أذا تأخر الطالب عن تقديم واجباته في الموعد الذي حدد له لن يقبل إلاّ إذا ما وافق الأستاذ على قبول التأخير،					
	بناءً على ظروف قاهرة يتم شرحها والإعلان عنها خطياً قبل رفع درجات المقرر مالم يحرم الطالب من	_				
	بعر هي مروت عمره يم مره و م عمر هي مي					
5	لن يتم التسامح مع الغش وهو: محاولة الطالب الغش بالحديث أو النظر في ورقة الغير أو الإشارة أو محاولة					
	استخدام أية وسيلة من وسائل الغش.					
	الغش في الامتحان النصفي أو الشروع فيه يعتبر الطالب محروما من درجة الامتحان النصفي للمقرر.	•				
	الطالب الذي يغش في الامتحان النهائي يحرم من المقرر اذا لم يستفد من الغش او المقرر الذي غش فيــه والـذي					





		يليه اذا استفاد من الغش. ويحرم من المقرر الذي غش فيه والمقرر الذي قبله اذا غش في اخر مقرر.	
		إذا تكرر غش الطالب أكثر من مرة في الدورة الامتحانية الواحدة يطبق عليه حكم الفصل من الدراسة لمدة عــام	
L		جامعي او فصل نهائي اذا تكرر الغش لاكثر من مرتين.	
		Plagiarism: الانتحال والسرقة الادبية	
	6	الطالب الناقل لأفكار الأخرين دون التوثيق يحرم من الدرجـة ويعنـف علـى فعلتـه تلـك.دون التشـهير بــه أمــام	•
		زملائه.	
		الطالب المنتحل صفة طالب آخر أثناء أداء الامتحان تطبق عليه المادة (٦٥) الفقرة (٢) من اللائحة الموحدة	•
		لشئون الطلاب بجامعة الناصر، وهو "الفصل"ويكون بقرار من الجهاتُ المُعنية. وتسرُي العقوبة نفسها على	
		الطالب الذي انتحلت شخصيته لنفس الغرض.	
		Other policies: سیاسات اخری	
	7	لا يسمح استخدام الهواتف المحمولة داخل قاعة المحاضرة، أو أثناء سير الامتحان.	•
		إذا سلك الطالب سلوكاً غير مقبول فأنه يُحال إلى الجهات المعنية لاتخاذ اللازم، مشفوعاً بتقرير عن ذلك.	•
		يمنع الاكل او الشرب اثناء المحاضرة.	•





Course Specification of Biostatistics

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

I. General Information:						
1	Course Title:	Biostatistics				
2	Course Number and Code:	B11518 (Part B)				
			C	.H		TD 4 1
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
3		2				2
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	course is First semester/Fifth year				
5	Pre –requisite : None					
6	6 Co –requisite :		ch Metho	dology		
7	7 Program (s) in which the course is offered:		Medical Lab			
8	Language of teaching the course:		Arabic/ English			
9	9 Prepared By: Dr. Nagwa Ahmed Noman Othma		n Othman			
10	Approved By:					

II. Course Description:

The course aims to providing the students with the basic knowledge and training aspects in the field of biostatistics. This includes the capabilities of using different mathematical and graphical methods for presenting data and estimating the level of significance differences between these data.

III. ILOs: At end of the course students will be to

- 1. Recognize how to collect different data ways
- 2. Explain the data using tables and graphs.
- 3. Illustrate the advantages and disadvantages of different types of data representation.
- 4. Calculate central tendency and measures of dispersion measurements.
- 5. Average calculated and the degree of confidence interval and interpret the result.
- 6. Perform the normal distribution properties.
- 7. Use Probabilities Distribution and other statistical methods to solve problems.





- 8. Conduct statistical analysis of measured data
- 9. Develop self-competencies of bio-statistics in teamwork.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding.	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.			
a1-Recognize how to collect different ways data	Lecture	Quiz			
a2- Explain the data using tables and graphs		Written exam			
a3- Illustrate the advantages and disadvantages of					
different types of data representation					
(B)Intellectual Skills:					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual	Skills to Teaching N	Methods and Assessment			
Methods:					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in	Teaching strategies	Assessment Methods			
Intellectual Skills.	to be used				
At end of the course students will be able to:	G 11 1	W. C.			
b1- Calculate central tendency and measures of	Group discussion	Written Exam			
dispersion measurements	Lecture	Quiz			
b2-Average calculated and the degree of					
confidence interval and explain the result					
(C)Professional and Practical Skills.					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional a Methods:	and Practical Skillsto	Teaching and Assessment			
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment			
c1 Perform the normal distribution properties	Problem solving	Presentation			
	Computer for	Written Exam			
c2 Use Probabilities Distribution and other	Application				
statistical methods to solve problems.	onSPSS program				
(D)General/ Transferable Skills:					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable skills to Teaching and Assessment Methods.					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment			
d1 Conduct statistical analysis of measured data	Group discussion	Presentation			
d2 Develop self-competencies of bio-statistics in teamwork.					





V. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Theconceptof statistics and its relationship to other sciences.		1	2	a1, b1, c1, d1
3	StatisticalResearchandbasicsteps. Measures of central tendency.		1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
4	Measures of dispersion, skewnessand Kurtosis		1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
5	principlesandrules of the possibilities and		1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
6	Probability distributions		1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
7	MIDTERM		1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
8	sampling distributions statistical		1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
O	inferenceoncommunitieslargevolume ofsamples		1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
9	Statistical inferenceon thecommunities of small sizes amples- the distribution of t-test		1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
10	statisticalhypothesistestsusingthe distribution ofchi-square		1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
11	varianceanalysisusing a distributionF		1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
12	Somestatistical methodsparametric and nonparametric.		1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
13	Statisticalmethods forquality control.		1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2





14	Final Exam		1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester		28		

VI. Teaching Strategies:

Lectures

Computer for Application on SPSS program

Group discussion

Problem solving method

VII. Assignments and projects:

No	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	- Project	b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2	5	5

VIII. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Exercises and Home works quizzes	8, 12	5	5%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
2	Project	12	5	5%	b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
3	Written exam(mid term)	6	10	10%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	30	30%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
5	Total		50	50%	

IX. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. Al-Mansoob MA and Masood MS, 2012. Introductory to Statistics and Probability, first edition, Yemen.
- 2. Chernick and Friser., 2003. Introductory Biostatisticsfor the Health Sciences.





Modern Applications Including Bootstrap. California State University Long Beach, California.

X	C.Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)
The	University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al- Nasser University student's regulations handbook
1	Class Attendance: • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.
2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.
3	 (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.





5	 (Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Third year: first semester





Course Specification of Pharmaceutics III

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:						
1	Course Title: Pharmaceutics III						
2	Course Number and Code:	B11355					
		С.Н				TD (1	
3	Credit hours: 3 hrs.	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total	
	Credit flours. 5 firs.	2	1			3	
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	First semester/ Third year					
5	Pre –requisite :	Pharmaceutics I					
6	Co –requisite :						
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:						
8	Language of teaching the course:	English/Arabic					
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Mohammed Addoais & Dr. Abdulkarim Alzomor					
10	Approved By:						

II. Course Description:

This course will provide students with a detailed knowledge and understanding of design and formulation of a different pharmaceutical dosage forms .Students will be given thorough knowledge on pharmaceutical aerosols, suppositories, parenteral, ophthalmic and semisolid dosage forms like ointments, creams, paste and gel.

III. ILOs: at end of the course students will be to:

- 1. Enumerate the methods of sterilization
- **2.** Mention the components of aerosol system.
- **3.** Explain the factors affecting percutaneous drug absorption process.
- **4.** List the types of water for injection
- 5. Differentiate between physical and chemical methods of sterilization
- **6.** Classify ointment bases and creams
- **7.** Categorize suppository bases





Direct reading Assignments

Lab work

Presentation

Practical work

- **8.** Design sterile parenteral and ophthalmic preparation.
- **9.** Formulate good and stable parenteral and ophthalmic dosage form.
- **10.** Prepare good semisolid dosage forms
- 11. Perform quality control for different pharmaceutical dosage form.
- **12.** Make presentation about selective topics

c1-Formulate good and stable parenteral and ophthalmic dosage

c3- Perform quality control for different pharmaceutical dosage

c2- Prepare good semisolid dosage forms.

form.

form.

12. Wake presentation about selective topics						
IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:						
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understand Methods:	ing to Teaching an	nd Assessment				
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and	Teaching	Assessment				
Understanding.	strategies to be	Methods.				
	used.					
At end of the course students will be able to:						
a1-Enumerate the methods of sterilization	Lectures using	Written exam				
a2-Mention the components of aerosol system.	data show	Presentation				
a3- Explain the factors affecting percutaneous drug absorption	Video					
process.	animation and					
a4- List types of water for injection	seminars					
(B)Intellectual Skills:						
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Tea	ching Methods ar	nd Assessment				
Methods:						
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual	Teaching	Assessment				
	strategies to be	Assessment Methods				
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills.	_					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual	strategies to be					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At end of the course students will be able to:	strategies to be used	Methods				
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At end of the course students will be able to: b1-Differentiate between physical and chemical methods of	strategies to be used Seminars	Methods Presentation				
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At end of the course students will be able to: b1-Differentiate between physical and chemical methods of sterilization	strategies to be used Seminars Directed	Methods				
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At end of the course students will be able to: b1-Differentiate between physical and chemical methods of sterilization b2-Classify ointment bases and creams.	strategies to be used Seminars	Methods Presentation Quiz				
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At end of the course students will be able to: b1-Differentiate between physical and chemical methods of sterilization b2-Classify ointment bases and creams. b3-Categorize suppository bases	strategies to be used Seminars Directed reading	Methods Presentation Quiz				
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At end of the course students will be able to: b1-Differentiate between physical and chemical methods of sterilization b2-Classify ointment bases and creams.	Seminars Directed reading Independent study Group	Methods Presentation Quiz				
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At end of the course students will be able to: b1-Differentiate between physical and chemical methods of sterilization b2-Classify ointment bases and creams. b3-Categorize suppository bases b4- Design sterile parenteral and ophthalmic preparation.	strategies to be used Seminars Directed reading Independent study	Methods Presentation Quiz				
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At end of the course students will be able to: b1-Differentiate between physical and chemical methods of sterilization b2-Classify ointment bases and creams. b3-Categorize suppository bases b4- Design sterile parenteral and ophthalmic preparation. (C)Professional and Practical Skills.	strategies to be used Seminars Directed reading Independent study Group discussion	Methods Presentation Quiz Written exam				
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At end of the course students will be able to: b1-Differentiate between physical and chemical methods of sterilization b2-Classify ointment bases and creams. b3-Categorize suppository bases b4- Design sterile parenteral and ophthalmic preparation. (C)Professional and Practical Skills. Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical S	strategies to be used Seminars Directed reading Independent study Group discussion	Methods Presentation Quiz Written exam				
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At end of the course students will be able to: b1-Differentiate between physical and chemical methods of sterilization b2-Classify ointment bases and creams. b3-Categorize suppository bases b4- Design sterile parenteral and ophthalmic preparation. (C)Professional and Practical Skills. Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical S Methods:	Seminars Directed reading Independent study Group discussion killsto Teaching an	Methods Presentation Quiz Written exam				
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At end of the course students will be able to: b1-Differentiate between physical and chemical methods of sterilization b2-Classify ointment bases and creams. b3-Categorize suppository bases b4- Design sterile parenteral and ophthalmic preparation. (C)Professional and Practical Skills. Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical S Methods: Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional	Seminars Directed reading Independent study Group discussion Killsto Teaching are	Methods Presentation Quiz Written exam ad Assessment Methods of				
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At end of the course students will be able to: b1-Differentiate between physical and chemical methods of sterilization b2-Classify ointment bases and creams. b3-Categorize suppository bases b4- Design sterile parenteral and ophthalmic preparation. (C)Professional and Practical Skills. Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical S Methods:	Seminars Directed reading Independent study Group discussion killsto Teaching an	Methods Presentation Quiz Written exam				





(D)General/ Transferable Skills:					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable skills to Teaching and Assessment Methods.					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills At end of the course students will be able to: Transferable Skills At end of the course students will be able to: Teaching strategies to be used					
d1-Make presentation about selective topics.	Directed reading Independent study Group discussion	Report based on dicussion			

V. Course Content:

$1-Course\ Topics/Items$:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

No	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Numb er of weeks	Conta ct hours	C-ILOs
1	Parenteral preparation	 Route of administration of injection Types ofWater for injection Pyrogenecity Non-aqueous vehicles Isotonicity and methods of adjustment Formulation of injection (the vehicles, osmotic pressure, pH, specific gravity, suspension for injection, emulsion for injection) Containers and closures selection Methods of Sterilization 	3	6	a1, a2, b1, b2, b4, c1, c2, c3, d1
2	Ophthalmic preparation	 Principles of ocular drug absorption. Ophthalmic solution. Ophthalmic suspension. Ophthalmic ointments. Ocuserts (ophthalmic inserts) Examples of drugs used to treat certain eye diseases. 	1	2	a1, a3, b1, b2, b4, c1, c2, c3, d1,
3	Therapeutic aerosols	 Definition and uses of therapeutic aerosols. Instability of aerosols Deposition of aerosols in the human respiratory tract. Formulation and generation of aerosols Pressurized packages Type of propellants Containers 	2	4	a4, c1, c2, c3, d1





		 Formulation aspects Performance of pressurized packages as inhalation aerosol generators Air-blast nebulizers Dry powder generators Methods of preparation Evaluation methods Leaking and pressure testing of containers. Output, drug concentration and dose delivered and particle Size analysis 			a1, a2,
4		Midterm exam	1	2	a3, b1
5	Semisolid dosage forms	 Skin anatomy and physiology Percutaneous absorption and factors affecting it. Ointments Classification of ointment bases Additives included in ointment bases Methods of Preparation of ointments and packaging. Some examples of medicated ointments Creams definition Classification of creams Some examples of medicated creams Pastes Definition Composition Examples of medicated pastes Gels Composition and uses Evaluation of drug release from ointment and cream bases. 	4	8	c2, c3, d1
6	Suppositories	 Introduction Advantages and disadvantages Anatomy and physiology of rectum Factors affecting rectal drug absorption. Shapes and size of suppositories. Types of suppository bases. Methods of Preparation of suppositories. Displacement value Calibration of suppository mold with bases . 	2	4	b3, c3, d1





7		Final exam	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2b3, b4
	Number of	Weeks/and Units Per Semester	14	28	

b - PracticalAspect:				
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Yellow Simple ointment (ointment base)	1	2	c1, c2, c3, d1
2	Preparation of emulsifying ointment	1	2	c1, c2, c3, d1
3	Preparation of white field/cetrimide ointment	1	2	c1, c2, c3, d1
4	Preparation of atropine sulfate eye ointment 1%	1	2	c1, c2, c3, d1
5	Preparation of Absorption ointment Base	1	2	c1, c2, c3, d1
6	Preparation of W/O Emulsion ointment Base (Cold Cream type base)	1	2	c1, c2, c3, d1
7	Preparation of O/W Emulsion Base (Hydrophilic Ointment)	1	2	c1, c2, c3, d1
8	Preparation of Water Soluble Base (PEG)	1	2	c1, c2, c3, d1
9	Aqueous cream/ Sulfur and salicylic acid cream.	1	2	c1, c2, c3, d1
10	Zinc gelatin paste (Unna's paste).	1	2	c1, c2, c3, d1
11	Calibration of suppository mold using different bases Calculation of displacement value	1	2	c1, c2, c3, d1
12	Preparation of acetaminophen suppositories	1	2	c1, c2, c3, d1
13	Final exam	1	2	c1, c2, c3, d1
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semester3		26	

VI. Teaching Strategies:

- Lectures using data show
- Video animation and seminars
- Laboratory work
- Directed reading
- · Independent study
- Group discussion

VII. Assignments and projects:

no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	Assignment	b1, b2, b3, b4,	9	5





	d1	

VIII. Assessment Tasks:					
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Assignment	9	5	5%	b1, b2, b3, b4, d1
2	Practical Reports	1-12	10	10%	b1, b2, b4, c1, c2, c3, d1
3	Quizzes	2, 5, 12	5	10%	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b4, d1
4	Written Test (midterm exam)	8	10	10%	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b4, d1
5	Final Exam (practical)	14	20	20%	b1, b2, b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, d1
6	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	50	50%	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b4, d1
	Total		100	100%	

IX. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. Michael E. Aulton, FAAPS, Kevin M.G.(2007). Aulton's Pharmaceutics: The Design and Manufacture of Medicines, Third ed. Elsevier. London, UK.
- 2. Remington (2005). The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, 2first Edition, Williams and Wilkins. Maryland, USA.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

 Ansel and Loyd Allen (2013). Ansel's Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms and Drug Delivery Systems. 10thedition., Williams and Wilkins. Maryland, USA.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

1-www.go.jblearning.com/basicphysicalpharmacy

- 2-
- 3-

X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook





1	Class Attendance: • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.
2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.
3	 (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	 (Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for





	a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year.
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Biochemistry I

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:					
1	Course Title:	Biochemistry I				
2	Course Number and Code:	B11316				
		C.H			Total	
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
3	5 Credit flours.	3	1			4
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	First semester/Third year				
5	Pre –requisite :	General Biology				
6	Co –requisite :					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:	Medical Laboratory				
8	Language of teaching the course:	Arabic/English				
9	Prepared By:	Dr Anwar Masoud				
10	Approved By:			•		

II. Course Description:

To study the molecules which support life, this course has been designed. The course will focus on studying the biomolecules and macromolecules in living systems with a practical sessions offer a vital hands-on experience, learning key techniques and how to apply them.

III. ILOs:

Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to

- 1. Recognize the biomolecules found in living systems
- 2. Describe the structure and functions of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell.
- 3. Explain the structure and properties of biomolecules including carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, vitamins, nucleic acids and enzymes.
- 4. Analyze biochemical data with a critical understanding of the appropriate contexts for their use
- 5. Interpret the relationship between chemical structure and biological function
- 6. Perform different biochemical analyses of biomolecules.





- 7. Carry out experimental work using different biochemical techniques.
- 8. Use the appropriate instrumentations to perform the biomolecules qualitative and quantitative analyses.
- 9. Demonstrate life-long learning, critical thinking and value the time-management
- 10. Articulate biochemical information through oral and written communication.
- 11. Work effectively both individually and in a team.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:						
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:						
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding.	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.				
Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to al Recognize the biomolecules found in living systems a Describe the structure and functions of	Lectures using data show, video animation,	Quizzes, Written exam, short answers and homework.				
prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell.	Cooperative					

(B)Intellectual Skills:

a3 Explain the structure and properties of biomolecules including carbohydrates, lipids,

proteins, vitamins, nucleic acids and enzymes.

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods:

learning and

seminars

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills.	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to b1 Analyze biochemical data with a critical understanding of the appropriate contexts for their use.	Brain storming, Group discussion and problem based learning.	Oral presentation and verbal argument skills and discussions.
b2 Interpret the relationship between chemical structure and biological function.		

(C)Professional and Practical Skills.

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment Methods:

1/10/110 0051		
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)	Teaching strategies	Methods of assessment





inProfessional and Practical Skills	to be used	
Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to c1 Perform different biochemical analyses of biomolecules. c2 Carry out experimental work using different biochemical techniques.	Laboratory work, directed reading and independent study.	Practical works, practical reports and presentations based on their experimental work.
c3 Use the appropriate instrumentations to perform the biomolecules qualitative and quantitative analyses.		

(D)General/ Transferable Skills:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable skills to Teaching and Assessment Methods.

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to d1 Demonstrate life-long learning, critical thinking and value the time-management. d2 Articulate biochemical information through oral and written communication. d3 Work effectively both individually and in a	Leading assignment group, cooperative learning, group discussion and seminars.	Home report, evaluation group discussion and effective communication with the lecturer and his colleagues.
team.		

V. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Introduction to Biochemistry	 Definition and importance of biochemistry Cell types and structure 	1	3	a2, b2, d1
2	Carbohydrate biochemistry	 Definition, classification and properties Isomerism Monosaccharides Oligosaccharides Polysaccharides 	3	9	a1, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
3	Protein biochemistry and Midterm exam (1)	 Definition, importance, classification and properties Amino acids Peptides Proteins (simple, 	3	9	a1, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3





		conjugated, derived) 5. Protein structure and denaturation			
4	Lipid biochemistry	 Definition, importance, classification and properties Fatty acids Waxes Compound lipids (phospholipids, glycolipids, Derived lipids (cholesterol, steroids and bile acids) 	3	9	a1, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
5	nucleic acid biochemistry	 Definition, importance, classification and properties Purines and pyrimidines Nucleotides and nucleosides DNA structure, properties and types RNA structure, properties and types 	2	6	a1, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
6	vitamins biochemistry	 Definition, importance, classification and properties Fat soluble vitamins (sources, roles, deficiencies and RDA) Water soluble vitamins (sources, roles, deficiencies and RDA) 	1	3	a1, a3, b1, c1, d2, d3
7	Enzymes	 Definition, importance, classification and properties Enzyme inhibition 	1	3	a1, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
8	Final exam		1	3	a1, a2, a3, c1, c2, c3
	Number of Weeks	/and Units Per Semester	15	54	

b - PracticalAspect:					
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs	
1	Introduction to lab safety and Qualitative analyses of carbohydrate	3	9	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3	





2	Qualitative analyses of lipids	3	9	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
3	Qualitative analyses of proteins	3	9	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
4	Qualitative analyses of nucleic acids	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
5	Qualitative analyses of vitamins	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
6	Final exam	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
Nun	Number of Weeks/and Units Per First Second semester		36	

V	II.	Assignments and projects:				
No		Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark	

7	VI. Teaching Strategies:					
Lectures using data show, video animation, Cooperative learning and seminars. Leading assignment group, cooperative learning, group discussion and seminars. Laboratory work, directed						
readi	reading and independent study. Brain storming and problem based learning.					
1	Assignment on mo- biochemistry topic	10	5			

V.	III. Assessment Tasks:				
No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Assignment (single\group)	10	5	5%	a1, b1, b2, d1, d2, d3
2	Quizzes	3, 5, 9, 11	5	5%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2
3	Written Test	7	10	10%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
4	Practical reports	All	10	10%	b1, b2, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
5	Final Exam (practical)	12	20	20%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
6	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, c3,





			d1, d2, d3
	100	100%	

			d1, d2, d3
	100	100%	

IX. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. MALLIKARJUNA RAO, (2008). Medical Biochemistry. Secondedition, New Age International Limited Publisher, New Delhi, India.
- 2. John Baynes and Marek Dominiczak, 2014. Medical Biochemistry With STUDENT CONSULT Online Access. Fourthedition, Elsevier limited, China.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1. Chatterjea MN and Shinde R, (2007). Textbook of Medical Biochemistry, 7th edition, JAYPEE BROTHERS, New Delhi, India.
- 2. Champe PC, Harvey RA, Ferrier DR (2008). Lippincott's Reviews of Biochemistry, Fourthedition, Lippincott William and Wilkins, London, UK.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1- http://bcs.whfreeman.com/biochem5/default.asp
- 2- http://www.biochemistry.org/
- 3- http://www.wiley.com/college/boyer/0470003790/animations/animations.htm
- 4- http://www.wiley.com/college/fob/anim/
- X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.

(Tardy):

1

3

2 Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.

(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):

- Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam.
- Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed.
- If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt.
- If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated





	 exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and
	student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark.
	• Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	(Assignments and Projects):The students have to submit the assignment or project on time.
	 In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	 (Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero
	• Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one.
	• If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments.
	 If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.
	 Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Pharmaceutical Microbiology I

University: AL-Naseer University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy ProgramProgram

	I. General Information:					
1	Course Title:	Pharma	ceutical N	//////////////////////////////////////	ogy I	
2	Course Number and Code:	B1124	5			
			C	LH		Total
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
3	5 Cicuit nours.	3	1			4
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	Second semester/Second Year				
5	Pre –requisite :	General biology				
6	Co –requisite :					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:					
8	Language of teaching the course:	English/ Arabic				
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Ebtisam Almoayad				
10	Approved By:					

II. Course Description:

This course is designed to provide the students with knowledge about microbial agents of infection, bacteria and fungi. It describes the classification, morphology, transmission routes, virulence factors, pathogencity, clinical manifestation, control of the disease, and antibiotics sensitivity. Also this course describes the modes of action of types of antimicrobial agents and mechanisms of antibiotics resistance. The practical part will be concerned with the laboratory diagnosis of bacteria and fungi (microscopically, microbiologically), and antimicrobial susceptibility test.





III. Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs):

At the end of this course the students will be able to:

- 1. Define medical terms that relate to microbiology.
- 2. Identify the characteristics of bacteria and fungi.
- 3. Describe the classification, pathogenesis, control, diagnosis, and treatment of bacteria and fungi.
- 4. Recognize techniques and procedures used for laboratory diagnosis of bacteria and fungi.
- 5. List the modes of action of antimicrobial agents and mechanisms of antibiotics resistance.
- 6. Design suitable methods/protocols.
- 7. Apply advanced level knowledge and skills to identify the bacteria.
- 8. Operate different equipment's and instruments and use emerging technologies in medical laboratory practice.
- 9. Perform antimicrobial susceptibility test.
- 10. Practice the principle of infection control, biosafety measures and aseptic precautions.
- 11. Manage a lab which employs a team of specialists and administrative aspects of that lab.
- 12. Show the appropriate responsibility, self-confidence, and ethical attitudes and behaviors.
- 13. Implement writing and presentation skills and demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities and long life learning.

IV.IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessmen Methods:					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding.	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.			
a1- Define medical terms that relate to microbiology.	Lectures using data show, video	Quizzes, Written exam, short answers			
a2- Identify the characteristics of bacteria and fungi.	animation and seminars	and homework. Participation.			
a3- Describe the classification, pathogenesis, control,					
diagnosis, and treatment of bacteria and fungi.					
a4- Recognize techniques and procedures used for					
laboratory diagnosis of bacteria and fungi.					
a5-List the modes of action of antimicrobial agents					
and mechanisms of antibiotics resistance.					
(B)Intellectual Skills:					





Alignment Learning	Outcomes of	of Intellectual	Skills to	Teaching	Methods	and	Assessment
Methods:							

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills.	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
b1- Design suitable methods/protocols.	Lectures, Practice session, Discussions, Solving Problem methods	Oral presentation, criteria-based performance evaluation Interpretative exercises.

(C)Professional and Practical Skills.

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Wethous.		
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inProfessional and Practical Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
c1- Apply advanced level knowledge and skills to identify the bacteria. c2- Operate different equipment's and instruments and use emerging technologies in medical laboratory practice. c3- Perform antimicrobial susceptibility test. c4- Practice the principle of infection control, biosafety measures and aseptic precautions.	Lectures, Laboratory work, directed reading, independent study and Group assignments	Practical works, practical reports and presentations based on their experimental work

(D)General/ Transferable Skills:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable skills to Teaching and Assessment Methods.

ivious.		
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
d1-Manage a lab which employs a team of specialists and administrative aspects of that lab.	1.Small group discussions 2.Tutorials 3.Practical classes	Reports, presentations and communication with the lecturer and his
d2- Show the appropriate responsibility, self-confidence, and ethical attitudes and behaviors.	5. Micro assignments	colleagues.
d3- Implement writing and presentation skills and demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities and long life learning		





V. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

	a – Theoretical Aspect:						
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs		
1	Introduction in microbiology	- Importance of microorganisms Medical terms in microbiology	1	3	a1, a2, b1, c1, d3		
2	Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes	- Comparison	1	3	a1, a2, b1, c1, d3		
3	Bacterial structure	- Components - Function	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1, d3		
4	Classification of bacteria Morphology of bacteria		1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1, d3		
5	Bacterial metabolism	Growth requirements	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1, d3		
6	Bacterial Pathogenicity	The virulence factors Transmission routes of bacterial infection	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1, d3		
7	Middle exam		1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, d3		
8	Bacterial infections	- Common bacterial diseases - Stages of infection	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1, d3		
9	Normal bacterial flora	- Types - Function	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1, d3		
10	Antimicrobial agents	Sources ofantibacterial agenTypes of antibiotics	1	3	a1, a2, a3, a5, b1, c1, d3		
11	Antimicrobial agents	- Mechanisms of action ofantibiotics - Resistance of back	1	3	a1, a2, a3, a5, b1, c1, d3		





		to antibiotics			
12	Antimicrobial agents	MIC, MBC	1	3	a1, a2, a3, a5, b1, c1, d3
13	Fungi	- General Characteristics and - Importance	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1, d3
14	Fungi	-Morphology of fungi		3	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1, d3
15	Mycoses	-Classification - Pathology, - Clinical significance, - Treatment	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1, d3
16	Final exam		1	3	a1-a5, b1-b2, d3
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester				

b - P	b - PracticalAspect:					
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs		
1	Infection control polices in microbiology lab	1	2	a1, b1, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1, d2, d3		
2	Preparation and sterilization of culture media	1	2	a1, b1, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1, d2, d3		
3	Inoculation and incubation of culture media	1	2	a1, b1, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1, d2, d3		
4	Examination of culture Preparation of smear	1	2	a1, b1, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1, d2, d3		
5	Gram staining	1	2	a1, b1, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1, d2, d3		
6	Microscopic examination of isolates	1	2	a1, b1, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1, d2, d3		
7	Biochemical tests	1	2	a1, b1, c1, c2, c4, d1, d2, d3		
8	Antimicrobial susceptibility test	1	2	a1, b1, c1, c2, c4, d2, d3		
9	Antimicrobial susceptibility test	1	2	a1, b1, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1, d2, d3		
10	Determination of the minimal inhibitory concentration (MIC) and minimum bactericidal concentration (MBC)	1	2	a1, b1, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1, d2, d3		





11	Media, techniques, and incubation used for culturing fungi	1	2	a1, b1, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1, d2, d3
12	Microscopic examination of fungi	1	2	a1, b1, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1, d2, d3
13	Collection of specimens and diagnosis of dermatophytoses	1	2	a1, b1, c1, c2, c3, c4, d2, d3
14	Final exam	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1-c4, d1-d3
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester		28	

VI. Teaching Strategies:

- Lectures using data show, video animation and seminars
- Solving Problem method, Laboratory work, directed reading, independent study, discussion, and report.

VII. Assignments and projects:

No	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	Antibiotics resistance	a2, a5, b1, c1, d2, d3	4	5

VIII. Assessment Tasks:

No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Exercises and Home works, Quizzes	2	5	5%	a1, a2, b1, c1, d2, d3
2	Project	4	5	5%	a2, a5, b1, c1, d2, d3
3	Practical Reports	All	10	10%	a1, b1, c1, c2, c4, d2, d3
4	Written Test	6	10	10%	a1, a2, b1, c1, d2, d3
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	50	50%	a1- a5, b1, c1, d2, d3
6	Final Exam (practical)	15	20	20%	a1, a2, a3, b1-b2, c1-c4, d2, d3
7			100	100%	

IX. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

1. Harvey RA, Champe PA, Strol WA, Rouse h, Fisher BD. Lippincott's Illustrated





Reviews Microbiology (2001). Lippincott Williams and Wilkins. Philadelphia.

2. Kar A. Pharmaceutical Microbiology. (2008). New age international publisher. New Delhi.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- Winn W, Allen S, Janda W, Koneman E, Procop G, Schreckenberger P, and Woods G. Koneman's Color Atlas and Textbook of Diagnostic Microbiology. (2006)6th edition.Lippincott Williams and Wilkins.
- Cheesbrough M. Medical laboratory manual for tropical countries. ELBS with Butterworth-Heinemann, University press, Cambridge, UK. Vol. II. Microbiology.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK7627/

www.cdc.gov/

www.textbookofbacteriology.net/

www.wsmicrobiology.com

www.microbiologyonline.org.uk

www.asm.org

X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.

(Tardy):

1

3

Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.

(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):

- Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam.
- Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed.
- If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt.
- If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%.





	 The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	 Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Pharmacognosy I

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I.General Information:	_				
1	Course Title:	Pharma	cognosy l	[
2	Course Number and Code:	B1127	2			
			C	LH		Total
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
3	Cicuit nours.	3	1			4
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	Second semester/ Second year				
5	Pre –requisite :	Botany and Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry II				
6	Co –requisite :	None	•			
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:	None				
8	Language of teaching the course:	English	/Arabic			
9	Prepared By:	Wedad	Mansour	and Bush	ıra Mohara	ım
10	Approved By:					

II.Course Description:

The course is concerns about medicinal plants classification, geographical distribution, cultivation, collection and preparation, drying, processing and storage, standardization, adulteration of crude drugs. Detection of the major active constituents and use of medicinal plants. Also includes the macro- and micro-morphological characteristics of different plant organs (morphological and histological examination, and chemical identification, leaves, barks, subterranean organs and herbs).

III.ILOs:

At the end of the course student must be able to:

- 1. Rrecognize the principles of pharmaceutical sciences in the field of pharmacognosy.
- 2. Illustrate the botanical aspects, nomenclature, and classification of crude drugs.
- 3. Describe the different ways of natural products cultivation, collection, drying, storage





and different adulteration ways of phytomedicinals.

- 4. Identify morphological and histological features of entire and the powdered plants.
- 5. List different active constituents and medicinal uses of leaves, barks, subterranean organs and herbs.
- 6. Compare between the different methods for natural drug products preparation; i.e. cultivation, collection, drying and storage.
- 7. Categorize the main plant organs under consideration for the production of high quality herbal product.
- 8. Differentiate between drugs in entire and powdered form.
- 9. Investigate active constituents of different drugs.
- 10. Handle and dispose chemicals and broken glasses safely and effectively.
- 11. Examine drugs of plant origin in entire and powdered form.
- 12. Perform experiments to identify unknown phytomedicinal cell contents either in an entire organ or in powdered form using different physical and chemical ways.
- 13. Complete a full scheme for identification of plant leaves, barks, subterranean organs and herbs based on morphological and microscopical examination.
- 14. Implement writing and presentation skills.
- 15. Work effectively in team and manage his/her time.
- 16. Use information technology skills including word processing and knowing how to retrieve information from a variety of sources.

IV.Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:				
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment				
Methods: Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Teaching strategies Assessment				
Knowledge and Understanding.	to be used.	Methods.		
At the end of the course student must be able to:				
a1- Recognize the principles of pharmaceutical sciences in the field of pharmacognosy.	Lectures using			
a2- Illustrate the botanical aspects, nomenclature, and classification of crude drugs.	boards and markers, data show, video animation and	Quizzes, Written exam, homework and participation.		
a3- Describe the different ways of natural products cultivation, collection, drying, storage and different adulteration ways of phytomedicinals.	seminars			





Methods of

a4- Identify and explain morphological and histological		
features of entire and the powdered plants.		
a5- List different active constituents and medicinal uses		
of leaves, barks, subterranean organs and herbs.		
(B)Intellectual Skills:		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills Methods:	to Teaching Method	ds and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At the end of the course student must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
b1- Compare between the different methods for natural		
drug products preparation; i.e. cultivation, collection,		0 1 4 4
drying and storage.	Lastrona Donatica	Oral presentation,
	Lectures, Practice	criteria-based
b2- Categorize the main plant organs under consideration for the production of high quality herbal	session, Discussions,	performance evaluation
product.	Solving Problem	Interpretative
b3- Differentiate between drugs in entire and powdered	methods	exercises.
form.	methods	CACICISCS.
b4- Investigate active constituents of different drugs.	1	
(C)Professional and Practical Skills.		
(C)Froressional and Fractical Skins.		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Pra Methods:	ctical Skillsto Teachi	ng and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in	Teaching strategies	Methods of
Professional and Practical Skills	to be used	assessment
At the end of the course student must be able to:		
c1- Handle and dispose chemicals and broken glasses safely and effectively.		
c2- Examine drugs of plant origin in entire and		
powdered form.	Lectures,	Practical works,
c3- Perform experiments to identify unknown	Laboratory work,	practical reports and presentations
phytomedicinal cell contents either in an entire organ or	independent study	based on their
in powdered form using different physical and chemical	and	experimental
ways.	Group	work.
c4- Complete a full scheme for identification of plant	assignments.	,, 0111
leaves, barks, subterranean organs and herbs based on		
morphological and microscopical examination.		
(D)General/ Transferable Skills:		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transfe	rable skills to Teach	ing and Assessment
		<u> </u>
Methods.		

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral Teaching strategies





and Transferable Skills At the end of the course student must be able to:	to be used	assessment
d1- Implement writing and presentation skills.	Small group	-Activity and Interaction.
d2- Work effectively in team and manage his/her time.	discussions,	-Reports,
d3- Use information technology skills including word processing and knowing how to retrieve information from a variety of sources.	practical classes and micro assignments	presentations and communication with the lecturer and his colleagues.

V.Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a –	Theoreti	ical A	spect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Introduction to pharmacognosy	-Definition and importance of pharmacognosy Nomenclature and classification of crude drugs Cultivation and collection of Medicinal drugs.	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, d1, d3
2	Production of drugs:	Drying, preservation and protection of crude drugs.Adultration of drugs.	1	3	a3, b1, b2, d1, d3
3	Chemistry of crude drugs	- The food storage products and the products of metabolism.	1	3	b2, b4, c3, d1, d3
		- Introduction to morphological and anatomical description of the leaves - Study of Digitalis, Senna, Guava, Eucalptus leaves	1	3	a4, a5, b3, b4, c2, c3, c4, d1, d3
4	Leaves	- Study of Stramonium, Belladonna, Egyptian henbane, Buchu and Boldo leaves	1	3	a4, a5, b3, b4, c2, c3, c4, d1, d3
		- Study of Coca, Jaborandi, Uva-Ursi, Ivy, Tea and Henna leaves.	1	3	a4, a5, b3, b4, c2, c3, c4, d1, d3
5		Mid exam	1	3	a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, b1, b2, b3,





					c4, d1
6	Barks	 Introduction to morphological and anatomical description of the barks Study of Cinchona, Cinnamon, Cassia, Cascara barks. 	1	3	a4, a5, b3, b4, c2, c3, c4, d1, d3
7		- Study of Frangula, Quillaia, Pomegranate, Hamamelis baks and Galls	1	3	a4, a5, b3, b4, c2, c3, c4, d1, d3
8	Subterranean organs	- Introduction to subterranean organs (roots, rhizomes, bulbs, corms, tubers) - study of Rauwolfia, Liquorice, Ipecacuanha and Senega	1	3	a4, a5, b3, b4, c2, c3, c4, d1, d3
		- Study of Ginger, Valerian, Filix-mas, Jalap and Aconite	1	3	a4, a5, b3, b4, c2, c3, c4, d1, d3
		- Study of Colchicum, Rhubarb, Squill, Curcuma and Podophylum.	1	3	a4, a5, b3, b4, c2, c3, c4, d1, d3
9	Herbs	Introduction herbs.Study of Ergot, Indian hemp, Catharanthus,Lobelia, peppermint and thyme herbs	1	3	a4, a5, b3, b4, c2, c3, c4, d1, d3
10		Final exam	1	3	a3, a4, a5, b2, c4, d1
Number	Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semester4			30	

b - P	racticalAspect:			
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Introduction, Laboratory safety measures - The use of light microscope and study	1	2	c1, d2





	types of stomata			
2	Microscopical identification of starch (Potato, Maiz and Wheat)	1	2	a4, b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, d2
3	Morphology - microscopical identification of Senna, Stramonium and Egyptian henbane leaves	1	2	a4, b3, b4, c2, c3, d2
4	Morphology - microscopical identification of Henna, Ivy and Guava leaves	1	2	a4, b3, b4, c2, c3, d2
5	Morphology - microscopical identification of Eucalyptus and Tea leaves	1	2	a4, b3, b4, c2, c3, d2
6	Morphology - microscopical identification of Cassia and Cinnamon.	1	2	a4, b3, b4, c2, c3, d2
7	Morphology - microscopical identification of Pomegranate and Galls	1	2	a4, b3, b4, c2, c3, d2
8	Morphology - microscopical identification of Liquorice and Rhubarb	1	2	a4, b3, b4, c2, c3, d2
9	Morphology - microscopical identification of Ginger and Curcuma	1	2	a4, b3, b4, c2, c3, d2
10	Morphology - microscopical examination of medicinal herbs;Peppermint and Thyme herbs Indian hemp herbs	1	2	a4, b3, b4, c2, c3, d2
11	Final Exam	1	2	b1-b4, c1-c4, d1- d3
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semeste	er1	22	

VI. Teaching Strategies:

- Lectures using board and makers, data show, video animation and seminars
- Solving Problem method, Laboratory work, independent study and discussion

VII.Assignments and projects:

no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	Seminar	a3, a4, a5, b4, d1, d2, d3	5	5
2	Projects	a3, a4, a5, b2,	9, 11	





b4, c4, d1, d2,	
d3	

VIII. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Seminar and project	5, 9, 11	5	5%	a4, a5, b4, c3, c4, d1
2	Practical Reports	1-10	10	10%	a4, a5, b3, b4, c2, d2
3	Quizzes	4, 6, 10	5	5%	a1, a2, a3, a5, b1, b2, d3
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, b1, b2, b3, c4, d1
5	Final Exam (practical)	11	20	20%	a4, a5, b3, b4, c2,
6	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	a3, a4, a5, b2, c4, d1

IX.Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- Evans W.C., Evans D. and Trease E., Saunders "Trease and Evans 'Pharmacognosy" (2009); 16th ed. Elsevier, New York
- 2- Singh, G.K and Bhandari, A. "Textbook of Pharmacognosy" (2000); first ed., reprint (2008).CBS publisher and Distributers, New Delhi, India.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Sharma, V.D. and Pandey, S.K. "Pharmacognosy Practical Notebook" (2007); first ed. CBS publisher and Distributers, New Delhi, Bangalore, India.
- 2- Raje, V.N. "Pharmacognosy" (2010); first ed. CBS publisher and Distributers Pvt Ltd., New Delhi, Bangalore, Pune, Kochi, Chennai.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1-http://pages.intnet.mu/webpam/Pharmacognosy.htm
- 2- http://www.phcog.org/
- 3- http://www.botanical.com

X.Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook





1	Class Attendance: • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.
2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.
3	 (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.





5	 Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one.
	 If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Pharmacology I

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

I.G	eneral Information:					
1	Course Title:	Pharma	acology I			
2	Course Number and Code:	B1136	1			
			C	:.Н		Total
3	3 Credit hours:		Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
3	Credit nours.	3				3
4	4 Study level/year at which this course is First Semester/Third year offered:		•			
5	Pre –requisite :					
6	Co –requisite :		logy			
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:					
8	8 Language of teaching the course:		English – Arabic			
9	9 Prepared By: Dr/ Mohammad Abobakr Al-Ghazali		i			
10	Approved By:					•

II. Course Description:

The course will provide the student with the pharmacological knowledge and skills in the basics of pharmacological aspects in kinetics and dynamics of drugs and the role of Autonomic Nervous System in the action of drugs.

III. ILOs: After participation in this course students must be able to:

- 1- Define the different scientific names in Pharmacological aspects.
- 2- Describe the vital process and mechanisms in Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics.
- 3- Classify the actions of drugs according to the Autonomic Nervous System.
- 4- Recognize the different mechanism between Sympathetic and Parasympathetic systems.
- 5- Investigate the kinetics and dynamics of drugs.
- 6- Discriminate the action of drugs in different groups.
- 7- Distinguish the accurate selection of drugs on different disorders.
- 8-Perform confident skills in oral and written knowledge gained from this course.
- 9- Sketch the groups of each drugs covered in this course.
- 10- Choose professional in selecting the suitable therapy for different disorders covered in this course.





- 11- Work effectively in a team and demonstrate creativity and time management abilities.
- 12- Demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities.
- 13- Communicate professional with patients and other health care specialist by verbal and written means.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching	and Assessment Met	hods:
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Methods:	Understanding to To	eaching and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding. After participating in this course student must be able to	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.
a1- Define the different scientific names in Pharmacological aspects a2- Describe the vital process and mechanisms in Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics a3- Classify the actions of drugs according to the Autonomic Nervous System a4- Recognize the different mechanism between Sympathetic and Parasympathetic systems	-Lectures using Animations -Student oral and written presentation -	written examQuizzesPresentation
(B)Intellectual Skills:		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Sk Methods:	ills to Teaching M	ethods and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. After participating in this course student must be able to	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
 b1- Investigate the kinetics and dynamics of drugs b2- Discriminate the action of drugs in different groups b3- Distinguish the accurate selection of drugs on different disorders. 	-case discussion -group presentation	written examQuizzesPresentation
(C)Professional and Practical Skills.		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Methods:	Practical Skillsto Te	eaching and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills. After participating in this course student must be able to	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
c1-Perform confident skills in oral and written knowledge gained from this course. c2- Sketch the groups of each drugs covered in this course	-group presentation -research activities	- performance of Presentation





c3- Choose professional selecting of the suitable therapy for different disorders covered in this course		
(D)General/ Transferable Skills:		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Tran Methods.	nsferable skills to To	eaching and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills. After participating in this course student must be able to	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
d1- Work effectively in a team and demonstrate creativity and time management abilities d2- Demonstrate critical thinking and decision	-Group discussion - presentation	Written examQuizzesPresentation
making abilities.		
d3- Communicate professionally with patients and other health care specialist by verbal and written means		

V. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

$a-Theoretical\ Aspect:$

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
	Introduction to Pharmacology				a1-a2- b1-
1	General Introduction of Pharmacology	Pharmacokinetics	3	9	c1- d1- d2
		Pharmacodynamics			
		Introduction			
	Autonomic Nervous System first part	Sympathomimetic Drugs		15	a3-a4- b2- b3- c1- c2- c3- d1- d2
		Sympatholytic Drugs			
2		Para- sympathomimetic Drugs	5		
		Para-sympatholytic Drugs			
		Autonomic Ganglia			
3	Midterm Exam		1	2	a1-a2-a3-a4- b2- b3- c1- c2-c3- d1- d2





		Introduction			o2 b2 b2
4	4 Anti-inflammatory Drugs Non-Steroidal Anti-inflammatory Drugs		2	6	a2- b2- b3- c1- c2- c3- d1- d2- d3
5	Autacoids	Histamine and its antagonists Serotonin and its antagonists	1	3	a2- b2-b3- c1- c2- c3- d1- d2- d3
6	Final Exam		1	3	a1-a2-a3-a4- b2- b3- c1- c2-c3- d1- d2-d3
Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semester5				45	

VI. Teaching Strategies:

-Lectures

-Student oral and written presentation

VII. Assignments and projects:

no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	- Presentation	a1-a2-a3-a4- b2- b3- c1- c2-c3- d1- d2-d3	6	5%

VIII. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Assignment/ Presentation	6	5	5%	a1-a2-a3-a4- b2- b3- c1- c2- c3- d1- d2-d3
2	Quizzes	4 - 8	5	5%	a1-a2-a3-a4- b2- b3- c1- c2- c3- d1- d2-d3
3	Written Test (1)	7	30	30%	a1-a2-a3-a4- b2- b3- c1- c2- c3- d1- d2-d3
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	15	60	60%	a1-a2-a3-a4- b2- b3- c1- c2- c3- d1- d2-d3
	Total		100	100%	





IX. Learning R	Resources:
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1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- M.A. Clark, R. Finkel, J.A. Rey, K. Whalen (2009)Lippincott's Illustrated Reviews of Pharmacology, *11th edition*, Lippincott's Williams and Wilkins, Philadelphia.
- 2- B.G. Katzung, S.B. Masters, A.J. Trevor (2012)Basic and Clinical Pharmacology, *Fifth edition*, Mc Graw Hill Lange, U.S.A.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- H.P. Rang, M.M. Dale, J.M. Ritter, R.J. Flower (2007) Rand and Dale's Pharmacology, *6th edition*, Churchill Livingstone Elsevier, Philadelphia.
- 2- Lectures notes.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1- www.who.int
- 2- www.drugs.com

X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.

(Tardy):

1

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Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.

(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):

- Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam.
- Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed.
- If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt.
- If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%.
- The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination.





	• In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and						
	student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark.						
	• Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.						
	(Assignments and Projects):						
4	The students have to submit the assignment or project on time.						
	• In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer						
	before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the						
	student will not be given the marks of the project.						
5	(Cheating):						
	• Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib						
	notes, pagers or cell phones) etc.						
	 Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero 						
	 Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she d 						
	not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed						
	in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be						
	considered as failed in that course and the previous one.						
	• If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.						
	(Plagiarism):						
6	"To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own".						
	Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments.						
	• If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full						
	academic year						
	(Other policies):						
7	• Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class						
	during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.						
	• Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings.						
	Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.						





Course Specification of Instrumental Analysis

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

III. General Information:							
1	Course Title:	Instrumental Analysis					
2	Course Number and Code:	B11326					
3	Credit hours:	С.Н				Total	
		Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total	
		3				3	
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	First semester/Third year					
5	Pre –requisite :	Analytical Chemistry II					
6	Co –requisite :						
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:	NONE					
8	Language of teaching the course:	English/ Arabic					
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Tawfeek Alobaidy					
10	Approved By:		·				

IV. Course Description:

This course deal with the study of introduction to instrumental analysis, Physical methods, Spectrochemical methods, Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR), X-ray crystallography, Chromatography. Also it covers some experiments for quantitative and qualitative determination of some pharmaceutical substances.

V. ILOs:

At the end of this course the student should be able:

- 1. Recognize the basic principles of instrumental analysis
- 2. Explain physical, spectroscopic and chromatographic method of analysis.
- 3. Illustrate instrumentation and interpretation of spectra obtained from different method.
- 4. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of all types of analysis.
- 5. Identify the pharmaceutical application of different method of analysis.
- 6. Predict the qualitative and quantitative approach of each method of analysis.





- 7. Practice some quantitative determination of pharmaceutical substances.
- 8. Perform some qualitative determination of pharmaceutical substances.
- 9. Operate different equipment and instruments.
- 10. Manage and organize the time.
- 11. Use properly and safely the organic compounds and new tools in the laboratories.
- 12. Work independently or as a team.
- 13. Acquire an ethical attitude and approach.

VI. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding.	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.
At the end of this course the student should be able: al- Recognize the basic principles of instrumental analysis	Lectures using data show video animation	MCQ Oral Exam, Quizzes, exam, short answers , Homework and
a2-Explain physical, spectroscopic and chromatographic method of analysis.		Participation.
a3-Illustrateinstrumentation and interpretation of spectra obtained from different method.		

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills.	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
At the end of this course the student should be able: b1- Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of all types of analysis. b2-Identify the pharmaceutical application of different method of analysis.	Lectures, Practice session, Discussions, Solving Problem methods	Oral presentation, criteria-based performance evaluation Interpretative exercises.
b3-Predict the qualitative and quantitative approach of each method of analysis		

(C)Professional and Practical Skills.

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment Methods:





Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
At the end of this course the student should be able: c1-Practice some quantitative determination of pharmaceutical substances. c2-Perform some qualitative determination of pharmaceutical substances. c3-Operate different equipment and instruments.	Lectures and Group assignments.	Practical works, And practical reports.
(D)General/ Transferable Skills: Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable Skills: Methods.	ansferable skills to Teac	ching and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
At the end of this course the student should be able: d1-Manage and organize the time. d2-Use properly and safely the organic compounds and new tools in the laboratories.	Small group discussions Practical classes	Reports, presentations and communication with the lecturer and his colleagues.
d3-Work independently or as a team. d4-Acquire an ethical attitude and approach.		

VII. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Num ber of week s	Conta ct hours	C-ILOs
1	Introduction	Instrumental methods of analysis, advantages and comparison with classical methods of analysis	1	3	a1, d1, d2, d4
2	Physical methods	Polarimetry: optical and specific rotation, instrumentation and applications. Refractometry: refractive index,	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2,





		molar refraction, instrumentation and applications			
3	Spectrochemical methods:	Electromagnetic radiation: nature of electromagnetic radiation, the interaction between energy and matter, electromagnetic spectrum, absorption and emission of radiant energy by atoms and molecules.	1	3	a1, a2, a3, a3, b1, b2, d1, d2
4	UV-Visible spectroscopy:	spectroscopy: spectrophotometers, single component analysis. Simultaneous spectrophotometry, derivative spectrophotometry and applications in pharmaceutical		6	a1, a2, a3, d3, d4
5	Fluorescence Spectroscopy analysis. Fluorescence and phosphorescence, excitation and emission spectra, factors affecting the fluorescence intensity, instrumentation and applications.		1	2	a1, a3, a3, b1, b2,
6	Midterm		1	2	a1, a2, b1, b2, d1,
7	Flame Photometry and Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy	Flame photometry: Introduction, theory, instrumentation and applications. Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Introduction, theory, instrumentation and applications.	1	3	a1-a3, b1- b3





8	Electroanalytical Methods	Introduction Potentiometric methods: theory, instrumentation and applications. Voltammetry: introduction, theory, instrumentation, polarography and applications.	2	6	a1, a2, a3, a3, b1, b2
9	Separation Methods	Introduction Solvent extraction: distribution law, the distribution ratio, calculations of the percent extracted. Chromatography: principles of chromatographic separations, classification of chromatographic techniques, theory of column efficiency in chromatography and resolution in chromatography	2	6	a1, a3, b1, b2, d1
13	Final Exam		1	2	a1-a3, b1- b3
	Total		13	37	

VIII. Teaching Strategies:

Lectures using data show video animation, Practice session, Discussions, Solving Problem methods, Group assignments, Small group discussions and Practical classes.

	IX. Assignments and projects:			
no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	- Project	a1-4, b1-3, d1- d3	5	5

	X. Assessment Tasks:				
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Project	2, 8	5	5%	a1-4, b1-3, d1-





					d3
2	Oral Tests and homework	5, 9	5	5%	, a1-a3, b1-b3
3	Written Test (1)	7	20	20%	a1-4, b1-3
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	70	70%	a1-4, b1-3
5			100	100%	

X	I. Learning Resources:
1-Requ	uired Textbook(s) (maximum two).
	1- Lena Ohannesian, Anthony J Streeter, handbook of pharmaceutical analysis. 2002,
	V.117, Marcel Dekker, Inc. New York.
	2- B.D. Mistry., A Handbook of Spectroscopic Data CHEMISTRY (UV, JR, PMR, JJCNMR and Mass Spectroscopy), 2009, Oxford Book Company, Jaipur.
2-Re	commended Books and Reference Materials.
	 Francis Rouessac and AnnickRouessac, Chemical Analysis; Modern Instrumentation Methods and Techniques, 2007, 2NDEdition, John Wiley andSons Ltd, Chichester, West Sussex, England. S Ahuja, N Jespersen, modern instrumental analysis, 2006, first edition, Elsevier B.V.
	Oxford, UK.
3-Ele	ectronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

X	II. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)
The	University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al- Nasser University student's regulations handbook
1	Class Attendance: • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.
2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.
3	 (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed.
	• If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will

If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated

be eligible to take the exam as first attempt.





	 exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of
	 examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark.
	 Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
	(Assignments and Projects):
4	• The students have to submit the assignment or project on time.
	 In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	 (Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib
	notes, pagers or cell phones) etc.
	Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero
	• Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one.
	• If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	(Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own".
	 Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments.
	 If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.
	 Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Third year: second semester





Course Specification of Pharmaceutics IV

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:					
1	1 Course Title: Pharmaceutics IV					
2	Course Number and Code:	B11356				
			C	C.H		Total
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
3		2	1			3
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	s Second semester/ Third year				
5	Pre –requisite :	Pharmaceutics II				
6	Co –requisite :					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:					
8	Language of teaching the course:		English/Arabic			
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Mohammed Addoais & Dr. Abdulkarim Alzomor				
10	Approved By:					

II.Course Description:

This course will provide students with a detailed knowledge and understanding of design and formulation of a different pharmaceutical solid dosage forms. Students will be given thorough knowledge on pharmaceutical powders, granules, capsule and tablet dosage forms.

III.ILOs: at end of the course students will be to:

- **1.** Mention the types of powders .
- **2.** Enumerate the main components of effervescent granules.
- 3. Name the types and manufacturing methods of tablets
- **4.** List the types of capsules .





- **5.** Differentiate between divided and bulk powders.
- **6.** Distinguish between the different tablet types.
- 7. Categorize tablet excipients
- **8.** Design a good solid dosage form.
- **9.** Prepare good and stable solid dosage form.
- 10. Formulate a good and stable solid dosage form .
- 11. Perform quality control for different pharmaceutical solid dosage form.
- 12. Work effectively in a team

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding.	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.
At end of the course students will be able to:		
a1-Enumerate the main components of effervescent granules.	Lectures using	Quiz
a2-Mention types of powders.	data show	Written
a3-Name the types of tablets	Video	exam
a4- List the types of capsules.	animation and seminars	

(B)Intellectual Skills:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At end of the course students will beable to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
b1-Differentiate between divided and bulk powders.	Seminars Directed	Presentation Report
b2-Distinguish between the different tablet types.	reading Independent	Written exam
b3-Categorize tablet excipients	study Group	
b4- Design a good solid dosage form.	discussion	





(C)Professional and Practical Skills.					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment Methods:					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills At end of the course students will be ableto:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment			
c1-Prepare good and stable solid dosage form. c2- Formulate a good and stable solid dosage form c3- Perform quality control for different pharmaceutical solid dosage form.	Laboratory work Directed reading Independent study	Practical work and exam			
(D)General/ Transferable Skills:	study				
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable ski Methods.	ills to Teaching ar	nd Assessment			
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills At end of the course students will be ableto:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment			
d1-Work effectively in a team	Directed reading Independent study Group discussion	Presentation based assessment			

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1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

	a Theoretical Aspect.					
No	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Numb er of weeks	Cont act hour s	C-ILOs	
	Powder	 Types of powders Advantages and disadvantages of powders, Cachets and Tablet triturates . Preparation of different types of powders encountered in prescriptions . Weighing methods, possible errors in weighing Minimum weighable amounts and weighing of material below the minimum weighable amount Powder Problems 	2	4	a1, b1, b4c1, c2, c3, d1	





		Geometric dilution and proper usage and			
		care of dispensing balance.			
1	Granules	 Definition and importance Methods of granulation Effervescent granules Formulation preparation 	1	2	a2, a3, b4, c1, c2, c3, d1
2	Capsule	 Introduction Types of capsules Hard gelatin capsules Advantages and disadvantages Composition of capsule shell Selection of capsule size. Excipients used in hard gelatin capsule formulation. Enteric coating of capsules. Capsule filling process. Storage of hard gelatin capsules. Soft gelatin capsules Advantage and disadvantages. Capsule shell composition. Shapes and sizes. Soft gelatin capsule formulation. Soft gelatin capsule filling process.release from ointment and cream bases. 	3	6	a4, b2, b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, d1
3		Midterm exam	1	2	a1, a2, b1, b2
4	Tablet	 Introduction Advantages and disadvantages. Types of tablets. Tableting methods Direct compression Dry granulation Wet granulation Tablet excipients Tablet press machines Problems encountered during tablet formulation. Standards quality control tests for tablets. Tablet coating Types of coating Film forming materials Common polymers used for tablet coating. 	6	12	b4, c1, c2, c3, d1





	 Formulation of coating solution Equipments for coating Coating process evaluation of coated tablets. QC test for tablet 			
5	Final exam	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, b4
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester			

b - PracticalAspect:				
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Study of physical properties of powder (flow, size, density)	1	2	c1, c2, c3, d1
2	Preparation of Magnesium trisilicate powder.	1	2	c1, c2, c3, d1
3	Preparation of Oral rehydration powder.	1	2	c1, c2, c3, d1
4	Preparation of Dusting powder.	1	2	c1, c2, c3, d1
5	Preparation of Effervescent granule base by wet method	1	2	c1, c2, c3, d1
6	Preparation of Effervescent granule base by dry method	1	2	c1, c2, c3, d1
7	Preparation oftablets by Direct compression for (dry method)	1	2	c1, c2, c3, d1
8	Preparation oftablets by Dry granulation method (slugging method)	1	2	c1, c2, c3, d1
9	Preparation oftablets by Wet granulation method	1	2	c1, c2, c3, d1
10	Determination of capsule size	1	2	c1, c2, c3, d1
11	Filling of hard gelatin capsules (punch method) & (capsule machine)		2	c1, c2, c3, d1
12	Final exam		2	c1, c2, c3, d1
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester 24			

VI. Teaching Strategies:

- Lectures using data show
- Video animation and seminars
- Laboratory work
- · Directed reading
- Independent study
- Group discussion

VII.Assignments and projects:





no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	Assignment	b1, b2, b2, b4, d1	9	5

VI	II.Assessment Tasks:				
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Assignment	9	5	5%	b1, b2, b2, b4, d1
2	Practical Reports	1-12	10	10%	b1, b2, b2, c1, c2, c3, d1
3	Quizzes	2, 5, 12	5	5%	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b2, b4, d1
4	Written Test (midterm exam)	8	10	10%	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b2, b4, d1
5	Final Exam (practical)	14	20	20%	b1, b2, b2, b4, d1
6	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	50	50%	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b2, b4, d1
	Total		100	100%	

IX.Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. Michael E. Aulton, FAAPS, Kevin M.G.(2007). Aulton's Pharmaceutics: The Design and Manufacture of Medicines, Third ed. Elsevier. London, UK.
- 2. Remington (2005). The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, 2first Edition, Williams and Wilkins. Maryland, USA.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

1. Ansel and Loyd Allen (2013). Ansel's Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms and Drug Delivery Systems. 10thedition., Williams and Wilkins. Maryland, USA.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

1-www.go.jblearning.com/basicphysicalpharmacy

X.Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)





The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook Class Attendance: 1 • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course. (Tardy): 2 Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed. (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): 3 Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so. (Assignments and Projects): 4 The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.





	(Cheating):
5	• Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc.
	Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero
	• Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one.
	• If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
	(Plagiarism):
6	"To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own".
	 Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments.
	• If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
	(Other policies):
7	• Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.
	Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings.
	Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Biochemistry II

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I.General Information:						
1	Course Title:	Biocher	nistry II				
2	Course Number and Code:	B1131	7				
			C	C.H		Total	
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total	
3		3	1			4	
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	Second semester/Third year					
5	Pre –requisite :	Biochemistry I					
6	Co –requisite :						
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:	Medica	l Laborato	ory			
8	Language of teaching the course:	Arabic/English					
9	Prepared By:	Dr Anwar Masoud					
10	Approved By:						

II.Course Description:

The importance of studying chemical processes which support life guided designation of this course to focus on studying the chemical reactions involved in digestion and absorption of biomolecules; carbohydrate, proteins, lipids and nucleic acids with more detail to their metabolism, diseases and regulation theoretically and practically.





III. ILOs:

Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to

- 1. Illustrate basis of catabolism and anabolism.
- 2. Recognize how cells get energy from the oxidation of biomolecules.
- 3. Identify the digestion, absorption and metabolism of food stuff.
- 4. Think creatively and critically in solving problems related to the nature of energy in the living cells.
- 5. Incorporate knowledge and skills learned to solve problems associated with metabolic diseases
- 6. Analyze different values of biomolecules metabolites.
- 7. Plan and conduct experiments related to biomolecules metabolism
- 8. Estimate serum levels of glucose, metabolic enzymes, protein, cholesterol and triglyceride by spectroscopic methods.
- 9. Use the appropriate instrumentations to prepare serum or plasma and to measure the levels of different metabolic parameters
- 10. Appreciate the importance of using of information technology e.g. web and internet to learn more about modern topics in metabolism.
- 11. Identify personal strengths and weaknesses in data presentation and discussion
- 12. Work effectively both individually and in a team.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Wichiods.					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)	Teaching strategies to	Assessment Methods.			
in Knowledge and Understanding.	be used.				
Upon completion of this course, the students	Lectures using data	Quizzes, Written exam,			
should be able to a1- Illustrate basis of catabolism and	show, video animation,	short answers and homework.			
anabolism.	Cooperative learning	nome work.			
a2- Recognize how cells get energy from the oxidation of biomolecules.	and seminars				
a3- Identify the digestion, absorption and metabolism of food stuff.					

(B)Intellectual Skills:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills.	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to b1- Think creatively and critically in solving problems related to the nature of energy in the living cells.	Brain storming, Group discussion and problem based learning.	Oral presentation and verbal argument skills and discussions.

discussion.

a team.

d3 Work effectively both individually and in





b2-Incorporate knowledge and skills learned to solve problems associated with metabolic diseases		
b3- Analyze different values of biomolecules metabolites.		
(C)Professional and Practical Skills.		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Profession Methods:	al and Practical Skillsto T	Ceaching and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inProfessional and Practical Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to c1- Plan and conduct experiments related to biomolecules metabolism. c2- Estimate serum levels of glucose,	Laboratory work, directed reading and independent study.	Practical works, practical reports and presentations based on their experimental work.
metabolic enzymes, protein, cholesterol and		
triglyceride by spectroscopic methods.		
c3- Use the appropriate instrumentations to prepare serum or plasma and to measure the levels of different metabolic parameters.		
(D)General/ Transferable Skills:		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General a Methods.	nd Transferable skills to	Teaching and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to d1- Appreciate the importance of using of information technology e.g. web and internet to learn more about modern topics in metabolism.	Leading assignment group, cooperative learning, group discussion seminars.	Home report, evaluation group discussion and effective communication with the lecturer and his colleagues.
d2-Identify personal strengths and weaknesses in data presentation and		





V.Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Number Contact G v C						
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs	
1	Introduction to Bioenergertics	 Free energy concept Biologic oxidation Introduction to metabolism 	1	3	a1, a2, b1, d1	
2	Carbohydrate metabolism	 6. Digestion and absorption 7. Glycolysis and citric acid cycle 8. Hexose monophospate shunt 9. Gluconeogenesis 10. Glycogen metabolism 11. Hexoses metabolism 	3	9	a2, a3, b1, b2, b3. c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3	
3	Proteinmetabolism and midterm exam	 Digestion and absorption Catabolism of amino acids Urea formation Metabolic disturbances of amino acids Protein biosynthesis 	3	9	a2, a3, b1, b2, b3. c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3	
4	Lipid metabolism	 Digestion and absorption Fatty acid oxidation and biosynthesis Lipogenesis Phospholipids metabolism Cholesterol metabolism Ketone bodies metabolism Lipoprotein metabolism 	4	12	a2, a3, b1, b2, b3. c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3	
5	Nucleic acids metabolism	 Digestion and absorption Formation and metabolism of Purines and metabolic disturbances Formation and metabolism of Pyramidins and metabolic disturbances 	2	6	a3, b2, b3. c1, c2, c3, d2, d3	
6	Final Exam		1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3	
	Number of Weeks	s/and Units Per Semester	15	45		
b - F	PracticalAspect:					





Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Estimation of glucose (random and fasting)	1	3	a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
2	Estimation of amylase and Estimation of lactate dehydrogenase	2	3	a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
3	Lipid profile	2	3	a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
4	Estimation of total protein and Estimation of albumin	2	3	a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
5	Estimation of creatinine	1	3	a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
6	Estimation of uric acid and urea	1	3	a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
7	Estimation of iron	1	3	a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
8	Estimation of ALT and AST	1	3	a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
9	Final Exam	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
Nu	umber of Weeks/and Units Per First Second sem	ester	36	

VI. Teaching Strategies:

Lectures using data show, video animation, Cooperative learning and seminars. Leading assignment group, cooperative learning, group discussion and seminars. Laboratory work, directed reading and independent study. Brain storming and problem based learning.

7	VII.Assignments and projects:					
No	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark		
1	Assignment on Drug used for metabolic diseases	a1, b1, b2, d1, d2, d3	10	5		

VIII. Assessment Tasks:





No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Assignment	10	5	5%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, d1, d2, d3
2	Quizzes and homework	3, 5, 9, 11	5	5%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, d1, d2, d3
3	Written Test	7	10	10%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
4	Practical reports	All	10	10%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
5	Final Exam (practical)	12	20	20%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
6	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
			100	100%	

IX.Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. MALLIKARJUNA RAO, (2008). Medical Biochemistry. Secondedition, New Age International Limited Publisher, New Delhi, India.
- 2. John Baynes and Marek Dominiczak, 2014. Medical Biochemistry With STUDENT CONSULT Online Access. Fourthedition, Elsevier limited, China.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1. Chatterjea MN and Shinde R, (2007). Textbook of Medical Biochemistry, 7th edition, JAYPEE BROTHERS, New Delhi, India.
- 2. Champe PC, Harvey RA, Ferrier DR (2008). Lippincott's Reviews of Biochemistry, Fourthedition, Lippincott William and Wilkins, London, UK.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1- http://bcs.whfreeman.com/biochem5/default.asp
- 2- http://www.biochemistry.org/
- 3- http://www.wiley.com/college/boyer/0470003790/animations/animations.htm
- 4- http://www.wiley.com/college/fob/anim/
- X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)





The	University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al- Nasser University student's regulations handbook
1	Class Attendance: • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.
2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.
3	 (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.





	(Cheating):
5	• Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc.
	Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero
	• Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one.
	 If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued
	for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
	(Plagiarism):
6	"To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own".
	 Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments.
	• If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
	(Other policies):
7	• Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.
	• Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings.
	Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Pharmaceutical Microbiology II

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy ProgramProgram

I. General Information:						
1	Course Title:	Pharma	ceutical N	Aicrobiol (ogy II	
2	Course Number and Code:	B1134	6			
			C	LH		Total
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
5 Credit flours.	Credit nours.	3	1			4
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	First semester/Third year				
5	Pre –requisite :	Pharmaceutical Microbiology I				
6	Co –requisite :					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:					
8	Language of teaching the course:	English	/ Arabic			·
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Ebt	isam Alm	oayad		
10	Approved By:					·

II. Course Description:

This course provides the students with knowledge about viruses (structure, replication, diseases, clinical manifestation, prevention, diagnosis and treatment). Also it focuses on immunity, host defenses mechanisms, and immune system disorders. During this course the students will study the relevance of microbiology and infection control to the manufacture and handling of pharmaceutical agents, sterilization, and disinfection. Moreover, how to prevent pharmaceutical product from microbial contamination. The practical part will be concerned with the laboratory diagnosis of viruses. In addition, the students will be able to perform the serological tests for the diagnosis of infectious diseases.





III.Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs):

At the end of this course the students will be able to:

- 1. Describe the structure, replication, diseases, clinical manifestation, control of the disease, diagnosis and treatment of viruses.
- 2. Recognize the host defenses mechanisms, and immune system disorders.
- 3. List the sources of microbial contamination of pharmaceuticals products.
- 4. Explain the different sterilization and disinfection techniques.
- 5. Correlate laboratory findings with disease processes/pathophysiology and physiological factors affecting the results.
- 6. Apply the laboratory diagnostic test of viruses.
- 7. Perform the serological tests for the diagnosis of infectious diseases.
- 8. Operate different equipment's and instruments and use emerging technologies in medical laboratory practice.
- 9. Practice the principle of infection control, biosafety measures and aseptic precautions.
- 10. Manage a lab which employs a team of specialists and administrative aspects of that lab.
- 11. Show the appropriate responsibility, self-confidence, and ethical attitudes and behaviors.
- 12. Implement writing and presentation skills and demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities and long life learning.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Methods.		
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding.	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.
a1-Describe the structure, replication, diseases, clinical manifestation, control of the disease, diagnosis and treatment of viruses.	Lectures using data show, video animation and seminars	Quizzes, Written exam, short answers and homework.
a2-Recognize the host defenses mechanisms, and immune system disorders.		Participation.
a3-List the sources of microbial contamination of pharmaceuticals products.		
a4-Explain the different sterilization and disinfection techniques.		

(B)Intellectual Skills:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods:





Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills.	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods	
b1-Correlate laboratory findings with disease processes/pathophysiology and physiological factors affecting the results.	Lectures, Practice session, Discussions, Solving Problem methods	Oral presentation, criteria-based performance evaluation Interpretative exercises.	
(C)Professional and Practical Skills. Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and	l Practical Skillsto Teach	ing and Assessment	
Methods: Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inProfessional and Practical Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment	
c1-Apply the laboratory diagnostic test of viruses.	Lectures, Laboratory	Practical works,	
c2- Perform the serological tests for the diagnosis of infectious diseases.	work, directed reading, independent study and Group assignments	practical reports and presentations based on their	
c3-Operate different equipment's and instruments and use emerging technologies in medical laboratory practice.		experimental work	
c4-Practice the principle of infection control, biosafety measures and aseptic precautions.			
(D)General/ Transferable Skills: Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable Skills: Methods. Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)	ansferable skills to Teach Teaching strategies to	ing and Assessment Methods of	
inGeneral and Transferable Skills	be used	assessment	
d1-Manage a lab which employs a team of specialists and administrative aspects of that lab.	Small group discussions Tutorials	Reports, presentations and communication	
d2- Show the appropriate responsibility, self-confidence, and ethical attitudes and behaviors.	Practical classes Micro assignments	with the lecturer and his colleagues.	
d3- Implement writing and presentation skills and demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities and long life learning			
V.Course Content:			

V.	Course Content:				
1 –	1 – Course Topics/Items:				
	a – Theoretical Aspect:				
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of	Contact hours	C-ILOs





			weeks		
1	Viruses	Structure, viral replication	1	3	a1, a2, b1, c1, d2, d3
2	Viruses	Viral diseases, clinical manifestation, transmission routes,	1	3	a1, a2, b1, c1, d2, d3
3	Viruses	Control of the disease, diagnosis and treatment	1	3	a1, a2, b1, c1, d2, d3
4	Immunity	Innate immunity	1	3	a1, a2, b1, c1, d2, d3
5	Immunity	Adaptive immunity	1	3	a1, a2, b1, c1, d2, d3
6	Immunity	Immune system disorders	1	3	a1, a2, b1, c1, d2, d3
7	Introduction to pharmaceutical microbiology		1	3	a3, a4, b1, c1, d2, d3
8	Middle exam		1	3	a1-a3, b1, d2, d3
9	Sterilization and Disinfection		1	3	a3, a4, b1, c1, d2, d3
10	Sterilization and Disinfection		1	3	a3, a4, b1, c1, d2, d3
11	Microbiological aspects of pharmaceutical processing		1	3	a3, a4, b1, c1, d2, d3
12	Microbial spoilage and preservation of pharmaceutical products		1	3	a3, a4, b1, c1, d2, d3
13	Contamination of non-sterile pharmaceutical in hospital	Nosocomial infection	1	3	a3, a4, b1, c1, d2, d3
14	Factory and hospital hygiene andgood manufacturing practice		1	3	a3, a4, b1, c1, d2, d3
15	Factory and hospital hygiene andgood manufacturing practice		1	3	a3, a4, b1, c1, d2, d3
16	Final exa	2	a1-a4, b1, d1-d3		
	Number of Weeks/and U	Units Per Semester		47	

b - P	racticalAspect:			
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs





1	Infection control polices in microbiology lab	1	2	a4, b1, c1, d2, d3
2	Laboratory diagnosis of viruses	1	2	a1, b1, c1, c2, c3, c4, d2, d3
3	Laboratory diagnosis of viruses	1	2	a1, b1, c1, c2, c3, c4, d2, d3
4	Serological techniques for the diagnosis of infectious diseases.	1	2	a2, b1, c1, c2, c3, c4, d2, d3
5	Serological techniques for the diagnosis of infectious diseases.	1	2	a2, b1, c1, c2, c3, c4, d2, d3
6	Sterilization and disinfection techniques	1	2	a4, b1, d2, d3
7	Sterilization and disinfection techniques	1	2	a4, b1, d2, d3
8	Sources of microbial contamination	1	2	a3, a4, b1, d2, d3
9	Sterility testing of pharmaceutical products	1	2	a3, a4, b1, d2, d3
10	Sterility testing of pharmaceutical products	1	2	a3, a4, b1, d2, d3
11	Final exam	1	2	a1, a2, b1, c1-c4, d2, d3
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	22		

VI. Teaching Strategies:

- Lectures using data show, video animation and seminars
- Solving Problem method, Laboratory work, directed reading, independent study, discussion, and report.

VII. Assignments and projects:

No	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	Sources of pharmaceutical products contamination	a3, a4, b1, c1, d2, d3	4	5

VIII. Assessment Tasks:

No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Exercises and Home works	2	5	5%	a1, a2, a3, a4, c1, d2, d3





	Quizzes				
2	Project	4	5	5%	a3, a4, b1, c1, d2, d3
3	Practical Reports	5	10	10%	c1, c2, c3, c4, d2, d3
4	Written Test	6	10	10%	a1-a3, b1, d2, d3
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	50	50%	a1-a4, b1, d1-d3
6	Final Exam (practical)	15	20	20%	a1, a2, b1, c1-c4, d2, d3
7			100	100%	

IX.Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. Harvey RA, Champe PA, Strol WA, Rouse H, Fisher BD. Lippincott's Illustrated Reviews Microbiology (2001). Lippincott Williams and Wilkins. Philadelphia.
- 2. Kar A. Pharmaceutical Microbiology. (2008). New age international publisher. New Delhi.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- Winn W, Allen S, Janda W, Koneman E, Procop G, Schreckenberger P, and Woods G. Koneman's Color Atlas and Textbook of Diagnostic Microbiology (2006). 6th edition.Lippincott Williams and Wilkins.
- Cheesbrough M. Medical laboratory manual for tropical countries. ELBS with Butterworth-Heinemann, University press, Cambridge, UK. Vol. II. Microbiology.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK7627/

www.cdc.gov/

www.textbookofbacteriology.net/

www.wsmicrobiology.com

www.microbiologyonline.org.uk

www.asm.org

X.Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

1

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.





2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.
3	 (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	 Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year





(Other policies):

7

- Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.
- Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings.
- Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Pharmacognosy II

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:					
1	Course Title:	Pharmacognosy II				
2	Course Number and Code:	B1137	3			
			C	.H		Total
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
3	5 Credit flours:		1			4
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	First semester/ Third year				
5	Pre –requisite :	Pharma	cognocy 1	[
6	Co –requisite :	None				
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:	None				
8	Language of teaching the course:	English/Arabic				
9	Prepared By:	Wedad Mansour andBushra Moharam		m		
10	Approved By:					·

II. Course Description:

This course is designed to underline the basic areas of the pharmacognostical studies for some natural medicinal agent. It concern about the different methods of natural medicinal preparation i.e., cultivation, collection, drying, storage as well as the different adulteration ways of the phytomedicinals. Detection of the major active constituents and use of medicinal plants. and includes the macro- and micro-morphological characteristics of different plant organs (morphological and histological examination, and chemical identification, flowers, fruits, seeds and unorganized drugs).

III. ILOs:

At the end of the course student must be able to:

- 1. Describe the different ways of natural products cultivation, collection, drying, storage and different adulteration ways of phytomedicinals.
- 2. Identify and explain morphological and histological features of entire and the powdered plants.





- 3. List different active constituents and medicinal uses of flowers, fruits, seeds and unorganized drugs
- 4. Categorize the main plant organs under consideration for the production of high quality herbal product.
- 5. Differentiate between drugs in entire and powdered form.
- 6. Investigate active constituents of different drugs.
- 7. Handle and dispose chemicals and broken glasses safely and effectively.
- 8. Examine drugs of plant origin in entire and powdered form.
- 9. Perform experiments to identify unknown phytomedicinal cell contents either in an entire organ or in powdered form using different physical and chemical ways.
- 10. Complete a full scheme for identification of plant flowers, fruits, seeds and unorganized drugs on morphological and microscopical examination.
- 11. Implement writing and presentation skills.
- 12. Work effectively in team and manage his/her time.
- 13. Use information technology skills including word processing and knowing how to retrieve information from a variety of sources.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Wethous.					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding. At the end of the course student must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.			
a1- Describe the different ways of natural products cultivation, collection, drying, storage and different adulteration ways of phytomedicinals.	Lectures using boards and markers, data show, video	Quizzes, Written			
a2- Identify and explain morphological and histological features of entire and the powdered plants. a3- List different active constituents and medicinal uses of flowers, fruits, seeds and unorganized drugs actual snow, video animation and seminars exam, homew and participation					
(B)Intellectual Skills:					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment					

Methods:

Course Intended Learnin	g Outcomes (CILOs) in	Teaching strategies	Assessment





Intellectual Skills. At the end of the course student must be able to:	to be used	Methods	
 b1- Categorize the main plant organs under consideration for the production of high quality herbal product. b2- Differentiate between drugs in entire and powdered form. b3- Investigate active constituents of different drugs. 	Lectures, Practice session, Discussions, Solving Problem methods	Oral presentation, criteria-based performance evaluation Interpretative exercises.	
(C)Professional and Practical Skills.			
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Professio	ractical Skillsto Teach	ing and Assessment	
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills At the end of the course student must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment	
c1- Handle and dispose chemicals and broken glasses safely and effectively. c2- Examine drugs of plant origin in entire and powdered form. c3- Perform experiments to identify unknown phytomedicinal cell contents either in an entire organ or in powdered form using different physical and chemical ways. c4- Complete a full scheme for identification of plant flowers, fruits, seeds and unorganized drugs based on morphological and microscopical examination.	Lectures, Laboratory work, independent study and Group assignments.	Practical works, practical reports and presentations based on their experimental work.	
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Trans Methods.	ferable skills to Teach	ning and Assessment	
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills At the end of the course student must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment	
d1- Implement writing and presentation skills	C11	-Activity and InteractionReports,	
d2- Work effectively in team and manage his/her time	Small group discussions,		
d3- Use information technology skills including word processing and knowing how to retrieve information from a variety of sources.	practical classes and micro assignments	presentations and communication with the lecturer and his colleagues.	

V. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:





a – Theoretical Aspect:					
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Flowers	- Introduction, morphology and anatomy characters, inflorescence and placentation of flowers	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, b3, c4, d1, d3
		- Study of Clove, Chamomile, Pyrethrum and Arnica flowers	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, b3, c4, d1, d3
		- Study of Tilia, Santonica, Lavender and Saffron flowers	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, b3, c4, d1, d3
2	Fruits	 Introduction, classification microscopical examination, macroscopical characters of fruits Study of Ammi visnaga and Ammi majus 	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, b3, c4, d1, d3
		- Study of Anise, Fennel caraway, Cumin and Capsicum fruits	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, b3, c4, d1, d3
		- Study of Star-anise, Coriander, vanilla pods and Senna pods fruits	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, b3, c4, d1, d3
3		Mid exam	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, b3, c4, d1
4	Seeds	 Introduction microscopical examination, macroscopical characters of seeds Study of Cardamom and Colchicum seeds. 	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, b3, c4, d1, d3
		- Study of Nux-vomica, Linseed, and (black and white) seeds.	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, b3, c4, d1, d3
		- Study of Nutmeg, Fenugreek, Calabar and Nigella seeds	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, b3, c4, d1, d3
5	Unorganized drugs	 Definition, classification, chemical and physical properties Study of resin and resin combination (Colophony, 	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, b3, c4, d1, d3





	Myrrh, Olibaum and5Dragon's blood)			
	- Study of medicinal gums (Gum Arabic and Tragacanth) - Study of Medicinal latex (Opium)	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, b3, c4, d1, d3
	Study of Medicinal juice(Aloe and Kino).Study of medicinal extracts(Agar and Gelatin).	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, b3, c4, d1, d3
6	Final exam	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, b3, c4, d1
Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semester4		42		

b - PracticalAspect:				
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Morphology - microscopical identification of Clove and Chamomile flowers	1	2	a2, b2, c1, c2, c3, d2
2	Morphology - microscopical identification of Pyrethrum and Arnica flowers	1	2	a2, b2, c2, c3, d2
3	Morphology - microscopical identification of Ammi visnaga, Anise, Fennel caraway and Cumin fruits	1	2	a2, b2, c2, c3, d2
4	Morphology - microscopical identification of Capsicum Coriander, and Senna pods fruits	1	2	a2, b2, c2, c3, d2
5	Morphology - microscopical identification of Cardamom, Nux-vomica and Linseed seeds.	1	2	a2, b2, c2, c3, d2
6	Morphology - microscopical identification of (black and white) and Nigella seeds.	1	2	a2, b2, c2, c3, d2
7	Morphology - microscopical identification of Myrrh, Olibaum and Dragon's blood	1	2	a2, b2, c2, c3, d2

2

1

a2, b2, c2, c3, d2

Morphology - microscopical identification

of Gum Arabic and Tragacanth

8





9	Morphology - microscopical identification of Opium and others	1	2	a2, b2, c2, c3, d2
10	Morphology - microscopical identification of Aloe and others	1	2	a2, b2, c2, c3, d2
11	Final Exam	1	2	b1-b3, c1-c4, d1- d3
Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester				

VI. Teaching Strategies:

- Lectures using board and makers, data show, video animation and seminars
- Solving Problem method, Laboratory work, independent study and discussion

VII. Assignments and projects:

no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	Seminar	a2, a3, b1, c4, d1-d3	5	5
2	Projects	a2, a3, b1, c4, d1-d3	9, 11	3

VIII. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Seminar and project	5, 9, 11	5	5%	a2, a3, b1, c4, d1-d3
2	Practical Reports	1-10	10	10%	a4, a5, b3, b4, c2, d2
3	Quizzes	4, 6, 10	5	5%	a1, a3, b1, b2, d3
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, c4, d1
5	Final Exam (practical)	11	20	20%	a2, a3, b2, b3, c2,
6	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	a3, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, c4, d1

IX. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- Evans W.C., Evans D. and Trease E., Saunders "Trease and Evans 'Pharmacognosy" (2009); 16th ed. Elsevier, New York
- 2- Singh, G.K and Bhandari, A. "Textbook of Pharmacognosy" (2000); first ed., reprint (2008).CBS publisher and Distributers, New Delhi, India.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.





- 1- Sharma, V.D. and Pandey, S.K. "Pharmacognosy Practical Notebook" (2007); first ed. CBS publisher and Distributers, New Delhi, Bangalore, India.
- 2- Raje, V.N. "Pharmacognosy" (2010); first ed. CBS publisher and Distributers Pvt Ltd., New Delhi, Bangalore, Pune, Kochi, Chennai.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1-http://pages.intnet.mu/webpam/Pharmacognosy.htm
- 2- http://www.phcog.org/
- 3- http://www.botanical.com

X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.

(Tardy):

1

3

Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.

(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):

- Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam.
- Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed.
- If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt.
- If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%.
- The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination.
- In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark.
- Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.

(Assignments and Projects):

• The students have to submit the assignment or project on time.

• In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer





	before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the					
	student will not be given the marks of the project.					
5	 (Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. 					
	 Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for 					
6	a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice. (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own".					
	 Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year 					
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. 					
	Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.					





Course Specification of Pharmacology II

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

I. General Information:								
1	Course Title:	Pharma	cology II					
2	Course Number and Code:	B11362						
			C	LH		Total		
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total		
3		2	1			3		
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	S Second Semester/Third year						
5	Pre –requisite :	Pharmacology I						
6	Co requisite:							
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:							
8	Language of teaching the course: English – Arabic							
9	Prepared By:	Dr/ Mohammad Abobakr Al-Ghazali						
10	Approved By:							

I. Course Description:

This course will provide the student with the essential pharmacological skills and knowledge of the symptoms, mechanism of actions, side effects and treatment of different Cardiovascular diseases, Respiratory disorders, Blood and renal diseases.

II. ILOs: After participation in this course students must be able to:

- 1- Classify the groups of drugs in each disease in this course.
- 2- Describe the mechanism of actions of drugs used in different disease discussed in this course.
- 3- Recognize the side effects that can occur with different drugs explained in this course.
- 4- Distinguish the actions, mechanisms and side effects of different drugs included in this course.
- 5- Foretell the pharmacological aspects of individual drugs, once provided with their pharmacological class.
- 6- Merge theory with professional practical.
- 7- Perform confident oral and written knowledge and skills gained from this course.





- 8- Demonstrate professional competence in selecting appropriate drugs from different groups that covered in this course.
- 9- Choose professional in selecting the convenient therapy for different diseases covered in this course.
- 10- Implement practical experiments to diagnose and describe the pharmacological aspects of unknown drugs.
- 11- Work effectively in a team and demonstrate creativity and time management abilities
- 12- Demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities.
- 13- Communicate professional with patients and other health care specialist by verbal and written means.

III. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:						
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:						
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in	Teaching strategies	Assessment Methods.				
Knowledge and Understanding.	to be used.					
After participating in this course student must be						
able to						
a1- Classify the groups of drugs in each disease in	-Lectures using	- written exam				
this course	Animations	- Quizzes				
a2- Describe the mechanism of actions of drugs used in different disease discussed in this course	-Student oral and written presentation	- Presentation				
a3- Recognize the side effects that can occur with						
different drugs explained in this course						
(B)Intellectual Skills:						
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Ski Methods:	ills to Teaching Met	hods and Assessment				
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in	Teaching strategies	Assessment Methods				
Intellectual Skills.	to be used					
After participating in this course student must be able to						
b1- Distinguish the actions, mechanisms and side	-case discussion	- Written exam				
effects of different drugs included in this course	-group presentation	- Quizzes				
b2- Foretell the pharmacological aspects of		- Presentation				
individual drugs, once provided with their						
pharmacological class.						
b3- Merge theory with professional practical						

(C)Professional and Practical Skills.

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment Methods:





Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills. After participating in this course student must be able to	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
c1- Perform confident oral and written knowledge and skills gained from this course	-group presentation -research activities	- Written exam - Quizzes - Presentation
c2- Demonstrate professional competence in selecting appropriate drugs from different groups that covered in this course	practical session	practical reports
c3- Choose professional in selecting the convenient therapy for different diseases covered in this course.		
c4- Implement practical experiments to diagnose and describe the pharmacological aspects of unknown drugs.		
(D)General/ Transferable Skills:		

Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable skills to Teaching and Assessment Methods.

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills. After participating in this course student must be able to	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
d1- Work effectively in a team and demonstrate creativity and time management abilities	-group discussion - presentation	- Written exam - Quizzes
d2- Demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities.		- Presentation
d3- Communicate professional with patients and other health care specialist by verbal and written means		

IV. Course Content:	
1 – Course Topics/Items:	
a – Theoretical Aspect:	





Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1		Introduction Antihypertensive Drugs	Į.	10	a1- a2- a3 –
1	Cardiovascular System	Antianginal Drugs Anti-arrhythmia Anti- Congestive Heart Failure	5	10	b1-b2- c3- d1- d2- d3
2	Drug Affecting Blood I	Antianaemic Drugs	1	2	a1- a2- a3 – b1-b2-c3- d1- d2- d3
3	Midterm Exam		1	2	a1- a2- a3 - b1-b2- c1- c2- c3- d1- d2- d3
4	Drug Affecting Blood II	Antihyperlipoprotein Management of Haemostatic Disorders	2	4	a1- a2- a3 – b1-b2-c3- d1- d2- d3
5	Respiratory System	Anti-Asthmatic Drugs Anti-cough	2	4	a2- a3 – b1- b2- c2- c3- d1- d2- d3
6	Renal System	Diuretics Renal disorders	2	4	a2- a3 - b1- b2- c2- c3- d1- d2- d3
7	Final Exam		1	2	a1- a2- a3 - b1-b2- c1- c2- c3- d1- d2- d3
	Number of Weeks/and Unit	s Per First semester4		28	

b - Pı	b - PracticalAspect:								
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs					
1	Process of organ isolation	2	6	b3-c1-c3-d1-d2					





2	In vivo effects of drugs	6	18	a1- a2- a3 – b1- b2-b3- c1- c2- c3- c4- d1- d2- d3
3	In vitro effects of drugs	5	15	a1- a2- a3 - b1- b2-b3- c1- c2- c3- c4- d1- d2- d3
4	Final Exam	1	3	a1- a2- a3 – b1- b2-b3- c1- c2- c3- c4- d1- d2- d3
1	Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semeste	er4	28	

V. Teaching Strategies:

-Lectures

-Student oral and written presentation

practical session

no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	- Presentation	a1- a2- a3 – b1- b2-b3-d1- d2- d3	6	5%

VII. Assessment Tasks:							
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes		
1	Presentation	6	5	5%	a1- a2- a3 – b1-b2-b3-d1- d2- d3		





2	Practical Reports	All	10	10%	a1- a2- a3 – b1-b2-b3- c1- c2- c3- c4- d1- d2- d3
3	Quizzes and Exercises and Home works	4-8	5	5%	a1- a2- a3 - b1-b2-b3- c1- c2- c3- c4- d1- d2- d3
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	a1- a2- a3 - b1-b2-b3- c1- c2- c3- c4- d1- d2- d3
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	15	50	50%	a1- a2- a3 – b1-b2-b3- c1- c2- c3- c4- d1- d2- d3
6	Final Exam (practical)	14	20	20%	a1- a2- a3 – b1-b2-b3- c1- c2- c3- c4- d1- d2- d3
	Total		100	100%	

VIII. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- M.A. Clark, R. Finkel, J.A. Rey, K. Whalen (2009) Lippincott's Illustrated Reviews of Pharmacology, *11th edition*, Lippincott's Williams and Wilkins, Philadelphia.
- 2- B.G. Katzung, S.B. Masters, A.J. Trevor (2012) Basic and Clinical Pharmacology, *Fifth edition*, Mc Graw Hill Lange, U.S.A.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

1- H.P. Rang, M.M. Dale, J.M. Ritter, R.J. Flower (2007) Rand and Dale's Pharmacology, *6th edition*, Churchill Livingstone Elsevier, Philadelphia.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1- www.who.int
- 2- www.drugs.com

IX. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the





	25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.					
2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.					
3	 (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so. 					
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project. 					
5	 Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice. 					





6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year.
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of First Aid

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:						
1	Course Title:	First A	id				
2	2 Course Number and Code:		3				
			C	C.H		TD 4 1	
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total	
3	Credit nours.		-	-	-	2	
4	4 Study level/year at which this course is offered:		Second Semester/ First Year				
5	Pre –requisite :						
6	Co requisite:						
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:						
8	8 Language of teaching the course:		Mixed English and Arabic				
9	9 Prepared By:		Dr. Abdulrakib Al –Hanani				
10	Approved By:						

II. Course Description:

This course helps students to play a major role in saving patients lives and decreasing further complications, through teaching students how to provide initial assistance to patient with injury or emergency medical illness until medical assistance arrive.

III.	ILOs: By the end of the course the student will be able to
1.	Describe initial assessment of patient with injury or medical emergency
2.	Classify bleeding and methods to control external bleeding
3.	Identify first, second and third burn degree
4.	List methods for splinting dressing and bandaging
5.	Analyze symptoms and signs in relation to specific illness and injury.
6.	Apprize items used to estimate fluid and blood loss for adult patient with trauma
7.	Explore risks associated with splinting
8.	Demonstrate how to provide basic life support for cardiac arrest patient
9.	Use devise to, proper position, transfer patient to the devise





- 10. Carryout basic dressing and bandaging techniques
- 11. Apply step by step procedure for opening air way
- 12. Cooperate with more highly trained medical personnel
- 13. Cooperate with more highly trained medical personnel and work as individual or a twam partner
- 14. Communicate clearly with patient, bystanders and other health care professionals
- 15. Protect patient privacy and confidentiality while providing emergency first aid

Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods: IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods: Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) Teaching strategies to Assessment Methods. in Knowledge and Understanding. be used. After participating in this course students must be able to: a1- Describe initial assessment of patient with Lecture Wittenexam Problem solving And presentation injury or medical emergency Cooperative learning a2- Classify bleeding and methods to control Discussion external bleeding Demonstration a3- Identify first, second and third degree Video clips burn a4- List methods for splinting dressing and bandaging (B) Intellectual Skills: Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods: Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) Assessment Methods Teaching strategies to in Intellectual Skills. be used After participating in this course students must

b2- Apprize items used to estimate fluid and

blood loss for adult patient with trauma

b3- Explore risks associated with splinting

be able to: b1- Analyze symptoms and signs in relation to

Discussion
Demonstration

Problem solving

Cooperative learning

Presentation

(C) Professional and Practical Skills.

specific illness and injury.

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skills to Teaching and Assessment Methods:





Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills After participating in this course students must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
c1- Demonstrate how to provide basic life support for cardiac arrest patient	Lecture Cooperative learning Discussion Demonstration	Wittenexam And presentation
c2- Use devise to, proper position, transfer patient to the devise		
c3- Carryout basic dressing and bandaging techniques		
c4- Apply step by step procedure for opening air way		
(D) General/ Transferable Skills: Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Methods.	l Transferable skills to Te	eaching and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in General and Transferable Skills After participating in this course students must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
d1- Cooperate with more highly trained medical personnel and work as individual or a team partner	Cooperative learning Discussion Demonstration	Presentation
d2- Communicate clearly with patient, bystanders and other health care professionals		
d3- Protect patient privacy and confidentiality while providing emergency first aid		

V.	Course Content:				
1 – Cou	1 – Course Topics/Items:				
a –	Theoretical Aspect:				





Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	CILOs
1.	Introduction to first aid	DefinitionsRules,ResponsibilityVital signs	1	2	a1, d1, d3
2.	Initial patient assessment	 Forming General impression Primary and Secondsurvey SAMPLE history 	1	2	a1, a4, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
3.	Basic life support	AdultChildand infantChokingNear drawing	2	4	a1, a2, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
4.	Bleeding and shock	- Internal and external	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1- c4, d1- d3
5	Midterm exam		1	2	a1-a4, b1, b2, b3, c1- c4
6	Medical emergency and Poisoning	- Management	2	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1- c4, d1- d3
7	Trauma	musculoskeletal Injuries(fracture)WoundsBurn	3	6	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1- c4, d1- d3
8.	Final exam		1	2	a1-a4, b1, b2, b3, c1- c4
	Number of Weeks/and	d Units Per First Second seme	ster	24	

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- Lecture
- Problem solving





- Cooperative learning
- Discussion
- Demonstration
- Videoclips

VII.	Assignments	and	proi	iects:
1 11.	1 1001 SIIIII CIICO	ullu		CCC5.

no	Assignment	CILOS	Week Due	Mark
2.	Group - Posters - Guide lines - Equipment used in first aid Group web search - Trauma - Near drawing - Shock	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1- c4, d1- d3	9	10%

VIII. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Assignments	9	10	10%	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1- c4, d1- d3
2	Written Test (1)	7	30	30%	a1-a4, b1, b2, b3, c1- c4
3	Final Exam (theoretical)	1	60	60%	a1-a4, b1, b2, b3, c1- c4
			100	100%	

IX. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

1-Austen M.2011, First Aid Manual. 9th edition.London

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

1. Crouch R. 2009, Emergency nursing hand bookfirst edition.Oxford University press

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

1-http: www.trauma.org

2-http: BLS.com





	2 http://decides
	X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)
The	University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al- Nasser University student's regulations handbook
1	Class Attendance: • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.
2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.
3	 Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.





	(Cheating):
5	 Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year





Fourth year: first semester





Course Specification of Medicinal Chemistry I

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:					
1	Course Title:	Medicinal Chemistry I				
2	Course Number and Code:	B11435				
			C	C.H		Total
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
	5 Credit flours.	2	1			3
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	First semester/Fourth year				
5	Pre –requisite :	Analytical Chemistry II and Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry IV				naceutical
6	Co –requisite :	Pharmacology III				
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:	None				
8	Language of teaching the course:	Arabic/	English			
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Tawfeek Ahmed Alobaidy				
10	Approved By:			•		

II. Course Description:

This course introduces students to chemistry of drugs with special emphasis to the physicochemical properties of the drug structure and its effect on the biological activity. The chemical structure and its effect on drugs-receptor interaction, drug metabolism and the basic principles of drug design and the medicinal chemistry of ANS drugs are demonstrated.





III. ILOs:

At the completion of this course the student should be able to:

- 1- Recognize the basic principles of medicinal chemistry.
- 2- Relate the physicochemical chemical properties of drug to the biological activity.
- 3- Illustrate the drug metabolism and latenation.
- 4- Characterize the basic principle of drug design, SAR, biosynthesis, synthesis, metabolismof ANS drugs
- 5- Determine the functional groups and their effect on absorption, distribution and excretion.
- 6- Identify the predicted moieties of drug structure that are metabolized
- 7-Diagram the schemes that describe bonds interaction
- 8-Categorize drug of autonomic nervous system and synthesize some ANS drugs
- 9-Practice the program used in drug design
- 10-Calculate the log p for some drugs
- 11-Determine the impurities limit in pharmaceutical preparation
- 12-Perform assay of some ANS drugs
- 13-Cooperate withhis colleagues to prepare a scientific topic.
- 14- Present some examples for drug design.
- 15- Implement writing and presentation skills.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding. after completing this program, students would be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.
a1- Recognize the basic principles of medicinal chemistry.	Lectures using data showvideo animationand	MCQ Oral Exam, Quizzes, exam,
a2-Relate the physicochemical chemical properties of drug to the biological activity.	computer supported with design program	short answers , Homeworkand Participation.
a3- Illustrate the drug metabolism and latenation.		
a4- Characterize the basic principle of drug design, SAR, biosynthesis, synthesis, metabolismof ANS drugs.		





Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Sk Methods:	ills to Teaching Metho	ods and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. after completing this program, students would be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
b1-Determine the functional groups and their effect on absorption, distribution and excertion. b2- Identify the predicted moieties of drug structure that are metabolized b3- Diagram the schemes thatdescribe bonds interaction b4- Categorize drug of autonomic nervous system and synthesize some ANS drugs	Lectures, Practice session, Discussions, Solving Problem methods	Oral presentation, criteria-based performance evaluation Interpretative exercises.
(C)Professional and Practical Skills.		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Methods:	Practical Skillsto Teach	ing and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inProfessional and Practical Skills after completing this program, students would be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
c1- Practice the programme used in drug design c2- Calculate the log p for some drugs c3- Determine the impurities limit in pharmaceutical preparation c4-Perform assay of some ANS drugs	Lectures, docking program AndGroup assignments, Practical works.	Practical Reports, And practical reports.
(D)General/ Transferable Skills: Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable Methods.	nsferable skills to Teach	ning and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills after completing this program, students would be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
d1- Cooperate student withhis colleagues to prepare a scientific topic. d2-Present some examples for drug design. d3- Implement writing and presentation skills	Small group discussions, Practical classes	Reports, presentations And communication with the lecturer and his colleagues.

V. Course Content:





1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Introduction to medicinal chemistry	Terminology related to medicinal chemistry and its orientation	1	2	a1, d1-3
2	Physicochemical properties	Hydrophobicity, electronic effect and steric effect	1	2	a2, b1, c2, d1,
3	Application of QSAR	calculation of pc, Craig plot, topless scheme and Hansch equation	1	2	a1, b1, c2, d1, d2-3
4	Drug-receptor interaction	Types of bond in drug receptor interaction Application of D-R interaction	1	2	a4, a2, d3,
5	Drug design	sources of lead compound, strategies of drug design, introduction to graph theory, applications of quantum mechanics. Computer Aided Drug Designing (CADD), brief introduction to combinatorial chemistry. types of drug design	1	2	a1, a4, b1c1, d2,
6	Prodrug and drug latenation	Types of prodrug Objectives of prodrug Examples of prodrug	1	2	a3, b1, d1,
7	Midt	erm exam	1	2	a1-a4, d1-d3
8	Drug metabolism	Site of drug biotransformation, pathways of drug metabolism: phase I	2	4	a1, b2, d1-3





		(oxidation, reduction and hydrolysis) Phase II (conjugation with glucuronic acid, sulfate, amino acids and glutathione, acylation, methylation)			
9	Sympathomimitic	Classification, SAR, biosynthesis, synthesis metabolism	1	2	a1, b4, d1-3
10	Sympatholytic	Classification, synthesis metabolism	1	2	a3-4, b4, d1-3
11	Parasympathatic	Classification, biosynthesis, metabolism SAR, synthesis	1	2	a1-a4, d1-3
12	parasympatholytic	Classification, SAR, synthesis metabolism	1	2	a4, b4
13	Final exam		1	2	a1-a4, b1-b4
Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semester4			28		

b - PracticalAspect:

Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Limit Test For Chloride	1	3	c1, c2, c3, c4, d1,
2	Limit Test For Sulphate	1	3	c1, c2, c3, c4, d3- 4
3	Limit Test For iron	1	3	a1, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
4	limit test for sulphate in sod thiosulphate	1	3	c1, c2, c3, c4, d1, d3-4
5	limit test for chloride in potassium bromide	1	3	a1, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
6	limit test for chloride in colored compound (potassium permanganate)	1	3	a1, c2, c3, c4, d3- 4
7	limit test in sodium salicylate	1	3	c2, c3, c4, d1
8	Limit test for cl, SO4 and salicylic acid in aspirin	2	3	c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
9	Final exam	1	3	b1-b4, c1-c4, d1- d3
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester		30	





VI. Teaching Strategies:

Lectures using data show video animation, Practice session, Discussions, Solving Problem methods, Group assignments, Small group discussions and Practical classes

V	II. Assignments and projects	:		
no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	- Project	a1-4, b1-4, d1- d3	5	5

VIII. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Project	2, 8	5	5%	a1-4, b1-4, d1- d3
2	Practical reports	1-9	10	10%	a1-4, b1-4, d1- d3
3	Oral Tests	5, 9	5	5%	, a1-a4, b1-b4
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	a1-4, b1-4
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	a1-4, b1-4
6	Final Exam (practical)	11	20	20%	b1-4, c1-c4, d1-d3
	Total		100	100%	

IX. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- John M. Beale, Jr. and John H. Block, "Text book of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry", 2011, 12th Edition, Wilson and Gisvold, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, A Wolters Kluwer Company, Philadelphia.
- 2- Graham L. Patrick, "An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry", 2009, Fourth Edition, Oxford University Press Inc., New York

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Thomas Nogrady, Donald F. Weaver. Medicinal Chemistry A Molecular and Biochemical Approach, 2005, Third edition, Oxford University Press, Inc., New York.
- 2- Donald J. Abraham, "BURGER'S Medicinal Chemistry and Drug Discovery" 6th





edition, A John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Virginia.

- 3- Thomas L. Lemke, Victoria F. Roche, David A. Willaiams and S. William Zito "Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry", 2008, 6 th, Edition, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, a Wolters Kluwer business, Philadelphia.
- 4- PovlKrogsgaard-Larsen, TommyLiljefors andUlf Madsen, "Textbook of Drug Design andDiscovery".2002, Third edition, Taylor and Francis, London.
- 5- K.-H. Hellwich · C. D. Siebert, "Stereochemistry Workbook" 2006, Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, Berlin.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1- http://www.chemaxon/marvin
- 2-http://www.webmolecules.com
- 3-http://www.acdlabs.com
- 4-PASSPrediction of Activity Spectra for Substance) (http://www.ibmh.msk.su/PASS).
- **X.** Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.

(Tardy):

1

3

Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.

(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):

- Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam.
- Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed.
- If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt.
- If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%.
- The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination.





	 In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	 Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Pharmacology III

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	X. General Information:						
1	Course Title:	Pharma	cology II	[
2	Course Number and Code:	B1146	3				
			C	.H		Total	
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total	
3		2	1			3	
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	First Semester/ Fourth year					
5	Pre –requisite :	Pharmacology II					
6	Co –requisite :						
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:						
8	Language of teaching the course:	English – Arabic					
9	Prepared By:	Dr/ Mohammad Abobakr Al-Ghazali			i		
10	Approved By:						

II. Course Description:

The course will provide the student with the essential pharmacological knowledge including the symptoms, mechanism of actions, side effects and treatment in the different C.N.S diseases, G.I.T disorders and muscle relaxant drugs.

III. ILOs: After participation in this course students must be able to:

- 1- Classify the groups of drugs in each disease in this course.
- 2- Describe the mechanism of actions of drugs used in different disease discussed in this course.
- 3- Recognize the side effects that can occur with different drugs explained in this course.
- 4- Distinguish the actions, mechanisms and side effects of different drugs included in this course
- 5- Foretell the pharmacological aspects of individual drugs, once provided with their pharmacological class.
- 6- Merge theory with professional practical.
- 7- Perform confident oral and written knowledge and skills gained from this course.
- 8- Demonstrate professional competence in selecting appropriate drugs from different groups





that covered in this course.

- 9- Choose professional in selecting the convenient therapy for different diseases covered in this course.
- 10- Implement practical experiments to diagnose and describe the pharmacological aspects of unknown drugs.
- 11- Communicate professional with patients and other health care specialist by verbal and written means.
- 12- Demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities.
- 13- Work effectively in a team and demonstrate creativity and time management abilities.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding. After participating in this course student must be able to	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.
a1- Classify the groups of drugs in each disease in this course a2- Describe the mechanism of actions of drugs used in different disease discussed in this course	-Lectures using Animations -Student oral and written presentation	written examQuizzesPresentation
a3- Recognize the side effects that can occurwith different drugs explained in this course		

(B)Intellectual Skills:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. After participating in this course student must be able to	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
b1- Distinguish the actions, mechanisms and side effects of different drugs included in this course b2- Foretell the pharmacological aspects of individual drugs, once provided with their pharmacological class. b3- Merge theory with professional practical	-case discussion -group presentation	Written examQuizzesPresentation

(C)Professional and Practical Skills.

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment Methods:





Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills. After participating in this course student must be able to	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment			
c1- Perform confident oral and written knowledge and skills gained from this course	-group presentation -research activities	- Written exam - Quizzes			
c2- Demonstrate professional competence in selecting appropriate drugs from different groups that covered in this course	Practical session	- Presentation practical reports			
c3- Choose professional in selecting the convenient therapy for different diseases covered in this course.					
c4- Implement practical experiments to diagnose and describe the pharmacological aspects of unknown drugs.					
(D)General/ Transferable Skills:					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable skills to Teaching and Assessment					

Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable skills to Teaching and Assessment Methods.

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills. After participating in this course student must be able to	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
d1- Communicate professional with patients and other health care specialist by verbal and written means	-group discussion - presentation Practical session	Written examQuizzesPresentation
d2- Demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities.		
d3- Work effectively in a team and demonstrate creativity and time management abilities		

V. Course Content:	
1 – Course Topics/Items:	
a – Theoretical Aspect:	:





Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
		Introduction			
		Anesthetics			
1	Central Nervous System	Antidepressant Drugs	6	12	a1- a2- a3 – b1- b2-b3- c3- c4-
1	I (C.N.S)	Sedatives ,Anxiolytics and Hypnotics	0	12	d1- d2- d3
		C.N.S Stimulants			
		Opioid Analgesics			
2	Midterm Exam		1	2	a1- a2- a3 – b1- b2-b3- c1- c2- c3-d1- d2- d3
	Central Nervous System II(C.N.S)	Anti-Epilepsy	2	4	a1- a2- a3 – b1-
3		Anti-Parkinson's			b2-c3- c4- d1- d2- d3
4	Skeletal Muscle Relaxants		1	2	a2- a3 – b1-b2- b3- c3- c4- d1- d2- d3
5	Local Anesthetics		1	2	a2- a3 – b1-b2- b3- c3- c4- d1- d2- d3
		Anti-Peptic Ulcer			a1- a2- a3 – b1- b2-b3- c3- c4-
6	Gastro-Intestinal Tract	Anti-Constipation	3	6	d1- d2-d3
	C.10120 21100 21100	Anti-Diarrhea			
7	Final Exam		1	2	a1- a2- a3 - b1- b2-b3- c1- c2- c3-d1- d2- d3
	Number of Weeks/and U	Inits Per First semester5		30	

b - PracticalAspect:					
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs	
1	Handling of experimental animals	2	6	b3-c1-c3-d1-d2	





2	Process of organ isolation	3	9	b3-c1-c3-d1-d2
3	In vivo effects of drugs	4	12	a1- a2- a3 – b1- b2-b3- c1- c2- c3- c4- d1- d2
4	In vitro effects of drugs	4	12	a1- a2- a3 - b1- b2-b3- c1- c2- c3- c4- d1- d2
5	Final Exam	1	3	a1- a2- a3 – b1- b2-b3- c1- c2- c3- c4- d1- d2
1	Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semester4			

VI. Teaching Strategies:

- -Lectures
- -Student oral and written presentation
- Practical sessions

VII. Assignments and projects:

No	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	- Presentation	a1- a2- a3 – b1- b2-b3- c1- c2- c3- c4- d1- d2- d3	6	5%

VIII. Assessment Tasks:						
No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes	
1	Assignment/ Presentation	6	5	5%	a1- a2- a3 – b1-b2-b3- c1- c2- c3- c4- d1- d2- d3	





2	Practical Reports	All	10	10%	a1- a2- a3 - b1-b2-b3- c1- c2- c3- c4- d1- d2- d3
3	Quizzes and Exercises and Home works	4-8	5	5%	a1- a2- a3 – b1-b2-b3- c1- c2- c3- c4- d1- d2- d3
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	a1- a2- a3 - b1-b2-b3- c1- c2- c3- c4- d1- d2- d3
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	15	50	50%	a1- a2- a3 – b1-b2-b3- c1- c2- c3- c4- d1- d2- d3
6	Final Exam (practical)	14	20	20%	a1- a2- a3 - b1-b2-b3- c1- c2- c3- c4- d1- d2- d3
	total		100	100%	

IX.Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- M.A. Clark, R. Finkel, J.A. Rey, K. Whalen (2009)Lippincott's Illustrated Reviews of Pharmacology, *11th edition*, Lippincott's Williams and Wilkins, Philadelphia.
- 2- B.G. Katzung, S.B. Masters, A.J. Trevor (2012) Basic and Clinical Pharmacology, *Fifth edition*, Mc Graw Hill Lange, U.S.A.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

1- H.P. Rang, M.M. Dale, J.M. Ritter, R.J. Flower (2007) Rand and Dale's Pharmacology, *6th edition*, Churchill Livingstone Elsevier, Philadelphia.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1- www.who.int
- 2- www.drugs.com

X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook





1	Class Attendance: • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.
2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.
3	 (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	 (Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for





	a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.			
	(Plagiarism):			
6	"To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own".			
	 Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. 			
	• If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full			
	academic year			
	(Other policies):			
7	• Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class			
	during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.			
	• Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings.			
	Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.			





Course Specification of Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics I

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

I.General Information:						
1	Course Title:	Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics I				
2	Course Number and Code:	B11457				
3	Credit hours: 2hrs.	С.Н				T-4-1
		Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
		2				2
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	First semester/Fourth year				
5	Pre –requisite :	Physiology II and Biochemistry II				
6	Co –requisite :					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:					
8	Language of teaching the course:	English/ Arabic				
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Mohammed Addoais & Dr. Abdulkarim Alzomor				
10	Approved By:		•			

II. Course Description:

This course will introduces the students to the concepts of biopharmaceutics, and pharmacokinetics, the processes of absorption, distribution, metabolism, and excretion of drugs are discussed with the purpose of improving the evaluation of drug delivery systems, and thetherapeutic management of patients.

III. ILOs: at end of the course students will be to:

- 1. Identify all biologic, physiologic, and pathologic factors, which influence drugs' absorption, disposition ant response in the body.
- 2. Explain how physical and chemical drugs' properties, dosage form and route of administration can influence drug performance in the body
- 3. Discus the mechanism of drug transport in the body.
- 4. List the factors affecting drug metabolism, distribution and excretion.





- 5. Distinguish renal and non-renal excretion of drugs
- 6. Compare bioavailability and bioequivalence..
- 7. Design of bioavailability and bioequivalence studies.
- 8. Adjust and optimize the dose and dosage regimen
- 9. Solve any formulation problems affecting drug bioavailability.
- 10. Measure bioavailability parameters and choose the right method for drug administration.
- 11. Work effectively in a team

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional

12. Manage time effectively

		_			
IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding. At end of the course students will be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.			
a1-Identify all biologic, physiologic, and pathologic factors, which influence drugs' absorption, disposition ant response in the body. a2-Explain how physical and chemical drugs' properties, dosage form and route of administration can influence drug performance in the body a3- Discus the mechanism of drug transport in the body. a4- List the factors affecting drug metabolism.	Lectures using data show Video animation and seminars	Quiz and Written exam			
(B)Intellectual Skills:					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods:	Methods ar	nd Assessment			
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At end of the course students will be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods			
b1-Distinguish renal and non-renal excretion of drugs b2-Compare bioavailability and bioequivalence b3- Design of bioavailability and bioequivalence studies.	Lecture and group discussion	Quiz and Written exam			
(C)Professional and Practical Skills.					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment Methods:					

Teaching

Methods of





and Practical Skills At end of the course students will be ableto:	strategies to be used	assessment
c1-Adjust and optimize the dose and dosage regimen c2- Solve any formulation problems affecting drug bioavailability.	Direct reading Independent study	Report, Assignment report
c ^r - Measure bioavailability parameters and choose the right method for drug administration.		
(D)General/ Transferable Skills:		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable Methods.	skills to Teaching	and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills At end of the course students will be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
d1-Work effectively in a team	Group	Presentation
d2-Manage time effectively	discussion	

V. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

No	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Numbe r of weeks	Contac t hours	C-ILOs
1	Introduction to Biopharmaceutics	 Definition of some terms used in biopharmaceutics Aims of studying of biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics Plasma –time level curve Routes ofDrug Administration, Bioavailability, Advantages and Disadvantages Transport of Drugs Across Biological Membranes 	2	4	a1, a4, b1, c2, d1, d2
2	GIT absorption of drugs	 Definition Bio-pharmaceutics hurdles in drug development, approaches to overcome them Mechanism of drug absorption Physiological factors affecting oral absorption Physical-Chemical factors affecting oral absorption Effect of Food on drug Absorption 	4	8	a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2





		 Formulation factors affecting oral absorption Techniques for the GIT absorption assessment 			
3		Midterm exam	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2
4	Biopharmaceutics study of Drug distribution	 Definitions Factors affecting drug distribution Volume of distribution Binding to plasma proteins Factors affecting protein binding Drug distribution to special tissue Brain Placenta Drug interaction in protein binding 	2	4	c1, c2, cd1, d2
5	Biopharmaceutics study of Drug metabolism	 Definitions Role of drug metabolism Drug metabolism sites Metabolic pathway Metabolism enzymes Metabolism phases Factors affecting drug metabolism Drug interaction in metabolism Extrahepatic metabolism Prodrugs 	2	4	c1, c2, d1, d2
6	Biopharmaceutics study of Drug excretion	 Definitions Role and pathway of excretion Types of excretion Renal excretion Non-renal excretion Biliary excretion Mammary excretion Salivary excretion Skin excretion Pulmonary excretion GIT excretion Genital excretion Factors Affecting Renal Excretion Drug interaction 	2	4	b3, c1, c2, d1, d2
7	Bioavailability and bioequivalence	 Historical aspects. Definitions. Objectives and significance of BA/BE studies. Factors affecting Bioavailability. Measurement of Bioavailability. 	2	4	c1, c3, d1, d2





	 Methods for enhancing Bioavailability. Introduction to Bioequivalence. Limitations of BA/BE studies Protocol design of bioavailability assessment. Methods of bioequivalence determination 			
8	Final exam	16	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, d1, d2
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	16	32	

VI. Teaching Strategies:

- Lectures using data show
- Video animation and seminars
- Directreading
- Independent study
- Group discussion

VII. Assignments and projects:

no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	Assignment	a1, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2	9	5

V	VIII. Assessment Tasks:						
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes		
1	Assignment	9	5	5%	a1, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2		
2	Quizzes	2, 5, 12	5	5%	a1, a2, a3, a4,		





					b1, b2, b3, d1, d2
3	Written Test (midterm exam)	8	30	30%	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, d1, d2
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	15	60	60%	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, d1, d2
	Total		100	100%	

IX	Learning Resources:
1-Requ	sired Textbook(s) (maximum two).
	1. Leon Shargel Andrew (2012). Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics,
	Sixth edition, Lippincotts and William, Philadelphia.
2-Red	commended Books and Reference Materials.
	1. Michel E. Winter (2011). Basic clinical pharmacokinetics, Fifth edition,
	Lippincotts and William, San Fransisco.
3-Ele	ectronic Materials and Web Sites etc.
	1-www.boomer.org

X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.

(Tardy):

1

Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.

(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):

- Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam.
 - Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed.
 - If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt.
 - If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated





	 exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of
	 examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark.
	 Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
	(Assignments and Projects):
4	• The students have to submit the assignment or project on time.
	 In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	 (Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib
	notes, pagers or cell phones) etc.
	Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero
	• Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one.
	• If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	(Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own".
	 Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments.
	 If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.
	 Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Phytochemistry I

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

I. General Information:						
1	Course Title:	Phytoch	nemistry I			
2	Course Number and Code:	B1137	4			
			C	LH.		Total
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
3	Credit nours.	3	1			4
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	is Second semester/Third year				
5	Pre –requisite :	Botany	& pharm	nacognosy	yII	
6	Co –requisite :					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:	None				
8	Language of teaching the course:	Arabic/English				
9	Prepared By:	Bushra Moharam and Wedad Mansour				
10	Approved By:					

II. Course Description:

The course provides information on different types of chromatography and its applications; and on the importance of naturally occurring products from their chemical, pharmaceutical and therapeutic applications. It also deals with their isolation and identification using chromatographic methods.

III. ILOs:

Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to:

- 1- Illustrate the principles of different chromatographic techniques.
- 2- Identify the different classes of biologically active compounds of natural origin alkaloids, terpenoids and steriods, their distribution in nature and classification.
- 3- Explain physico-chemical properties of natural origin substances of alkaloids, terpenoids and steroids.
- 4- Recognize the methods of extraction, separation and purification of the constituents of





natural products such as alkaloids, terpenoids and steroids.

- 5- Describe the chemical structure of alkaloids, terpenoids, and steroids, their pharmacological properties (biological activities) and contraindications of them.
- 6- Apply the chromatographic techniques in phytochemical analysis of natural products (alkaloids, terpenoids).
- 7- Correlate the chemical structure of natural products (alkaloids, terpenoids, steroids) with their pharmacological activity and predict of structural changes that modify the biological activity.
- 8- Research about suitable methods for extraction; isolation of different compounds from natural origin
- 9- Perform suitable methods for extraction; isolation of alkaloids and terpenoids.
- 10-Carry out different assay procedures for quantitative determination of alkaloids and terpenoids in their origin or preparations.
- 11- Construct a research study about different chromatographic techniques.
- 12-Write reports about the chemistry natural products such as alkaloids, terpenoids, steroids and their isolation and present them.
- 13-Cooperate effectively with other people and to wok in teamwork and team planning.
- 14-Evaluate information from different sources, demonstrate critical thinking, problem solving and decision making abilities

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding.	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.
Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to: a1- Illustrate the principles of different chromatographic techniques. a2- Identify the different classes of biologically active compounds of natural origin alkaloids, terpenoids and steriods, their distribution in nature and classification.	Lectures using boards and markers, data show, video animation and seminars	Quizzes, Written exam, homework and participation.
a3- Explain physico-chemical properties of natural origin substances of alkaloids, terpenoids		





	I		
and steroids.			
a4- Recognize the methods of extraction,			
separation and purification of the constituents of			
natural products such as alkaloids, terpenoids and			
steroids			
a5- Describe the chemical structure of alkaloids,			
terpenoids, and steroids, their pharmacological			
properties (biological activities) and			
contraindications of them.			
(B)Intellectual Skills:			
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual	Skills to Teaching M	Methods and Assessment	
Methods:			
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in	Teaching strategies	Assessment Methods	
Intellectual Skills.	to be used		
Upon completion of this course, the students			
should be able to:			
b1- Apply the chromatographic techniques in			
phytochemical analysis of natural products			
(alkaloids, terpenoids).			
(aikaioids, terpenoids).	Lectures, Practice	Oral presentation, criteria-based performance evaluation Interpretative exercises.	
	session,		
b2- Correlate the chemical structure of natural	Discussions,		
products (alkaloids, terpenoids, steroids) with their	Solving Problem		
pharmacological activity and predict of structural	methods		
changes that modify the biological activity			
b3- Research about suitable methods for			
extraction; isolation of different compounds from			
natural origin			
(C)Professional and Practical Skills.			
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional a	nd Practical Skillsto T	Teaching and Assessment	
Methods:		C	
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)	Teaching strategies	Methods of assessment	
inProfessional and Practical Skills	to be used		
Upon completion of this course, the students			
should be able to:			
c1- Perform suitable methods for extraction;	Lectures,	Practical works,	
isolation of alkaloids and terpenoids	Laboratory work,	practical reports and	
c2- Carry out different assay procedures for	independent study	presentations based on	
quantitative determination of alkaloids and	and	their experimental	
terpenoids in their origin or preparations	Group assignments.	work.	
c3- Construct a research study about different			
chromatographic techniques.			
om omatograpino toomiquos.	I .		

(D)General/ Transferable Skills:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable skills to Teaching and Assessment Methods.





Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to: d1- Write reports about the chemistry natural products such as alkaloids, terpenoids, steroids and their isolation and present them. d2- Cooperate effectively with other people, work in teamwork, team planning and manage times	Small group discussions, practical classes and micro assignments	Reports, presentations and communication with the lecturer and his colleagues.
d3 Evaluate information from different sources, demonstrate critical thinking, problem solving and decision making abilities.		

V. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

$a-Theoretical\ Aspect:$

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1		 Introduction, classification, and general concepts (adsorption and partition chromatography) Separation techniques 	1	3	a1, b3, c3, d2, d3
2	Chromatography	Types of chromatographic methods: Column chromatography (CC), Paper chromatography, Thin layer chromatography (TLC).	1	3	a1, b3, c3, d2, d3
3		Types of chromatographic methods: Gas chromatography (GC), High performance liquid chromatography (HPLC), Ion exchange chromatography and Gel chromatography.	1	3	a1, b3, c3, d2, d3
4	Alkaloids	Definition, classification, distribution, functions, function in plant, properties, extraction, uses. Phenylalkylamine alk.; Ephedra, khat. Capsicum.	1	3	a2, a3, a4, a5, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2, d3
5		Tropolone alk.; Colchicum, Pyridine and piperidine; tobacco, Pepper, Pomegranate Tropane alk.; Belladonna, Coca,	1	3	a2, a4, a5, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2, d3





		Quinoline alk; cinchona alk			
6		Isoquinoline alk; opium alk, (Phenanthrene): morphine, Codeine, thebaine; benzylisoquinoline alk: papaverine;phthalidisoquinoline; ipecacuanha alk.	1	3	a2, a4, a5, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2, d3
7		Mid exam	1	3	a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, b2, d3
8	Alkaloids	Indol alk; phystostigma, ergot, Nux vomica, Vinca, Rauwolfia Purine alk.; caffeine, theophylline, theobromine imidazol alk; pilocarpus alk, Terpenoid alk; aconitine, taxol alk	1	3	a2, a4, a5, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2, d3
9		Definition, classification, distribution, extraction, functions Monoterpenes; Classification, extraction and characterization, plant containing regular monoterpene, valerian, olea eurropae, Irregular monoterpene, pyrethrum.	1	٣	a2, a3, a4, a5, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2, d3
10	Terpenoids	Sesquiterpene; Structure, chemical and biological properties; gossypol compound, sesquiterpene lactones; arnica, sweet wormwood Diterpene Structure, chemical and biological properties; yews, coleus.	1	٣	a2, a3, a4, a5, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2, d3
11		Triterpenes ;Classification, structures, cucurbitacines Tetraterpenoids: Biological origin, distribution, uses, drug containing teteraterpenoids	1	٣	a2, a4, a5, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2, d3
12	Steroids	Definition, Classification, Structures, Sterols, Vitamin D, Bile acids: Sources, structure, action, clinical uses.	1	٣	a2, a3, a4, a5, b2, d1, d2, d3
13		Steroid hormones: (sex hormones and adrenocortical hormones)	1	3	a2, a4, a5, b2, d1, d2, d
14		Final exam	1	3	a1, a2, a3, a4,





			a5, b1, b2, d1, d2, d3
Number of We	eks/and Units Per First semester4	42	

b - F	b - PracticalAspect:					
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs		
1	Adsorption chromatography; column chromatography (column packaging)	1	2	a1, b1, b3, c3, d2, d3		
2	Separation of plant pigments (Extraction by column chromatography)	1	2	a1, a4, b1, b3, c1, c3, d2, d3		
3	Partition chromatography; paper chromatography	1	2	a1, b1, b3, c3, d2, d3		
4	Partition chromatography; Thin layer chromatography	1	2	a1, b1, b3, c3, d2, d3		
5	Extraction and identification of alkaloids derived from Phenylalkylamine (khat, capsicum)	1	2	a2, a3, a4, b1, c1, c2, d2, d3		
6	Extraction and identification of alkaloids derived from piperidine (Pomegranate)	1	2	a2, a3, a4, b1, c1, c2, d2, d3		
7	Extraction and identification of alkaloids derived from tropane (Stramonium)	1	2	a2, a3, a4, b1, c1, c2, d2, d3		
8	Extraction and identification of alkaloids derived from purine (caffeine)	1	2	a2, a3, a4, b1, c1, c2, d2, d3		
9	Extraction and identification of alkaloid derived from phthalidisoquinoline (ipecacuanha)	1	2	a2, a3, a4, b1, c1, c2, d2, d3		
10	Extraction and identification of terpenoids (Colocynth)	1	2	a2, a3, a4, b1, c1, c2, d2, d3		
	Final Exam	1	2	a2, a3, a4, b1, c1, c2, d2, d3		
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semeste	er1	22			

VI. Teaching Strategies:

- Lectures using board and makers, data show, video animation and seminars
- Solving Problem method, Laboratory work, independent study and discussion

VII. Assignments and projects:					
no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark	
1	Seminar	a2, a3, a4, a5, b2, b3, d1, d2,	3, 5, 9	5	





		d3	
2	Projects	a2, a4, a5, b2, b3, c3, d1, d2, d3	11, 12, 13

VI	VIII. Assessment Tasks:						
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes		
1	Seminar and project	3, 5, 9, 11-13	5	5%	a2, a4, a5, b2, b3, c3, d1, d2, d3		
2	Practical Reports	1-10	10	10%	a3, a4, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1		
3	Quizzes	4, 6, 8, 10	5	5%	a1, a2, a3, a5, b2, d3		
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	a1, a2, a3, a5, b2, d3		
5	Final Exam (practical)	12	20	20%	a3, a4, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1		
6	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, b2, d3		
	Total		100	100%			

IX. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- Evans W.C., Evans D. and Trease E., Saunders "Trease and Evans 'Pharmacognosy" (2009); 16th ed. Elsevier, New York
- 2- Jarald E.E. and Jarald S. E., "Textbook of Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry" (2009); CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Steven M. Colegate and Russell J. Molyneux. "Bioactive natural products: detection, isolation, and structural determination" (2008); Seconded, editor.
- 2- Cordell G.A. "The alkaloids: Chemistry and Biology" (2002); Volume 59, Elsevier, New York

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1- http/www.Phytomania.org.
- 2- http/www.medicalbotanyintroduction.html.
- 3- http/www.botanical.com





X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc) The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook Class Attendance: 1 • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course. (Tardy): 2 Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed. (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): 3 Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so. (Assignments and Projects): 4 The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project. (Cheating): 5 Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying





	 from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero
	• Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one.
	• If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	(Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own".
	 Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.
	 Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Pathology

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:					
1	Course Title:	Patholo	gy			
2	Course Number and Code:	B11448				
			C.I	Η. م		
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
		٣				٣
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	First semester/Fourth year				
5	Pre –requisite :	Histolo	ogy			
6	Co –requisite :					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:					
8	Language of teaching the course:	Arabic/	English			
9	Prepared By:	Ammar	Saleh On	nar		
10	Approved By:					
			•			•

II.Course Description:

This course will provide the students with the general concept of Pathophysiology discussed with appropriate reference to the general pathologic process due to cellular stress. An organized system review of the commonest diseases with adequate insight into causes, clinical manifestations, and diagnosis will be covered.





مخرجات تعلم المقرر: III.ILOs

after participation in this course student must be able to:

- 1. Describe the mechanism of diseases and their progress
- 2. Recognize the principles of general pathology.
- 3. List abnormal pathological laboratory results and their causes
- 4. Illustrate the fate and complications of different disease processes
- 5. Interpret a pathology report in an accurate manner.
- 6. Analyze gross and microscopic pictures aiming at correct diagnosis.
- 7. Predict the diagnosis of different diseases based on the underlying gross and microscopic pictures.
- 8. Apply the principles of good experimental design and analysis
- 9. Use a ranged specialist techniques, for diagnostic procedures.
- 10. Show the appropriate responsibility, self-confidence, and ethical attitudes and behaviors
- 11. Communicate clearly with patients and other health care professionals by verbal and writing means.
- 12. Implement writing and presentation skills and demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities and long life learning.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Methods:		
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding. after participation in this course student must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.
a1 Describe the mechanism of diseases and their progress a2 Recognize the principles of general pathology a3 List abnormal pathological laboratory results and their causes a4 Illustrate the fate and complications of different disease processes	Lectures using data show, video animation and seminars	Exam, short answers and homework.
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. after participation in this course student must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
b1 Interpret a pathology report in an accurate manner. b2 Analyze gross and microscopic pictures aiming at correct diagnosis.	Lectures, Practice session, Discussions.	Oral presentation, criteria-based performance evaluation





b3 Predict the diagnosis of different diseases on the underlying gross and microscopic pic		Interpretative exercises.
(C)Professional and Practical Skills.		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Profess Methods:	ional and Practical Skillsto Teacl	hing and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills after participation in this course student must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
c1 Apply the principles of good experimental design and analysis c2 Use a ranged specialist techniques, for diagnostic procedures.	Lectures, Laboratory work, directed reading, independent study and Group assignments.	Practical works, practical reports and presentations based on their experimental work.
(D)General/ Transferable Skills: Alignment Learning Outcomes of General Methods.	l and Transferable skills to Teacl	ning and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills after participation in this course student must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
d1 Show the appropriate responsibility, self-confidence, and ethical attitudes and behaviors.	 Small group discussions Tutorials Practical classes Micro assignments 	Reports, presentations and communication with the lecturer and his colleagues
d2 Communicate clearly with patients and other health care professionals by verbal and written means. d3 Implement writing and presentation skills and demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities and long life learning.		





1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

	a – Theoretical Aspect:							
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs			
1	Introduction		1	3	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2, d3,.			
2	Disease management - Cell and tissue injury, heat injury, degeneration, necrosis, apoptosis		1	3	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2, d3,.			
3	Acute inflammation	causes, types	1	3	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2, d3,.			
4	Chronic inflammation	causes and types Granulation tissue	1	3	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2, d3,.			
5	Tissue repair		1	3	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2, d3,.			
6	Circulatory disorders	ischemia, congestion, gangrene, edema.	2	6	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2, d3,.			
7	Mid Term Exam		1	3	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2, d3,.			
8	Immune disorders	hypersensitivity reactions, auto- immune diseases	1	3	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2, d3,.			
9	Genetic disorders		1	3	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2, d3,.			
10	Growth Disorders Genetic basis and tests for tumors		1	3	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2, d3,.			
11	Neoplasia	Causes and types of tumors	2	4	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2, d3,.			
12	Malignant tumors		1	3	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2, d3,.			





13	Final exam		1	3	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2, d3,.
Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester		45			

VI. Teaching Strategies:

Lectures using data show, video animation and seminars Solving Problem method, Laboratory work, directed reading, independent study and discussion

7	VII.Assignments and Projects			
no	Assignments	CILOS	Week due	Mark
1	Project	a1, a2, b2, b3, c3, d1, d3,	5	5

V	VIII.Assessment Tasks:					
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes	
1	Exercises and Home works and Quizzes	All	5	5%	a1, a2, b2, b3, c1, c2, c3	
2	Project (single\group)	4	5	5%	a1, a2, b2, b3, c3, d1, d3,	
3	Midterm Exam	7	30	30%	a1, a2, b1, b2,b3	
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	60	60%	a1, a2, b1, b2,b3	
	Total		100	100%		

IX. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- Kumar Abbas and Fausto Mitchel 2007. Robbins basic pathology 8th edition Philadelphia, PA 19103-2899.
- 2- Robin Reid, Fiona Robertand Elaine Macduff 2011. Pathology Illustrated 7th edition ISBN 9780702033766 Churchill Livingston.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Lecture notes on general pathology
- 2-lecture notes on systemic pathology

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1- www.google general pathology
- 2-www.google systemic pathology





X.C	X.Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)					
The	The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al- Nasser University student's regulations handbook					
1	Class Attendance: • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.					
2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.					
3	 (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so. 					
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project. 					





	(Cheating):
5	• Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying
	from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib
	notes, pagers or cell phones) etc.
	Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero
	• Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did
	not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed
	in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be
	considered as failed in that course and the previous one.
	• If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for
	a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
	(Plagiarism):
6	"To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own".
	 Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments.
	• If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full
	academic year
	(Other policies):
7	• Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class
	during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.
	• Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings.
	Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Community Health

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

]	I. General Information:						
1	Course Title:	Commu	ınity Heal	th			
2	Course Number and Code:	B1134	1				
			C	LH		Total	
3	3 Credit hours: \hrs		Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total	
	Credit nours. This	2				2	
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	Second Semester/Third Year					
5	Pre –requisite :	-					
6	Co –requisite :	1					
7	7 Program (s) in which the course is offered:		Medical Lab				
8	Language of teaching the course:		English/ Arabic				
9	Prepared By:	y: Dr. Abdu		l –Hanan	i		
10	Approved By:		•				

II. Course Description:

- This course helps students to play a role in measures taken to promote physical, environmental and social of well being of individuals and families in the community.





III. ILOs: By the end of the course the student will be able to

- 1. Define health concepts and prevention of disease
- 2. List settings for community health services
- 3. Mention concepts of basics to epidemiology
- 4. Explain major communicable diseases in Yemen
- 5. Appraise community health services in the health care system in Yemen
- 6. Examine concept of disease and prevention
- 7. Differentiate between different epidemiological rate
- 8. Analyze the type of work hazard in the pharmaceutical industry
- 9. Implement level of prevention of a selected community health problems
- 10. Demonstrate major community health problem
- 11. Apply universal infection control precaution

b1- Appraise community health services in the health

b2-Examine concept of disease and prevention b3-Differentiate between different epidemiological

b4-Analyze the type of work hazardin the

care system in Yemen.

rates

- 12. Use ethical consideration when dealing with co-workers
- 13. Posses skills of communication and report writing of epidemiological rates

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods: Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods: **Teaching** Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Assessment Methods. strategies to be Knowledge and Understanding. By the end of the course the student will be able to used. a1- Define health concepts and prevention of disease a2- List settings for community health services. Ouiz a3- Mention concepts of basics to epidemiology Lecture, written exam a4-Explain major communicable discussion diseases in Yemen. (B)Intellectual Skills: Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods: Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Teaching **Assessment Methods** IntellectualSkills. strategies to be By the end of the course the student will be able to used

Lecture,

Seminar

Presentation

Quiz





pharmaceutical industry				
(C)Professional and Practical Skills.				
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skills to teaching and Assessmen Methods:				
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills By the end of the course the student will be able to	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment		
c1- Implement level of prevention of a selected community health problems.	Seminar, Discussion	Quiz written exam		
c2-Demonstrate major community health problem. c3Apply universal infection controlprecaution.				
(D)General/ Transferable Skills:				
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Trans. Methods.	ferable skills to T	Teaching and Assessment		
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment		
d1-Use ethical consideration when dealing with coworkers.	Group Discussion	Report presentation		
d2-Posses skills of communication and report writing of epidemiological rates	Independent study			

V. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	c-ilos
1.	Introduction to community health	- Definitions and concepts	1	2	o1 o1 b1 d1
		 Level of prevention 			a1, c1, b1, d1
2.	assessment community health problems	- Factors affecting community health	1	2	a4, b3, d1
3.	community health services	Structure andFunctionEnvironmental health	2	4	a2, b1, c2, d2
		- Ruralhealth			
		 Occupational health 			
4.	Epidemiology in community health	 Concepts basic to epidemiology 	3	6	a3, b3, c2, d2





	care	- Epidemiological rates			
5.	Communicable disease	Conceptschain of infectionControl	2	4	a2, b2, c3, d2
6.	Populations with development needs	Maternaland childSchool health	2	4	a3, b4, c2, d2
7	Communities in crises	- Disaster, violence	1	2	a2, b1, c1, d1
8	Med -term exam		1	2	a2, a3, c1, c2,
9	Theoretical exam		1	2	b1, b2, b4, d1, d2
	Number of Weeks/a	and Units Per First semester		28	

VI. Teaching Strategies:

- Lecture
- Seminar
- Group Discussion
- Independent study

VI	VII.Assignments and projects:							
no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark				
1	- Micro- assignment	a2, a3 4, b2, b4 c2, c3, d1, d2	9	5				

V	III. Assessment Tasks:				
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Micro- assignment	9	5	5%	a2, a3, c1, c2, b1, b2, b4, d1, d2
2	Quizzes	5, 10	5	5%	a2, a3, b1, b2, b4, d1, d2
3	Written Test (midterm exam)	7	30	30%	a2, a3, c1, c2, b1, b2, b4, d1, d2
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	60	60%	a2, a3, c1, c2, b1, b2, b4
			100	100%	

IX.	Learning	Resources:
1111	_cui iiii	recodurees.

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).





1-Mc kenzei, James, RebertR.Pinger and Jerome ketecki (2008).An introduction to community health.6th edition.Jones andBartlett publishing USA

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

2. Cassens B, (1992). Preventive medicine and public health.Secondeditionvania pennsyHarwal publishing Co. USA.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites *etc*.

XI. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.

(Tardy):

3

4

Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.

(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):

- Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam.
 - Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed.
 - If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt.
- If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%.
- The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination.
- In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark.
- Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.

(Assignments and Projects):

- The students have to submit the assignment or project on time.
- In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.





(Cheating):

- Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc.
 - Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero
 - Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one.
 - If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.

(Plagiarism):

- 6 "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own".
 - Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments.
 - If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year

(Other policies):

- Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.
 - Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings.
 - Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Fourth year: second semester





Course Specification of Medicinal Chemistry II

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I.General Information:					
1	Course Title:	Medicii	nal Chemi	istry II		
2	Course Number and Code:	B1143	6			
			C	C.H		Total
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
3		2	1			3
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	Second	d semester	r/Fourthy	ear	
5	Pre –requisite :	Medicinal chemistry I				
6	Co –requisite :	Pharm	acology I	V		
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:	None				
8	Language of teaching the course:	Arabic/	English			
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Tav	vfeek Ahr	ned Alob	aidy	
10	Approved By:					

II.Course Description:

The course covers the medicinal chemistry of cardiovascular agents, central nervous system drugs, diuretics, anti-inflammatory and antihistamines. The course also practices the qualitative and quantitative analysis of some drugs.

III. ILOs:

At the end of this course the students should be able to:

- 1. Describe the mechanism of action of studied classes of drugs
- 2. Recognize the synthesis of some studied classes of drugs
- 3. Illustrate the SAR of studied categories
- 4. Explain the metabolism of studied classes of drugs.
- 5. Suggest possible metabolites of different classes of drugs
- 6. Identify the SAR of studied categories of drugs
- 7. Analyze the result of assay of some studied drugs
- 8. Design and evaluate qualitative and quantitative analysis of some drugs
- 9. Handle and dispose the chemical and pharmaceutical preparations safely and effectively.
- 10. Operate different equipment used in the lab





- 11. Determine the quantitative assay of some drugs
- 12. Carry out the qualitative analysis of some drugs
- 13. Cooperate withhis colleagues to prepare a scientific topic.
- 14. Implement writing and presentation skills

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in

- 15. Work effectively in a team.
- 16. Demonstrate creativity and time management

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teachin Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Methods:		
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding. After completing this program, students would be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.
a1-Describe the mechanism of action of studied classes of drugs a2-Recognize the synthesis of some studied classes of drugs a3- Illustrate the SAR of studied categories a4- Explain the metabolism of studied classes of drugs.	Lectures using data showvideo.	MCQ Oral Exam, Quizzes, exam, short answers Homeworkand Participation.
(B)Intellectual Skills: Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Methods:	Skills to Teaching	Methods and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. After completing this program, students would be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
b1-Suggest possible metabolites of different classes of drugs b2-Identify the SAR of studied categories of drugs b3-Analyze the result of assay of some studied drugs. b4-Design and evaluate qualitative and quantitative analysis of some drugs.	Lectures, Practice session, Discussions, Solving Problem methods	Oral presentation, criteria-based performance evaluation Interpretative exercises.
(C)Professional and Practical Skills. Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Methods:	nd Practical Skillsto	Teaching and Assessment

Teaching

Methods of assessment





Professional and Practical Skills After completing this program, students would be able to:	strategies to be used	
c1-Handle and dispose the chemical and pharmaceutical preparations safely and effectively. c2-Operate different equipment used in the lab	Lectures, Practical works, AndGroup assignments.	Practical reports, And practical reports.
c3-Determine the quantitative assay of some drugs c4-Carry out the qualitative analysis of some drugs	Ü	
(D)General/ Transferable Skills:		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and T Methods.	Transferable skills to	Teaching and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills After completing this program, students would be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
d1- Cooperate withhis colleagues to prepare a scientific topic.	Small group discussions	reports, presentations and communication
d2- Implement writing and presentation skills d3- Work effectively in a team.	Practical classes	with the lecturer and his colleagues.

V. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

d4- Demonstrate creativity and time management

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Cardiovasculardrug I	Antihypertensive agents	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, d1, d2, d4
2	Cardiovasculardrug II	Antiarrhythmic drugs	1	2	a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, d1, d2, d3, d4
3	Cardiovasculardrug III	Antiarrhythmic drugsandAntihyperlipidemic agents.	1	2	a1, a3, a4, b1, d1, d2, d3
4	Cardiovasculardrug IV	Anti-coagulant, Haemostaticsand	1	2	a2, a3, a4, b1, d1, d2





		Cardiotonics.			
5	Diuretics	CAI, Thiazides, Osmotics, Loop and K-Sparing Diuretics.	1	2	a1, a2, a4, b1, b2, d1, d3, d4
6	CNS Drugs I	Sedatives and hypnotics	1	2	a2, a3, a4, b1 d1, d4
7	Midterm Exam		1	2	a1-a4, b1-b4
8	CNS Drugs II	Skeletal Muscle Relaxants and anticonvulsants	1	2	a1, a2, b1, b2, d3, d4
9	CNS Drugs III	Anti-psychotic drugs [Neuroleptics] [Major tranquilizer]	1	2	a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, d1, d3, d4
10	CNS Drugs IV	Antidepressants agentsandantiparkinsonism	1	2	a1, a4, b1, b2, d1, d2
11	Anti-inflammatory agents	Salicylates, anthranilatesarylaceticacic, arylpropionic acid pyrazolididiones, oxicames, cox-II inhibitor, analgesics antipyretics and antigout	2	4	a1, a2, a3, b2, d3, d4
12	Opiods and local anasthetics	Opiods classification, opoid receptor SAR, local anasthetics ester local anesthetic, amide local anesthetic, synthesis, SAR	1	2	a1, a2, b1, b2, d1, d2, d4
13	antihistamines	H1- antihistamines SAR first generation, Secondgeneration H2- antihistamines	2	4	a1, a3, b1, b2, d2, d3,
14	Final Exam		1	2	a1-a4, b1-b4





Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester

32

b - Practical Aspect:

0 1	ractican ispect.			
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Identification of aspirin	1	3	a1, b3, b4, c1, c2, c4, d1, d2, d3, d4
2	Assay of aspirin	1	3	b4, c1, c2, c3
3	Qualitative and quantitative analysis of chloral hydrate	1	3	a1, b4, c1, c2, c3, d3, d4
4	Synthesis of aspirin	2	6	c1, c2, c3, d1, d2
5	Assay of naproxen	1	3	a1, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
6	Assay of ibuprofen tab	1	3	b3, c1, c2, c3, d3, d4
7	Identification of ranitidine	1	3	a1, b3, c1, c2, c4, d1, d2
8	Assay of ranitidine	1	3	a1, b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3, d4
9	Identification of Propranolol	1	3	b3, b4, c1, c2, c4, d1, d2, d3, d4
10	Assay of Propranolol	1	3	a1, b4, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2, d3
11	Final Exam	1	3	a1, b4, c1-c4, d1, d2, d3
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semeste	er	36	

VI. Teaching Strategies:

Lectures using data show video animation, Practice session, Discussions, Solving Problem methods, Group assignments, Small group discussions, Tutorials and Practical classes

VII. Assignments and projects:

no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	- Project	a1-4, b1-4, d1- d3	5	5

VIII. Assessment Tasks:





no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Project (single\group)	2, 8	5	5%	a1-4, b1-4, d1- d3
2	Practical reports	1-9	10	10%	a1-4, b1-4, d1- d3
3	Oral Tests	5, 9	5	5%	, a1-a4, b1-b4
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	a1-4, b1-4
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	a1-4, b1-4
6	Final Exam (practical)	11	20	20%	b1-4, c1-c4, d1-d3
7			100	100%	

IX. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- John M. Beale, Jr. and John H. Block, "Text book of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry", 2011, 12th Edition, Wilson and Gisvold, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, A Wolters Kluwer Company, Philadelphia.
- 2- Graham L. Patrick, "An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry", 2009, Fourth Edition, Oxford University Press Inc., New York

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Thomas Nogrady, Donald F. Weaver. Medicinal Chemistry A Molecular and Biochem Approach, 2005, Third edition, Oxford University Press, Inc., New York.
- 2- Donald J. Abraham, "BURGER'S Medicinal Chemistry and Drug Discovery" 6 th edition, A John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Virginia.
- 3- Thomas L. Lemke, Victoria F. Roche, David A.Willaiams and S. William Zito "Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry", 2008, 6 th, Edition, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, a Wolters Kluwer business, Philadelphia.
- 4- PovlKrogsgaard-Larsen, TommyLiljefors andUlf Madsen, "Textbook of Drug Design andDiscovery".2002, Third edition, Taylor and Francis, London.
- 5- K.-H. Hellwich · C. D. Siebert, "Stereochemistry Workbook" 2006, Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, Berlin.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

notes, pagers or cell phones) etc.





	1- http://www.chemaxon/marvin
	2-http://www.webmolecules.com
	3-http://www.acdlabs.com
	4-PASSPrediction of Activity Spectra for Substance) (http://www.ibmh.msk.su/PASS).
2	X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)
The	University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al- Nasser University student's regulations handbook
	Class Attendance:
1	• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.
2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.
	(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):
3	• Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes
	from the begging of the exam.
	• Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the
	examination time is passed.
	• If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt.
	• If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%.
	• The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination.
	• In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and
	student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum
	mark.
	• Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be
	considered as failed if he did so.
	(Assignments and Projects):
4	• The students have to submit the assignment or project on time.
	• In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer
	before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the
	student will not be given the marks of the project.
	(Cheating):
5	• Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying
	from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib
	11 1





	 Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued
	for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Pharmacology IV

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

I. General Information:						
1	Course Title:	Pharmacology IV				
2	Course Number and Code:	B11464				
			C	LH.		Total
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
3	5 Cicuit nours.					3
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	Second semester/ Fourth year				
5	Pre –requisite :	Pharma	acology II	П		
6	Co –requisite :					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:					
8	Language of teaching the course:	English	- Arabic			
9	Prepared By:	Dr/ Mohammad Abobakr Al-Ghazali			i	
10	Approved By:	·	•	•		

II. Course Description:

This course will provide the student with the essential pharmacological skills and knowledge of the endocrine system and the symptoms, mechanism of actions, effects and treatment of different antimicrobial agents.

III. ILOs: After participation in this course students must be able to:

- 1- Classify the groups of drugs in each disease in this course.
- 2- Describe the mechanism of actions of drugs used in different disease discussed in this course.
- 3- Recognize the side effects that can occur with different drugs explained in this course.
- 4- Distinguish the actions, mechanisms and side effects of different drugs included in this course.
- 5- Foretell the pharmacological aspects of individual drugs, once provided with their pharmacological class.
- 6- Organize the first line of antibiotic treatment against different microbes.
- 7- Perform confident oral and written knowledge and skills gained from this course.





- 8- Demonstrate professional competence in selecting appropriate drugs from different groups that covered in this course.
- 9- Choose professional in selecting the convenient therapy for different diseases covered in this course.
- 10- Work effectively in a team and demonstrate creativity and time management abilities.
- 11- Demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities.
- 12- Communicate professionally with patients and other health care specialist by verbal and written means.

written means.					
IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods: Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment					
Methods:					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding. After participating in this course student must be able to	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.			
a1- Classify the groups of drugs in each disease in this course a2- Describe the mechanism of actions of drugs used in different disease discussed in this course a3- Recognize the side effects that can occur with different drugs explained in this course	-Lectures using Animations -Student oral and written presentation	written examQuizzesPresentation			
(B)Intellectual Skills:					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skill Methods:	ills to Teaching Me	ethods and Assessment			
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. After participating in this course student must be able to	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods			
b1- Distinguish the actions, mechanisms and side effects of different drugs included in this course b2- Foretell the pharmacological aspects of	-case discussion -group presentation	Written examQuizzesPresentation			

(C)Professional and Practical Skills.

individual drugs, once provided with their

b3- Organize the first line of antibiotic treatment

pharmacological class.

against different microbes

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment Methods:





Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills. After participating in this course student must be able to	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
c1- Perform confident oral and written knowledge and skills gained from this course	-group presentation	Written examQuizzes
c2- Demonstrate professional competence in selecting appropriate drugs from different groups that covered in this course	-research activities	- Presentation
c3- Choose professional in selecting the convenient therapy for different diseases covered in this course.		
(D)General/ Transferable Skills:		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Train Methods.	nsferable skills to Te	aching and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills. After participating in this course student must be able to	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
d1- Work effectively in a team and demonstrate creativity and time management abilities	-group discussion - presentation	Written examQuizzes
d2- Demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities.	-	- Presentation
d3- Communicate professionally with patients and other health care specialist by verbal and written		

V. Course Content:

means

1 – Course Topics/Items:

 $a-Theoretical\ Aspect:$

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Endocrine System	Hypothalamic and Pituitary Hormones Thyroid andAntithyroid Agents AdrenocorticosteroidsandAd ernocortical Antagonist Gonadal Hormones and Inhibitors Pancreatic Hormones andAntidiabetic Agents	5	15	a2- a3 – b1-b2- c1- c2- c3- d1- d2- d3
2	Chemotherapeutic Drugs I	Introduction to Antimicrobial Drugs	1	3	a1- a2- b1- b2- b3- c1- c2- c3- d1- d2- d3





3	Midterm Exam		1	3	a1- a2- a3 - b1-b2- b3- c1- c2- c3- d1- d2- d3
4	Chemotherapeutic Drugs II	Folate Antagonist Inhibition of Cell Wall Synthesis Inhibition of Protein Synthesis Quinolones Antimycobacterial Drugs Antifungal, Anti-protozoal, Anti-malarial Anthelmintic Drugs Anticancer Vitamins	7	21	a1- a2- a3 - b1-b2- b3- c1- c2- c3- d1- d2- d3
5	Final Exam		1	3	a1- a2- a3 - b1-b2- b3- c1- c2- c3- d1- d2- d3
	Number of Wee	ks/and Units Per First semester:	5	45	

VI. Teaching Strategies:

-Lectures

-Student oral and written presentation

VII. Assignments and projects:

No	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	- Presentation	b1-b2- b3- c1- c2- c3- d1- d2-	6	5
		d3		

V	III. Assessment Tasks:				
No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning





					Outcomes
1	Presentation	6	5	5%	b1-b2- b3- c1- c2- c3- d1- d2- d3
2	Quizzes and Exercises and Home works	4-8	5	5%	a1- a2- a3 - b1-b2- b3- c1- c2- c3- d1- d2- d3
3	Written Test (1)	7	30	30%	a1- a2- a3 – b1-b2- b3- c1- c2- c3- d1- d2- d3
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	15	60	60%	a1- a2- a3 - b1-b2- b3- c1- c2- c3- d1- d2- d3
5	Total		100	100%	

IX. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- M.A. Clark, R. Finkel, J.A. Rey, K. Whalen (2009) Lippincott's Illustrated Reviews of Pharmacology, *11th edition*, Lippincott's Williams and Wilkins, Philadelphia.
- 2- B.G. Katzung, S.B. Masters, A.J. Trevor (2012) Basic and Clinical Pharmacology, *Fifth edition*, Mc Graw Hill Lange, U.S.A.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- H.P. Rang, M.M. Dale, J.M. Ritter, R.J. Flower (2007) Rand and Dale's Pharmacology, *6th edition*, Churchill Livingstone Elsevier, Philadelphia.
- 2- Lectures notes.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1- www.who.int
- 2- www.drugs.com

X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)





The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook Class Attendance: 1 • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course. (Tardy): 2 Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed. (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): 3 Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so. (Assignments and Projects): 4 The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.





	(Cheating):
5	• Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying
	from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc.
	Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero
	• Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed
	in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one.
	• If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for
	a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
	(Plagiarism):
6	"To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own".
	 Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments.
	• If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full
	academic year
	(Other policies):
7	• Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class
	during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.
	• Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings.
	Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics II

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

I. General Information:						
1	Course Title:	Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics II				
2	Course Number and Code:	B11459				
			C	.H		Total
3	3 Credit hours: 3 hrs.		Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
						2
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	S Second semester/Fourth year				
5	Pre –requisite :	Biophari	naceutics	and phar	macokinet	tics I
6	Co –requisite :					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:					
8	Language of teaching the course:	English/Arabic				
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Mohammed Addoais				
10	Approved By:		•			

II. Course Description:

The course will introduce the student to the changes in the drug's absorption, distribution and elimination with time following one compartment I.V bolus, oral absorption and I.V infusion.It provides students with principle of the linear and non-linear pharmacokinetic models and their application.The principles of clinical pharmacokinetics are also introduced in order to be able to formulate or modify drug dose-regimens according to the need of patients.

III. ILOs: at end of the course students will be to:

- 1. Define pharmacokinetics terms
- 2. Explain kinetics orders
- 3. Describe the pharmacokinetic models.
- 4. Differentiate between first order and zero order kinetics
- 5. Categorize factors affecting drug plasma level.
- 6. Distinguish between oral and intravenous infusion kinetics.





- 7. Design of bioavailability and bioequivalence studies
- 8. Calculate the pharmacokinetic parameters
- 9. Measures of bioavailability, Cmax, tmax and Area Under Curve (AUC)
- 10. Draw pharmacokinetic plasma-time level curve
- 11. Estimate the dose and dosing interval
- 12. Judgeexperimental data and write scientific conclusions

12. Judgecaperimental data write scientific conclusions				
IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessmen				
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding Methods:	to Teaching an	nd Assessment		
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding.	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.		
At end of the course students will be able to:	_	-		
a1-Define pharmacokinetics terms	Lectures	Quiz Written		
a2-Explain kinetics orders	using data show	exam		
a3-Describe the pharmacokinetic models.	Video animation and seminars			
(B)Intellectual Skills:				
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods:	g Methods an	nd Assessment		
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At end of the course students will be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods		
b1-Differentiate between first order and zero order kinetics	Group discussion	Oral exam Presentation		
b2-Categorize factors affecting drug plasma level.	Lecture	Quiz		
b3-Distinguish between oral and intravenous infusion kinetics.				
b4-Design of bioavailability and bioequivalence studies				
(C)Professional and Practical Skills.				
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment				

Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)	Teaching	Methods of
inProfessional and Practical Skills	strategies to be	assessment
At end of the course students will be able to:	used	
c1- Calculate the pharmacokinetic parameters	Practical work	Practical reports,
c2-Measure of bioavailability, Cmax, tmax and Area		Written exam
Under Curve (AUC).		





c3- Draw pharmacokinetic plasma-time level curve		
c4- Estimate dose and dosing interval		
(D)General/ Transferable Skills:		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transfera Methods.	ble skills to Teachin	g and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills At end of the course students will be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
d1-Judge experimental data and write scientific conclusions	Practical classes	Report

V. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

$a-Theoretical\ Aspect:$

No	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Introduction to pharmacokinetics	 Terminology and definitions Rates and orders Kinetic of drug absorption Compartment models Definition Basis of Classification Model selection criteria 	2	4	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c3, d1
2	One compartment open model	 Calculation of the following parameters (for each model) Volume of Distribution Elimination Rate Constant Clearance Elimination half life AUC Concentration at zero time. One Compartment I.V Bolus Assumptions First-order kinetics 	4	8	a3, b2, b3, c2, c3, d1
		 Plasma data Area under the Curve Half-life Pharmacokinetics of Oral Administration Differential Equation Integrated Equation Absorption Rate Constant 			





			1	П	
		(K) Wagner nelson Method of residual Extent of Absorption Calculation of Bioavailability Parameters: Calculation of Ka Calculation of F Intravenous Infusion: Continuous infusion — steady state Combined infusion and bolus administration Combined slow and fast infusion Post infusion			
3		Midterm exam	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, d1
4	Two compartment open model with first order elimination kinetics	 Pharmacokinetics of single dose as oral and intravenous (rapid/bolus.(Intravenous infusion Multiple oral and intravenous administrations. Pharmacokinetic of sustained releases formulation 	2	4	c4, c1, c2, c4, d1
5	Non-linear pharmacokinetics(d ose dependent kinetics)	 Michaels- Menten's kinetics Pharmacokinetic characteristics. In-vivo estimation of Km and Vm 	2	4	c1, c2, c4, d1
6	Multiple Administration:	 Multiple I.V Bolus Dose Independent doses Accumulating doses Development of general equation Cpmax and Cpmin equations Multiple Oral Dose Administration: Cpmin equation Average Cp equation 	2	4	c4, c1, c2, c4, d1
7	Dosage regimen design	Calculation the doseCalculation dosing interval	2	4	b3, c1, d1





		Average concentration			
8		Final exam	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, b4, c3, d1
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester		16	32	

VI. Teaching Strategies:

- Lectures using data show
- Video animation and seminars
- Laboratory work
- · Directed reading
- Group discussion

VII. Assessment Tasks:

No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Practical Reports	6	10	10%	b1, b2, b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
2	Oral Tests	12	5	5%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, b4, c3, d1
3	Quizzes	2, 5, 12	5	5%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, b4, c3, d1
4	Written Test (midterm exam)	8	10	10%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, b4, c3, d1
5	Final Exam (practical)	14	20	20%	b1, b2, b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
6	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	50	50%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, b4, c3, d1
	Total	_	100	100%	_

VIII. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).





1. Leon Shargel Andrew (2012). Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Sixth edition, lippincotts and William, Philadelphia.
1. Michel E. Winter (2011). Basic clinical pharmacokinetics, Fifth edition, lippincotts and William, San Fransisco.
ectronic Materials and Web Sites etc.
1-www.boomer.org
K. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)
University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al- Nasser University student's regulations handbook
Class Attendance: • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.
(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.
 Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.





4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	 Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year.
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Phytochemistry II

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:					
1	Course Title:	Phytochemistry II				
2	Course Number and Code:	B11475				
		C.H		Total		
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
	Credit nours.	3	1			4
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	First semester/Fourth year				
5	Pre –requisite :	Phytochemistry I				
6	Co –requisite :					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:	None				
8	Language of teaching the course:	Arabic/English				
9	Prepared By:	Bushra Moharam and Wedad Mansour		our		
10	Approved By:				<u></u>	

II. Course Description:

The course provides information on the importance of naturally occurring products from their chemical, pharmaceutical to therapeutic applications. It also deals with their isolation and identification using chromatographic methods.

III. ILOs:

Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to

- 1- Identify the different classes of biologically active compounds of natural origin glycosides, volatile oils, tannins and phenylpropanoids their distribution in nature and classification.
- 2- Explain physico-chemical properties of substances of glycosides, volatile oils, tannins





and phenylpropanoids

- 3- Recognize the methods of extraction, separation and purification of the constituents of natural products such as glycosides, volatile oils, tannins and phenylpropanoids
- 4- Describe the chemical structure of glycosides, volatile oils, tannins and phenylpropanoids, their pharmacological properties (biological activities) and contraindications of them.
- 5- Apply the chromatographic techniques in phytochemical analysis of natural products (glycosides, volatile oils, tannins and phenylpropanoids).
- 6- Correlate the chemical structure of natural products (glycosides, volatile oils, tannins and phenylpropanoids) with their pharmacological activity and predict of structural changes that modify the biological activity.
- 7- Research about suitable methods for extraction; isolation of different compounds from natural origin
- 8- Perform suitable methods for extraction; isolation of glycosides, volatile oils, tannins and phenylpropanoids
- 9- Carry out different assay procedures for quantitative determination of glycosides, volatile oils, tannins and phenylpropanoids in their origin or preparations
- 10-Write reports about the chemistry natural products such as glycosides, volatile oils, tannins and phenylpropanoids and their isolation and present them.
- 11-Cooperate effectively with other people, work in teamwork, team planning and manage times

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding.	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.
Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to a1- Identify the different classes of biologically active compounds of natural origin glycosides, volatile oils, tannins and phenylpropanoids their distribution in nature and classification. a2- Explain physico-chemical properties of substances of glycosides, volatile oils, tannins and phenylpropanoids	Lectures using boards and markers, data show, video animation and seminars	Quizzes, Written exam, homework and participation.

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)





a3- Recognize the methods of extraction, separation and purification of the constituents of natural products such as glycosides, volatile oils, tannins and phenylpropanoids			
a4- Describe the chemical structure of glycosides,			
volatile oils, tannins and phenylpropanoids, their			
pharmacological properties (biological activities) and			
contraindications of them.			
(B)Intellectual Skills:			
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills Methods:	s to Teaching Method	s and Assessment	
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills.	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods	
Upon completion of this course, the students should be			
able to			
b1- Apply the chromatographic techniques in		Oral presentation,	
phytochemical analysis of natural products (glycosides,		criteria-based	
volatile oils, tannins and phenylpropanoids).	Lectures, Practice	performance	
b2- Correlate the chemical structure of natural products	session,	evaluation	
(glycosides, volatile oils, tannins and	Discussions, Solving	Interpretative	
phenylpropanoids) with their pharmacological activity	Problem methods	exercises.	
and predict of structural changes that modify the			
biological activity			
b3- Research about suitable methods for extraction;			
isolation of different compounds from natural origin			
(C)Professional and Practical Skills.			
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and I	Practical Skillsto Teach	ing and Assessment	
Methods:	m 1:	3.6 d 1 C	
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs)	Teaching strategies to	Methods of	
inProfessional and Practical Skills	be used	assessment	
Upon completion of this course, the students should be			
able to			
c1- Perform suitable methods for extraction; isolation		Practical works,	
of glycosides, volatile oils, tannins and		practical reports	
phenylpropanoids	Lectures, Laboratory	and presentations	
2 Carry out different assay precedures for	work, independent	based on their	
c2- Carry out different assay procedures for quantitative determination of glycosides, volatile oils,	study and	experimental	
tannins and phenylpropanoids in their origin or	Group assignments.	work.	
preparations			
proputations			
(D)Canagal/Tuanafagahla Chilla.			
(D)General/ Transferable Skills:	C1-11-11- 4- T 1 1	a and A a (
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Trans Methods.	ferable skills to Teaching	ig and Assessment	

Teaching strategies to

Methods of





inGeneral and Transferable Skills	be used	assessment
Upon completion of this course, the students should be		Reports,
able to	Small group	presentations and
d1- Write reports about the chemistry natural products	discussions, practical	communication
such as glycosides, volatile oils, tannins and	classes and micro	with the lecturer
phenylpropanoids and their isolation and present them.	assignments	and his
d2- Cooperate effectively with other people, work in		colleagues.
teamwork, team planning and manage times		

V. Course Content: 1 – Course Topics/Items: a – Theoretical Aspect: Number Contact C-ILOs Order Topic/ unit Sub topic of weeks hours Definition, distribution, properties, classification and nomenclature, Cardiac glycosides; definition, a1, a2, a3, a4, structures, cardenolides, 3 b1, b2, b3, c1, 1 1 c2, d1, d2 bufadienolids, structure of sugar moiety, structure activity relationship, Biogenesis of card. Gly., Cardiac gly; physicochemical properties, hydrolysis of card. Gly., isolation, pharmacological properties, a1, a2, a3, a4, 2 Glycosides mechanism of action Chemical 3 b1, b2, b3, c1, 1 test of card. Gly., drug c2, d1, d2 containing card. Gly.; digitalis purpurea, digitalis lanata. Bufadienolids, Saponin gly.;; definition, classification, distribution, extraction, chemical and physical properties, a1, a2, a3, a4, 3 characterization biological and 3 b1, b2, b3, c1, 1 pharmacological properties, c2, d1, d2 drugs as expectorant and

antitusive, anti-exudative, adaptogens and diuretic.



4		Anthracen gly; definition, classification, distribution, extraction, chemical and physical properties, characterization biological and pharmacological properties, drugs as Senna, Rhabarub, Aloe.	1	3	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2
5		Flavonoid gly; classification, chemical structure, physico-chemical properties, extraction, characterization, biological properties, rutin, hesperidin, flavonoid containing drugs.	1	3	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2
6		Cyanogentic gly; cyanogenesis, distribution, structure, properties, detection, extraction, pharmacological activities, cyanogenetic plants. Glucosinolates; definition, distribution, structure, biogenesis, hydrolysis, toxicity and drug containing glucosinolates	1	3	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2
7		Mid exam	1	3	a1, a2, a3, a4, b2
8		Definition, distribution, physical properties, method of isolation, chemical composition, Pharmacological properties,	1	3	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2
9	Volatile oils	Drugs containing v.o. used as counter irritant agents, drug containing v.o. used as expectorants,	1	3	a1, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2
10		Drugs containing v.o. used as diuretic, drug containing v.o. used as stomachic and carminative.	1	3	a1, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2
11	Tannins	Definition, classification,	1	3	a1, a2, a3, a4,





		structure, hydrolysable- and condensed-, complex and pseudo-tannins, distribution, biosynthesis, physico-chemical properties, extraction, characterization, biological properties, drug containing tannin			b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2
12	Phenylpropanoids	Definition, classification, biosynthesis, phenols and phenolic acids:, structure, physico-chemical properties, characterization, extraction, biological properties, drug containing phenols and phenolic acids. cumarins; definition, structure classification, biosynthesis, physico-chemical properties, characterization, extraction, biological properties, uses,	1	3	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2
13		Drug containing cumarins, furocoumarin, pyranocoumarines. Lignans; definition, classification, biological properties, uses, drug containing lignans. Lignin: definition, structure, biological and pharmacological properties of some lignins	1	3	a1, a3, a4, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, d1, d2
14		Final exam	1	3	a1, a2, a3, a4, b2,
	Number of Weeks	and Units Per Semester	14	42	

b - F	PracticalAspect:			
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Extraction and identification of cardiac gly. (Oleander)	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1, c2, d2
2	Extraction and identification of saponin gly. (Christ's thorn, Fenugreek)	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1, c2, d2
3	Extraction and identification of anthracene gly. (Senna, Aloe)	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1, c2, d2
4	Extraction and identification of flavonids (Orange, Ruta)	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1, c2, d2





5	Extraction and identification of cyangenetic gly (Linseed)	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1, c2, d2
6	Extraction and identification of glucosinolates gly (Mustard seeds)	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1, c2, d2
7	Extraction and identification of volatile oils (1)(Thyme)	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1, c2, d2
8	Extraction and identification of volatile oils (2) (Cinnamon)	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1, c2, d2
9	Extraction and identification of tannins (Tea, Galls)	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1, c2, d2
10	Extraction and identification of phenylpropanoids (Ammi visnaga)	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1, c2, d2
11	Final exam	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1, c2, d2
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semester1			
3.77	T. 1. C			·

VI. Teaching Strategies:

- Lectures using board and makers, data show, video animation and seminars
- Solving Problem method, Laboratory work, independent study and discussion

VII. Assignments and projects:

No	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	Seminar	a1, a3, a4, b2, b3, d1, d2	3, 5, 9	5
2	Projects	a1, a3, a4, b2, b3, d1, d2	11, 12, 13	3

VIII. Assessment Tasks:

No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Seminar and project	3, 5, 9, 11-13	5	5%	a1, a3, a4, b2, b3, d1, d2
2	Practical Reports	1-10	10	10%	a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1
3	Quizzes	4, 6, 8, 10	5	5%	a1, a2, a3, a4, b2
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	a1, a2, a3, a4, b2





5	Final Exam (practical)	12	20	20%	a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1
6	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	a1, a2, a3, a4, b2
	Total		100	100%	

IX. Learning	Resources:
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1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- Evans W.C., Evans D. and Trease E., Saunders "Trease and Evans 'Pharmacognosy" (2009); 16th ed. Elsevier, New York
- 2- Jarald E.E. and Jarald S. E., "Textbook of Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry" (2009); CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Steven M. Colegate and Russell J. Molyneux. "Bioactive natural products: detection, isolation, and structural determination" (2008); Seconded, editor.
- 2- Cordell G.A. "The alkaloids: Chemistry and Biology" (2002); Volume 59, Elsevier, New York

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1- http/www.Phytomania.org.
- 2- http/www.medicalbotanyintroduction.html.
- 3- http/www.botanical.com

X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

 Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.

(Tardy):

1

3

Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.

(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):

- Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam.
- Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed.





	• If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will
	 be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%.
	• The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination.
	• In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark.
	 Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
	(Assignments and Projects):
4	 The students have to submit the assignment or project on time.
	 In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
	(Cheating):
5	• Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc.
	Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero
	• Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one.
	• If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full
	academic year
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings.
	Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Toxicology

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:					
1	Course Title:	Toxicol	ogy			
2	Course Number and Code:	B1146	5			
		С.Н			Total	
3	Credit hours:	Th. Pr. Tut. Tr.		Tr.	Total	
3	Credit nours.	2	1	-	-	3
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	Second Semester/Fourth year				
5	Pre –requisite :					
6	Co –requisite :	Pharmacology IV				
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:					
8	Language of teaching the course:	English	/Arabic			
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Ali Al-Mehdar				
10	Approved By:					_

II. Course Description:

The course designed to provide the student with the general principles of toxicology, prevention and management of poisoning, the mechanism(s) of toxicity of the drugs commonly used, different chemicals, radiation and radioactive materials and drugs affecting maternal, foetal and neonatal health. Also, signs and symptoms of toxicity and management of the cases are stressed. The different methods for identification of toxic substances are performed practically by the student.





III. ILOs: At the end of this course student must be able to:

- 1- Recognize the general principles of poisoning management, actions, interactions, uses and toxicity of certain medications and chemicals.
- 2- Illustrate toxic profile of various drugs and other chemicals including sources, identification, symptoms, management, control and first aid measures.
- 3- Explain an overview of protocols for managing various toxic ingestions, the antidotes, and treatments associated with their pathologyand appropriate medical intervention in emergency situations.
- 4- Identify clinical features of diseases regarding genetic abnormalities and toxicology of addiction.
- 5- Classify the consequences of ingesting prescription medicines, of exposure of nontherapeutic compounds and of the risk from environmental and biological threats to public safety.
- 6- Analyze the serious consequences of ingestion of toxic drugs and exposure to different chemicals.
- 7- Differentiate between different toxic agents regarding their clinical symptoms, as well as their main lines of toxicity management.
- 8- Evaluate the different methods for the management of poisoning in individual cases of toxicity.
- 9- Design a therapeutic plan for management of poisoning patient.
- 10-Observe, record and analyze the toxic effects of different drugs and chemical substances.
- 11- Handle safely with corrosive substances and other toxic compounds.
- 12- Determine the toxicity profiles of different chemicals and detect poisons in biological specimens.
- 13- Perform the different techniques for identification of toxic substances.
- 14- Plan and implement efficient and effective modes of working to manage patient toxicity through group discussions and participation in laboratory sessions.
- 15- Communicate effectively with other healthcare professionals in selection the suitable treatment of toxic cases.
- 16-Present information related to the patient's therapy clearly in written, electronic and verbal forms.
- 17- Adopt the principles of lifelong learning needed for continuous professional development and use computer effectively in reaching up to date information.





Methods:	ı	
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding. At the end of this course student must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.
a1- Recognize the general principles of poisoning management, actions, interactions, uses and toxicity of certain medications and chemicals.	Lectures – Group discussion	Written exams
a2- Illustrate toxic profile of various drugs and other chemicals including sources, identification, symptoms, management, control and first aid measures.		
a3-Explain an overview of protocols for managing various toxic ingestions, the antidotes, and treatments associated with their pathologyand appropriate medical intervention in emergency situations.		
a4- Identify clinical features of diseases regarding genetic abnormalities and toxicology of addiction.		
a5-Classify the consequences of ingesting prescription medicines, of exposure of non-therapeutic compounds and of the risk from environmental and biological threats to public safety.		
(B)Intellectual Skills:		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teachin Methods:	g Methods and Ass	sessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At the end of this course student must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
b1-Analyze the serious consequences of ingestion of toxic drugs and exposure to different chemicals.	Lectures – Group discussion	Written exams.
b2- Differentiate between different toxic agents regarding their clinical symptoms, as well as their main lines of toxicity management.		
b3- Evaluate the different methods for the management of poisoning in individual cases of toxicity.		
b4- Design a therapeutic plan for management of poisoning patient.		

(C)Professional and Practical Skills.

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment Methods:





Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inProfessional and Practical Skills At the end of this course student must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
c1- Observe, record and analyze the toxic effects of different drugs and chemical substances.	Practical training in lab.	Practical exam
c2- Handle safely with corrosive substances and other toxic compounds.		
c3-Determine the toxicity profiles of different chemicals and detect poisons in biological specimens.		
c4- Perform the different techniques for identification of toxic substances.		

(D)General/ Transferable Skills:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable skills to Teaching and Assessment Methods.

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills At the end of this course student must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
d1- Plan and implement efficient and effective modes of working to manage patient toxicity through group discussions and participation in laboratory sessions.	Group discussion – Role play. Seminars	Group discussion – Practical exam. Seminars
d2- Communicate effectively with other healthcare professionals in selection the suitable treatment of toxic cases.		
d3- Present information related to the patient's therapy clearly in written, electronic and verbal forms. d4-Adopt the principles of lifelong learning needed for		
continuous professional development and use computer effectively in reaching up to date information.		

V. Course Content:

- 1 Course Topics/Items:
 - a Theoretical Aspect:



Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	General principles of toxicology:	- Toxicity, hazard, risk Branches of toxicology: Occupational, Environmental, Ecotoxicology, Analytical and Clinical.	1	2	a1-a2
2	Poisons:	Types of exposure and toxic responses.Spectrum of toxicity.Evaluation of safety of chemicals and drugs.	1	2	a1-a3, b1
3	Preventionand management of poisoning:	- Poisoning episodes: Accidental, Suicidal, Homicidal, Non-accidental, Maintenance of vital functions	1	2	a1-a3, b1-b3
		- Antidotes: non-specific and specific Prevention of absorption of poisons, Enhanced elimination of poisons, Supportive management	1	2	
4	Poisoning with common drugs:	 - Selected OTC Products: Aspirin, Paracetamol, Iron. - CNS Depressants: Barbiturates andBenzodiazepines. - CNS Stimulants: Amphetamine and Cocaine. 	2	4	a3-a5, b1-b4
5	Corrosive acids:	- Sulphuric acid, hydrochloric acid, nitric acid (Characters, fatal dose and fatal period, mode of poisoning and picture of poisoning).	1	2	a3-a5, b1-b4
6	Irritant poisons & Corrosive alkalies:	- Arsenic, lead, mercury and iron (Characters, sources, fatal dose and fatal period, mode of poisoning and picture of poisoning). Mode of poisoning - Picture of poisoning	1	2	a3-a5, b1-b4



		- Fatal dose and fatal period			
7	Midterm exam		1	2	a3-a5, b1-b4
8	Pesticides & Plant poisons:	Halogenated and cholinesterase inhibitor insecticides Rodenticides, Herbicides, Fungicides Atropine, opium, nicotine, cannabis, and cocaine (Source, fatal dose and fatal period, mode of poisoning and picture of poisoning).	1	2	a3-a5, b1-b4
9	Gas and volatile poisons: Animal poison:	 Cyanide, ethyl alcohol and methyl alcohol (Characters, fatal dose and fatal period, mode of poisoning and picture of poisoning). Carbon monoxide (CO-Hb) (detection, and Met-Hb – detection) Snake bite and scorpion sting. (Fatal dose and fatal period, mode of poisoning) and picture of poisoning). 	1	2	a3-a5, b1-b4
10	Teratogenic and toxic effects ofdrugs and chemicals on reproduction:	- Possible site of action of teratogens: Effects on father, mother, fetoplacental unit and fetus. Principles of teratology as applied to man: Stages of pregnancy, drug dosage, placental transfer, use of drugs during pregnancy.	1	2	a5, b1
11	Fin	al Exam	1	2	A1-a5, b1-b4





Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester

24

b - Practical Aspect:

b - PracticalAspect:						
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs		
1	Introduction to the different ways and techniques for identification of different toxic substances (extraction and detection) Supportive measures in poisoned patients (Gastric lavage, induction of emesis,etc)	1	2	c1, d1-d2		
2	Detection of corrosive acids Detection of corrosive alkalis	1	2	c1, d1-d2		
3	Detection of carbolic acid (phenols) Detection of heavy metals	1	2	c1-c4, d1-d2		
4	Detection of some analgesic drugs (aspirin and paracetamol) Detection of sedatives and hypnotics (barbiturates and benzodiazepines)	1	2	c1-c4, d1-d2		
5	Detection of CNS depressants (opioids) Detection of CNS stimulants (amphetamine)	1	2	c1-c4, d1-d2		
6	Detection of pesticides Detection of volatile poisons	1	2	c1-c4, d1-d2		
7	Final Exam	1	2	c1-c4, d1-d2		
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester		14			

VI. Teaching Strategies:

- 1- Lectures using PowerPoint and data show
- 2- Laboratory sessions (Practical training).
- 4- Group discussion.
- 5- Seminars.

VII. Assignments and projects

No	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark





1	- Project	a1-4, b1-4, d1- d3	12	5
			1	4

VIII. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Practical reports	1-12	10	10%	c1-c4, d1-d2
2	Written Med-term Test	8	15	15%	a1-a5, b1-b4
3	Final Exam (practical)	14	20	20%	c1-c4, d1-d2
4	Project	12	5	5%	a1-4, b1-4, d1- d3
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	50	50%	a1-a5, b1-b4
6	Total		100	100%	

IX. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

1- Curtis Klaassen (2013), Casarett and Doull's Toxicology: Basic Science of Poisons. 8th Edition, McGraw Hill, New York.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Ernest Hodgson (2010), A Textbook of Modern Toxicology, FourthEdition. WILEY interscience.
- 2- Kent Olson (2011), Poisoning and Drug Overdose, Sixth Edition McGraw Hill Professional

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1- http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/
- 2- http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/entrez/query.fcgi
- 3- http://www.PubMed.com
- X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

1

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of





	zero for the course.
2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.
3	 (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	 (Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full





	academic year.
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Parasitology

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:						
1	Course Title:	Parasito	ology				
2	Course Number and Code:	B11347					
			C	C.H		Total	
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total	
	Cicuit nouis.	2	1			3	
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	S Second semester/ Third year					
5	Pre –requisite :	General biology					
6	Co –requisite :						
7	7 Program (s) in which the course is offered:						
8	Language of teaching the course:	English –Arabic					
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Jamil Salim Mubarak					
10	Approved By:				•		

II. Course Description:

The course deals with parasites that live inside the human body (host) and outside (the vector). It includes the parasites classification, geographical distribution, habitat, morphology, life cycle, treatment, diagnosis, epidemiology, prevention and control.

III. ILOs:

At the end of this course students should be able to:

- 1. Define the medical terms and classification of the parasites and vectors that are involved inhumandiseases infection.
- 2. Illustrate the geographical distribution and habitat internally and externally of the parasite.
- 3. Identify the different stages of the parasite and its vector microscopically.
- 4. Analyze the morphology and stages of the parasite inside the host and vector.





- 5. Distinguish the life cycle of the parasite in the host and vector.
- 6. Implement the methods of diagnosis that will lead to the identification of the parasites and vectors.
- 7. Administer the treatment, epidemiology, prevention and control of the parasite and vector.
- 8. Show the appropriate responsibility, self-confidence, and ethical attitudes and behaviors.
- 9. Demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities and long life learning.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

At the end of this course students should be able to:

Co	ourse Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding.	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.
a1	Define the medical terms and classification of the parasites and vectors that are involved inhuman diseases infection.		
a 2	Illustrate the geographical distribution and habitat internally and externally of the parasite.	Lectures using data show and seminars	Quizzes, written exam, and participation
a3	Identify the different stages of the parasite and its vector microscopically.		

(B)Intellectual Skills:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods:

At the end of this course students should be able to:

	Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills.	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods	
b1 b2	Analyze the morphology and stages of the parasite inside the host and vector. Distinguish the life cycle of the parasite in the host and vector.	Lectures, practice session, Discussion, solving problem methods	Oral presentation, evaluation, interpretative exercises	
(C)Professional and Practical Skills.				

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment





At the	Methods: end of this course students should be able to:				
(Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inProfessional and Practical Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment		
c1	Implement the methods of diagnosis that will lead to the identification of the parasites and vectors.	Lectures, laboratory work, directed	Practical works, practical reports and presentation based		
c2	Administer the treatment, epidemiology, prevention and control of the parasite and vector.	reading, and Group assignments	on experimental work		
. /	(D)General/ Transferable Skills: Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable skills to Teaching and Assessment				

Methods.
At the end of this course students should be able to:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills		Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment	
d1	Show the appropriate responsibility, self-confidence, and ethical attitudes and behaviors	Small group discussions,	Reports, presentation and	
d2	Demonstrate critical thinking and decision making abilities and long life learning.	Practical classes	communication with the lecturer and students	

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COURCE	('ontent'
Course	Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Schistosomiasis	S. mansoni S. haematobium S. japonicum	1	2	a1, a2, b1, b2
2	Fasciolasis	F. hepatica F. gigantic	1	2	a1, a3, b2, d2
3	Taeniasis	T. saginata T. solium Cysticercosis	1	2	a2, a3, b1, b2, d1-2
4	Hymenolepisis and Diphyllobothriasis	H. nana H. diminuta	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, d1, d2
5	Ascaris lumbricoides, Enterobius vermicularis &		1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, d1, d2





	Trichuris				
6	Hook warm & Filariasi Hook warm & 5. Mansonella ozardi 6. M. perstans 7. Dracunculus medinensis		1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, d1, d2
7	Mid Exam		1	2	
8	Amebasis	Entamoeba histolytica	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, d1, d2
9	Gardia & Trichomonads	1. T. vaginalis2. T. homonis	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, d1, d2
10	Trypanosomiasis	 T. rhodiensi T. gambiensi T. cruzi 	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, d1, d2
11	Leishmaniasis	 L. tropica L. barziliensis L. donovani 	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, d1, d2
12	Malaria		1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, d1, d2
13	Final Exam		1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, d1, d2
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semester5 26				

b - F	Practical Aspect:			
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Schistosomiasis	2	4	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
2	Fasciolasis	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
3	Taeniasis	2	4	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
4	Hymenolepisis	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
5	Diphyllobothrium latum	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
6	Diphyllobothrium mansoni	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
7	Echinococcus granulosus	2	4	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2





8	Dipylidium caninum	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
9	Laboratory diagnosis	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
10	Prevention and control	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
11	Final Exam	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1, d2
Number of Weeks /and Units Per Semester 15		28		

I. Teaching Strategies:

Lectures using data show.

Video animation.

Seminars.

Solving problem method.

Laboratory work.

Directed reading.

Independent study.

Discussion.

II. Assignments and projects:

No	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	- Project	a1-3, b1-2, d1- d2	5	5

III.	Assessment Tasks:				
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Project (single or group)	2,8	2.5	2.5%	a1-3,b1-2,d1-d2
2	Practical reports	1-10	10	10%	a1-3,b1-2,c1-c2, d1-d2
3	Oral Tests	5,9	2.5	2.5%	a1-3,b1-2,d1-d2
4	Written Test (1)	7	15	15%	a1-3,b1-2,d1-d2
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	a1-3,b1-2,d1-d2
6	Final Exam (practical)	11	20	20%	a1-3,b1-2,c1-c2, d1-d2
7			100	100%	





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IV.I	Learning Resources:
1-Requi	red Textbook(s) (maximum two).
	1-David T, William P Marell and Voges. Medical Parasitology 9 th edition, 2006 Saunders
	Eieevier, PA, USA
	2. Monica Cheesbrough, Medical Laboratory Manual For tropical countries, vol I 2004Butter worth, Heinemann Ltd Oxford Britain
2-Reco	ommended Books and Reference Materials.
	1-RamnikSood, Medical laboratory technology 6 th Edition 2009, Jaypee Brothers
	Medical Publisher New Delhi - India.
3-Elec	etronic Materials and Web Sites etc.
	1-www. Wiley short course Parasitology.com
	2- www. Jaypeebrothers Parasitology.com
_	

V. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.

(Tardy):

1

3

Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.

(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):

- Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam.
- Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed.
- If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt.
- If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%.
- The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination.
- In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark.
- Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be





	considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	 Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year.
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Research Methodology

University: Al-Nasser UniversityUniversity

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:					
1	Course Title:	Researc	ch Metho	dology		
2	Course Number and Code:	B1151	8 (Part A)		
			C	C.H		To401
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
3		2	-	-	-	2
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	First semester/Fifth year				
5	Pre –requisite :					
6	Co –requisite :	Biostatistics				
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:	Medical Lab				
8	Language of teaching the course:	Arabic/English				_
9	Prepared By:	Nawal Ali AL-Zandani Dr. Nagwa Ahmed Noman Othman				
10	Approved By:					

II. Course Description:

The course mainly focuses on the method of conducting medical research. Throughout the course the students will be guided by the lecturers to prepare research proposal. The main topics in research methodology i.e. hypothesis generation, research design, proposal writing and plan of analysis will be discussed.

III. ILOs: At end of the course students will be to

- 1. Recognize the process and steps in medical research.
- 2. Describe the process and steps in medical research
- 3. Plan a research proposal.
- 4. Select the study design
- 5. Analyze the environmental factors that may influence medical research
- 6. Practice Writing a research proposal.





- 7. Present and defend the research proposal at the department and faculty level.
- 8. Work effectively in a team and demonstrate creativity.
- 9. Implement writing and presentation skills.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with	n Teaching and Assessn	nent Methods:			
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in	Teaching strategies	Assessment Methods.			
Knowledge and Understanding.	to be used.	Assessment wethous.			
At the end of this course, student must be able to:					
a1- Recognize the principles of basics Medical research. a2-Describe theprocess and steps in medical research	Lectures and seminars	Quizzes, Written exam, short answers and homework.			
		Participation			
(B)Intellectual Skills:					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skil Methods:	ls to Teaching Methods	and Assessment			
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At the end of this course, student must be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods			
b1- Plan a research proposal	Lectures,	Oral presentation,			
b1- Plan a research proposal b2- Select the study design.	Practice session,	criteria-based			
1 1		criteria-based performance evaluation Interpretative			
b2- Select the study design. b3-Analyze the environmental factors that may influence	Practice session, Discussions, SolvingProblemmet	criteria-based performance evaluation			
b2- Select the study design. b3-Analyze the environmental factors that may influence medical research	Practice session, Discussions, SolvingProblemmet hods	criteria-based performance evaluation Interpretative Exercises			
b2- Select the study design. b3-Analyze the environmental factors that may influence medical research (C) Professional and Practical Skills. Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional an	Practice session, Discussions, SolvingProblemmet hods	criteria-based performance evaluation Interpretative Exercises			
b2- Select the study design. b3-Analyze the environmental factors that may influence medical research (C) Professional and Practical Skills. Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional an Methods: Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills	Practice session, Discussions, SolvingProblemmet hods d Practical Skillsto Teaching strategies	criteria-based performance evaluation Interpretative Exercises ching and Assessment			
b2- Select the study design. b3-Analyze the environmental factors that may influence medical research (C) Professional and Practical Skills. Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional an Methods: Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills At the end of this course, student must be able to: c1-Practice Writinga research proposal.	Practice session, Discussions, SolvingProblemmet hods d Practical Skillsto Tea Teaching strategies to be used Lectures and Group assignments	criteria-based performance evaluation Interpretative Exercises ching and Assessment Methods of assessment Reports and presentations based on their managerial skills			
b2- Select the study design. b3-Analyze the environmental factors that may influence medical research (C) Professional and Practical Skills. Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional an Methods: Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills At the end of this course, student must be able to: c1-Practice Writinga research proposal.	Practice session, Discussions, SolvingProblemmet hods d Practical Skillsto Tea Teaching strategies to be used Lectures and Group assignments	criteria-based performance evaluation Interpretative Exercises ching and Assessment Methods of assessment Reports and presentations based on their managerial skills			





inGeneral and Transferable Skills At the end of this course, student must be able to:	to be used	
d1- Present and defend the research proposal at the department and faculty level.	-Small group discussions	Reports, presentations and communication with the lecturer and
d2- Work effectively in a team and demonstrate creativity. d3-Implement writing and presentation skills	Microassignments	his colleagues.

V. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Introduction to Research	Research phaseChoosing research subjectsDefining and selecting research interest	1	2	a1, b1, c1
2	Information Search	 Information search - the library Information search -the internet 	1	2	a1, b1, b2, c1, , d1, d2.
3	Overview of Research Design	 Type of research design Cross-sectional study Case-control study Cohort study Experimental studies/Clinical Trial Quasi-experimental studies Qualitative research method 	1	2	a1,a2, b2, d3
4	Literature review	 Information storage Writing quotations and references – UKM Style, Vancouver, Harvard How to avoid plagiarism? 	1	2	a1, a2, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2, d3.
5	Research Process	 Steps in medical research Objectives Research hypothesis and variables Writing objectives and hypothesis 	1	2	a1, a2, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2, d3.





		Problems framework			
6	Questionnaire Design	 Type of questions and questionnaire format Questionnaire implementation – interview technique 	1	2	a2, b1, b2, c1, d2, d3.
7	Mid Exam		1	2	a1, a2, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2, d3.
8	Research Management	 Research organization and time table Research budget How to get research budget 	1	2	a1, a2, b1, b2, b3, c1, d2, d3.
9	Research Ethics	Getting ethical approval	1	2	a1, a2, b1, b2, b3, c1, d2, d3.
10	• Final Exam		1	2	a1, a2, b1, b2, b3, c1, d1, d2, d3.
	10Number of	Weeks/and Units Per Semester		20	

VI. Teaching Strategies:

-Lectures and seminars

-Solving Problemmethodand discussion

7	/II. Assignments and projects:			
No	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	- Project	a1, a2, b1, b2, c1, d3	8	5





V	VIII. Assessment Tasks:						
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes		
1	Project (single\group)	8	5	5%	a1, a2, b1, b2, c1, d3		
2	Quizzes	4	5	5%	a1, a2, b1, b2, c1, d2, d3		
3	Mid Exam	6	10	10%	a1, a2, b1, b2, c1, d1		
4	Final Exam	10	30	30%	a1, a2, b1, b2, c1, d1, d2, d3		
5	Total		50	50%			

IX.	Learning Resources:
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1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. Polgar Colton, T. 2000. *Statistics in Medicine*. Little Brown and Co. Boston. FourthEd.
- 2. Dawson, B. and Trapp, R.G.2001. *Basic and Clinical Biostatistics*. Third Edition Prentice-Hall International Inc.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1. <u>Geoffrey, R. M., David, D.</u>and<u>David, F.</u>2005. Essentials of Research Design and Methodology. Essentials of Behavioral Science. Prentice Hall Inc.
- 2. <u>John, W. C.</u>2002. Research DesignQualitative, Quantitative, and Mixed Methods Approaches (SecondEdition), SagePublications.
- 3. <u>Geoffrey, R. and David, L. S.</u>2000. Biostatistics: The Bare Essentials, Second Edition

3 -Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

1-http://link.springer.com/chapter/10.1007/0-387-23273-7_3#page-1

X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook





1	Class Attendance: • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.
2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.
3	 (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.





		(Cheating):		
	5	• Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc.		
		 Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero 		
 Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considere in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be distinct. 				
		for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.		
	_	(Plagiarism):		
	6	"To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own".		
	6	"To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments.		
	6	"To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own".		
_		 "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full 		
_	7	 "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year. 		
		 "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year. (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class 		





Fifth year: first semester





Course Specification of Medicinal chemistry III

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

I. General Information:						
1	Course Title:	Medicinal Chemistry III				
2	Course Number and Code:	B11537				
			C	.H		T . 1
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
3		2	1			3
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	s First semester/Fifth year				
5	Pre –requisite :	Medicin	nal chemi	stry II		
6	Co –requisite :					
7	7 Program (s) in which the course is offered:		None			
8	Language of teaching the course:	Arabic/English				
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Tawfeek Ahmed Alobaidy				
10	Approved By:					

II. Course Description:

This course introduces students to medicinal chemistry of antibacterial, antibiotic Antimycobacterial, antifungal, antiviral, anticancer and antimaralial agents. The course also practices the qualitative and quantitative analysis of some drugs.

III. ILOs:

At the end of this course the students should be able to:

- 1 Describe the mechanism of action of studied classes of drugs
- 2 Recognize the synthesis of some studied classes of drugs
- 3 Explain the SAR of studied categories
- 4 Illustrate the metabolism of studied classes of drugs.
- 5 Predict possible metabolites of different classes of drugs
- 6 Identify the SAR of studied categories of drugs
- 7 Analyze the result of assay of some studied drugs
- 8 Design and evaluate qualitative and quantitative analysis of some drugs.
- 9 Handle and dispose the chemical and pharmaceutical preparations safely and effectively.
- 10 Operate different equipment used in the lab
- 11 Carry out the qualitative analysis of some drugs





- 12 Cooperate withhis colleagues to prepare a scientific topic.
- 13 Implement writing and presentation skills
- 14 Work effectively in a team.

(C)Professional and Practical Skills.

Methods:

15 Demonstrate creativity and time management.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with	n Teaching and Assessmen	nt Methods:
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge a Methods:	nd Understanding to Tea	ching and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding. After completing this program, students would be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.
a1-Describe the mechanism of action of studied classes of drugs a2-Recognize the synthesis of some studied classes of drugs a3- Explain the SAR of studied categories a4- Illustrate the metabolism of studied classes of drugs.	Lectures using data show video	MCQ Oral Exam, Quizzes, exam, short answers Homework and Participation.
(B)Intellectual Skills: Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Methods:	Skills to Teaching Met	hods and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. After completing this program, students would be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
b1-Predict possible metabolites of different classes of drugs	Lectures, Practice session,	Oral presentation, criteria-based
b2-Identify the SAR of studied categories of drugs	Discussions, Solving Problem methods	performance evaluation Interpretative
b3-Analyze the result of assay of some studied drugs.		exercises.
b4-Design and evaluate qualitative and quantitative analysis of some drugs.		

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment





Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills After completing this program, students would be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
c1-Handle and dispose the chemical and pharmaceutical preparations safely and effectively. c2-Operate different equipment used in the lab c3-Carry out the qualitative analysis of some drugs	Lectures and Group assignments Practical works.	Practical reports, And practical reports.
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Methods.	Transferable skills to Tea	ching and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills After completing this program, students would be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
d1- Cooperate withhis colleagues to prepare a scientific topic.d2- Implement writing and presentation skills	Small group discussions Practical classes	Reports, presentations and communication with the lecturer and his colleagues.
d3- Work effectively in a team. d4- Demonstrate creativity and time management		Ü

V.	Course	a Contanti
٧.	Cours	se Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Antibacterial agents	Sulfonamides	1	2	a1, a3, a4, b1, b2, d1, d2, d4
2	Antibiotics I	Penicillins	1	2	a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, d1, d3
3	Antibiotics II	Cephalosopins	1	2	a1, a2, b1, b2, d1, d2
4	Antibiotics III	Tetracyclines, Aminoglycosides	1	2	a1, a4, b1, b2, d1, d4
5	Antibiotics IV	Lincosamide, macrolide	1	2	a1, a4, b1, b2, d1, d2





		andchlormphenicol			
6	Quinolones	Ist generation Secondgeneration and 3dr generation	1	2	a3, a4, b1, b2, d3, d4
7	midterm exam		1	2	a1-a4, b1-b4
8	Anti mycobacterial agents	Anti T.B: first line Secondline antileprosy	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, d1, d2, d3, d4
9	Antifungal agent	Antibiotics, azoles, allylamines and morpholines, antimetabolites, fatty acids and dyes	1	2	a1, a3, a4, b1, b2, d1, d2
10	Antiviral agent	Medically significant viruses, DNA viral replication, The building blocks of DNA nucleosides, Agents interfere with viral nucleic acid replication Anti-Retroviral [AntiHIV] Agents Agents inhibit the uncoating process, Neuraminidase Inhibitors, Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase [RT] Inhibitors HIV Protease Inhibitors	1	2	a1, a2, b1, b2, d1, d2, d4
11	Anticancer I	Types of Neoplasm Mechanism of Cancer formation Chemotherapeutic	1	2	a1, a2, a4, b1, d1, d2, d4





		Agents Alkylating agents. Anti-metabolites [Specific S]			
12	Anticancer II	DNA intercalating agents. Antibiotics. Antimitotic agents [Specific M]. Hormones. Miscellaneous compounds.	1	2	a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, d1, d4
13	Antimalarial agents	Life cycle of the parasite, naturally occurring compounds, quinolone derivatives, aminoacridine, tetrahydrofolate synthesis inhibitors, biguinides, polycyclic antimalarial agents	1	2	a1, a2, a3, a4, b2, d1, d2,
14	final exam	, and the second	1	2	a1-a4, b1-b4
Number	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester				

b - PracticalAspect:

Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Qualitative analysis ofnicotinic acid	1	3	b3, b4, c1, c2, c4, d1, d2
2	Quantitative analysis ofnicotinic acid	1	3	a1, b4, c1, c2, c3, d3, d4
3	Quantitative estimation of nalidixic acid	1	3	b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, d1
4	Quantitative estimation of cyclophosphamide	1	3	a1, b3, c1, c2, c3, d1, d4
5	Quantitative estimation ofbusulfan	1	3	b3, b4, c1, c2, c3
6	Quantitative estimation of penicillinin capsules	1	3	a1, b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, d1, d4
7	Identification of tetracyclines	1	3	b3, b4, c1, c2, c4,





				d3, d4
8	Identification and assay of chloroquine	1	3	a1, b3, c1, c2, c4, d1,
9	Identification of gresoflavins	1	3	a1, b3, b4, c1, c2, c4
10	Final Exam	1	3	c1-c3, b1-b4, d1-d4
Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester			33	

VI. Teaching Strategies:

Lectures using data show video animation, Practice session, Discussions, Solving Problem methods, Group assignments, Small group discussions, and Practical classes

VII. Assignments and projects:						
	No		Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
	1	-	Project	a1-4, b1-4, d1- d3	5	5

V	III. Assessment Tasks:				
No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Project (single\group)	2, 8	5	5%	a1-4, b1-4, d1- d3
2	Practical reports	1-9	10	10%	a1-4, b1-4, d1- d3
3	Oral Tests	5, 9	5	5%	, a1-a4, b1-b4
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	a1-4, b1-4
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	a1-4, b1-4
6	Final Exam (practical)	11	20	20%	b1-4, c1-c3, d1-d3
7			100	100%	

IX. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).





- 1- John M. Beale, Jr. and John H. Block, "Text book of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry", 2011, 12th Edition, Wilson and Gisvold, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, A Wolters Kluwer Company, Philadelphia.
- 2- Graham L. Patrick, "An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry", 2009, Fourth Edition, Oxford University Press Inc., New York

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Thomas Nogrady, Donald F. Weaver. Medicinal Chemistry A Molecular and Biochemical Approach, 2005, Third edition, Oxford University Press, Inc., New York.
- 2- Donald J. Abraham, "BURGER'S Medicinal Chemistry and Drug Discovery" 6 th edition, A John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Virginia.
- 3- Thomas L. Lemke, Victoria F. Roche, David A. Willaiams and S. William Zito "Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry", 2008, 6 th, Edition, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, a Wolters Kluwer business, Philadelphia.
- 4- PovlKrogsgaard-Larsen, TommyLiljefors andUlf Madsen, "Textbook of Drug Design andDiscovery".2002, Third edition, Taylor and Francis, London.
- 5- K.-H. Hellwich · C. D. Siebert, "Stereochemistry Workbook"2006, Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, Berlin.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1- http://www.chemaxon/marvin
- 2- http://www.webmolecules.com
- 3- http://www.acdlabs.com
- 4- PASSPrediction of Activity Spectra for Substance) (http://www.ibmh.msk.su/PASS).

X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-





	Nasser University student's regulations handbook
2	Class Attendance: • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course. (Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.
3	 (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	 (Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did





	 not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year.
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Community Pharmacy

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:					
1	Course Title:	Community Pharmacy				
2	Course Number and Code:	B11587				
		С.Н				Total
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
3	Cicuit nours.	3				3
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	Second semester/ Fifth year				
5	Pre –requisite :					
6	Co –requisite :	Pharmacology 4				
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:					
8	Language of teaching the course:	English/Arabic				
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Mohammed Addoais				
10	Approved By:					

II. Course Description:

This course is designed to provide students with a detailed knowledge and understanding on the pathogenesis, clinical features, and management and treatment outcomes of some minor ailments. Assessment and management of some minor respiratory, gastrointestinal, skin, eye, ear and infestation ailments will be studied.

III. ILOs: at end of the course students will be to:

- 1. Enumerate the non-prescription drugs.
- 2. Identify signs and symptoms of minor illnesses.
- 3. Describe the management of some minor illnesses by OTC drugs.
- 4. Differentiate the symptoms of different causing diseases.
- 5. Investigate the drug related problems.
- 6. Compare between different family planning methods
- 7. Diagnose minor ailments in community pharmacy
- 8. Manage minor ailments in community pharmacy





- 9. Prescribe the right OTC drugs for the ailment condition .
- 10. Solve any drug related problems in community pharmacy
- 11. Communicate effectively with patients, the public and health professionals.
- 12. Justify treatment options to patients.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understan Methods:					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge Understanding. At end of the course students will be able to:	e and	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.		
a1-Enumerate the non-prescription drugs. a2-Identify signs and symptoms of minor illnesses. a3- Describe the management of some minor illnesses by OTC drugs			Quiz Written exam		
(B)Intellectual Skills: Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to T	eaching	Methods a	and Assessment		
Methods: Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual S At end of the course students will be able to:	Skills.	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods		
b1-Differentiate the symptoms of different causing diseases. b2-Investigate the drug related problems. b3- Compare between different family planning methods		Tutorial Group discussion Lecture	Oral exam Written exam Written exam		
(C)Professional and Practical Skills. Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Methods:	Skillsto	Teaching a	and Assessment		
and Practical Skills strateg		ching ies to be sed	Methods of assessment		
c1-Diagnose minor ailments in community pharmacy Case stu		idies liscussion	Report Oral exam Written exam		

(D)General/Transferable Skills:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable skills to Teaching and Assessment Methods.





Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills At end of the course students will be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
d1-Communicate effectively with patients, the public and	Directed reading Independent study	Report Presentation
health professionals.	lindanandant etiidu	

V. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

No	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Numb er of weeks	Contac t hours	C-ILOs
1	Community pharmacy services	 Self-care and self-medication . Drug use in special populations Activities of the community pharmacist Prescription and over-the counter (OTC) medications Assessment of patient Physical assessment skills 	2	6	a1, a2, b1, c2, c3, d1 d2
2	OTC For treatment ofGIT disorders	 Mouth ulcers Heart burn Indigestion Nausea and vomiting Constipation Diarrhea Haemorrhoids 	2	6	a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2
3	OTC For treatment ofrespiratory disorders	Cold and fluCoughSore throatAllergic rhinitis	2	6	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2
		Midterm exam	1	3	a1, a2, a3 b1, b2
4	OTC For treatment ofskin disorders	Eczema/dermatitis/common childhood rashesAcneAthlete's foot	3	9	a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, c4, d1, d2





		 Warts and verrucae Hair loss Dandruff Psoriasis Cold sores Warts and verrucas Corns and calluses Fungal infections 			
5	OTC For treatment ofpain and headache & OTC For treatment ofEye and ear disorders	 Headache and migraine Dental pain Muscoskeletal problems Ear problems Earache Ear wax Otitis externa Eye conditions Conditions of the cornea Conditions of the eyelid Other eye problems 	1	3	a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, c4, d1, d2
6	OTC For treatment of Women's conditions & OTC For treatment of Infestations	 Cystitis Dysmenorrhoea Premenstrual syndrome (PMS) Vaginal thrush Head lice Scabies Threadworm 	1	3	a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, c4, d1, d2
7	Community role	The role of the pharmacist in family planningSmoking cessation	1	3	d1, d2
8		Final exam	1	3	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3
	Number of W	eeks/and Units Per Semester	14	42	

VI. Teaching Strategies:

- Lectures using data show
- Video animation and seminars
- · Directed reading
- Independent study
- Tutorial

VII. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
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1	Oral Tests	5, 10	5	5%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2
2	Quizzes	6, 9	5	5%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3
3	Written Test (midterm exam)	7	30	30%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	60	60%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3
	Total		100	100%	

viii. Learning Resources.	VIII.	Learning	Resources:
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1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- Alan Nathan (2008). Managing symptoms in pharmacy. Second edition Pharmaceutical press. London.
- 2- Paul Rutter (2008). Community Pharmacy: Symptoms, Diagnosis and Treatment, second edition, Elsevier, London.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

1. Daniel L. Krinsky, Rosemary R. Berardi, Stefanie P. Ferreri, Anne L. Hume, Gail D. Newton, Carol J. Rollins, Karen J. Tietze (2011). Handbook of Non-Prescription drugs, 17th edition. American pharmaceutical association. Washington.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

IX. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.

(Tardy):

1

3

Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.

(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):

- Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam.
- Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed.
- If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will





	 be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be
4	 considered as failed if he did so. (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	 Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Clinical Pharmacy I

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:					
1	Course Title:	Clinical	Pharmac	y I		
2	Course Number and Code:	B1156	7			
			C	LH		Total
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
3	Cicuit nours.	3				3
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	First S	emester/F	ifth year		
5	Pre –requisite :	Pharma	acology Г	V		
6	Co –requisite :					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:					
8	Language of teaching the course:	English	and Arab	oic		
9	Prepared By:	Salah Abdullah Ahmed				
10	Approved By:		•	•		

II. Course Description:

This course provides an understanding of the principles of clinical pharmacy and information on the etiology, clinical signs and symptoms, investigations and principles of treatment of disease important to pharmacists in their development of patient-oriented practice.

III. ILOs: Upon successful completion of this course, the students should be able to:

- 1-Identify the clinical presentations of diseases.
- 2- List the finding of different laboratory tests and its relation to disease management.
- 3-Explain the clinical management of various clinical cases.
- 4- Recognize the pharmacotherapy-related problems such as drug side effects, interactions, disease contraindication.
- 5-Illustrate the drug use and management of disease of special populations.





- 6-Analyze and appraise clinical cases
- 7-Create therapeutic plan for certain diseases
- 8-Investigate different drug-related problems in clinical and/or pharmacy settings
- 9-Explore relevant information for clinical case notes and discuss problems in therapeutic management of patients
- 10-Interpret signs and symptoms of certain diseases
- 11-Perform different diagnosis of diseases
- 12- Implement therapeutic plans for treatment of certain diseases
- 13-Solve drug-related and patient-related problems
- 14-Monitor drug regimen therapeutic outcomes
- 15- Assess patient cases and evaluate the overall treatment outcomes
- 16-Write reports and give oral presentations
- 17-Use web browsing to locate and use online data bases

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.
Lectures using data show, and case discussions.	Quizzes, exams, asking questions, and active participation.
\approx	\approx
\approx	\approx
Case discussion	≈
Case discussion	≈
	be used. Lectures using data show, and case discussions. ≈ Case discussion

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment

Methods.





Intellectual Skills. Upon successful completion of this course, the students should be able b1-Analyze and appraise clinical cases b2-Create therapeutic plan for certain diseases b2-Create therapeutic plan for certain diseases b3-Investigate different drug-related problems in clinical and/or pharmacy settings b4-Explore relevant information for clinical case notes and discuss problems in therapeutic management of patients (C)Professional and Practical Skills. Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessm Methods: Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills Upon successful completion of this course, the students should be able c1-Interpret signs and symptoms of certain diseases c2-Perform different diagnosis of diseases c3- Implement therapeutic plans for treatment of certain diseases c4-Solve drug-related and patient-related problems De used Scale discussions and assignments.		m 1:	
b2-Create therapeutic plan for certain diseases b2-Create therapeutic plan for certain diseases Lectures using data show, describe guidelines and algorithms, case discussions and assignments. b3-Investigate different drug-related problems in clinical and/or pharmacy settings b4-Explore relevant information for clinical case notes and discuss problems in therapeutic management of patients (C)Professional and Practical Skills. Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional And Practical Skills of Teaching and Assessm Methods: Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills Upon successful completion of this course, the students should be able c1-Interpret signs and symptoms of certain diseases c2-Perform different diagnosis of diseases c3- Implement therapeutic plans for treatment of certain diseases c3- Implement therapeutic plans for treatment of certain diseases c4-Solve drug-related and patient-related problems c5-Monitor drug regimen therapeutic outcomes Lectures using data show, describe guidelines and assignments. ≈ discussions and assignments. □ Case discussions and assignments. □ Teaching strategies to be used Methods of assessm Methods of assessm laboratory work and assignments. □ Case discussions, Quizzes, exams, reports, ask questions, homew and assignments. □ □ Case discussions and assignments. □ Case discussions and assignments assignments. □ Case discussions and assignment assignments. □ Case discussions and assignment assignments. □ Case	Upon successful completion of this course, the students should be able		Assessment Methods
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b4-Explore relevant information for clinical case notes and discuss problems in therapeutic management of patients (C)Professional and Practical Skills. Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessments. Methods: Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills Upon successful completion of this course, the students should be able c1-Interpret signs and symptoms of certain diseases c2-Perform different diagnosis of diseases c3- Implement therapeutic plans for treatment of certain diseases c4-Solve drug-related and patient-related problems c5-Monitor drug regimen therapeutic outcomes Case discussions and and Practical Skills Teaching and Assessments Methods of assessments Methods of assessments assignments. Case discussions, Quizzes, exams, reports, ask questions, homew and assignments. © Case discussions and Assessments Case discussions and Assessments assignments assignments assignments. © Case discussions and Assessments assignments assignments assignments. © Case discussions and Assessments assignments assignments assignments.			≈
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Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills Teaching strategies to be used Methods of assessm c1-Interpret signs and symptoms of certain diseases Case discussions, laboratory work and assignments. Quizzes, exams, reports, ask questions, homew and assignments. c2-Perform different diagnosis of diseases \approx \approx c3- Implement therapeutic plans for treatment of certain diseases \approx \approx c4-Solve drug-related and patient-related problems \approx \approx c5-Monitor drug regimen therapeutic outcomes \approx \approx	Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional a	and Practical Skillsto Te	eaching and Assessment
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c3- Implement therapeutic plans for treatment of certain diseases c4-Solve drug-related and patient-related problems $\approx \qquad \approx \qquad \approx \qquad \approx \qquad c5-Monitor drug regimen therapeutic outcomes$ $\approx \qquad \approx \qquad$	c2-Perform different diagnosis of diseases	\approx	\approx
problems	c3- Implement therapeutic plans for treatment of certain diseases	≈	≈
		\approx	≈
	c5-Monitor drug regimen therapeutic outcomes	≈	≈
(D)General/ Transferable Skills:			





Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills Upon successful completion of this course, the students should be able	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
d1- Assess patient cases and evaluate the overall treatment outcomes	Case discussions and assignments.	Quizzes, exams, asking questions, homework and active participation.
d2-Write reports and give oral presentations	Assignments and discussions	\approx
d3-Use web browsing to locate and use online data bases	≈	\approx

V. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
		SOAP notes	1	3	a1, b1, d1, d2
1	Introduction	Lab data. Normal v/s abnormal values and significance	1	3	a2, b1, b4, c1, c2
		Hypertension	1	3	a1-a5 b1-b4
		Dyslipidemias	1	3	c1, c5
		Stable angina	1	3	d1, d3
		Acute coronary syndrome	1	3	
2	Cardiovascular disorders	Heart failure	1	3	
		Mid-term exam	1	3	
		Strokes	1	3	
		Dysrhythmia	1	3	
		Venous thromboembolism	1	3	
		Bronchial asthma	1	3	
3	Respiratory disorders	Chronic obstructive pulmonary	1	3	





		disease and upper respiratory infections			
4	Gastrointestinal tract disorders	Peptic ulcer	1	3	
5	Revision and practical exam	-	1	3	
6	Final exam	-	1	3	
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semester6			48	

b - P	b - PracticalAspect:			
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Case discussion according SOAP notes, and interpretation of laboratory data.	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, c4 d1, d2
2	Introduction to cardiovascular testing	1	2	a1, a2, b1, c1, c2, d2
3	Case-studies on hypertension	1	2	
4	Case-studies on ischemic heart disease	1	2	
5	Case-studies on acute coronary syndrome	1	2	
6	Case-studies on heart failure	1	2	
7	Case-studies on strokes	1	2	
8	Case-studies on dysrhythmias	1	2	a1-a5
9	Case-studies on venous thromboembolism	1	2	b1-b4
10	Case-studies on bronchial asthma	1	2	c1-c5
11	Case-studies on chronic obstructive pulmonary disease.	1	2	d1, d2
12	Case-studies on upper respiratory infections	1	2	
13	Case-studies on peptic ulcer disease	1	2	
14	Final Practical exam	1	2	
Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester			28	

VI. Teaching Strategies:

Lectures using data show, presentations, problem solving method, case-studies and discussion, assignments and laboratory work.





VII. Assignments and projects:				
no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	Presentations	a4, a5, b2, b3, b4 c3, c4, d2	8	
2	Case discussions	a1-a5 b1-b4 c1-c5 d1, d2	All	5
3	Drug fact sheet	a4, a5, b3, b4, c5	9	5
4	Websites search	d3	12	3

VIII. Assessment Tasks:

n	10	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
	1	Practical reports	1-13	10	10%	a1-a5, b1-b4, c1- c5 d1, d3
	2	Assignments	all	5	5%	a1-a5, b1-b4, c1- c5 d1, d3
	3	Written Test (1) homework and oral test	8	15	15%	a1-a5
4	4	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	50	50%	a1-a5, b1-b4, c1- c5 d1, d3
	5	Final Exam (practical)	15	20	20%	
	6	Total		100	100%	

IX. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1-Dipiro et al, Pharmacotherapy Handbook, 7th edition 2008, McGraw Hill
- 2-Koda-Kimble and Young's, Applied therapeutics "the clinical use of drugs", 10th edition 2013, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.





- 1- Dipiro et al, Pharmacotherapy A pathophysiologic Approach, 7th edition 2008, McGraw Hill.
- 2- Dipiro et al, Pharmacotherapy Principles and Practice, 7th edition 2008 McGraw Hill.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1- www.dynamed.ebscohost.com
- 2- www.drugs.com
- 3- www.drugdigest.com
- 4- www.pharmacistletter.com
- 5- www.rxlist.com

X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.

(Tardy):

1

3

Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.

(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):

- Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam.
 - Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed.
 - If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt.
 - If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%.
 - The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination.
 - In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark.
 - Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.





	(Assignments and Dusingto).			
4	(Assignments and Projects):			
4	 The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. 			
	• In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer			
	before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the			
	student will not be given the marks of the project.			
	(Cheating):			
5	• Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying			
	from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib			
	notes, pagers or cell phones) etc.			
	Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero			
	• Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did			
	not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed			
	in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be			
	considered as failed in that course and the previous one.			
	 If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued 			
	for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.			
6	(Plagiarism):			
O	"To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own".			
	 Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. 			
	• If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full			
	academic year			
	(Other policies):			
7	• Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class			
	during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.			
	Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings.			
	Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.			
	- Lating of drinking is strictly promoted.			





Course Specification of Industrial Pharmacy I

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:					
1	Course Title:	Industria	al Pharma	су I		
2	Course Number and Code:	B11585				
3			C.	Н		To401
	Credit hours:		Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
						3
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	s First semester/Fifth year				
5	Pre –requisite :	Pharma	ceutics III	-		
6	Co –requisite :					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:					
8	Language of teaching the course:	English	and Arabi	С		
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Abdulkarim Alzomor				
10	Approved By:				•	

II. Course Description:

This course provides an overview of FDA guidelines and cGMP's. The course imparts to the student the principles of drug development and production and equips the student with basic skills in the good manufacture of pharmaceuticals process validation and packaging selection and evaluation. Demonstrations and training will provide first-hand experience in the use of equipment and procedures employed to manufacture sterile products.

III. ILOs: After participating in the course, students would be able to

- 1- Identify the concept and scope of good manufacturing practice.
- 2- Define the concept of QC, GMP, QA and validation.
- 3- Recognize the principles of validation, packaging materials, sterilization.
- 4- Design diagram for pharmaceutical factory.
- 5- Investigate the risk during manufacturing.
- 6- Appraise pharmaceutical system and validation process.
- 7- Implement GLP and GMP guidelines in pharmacy practice.
- 8- Operate different pharmaceutical materials, equipment and instruments and developing





technologies

- 9- Evaluate using technology in analyzing data and writing report.
- 10-Cooperate and possess positive relation with others and be able to work in a team.
- 11- Have ethical values in professional work.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching a	and Assessment Met	hods:				
(A)Knowledge and Understanding:						
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:						
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding.	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.				
After participating in the course, students would be able to a1. Identify the concept and scope of good	Lectures using data show, video Discussion and	Quizzes, Written .exam				
manufacturing practice. a2. Define the concept of QC, GMP, QA and validation.	presentation.					
a3. Recognize the principles of validation, packaging materials, sterilization.						
(B)Intellectual Skills:						
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Methods:	Teaching Methods a	nd Assessment				
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills.	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods				
After participating in the course, students would be able to:	Lectures, Training,	Presentation, Homework and				
b1. Design diagram for pharmaceutical factory.	Discussions, Solving Problem	research.				
b2. Investigate the risk during manufacturing.	methods,					
b3. Appraise pharmaceutical system and validation process.						
(C)Professional and Practical Skills.						
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Methods:	Practical Skillsto T	eaching and Assessmen				
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in	Teaching	Methods of				





Professional and Practical Skills	strategies to be used	assessment
After participating in the course, students would be able to: c1.Implement GLP and GMP guidelines in pharmacy practice.	- Training in factories	Report and written exams
c2.Operate different pharmaceutical materials, equipment and instruments anddeveloping technologies.		
(D)General/ Transferable Skills: Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Trans Methods.	sferable skills to Te	aching and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
After participating in the course, students would be able to: d1. Evaluate using technology in analysing data and	 Small group discussions Tutorials Training 	Reports, presentations and communication with the lecturer and his colleagues.

classes

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- V	Ollre	e $($	ntent:
· • ·	Cours	-	mom.

and be able to work in a team.

writing report.

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

d2-Cooperate and possesspositive relation with others

d3. Have ethical values in professional work

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Numbe r of weeks	Contact hours	C- ILOs
1	Good Manufacture Practice (GMP	 Introduction. Quality, principles, quality assurance, GMP and quality control Quality management and total quality management. 	1	3hr	a1, a2
2	Current Good Manufacture Practice (cGMP	- Premises (location of factory, design and different areas in factory (weighing area, sampling area, storage area, maintenance area, ancillary	۲	6hr	a1, b1, c1





		area, production area and quality control area			
3	_Good Manufacture Practice (cGMP)	 Personnel and training: principles, training and hygiene. Key persons Documentation: principles, specification, records and batch (SOP). 		3hr	a1, b3, c1, d1, d2
4	_Good Manufacture Practice (cGMP)	 Manufacture: principles, validation, contamination, starting and intermediate materials, packaging material and finished product. Master-formula Recovered materials, complaints procedures and product recall. Good laboratory practices 	۲	6hr	a1, a2, b3, c1, c2
5	l Exam		١	3hr	a1, a2, a3, b1, b3, c1, c2
6	Sterile Products	 Introduction Types of sterile products Parentrals. Advantages and disadvantages. Total parenteral nutrition - (TPN) Powders for injection. Pyrogens. Vehicles.(Purified water preparation) Added substances (preservatives, antioxidants, solubilizer. suspending agents, buffers, stabilizers etc.) 		3hr	a1, a3, c2
7	Sterilization	Sterilization techniques; moist heat and dry heat sterilization, radiation, gaseous, filtration, etc.)	3hr	a3, b2
8	Sterile preparation (continue)	Design of Sterile Area.Sterile area and its classification;Air control, (Laminar flow etc).	,	3hr	a1, b1, c1, c2





9	Sterile preparation (continue)	 - Air locks, environmental monitoring methods. - Filling/ packaging (plastic and glass containers). - Validation of equipment; e.g autoclave filters, etc. - Validation of filling and packing machines. 	١	3hr	a3, c1, c2
10	Packaging Technology	 Influence of packaging materials, Type of pharmaceutical packaging, Manufacturing packaging, Problems of packaging, Advantage and disadvantage of packaging materials. 	۲	6hr	a3, c1, c2
11	- Final exam		1	٣	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2 and d1
Numbe	er of Weeks/and Uni	ts Per Semester	14	42	

VI. Teaching Strategies:

- Lectures using data show, video.
- Discussion of Training reportand presentation.

VII. Assessment Tasks:						
No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes	
1	Quizzes	8	10	10%	a1, a2, c1, c3	
2	Written Test (1) Mid exam	6	30	30%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b3, c1, c2	
3	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	60	60%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2 and d1	
5	Total		100	100%		

	g Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two)





- 1- Michael E. Aulton; (2006). Pharmaceutics; the Science of Dosage Form Design.
- 2- Jhon Sharp;(2006). Good pharmaceutical manufacture practice, rational and compliance.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Williams and Wilkins (2005). Remington; the Science and Practice of Pharmacy (2first edition). Publisher: Lippincott.
- 2- Patrick J. Sinko (2006). Martin's Physical Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical Sciences.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1- www. Pharmaceutical manufacturing process.com
- 2- CD production lines and Quality control in different factory

IX. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.

(Tardy):

1

3

Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.

(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):

- Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam.
- Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed.
- If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt.
- If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%.
- The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination.
- In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark.
- Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.





	(Assignments and Projects):
4	
'	• The students have to submit the assignment or project on time.
	• In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer
	before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the
	student will not be given the marks of the project.
	(Cheating):
5	• Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying
	from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib
	notes, pagers or cell phones) etc.
	Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero
	• Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did
	not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed
	in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be
	considered as failed in that course and the previous one.
	• If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued
	for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
	(Plagiarism):
6	` ` ` '
U	"To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own".
	Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments.
	• If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full
	academic year
	(Other policies):
7	• Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class
	during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.
	• Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings.
	• Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.
	Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





قالب توصيف مقرر مهارات تسويقية واتصال

الجامعة: جامعة الناصر

الكلية: العلوم الطبية

القسم: الصيدلة

البرنامج: الصيدلة

	I. General Information: معلومات عامة	
1	اسم المقرر: Course Title:	مهارات تسويقية واتصال
2	Course Number and Code: رمز ورقم المقرر	B11527
3	Credit hours: الساعات المعتمدة	W. A T.D. الاجمالي تدريب تطبيق عملي نظري 2 2
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered: الفصل / المستوى الدراسي الذي يدرس فيه المقرر	الفصل الأول/ المستوى الخامس
5	المقررات السابقة: Pre –requisite	لا يوجد
6	المقررات المصاحبة: Co –requisite	لا يوجد
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered: البرامج التي يدرس فيها المقرر	
8	Language of teaching the course: الغة تدريس المقرر:	العربية
9	Prepared By: اعداد	د/ محمد الكهالي
10	Approved By تم اقراره من:	

II. Course Description: وصف المقرر تهدف المادة إلى تزويد الطالب بالمعارف والمفاهيم الأساسية لإدارة التسويق في منظمات الأعمال، وتعزيز الفهم لأساليب النواصل مع المستهلكين وإدارة العلاقات مع العملاء ورفع القدرات وتنمية المهارات في مجال توجيه الجهود





مخرجات تعلم المقرر: III. ILOs

- ١- يشرح أسس ومفاهيم إدارة التسويق والاتصال
 - ٢- يصف الاستراتيجيات التسويقية
 - ٣- يعدد المفاهيم الحديثة في التسويق
- ٤- يلاحظ طبيعة التكامل بين مفاهيم وأساس إدارة التسويق واستراتيجيات وخطط التسويق
 - ٥- يحلل مشاكل العمل التسويقية ويتخذ القرارات المناسبة حيالها
 - ٦- يربط بين الجوانب النظرية في علم التسويق والجوانب التطبيقية في الحياة العملية
- ٧- يكتشف الاستراتيجيات والأفكار التسويقية التي تتلاءم مع طبيعة الحياة العملية المتغيرة في منشآت الأعمال
 - ٨- يعد الخطط الاستراتيجية
 - ٩- يصمم خطط تسويقية

 - ١٠ ـ يستخدم التفكير الخلاق في عملية إتخاذ القرار
 ١١ ـ يطبق الأساليب التسويقية الحديثة في التأثير على العملاء
 - ١٢-يعمل بروح الفريق الواحد
 - ۱۳-يُلتزم بالوقت

١٤- يتعامل مع الآخرين بإيجابية					
IV.Alignment Learning Outcomes wit	h Teaching and Assessmo	ent N	Methods:		
تسكين المخرجات مع طرق التدريس والتقييم					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Kno					
رق التدريس والتقييم :Methods					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes	Teaching strategies	As	طرق التقييم .sessment Methods		
(CILOs) in Knowledge and	to be used. طرق				
Understanding.	التدريس				
مخرجات المعرفة والفهم					
-a1 يشرح أسس ومفاهيم إدارة التسويق والاتصال	المحاضرات		اختبارات نظرية		
-a2 يصف الاستر اتيجيات التسويقية			مشاركة		
-a3 يعدد المفاهيم الحديثة في التسويق	العروض المقدمة		واجبات/ حالات عملية		
			مشاريع تطبيقية		
(B)Intellectual Skills: المهارات الذهنية					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intel		g Me	ethods and Assessment		
ات الذهنية مع طرق التدريس والتقييم :Methods					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes	Teaching strategies to be	9	طرق التقييم Assessment Methods		
(CILOs) in Intellectual Skills.	استراتيجيات التدريس used				
مخرجات المقرر في المهارات الذهنية					
-b1 يلاحظ طبيعة التكامل بين مفاهيم وأساس					
إدارة التسويق واستراتيجيات وخطط التسويق -b2 يحلل مشاكل العمل التسويقية ويتخذ	٠١ ١٠ ١١	,			
-62 يكنل مساكل العمل النسويفية ويتحد القرارات المناسبة حيالها	المحاضرات أمثلة واقعية للمنظمات وتطبيق	٠,	 اختبارات نظریة 		
مرازات المحسب عيده -6d يربط بين الجوانب النظرية في علم التسويق	المنته والعيه للمنظمات وتطبيق بعض الاستراتيجيات عليها	٠'	۲. مشارکة		
-03 يربيع بين الجوالب المطرية في علم المسويق و الجوانب التطبيقية في الحياة العملية	بعص 14 مسر اليبيت عليه	۳	٣. واجبات/ حالات عملية		
-b4 يكتشف الاستر اتيجيات و الأفكار التسويقية	المناقشة والحوار		٤. مشاريع تطبيقية		
التي تتلاءم مع طبيعة الحياة العملية المتغيرة في					
ي يو ي منشآت الأعمال					
(C)Professional and Practical Skills. المهار ات المهنية و العملية					

نية والعملية.Professional and Practical Skills(!

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment





Methods:		
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inProfessional and Practical Skills مخرجات القرر في المهارات المهنية والعملية	Teaching strategies to be usedسيات التدريس	طرق Methods of assessment طرق التقییم
-12 يعد الخطط الاستراتيجية -22 يصمم خطط تسويقية -33 يستخدم التفكير الخلاق في عملية اتخاذ القرار -44 يطبق الأساليب التسويقية الحديثة في التأثير على العملاء	 المحاضرات المناقشة والحوار حالات دراسية 	 الواجبات المنزلية وضع أسئلة وواجبات عملية واستبيان لتطبيقها على بعض المؤسسات
(D)General/Transferable Skills:	المهارات العامة والانتقالية	
	of General and Transferable skills كين مخرجات العامة والانتقالية مع طرق الت	•
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills مهارات المقرر العامة والانتقالية	Teaching strategies to be used استراتيجيات التدريس	Methods of assessment طرق التقييم
-d1 يعمل بروح الفريق الواحد -d2 يلتزم بالوقت -d3 يتعامل مع الأخرين بإيجابية	 المناقشة والحوار حالات دراسية 	 ا. يتم تقديم حالات تطبيقية تعتمد على البحث عن المعلومات في الإنترنت والمراجع العلمية ٢. ملاحظة طريقة عرض الطالب للموضوع واستجابته لتعليقات زملائه

X. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of Weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Introduction an overview of marketing	DefinitionSimple marketing systemsMarketing value	1	2	a 1, b 1, d 2, d 3
2	Marketing functions	Marketing relationshipCustomer valueCustomer relationship management	1	2	a 1, b 1, d 2, d 3
3	Marketing environment	 External Forces that effect on marketing environment Internal forces that impact on organizations 	1	2	a 2, b 1, b 3, b 4, d 2, d 3





		- Micro environment and macro environment			
4	Marketing process	 Analyzing marketing opportunities Method of selecting target market Developing marketing mix Managing marketing efforts 	1	2	a 3, b 1, b 3, c 1, c 4. d 1, d 2, d 4, d 5
5	Consumer behavior	 Model of buyer behavior Characteristics affecting consumer behavior Buying decision process 	1	2	a 2, b2, b4, c3, d1, d2, d3
6	Market segmentation	Segmentation definitionTarget marketingMarket positioning	1	2	a 2, b2, b3, c3, d1, d2, d3
7	Mid-term examination		1	2	a1, a 2, a3, b1, b2, b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, c4, d1
8	Marketing mix (product strategies)	 Define four marketing activities Product definitions Product classification Product decisions Brand strategies 	1	2	a 3, b 1, b 3, c 1, c 4. d 1, d 2, d 4, d 5
9	Pricing strategies	 Price definition Factors affecting price decisions Consumer perception of price and value Pricing policies 	1	2	a 3, b 1, b 3, c 1, c 4. d 1, d 2, d 4, d 5
10	Place strategies (distributions)	 Distribution definitions Marketing channel Marketing intermediaries Distribution channel functions Channel behavior and conflict management Franchising 	1	2	a 3, b 1, b 3, c 1, c 4. d 1, d 2, d 4, d 5
11	Promotion strategies (marketing communications)	 Promotion definition Promotion goals Marketing communication mix Communication process Marketing communications 	1	2	a 3, b 1, b 3, c 1, c 4. d 1, d 2, d 4, d 5





		objectives - Steps in developing effecting communication.			
12	Marketing strategy planning	 Strategic Planning and Marketing Process Characteristics of a Strategic Plan SWOT Analysis Setting Company Objectives and Goals Portfolio Analysis Developing the marketing Mix plans Managing the marketing effort 	1	2	a 3, b 1, b 3, c 1, c 4. d 1, d 2, d 4, d 5
13		Final Exam	1	2	a1, a 2, a 3, b1, b2, b3, b4 c1, c2, c 3, c4, d1, d2, d3
	Number of V	Weeks/and Units Per Semester	13		26

استراتيجيات التدريس: V. Teaching Strategies:
- أسلوب المناقشة ودراسة الحالات.
- الزيارات الميدانية
- الأسئلة والعروض المقدمة.
المحاضرات
المحاضرات
امثلة واقعية للمنظمات وتطبيق بعض الاستراتيجيات عليها
العصف الذهني

VI. Assignments and projects: الابحاث والواجبات						
no	Assignment البحث	الاسبوع Week Due مخرج تعلم المقرر		الدرجة Mark		
1	حالات عملية عن استراتيجية وخطط التسويق	a-1, b-1,	10	5		





2	تقرير عن الاتجاهات الحديثة في مجال	b-2, c-2,	2	
2	التسويق	c - 3, d - 2	3	

V	طرق التقييم :II. Assessment Tasks				
No	Assessment Method طريقة التقييم	Week Due الاسبو ع	Mark الدرجة	Proportion of Final Assessment نسبة الدرجة من الدرجة النهائية	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes مخرج التعلم الذي يحققه
1	Exercises and Home works التمارين والواجبات المنزلية	10, 3	5	5%	a-2, a-3, a-4, b-1, b-4
2	Project مشروع	9	5	5%	a-1, b-1, b-2, c-2, c-3, d-2,
3	Midterm	7	30	30%	a-1, b-1, d-2, a-2, b-3, b-4, a-3
4	Final Exam (theoretical) امتحان نهائي (نظري)	14	60	60%	a-1, a-2, a-3, b-1, b-2, b-3, b-4 c-1, c-2, c-3, c-4, d-1, d-2, d-3
5	Total		100	100%	

VIII. Learning Resources: مصادر التعلم
1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two). (٢ المراجع المطلوبة (بحد اقصى
 principles of marketing by Philip Kotler and Gary Armstrong . Fundamentals of marketing by Stanton . Etzel and Walker Marketing by Jorl R. Evans and Barry Berman.
2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.ا

التسويق مفاهيم معاصرة.





3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc. المراجع الالكترونية ومواقع النت

I	X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)	
	، المقرر (يشمل السرقة الادبية ومواثيق الشرف والحضور الخ	سياسات
	Iniversity Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to بحسب لائحة جامعة الناصر لشئون الطلا	
1	حضور المحاضرات :Class Attendance الالتزام بالمواعيد المحددة للمحاضرات والانتظام في الحضور، وضرورة حضور (٧٥٪) من ساعات المقرر. المقرر. إذا تجاوز نسبة غياب الطالب (٢٥٪) من ساعات المقرر يعتبر محروماً في المقرر. إلا اذا كان غيابه بسبب مرض او بعذر قاهر تقبله عمادة الكلية، وبموجب وثائق رسمية ومعمدة.	
2	التأخير: Tardy: التأخير بدخول المحاضرة إذا تأخر في حدود ربع ساعة فقط وبعذر. واذا تكرر تاخر الطالب اكثر من ثلاث مرات بدون عذر يتم تنبيهه واخذ تعهد كتابي بعدم تكرار ذلك مالم يستدعى ولى امره ويشعر بذلك ويمنع من حضور المحاضرات ويعتبر راسبا في المقرر.	-
3	حضور الامتحان والانضباط: Exam Attendance/Punctuality: عدم السماح بدخول الامتحان بعد مرور أكثر من نصف ساعة من بدء الامتحان. لا يسمح للطالب الخروج من القاعة الامتحانية بعد توزيع الأسئلة إلا بعد مرور نصف وقت الامتحان. في حالة تغيب الطالب عن الامتحان بعذر مقبول يعاد له الاختبار بالدور الثاني بدرجة كاملة. يعتبر الطالب الغائب في اختبار نهاية الفصل راسباً في المقرر الذي تغيب فيه وعند اعادة الامتحان تحسب له الدرجة الصغرى (٥٠٪). يحرم الطالب من المقرر الذي اخل فيه بالنظام. في المقررات العملية اذا رسب الطالب في الجزء العملي او النظري يعتبر راسبا في المقرر وعليه اعادة الامتحان في الجزء الذي رسب به وتحسب له الدرجة الصغرى.	:
4	الابحاث والمشاريع في الوقت المحدد تماماً. - تقديم الابحاث والمشاريع في الوقت المحدد تماماً. أذا تأخر الطالب عن تقديم واجباته في الموعد الذي حدد له لن يقبل إلاّ إذا ما وافق الأستاذ على قبول التأخير، بناءً على ظروف قاهرة يتم شرحها والإعلان عنها خطياً قبل رفع درجات المقرر مالم يحرم الطالب من الدرجة المخصصة لهذا النشاط.	:





5	الغش: Cheating: لن يتم التسامح مع الغش وهو: محاولة الطالب الغش بالحديث أو النظر في ورقة الغير أو الإشارة أو محاولة استخدام أية وسيلة من وسائل الغش. الغش في الامتحان النصفي أو الشروع فيه يعتبر الطالب محروما من درجة الامتحان النصفي للمقرر. الغش في الامتحان النهائي يحرم من المقرر اذا لم يستقد من الغش او المقرر الذي غش فيه والذي يليه اذا استفاد من الغش. ويحرم من المقرر الذي غش فيه والمقرر الذي قبله اذا غش في اخر مقرر. الدا تكرر غش الطالب أكثر من مرة في الدورة الامتحانية الواحدة يطبق عليه حكم الفصل من الدراسة لمدة عام جامعي او فصل نهائي اذا تكرر الغش لاكثر من مرتين.	
6	الانتحال والسرقة الادبية :Plagiarism الطالب الناقل لأفكار الأخرين دون التوثيق يحرم من الدرجة ويعنف على فعلته تلك دون التشهير به أمام زملائه. الطالب المنتحل صفة طالب آخر أثناء أداء الامتحان تطبق عليه المادة (٦٥) الفقرة (٢) من اللائحة الموحدة لشئون الطلاب بجامعة الناصر، وهو "الفصل"ويكون بقرار من الجهات المعنية. وتسري العقوبة نفسها على الطالب الذي انتحلت شخصيته لنفس الغرض.	
7	سياسات اخرى :Other policies لا يسمح استخدام الهواتف المحمولة داخل قاعة المحاضرة، أو أثناء سير الامتحان. إذا سلك الطالب سلوكاً غير مقبول فأنه يُحال إلى الجهات المعنية لاتخاذ اللازم، مشفوعاً بتقرير عن ذلك. يمنع الاكل او الشرب اثناء المحاضرة.	•





Course Specification of Applied Pharmacognosy I

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:					
1	Course Title:			App	lied Pharm	acognosy I
2	Course Number and Code:					B11476
			(C.H		Total
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
		4				4
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	first Semester/ third yea			third year	
5	Pre –requisite :	Pharmacognosy II Phytochemistry II				
6	Co –requisite :					None
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:	None				None
8	Language of teaching the course:	English/Arabic				
9	Prepared By:	Wedad Mansour and Bushra Moharam				
10	Approved By:					

II. Course Description:

The course introduces the student to a variety of complementary and alternative medicine topics including phytotherapy, homeopathy, aromatherapy, cauterization and bloodletting therapy. Special attention will be focused on plants that have been used for the treatment of human diseases such as constipation, asthma, and peptic ulcer, and other diseases. The course will cover the different methods for quality control of medicinal plants to ensure that the highest degree of safety and effectiveness is achieved. The students will have a good basic in plant tissue culture and its application in the production of active constituents.





III. ILOs:

After participating in the course, students would be able to

- 1- Recognize the principles of the various fields of traditional medicine.
- 2- Explain the principles of using some herbal medications to relief some common health problems e.g. constipation, asthma, and peptic ulcer, and other diseases.
- 3- Illustrate the principles of the standardization and evaluation of herbal drugs.
- 4- Define plant tissue culture and describe the application of plant tissue culture in pharmacy.
- 5- Formulate the herbal medicine to treat and prevent some common diseases
- 6- Design the methods for standardization and evaluation of herbal drugs
- 7- Assess reliably scientific data, analyzes published literature and collaborates with others in the herbal pharmacy practice.
- 8- Research about herbal drug interactions and adverse drug reactions.
- 9- Investigate the application of plant tissue culture in pharmacy.
- 10-Undertake risk assessments concerning herbal drugs interactions, adverse reactions, toxicity profile and incompatibilities in different herbal preparations.
- 11-Prescribe the methods for standardization and evaluation of active substances using analytical, structural and physical standers.
- 12-Use different abbreviations and medical terms belonging to tissue culture and biotransformation.
- 13- Conduct research studies and analyze results.
- 14- Perform effective communication and positive relation with others and be able to work as an effective member in a team.
- 15-Implement technology skills including word processing, power point presentation and spreadsheets, in addition to online net search.
- 16- Use technology in analyzing data and information.





IV. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items: Applied pharmacognosy

$a-Theoretical\ Aspect:$

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours
		-Main fields of traditional medicine, herbal medicine, vertues and shortcomings of phytotherapy, the scientific basis of herbal medicine.	1	2
		-Treatment of constipation, asthma, inflammation and peptic ulcer and therapeutic effects of ginseng.	1	2
1	Traditional medicine	-synergism and antagonism in the phytopharmacology	1	2
		-Renewed interest in some old remedies.	1	2
		-Factors influencing the activity of medicinal plant; ecological, allelopathy, biological and polyploidy.	1	2
		-Standardization of phytopharmaceuticals	1	2
2		Mid exam	1	2
		Intruduction, methods of evaluating the herbal drug; organoleptic and microscopical methods	1	2
3	Evaluation of herbal drugs	Physicochemical and chromatographic methods in evaluation of herbal drug	1	2
		Immunological and Microbiological quality of medicinal plants methods	1	2
		Introduction and materials of plant tissue cultures	1	2
4	Plant tissue culture	Methods of plants tissue culture	1	2
		Phytopharmaceutical produced by plant tissue culture	1	2





5		Final exam	1	2
	Numb	er of Weeks/and Units Per Semester		28

V. Teaching Strategies:

- Lectures using board and makers, data show, video animation and seminars
- Solving Problem method, independent study and discussion

VI. Assignments and projects:

No	Assignment	Week Due	Mark
1	Seminar	10, 11	5
2	Project	5, 8	
3	Micro assignments	3-11	

VII. Assessment Tasks:

No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment
1	Asignments	3-11	5	5%
2	Exercises and Home works Quizzes	3, 6, 11	5	5%
3	Written Test (1)	7	30	30%
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	60	60%
5	Total		100	100%

VII	I. Learning Resources:
	1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).
	1- Evans W.C., Evans D. and Trease E., Saunders "Trease and Evans 'Pharmacognosy" (2009); 16th ed. Elsevier, New York.





2- Steven M. Colegate and Russell J. Molyneux. "Bioactive natural products: detection, isolation, and structural determination" (2008); Seconded, editor.
2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.
1- Paul M. Dewick. "Medicinal Natural Products. (A Biosynthetic approach)" (2001).
2- Silverstein and Webster. "Spectroscopic Identification of organic compounds" (1996); 6th Ed.
3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites <i>etc</i> .
http://pages.intnet.mu/webpam/Pharmacognosy.htm-1
2- http://www.phcog.org/
3- http://www.botanical.com

IX. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.

(Tardy):

Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.





	(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):
3	 Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	 Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year





(Other policies):

7

- Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.
- Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings.
- Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Fifth year: second semester





Course Specification of Quality Control

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:					
1	Course Title:	Quality	Control			
2	Course Number and Code:					B11586
			C	C.H		Total
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	10001
		3				3
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	Second semester/Fifth yea				
5	Pre –requisite :					
6	Co –requisite :					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:	none				
8	Language of teaching the course:	English/ arabic				
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Tawfik Alobaidy				
10	Approved By:		_		_	

II. Course Description:

This course deals with the study of Introduction to quality control, Documentation,

Sampling, Errors In Pharmaceutical Analysis, Method of Validation, Drug stability and stability indication.

Also it covers the Application of QC.





III. ILOs:

At the end of this course the student should be able:

- 1. Recognize some QC terminology and describe documentation.
- 2. Explain errors, their causes, types and how to overcome the errors in pharmaceutical analysis.
- 3. Illustrate validation method and drug stability.
- 4. Describe sampling types, handling and preservation.
- 5. Identify indicator for drug stability
- 6. Predict how to minimize errors and enhance quality of pharmaceutical preparation.
- 7. Diagram the schemes that relate all steps of for quality control of all dosage forms.
- 8. Manage and organize the time..
- 9. Work independently or as a team.
- 10. Acquire an ethical attitude and approach.

IV. Alignment Learning Oiutcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods: Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:						
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding.	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.				
At the end of this course the student should be able: a1-Recognize some QC terminology. a2-Explain errors, their causes, types and how to overcome theerrors inpharmaceutical analysis. a3- Illustrate validation method and drug stability. a4- Describe sampling types, handling and preservation.	Lectures using data show video animation	MCQ Oral Exam, Quizzes, exam, short answers , Homework and Participation.				
		(B)Intellectual Skills:				
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods:						
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills.	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods				





At the end of this course the student should be able:	Lectures, Practice	Oral presentation,
b1-Identify indicator for drug stability.	session,	criteria-based
, , ,	Discussions, Solving	
b2-Predict how to minimize errors and enhance quality	Problem methods	performance
of pharmaceutical preparation.	1 Toblem methods	evaluation
b3-Diagram the schemes that relate all steps of for		Interpretative
quality controlof all dosage forms		exercises.
	(C)Profe	ssional and Practical Skills.
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Prac	tical Skillsto Teaching	and Assessment Methods:
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in	Teaching strategies	Methods of assessment
Professional and Practical Skills	to be used	
	(D) G	1/5 0 11 01 11
	(D)G	eneral/ Transferable Skills:
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transfer	rable skills to Teaching	and Assessment Methods.
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral	Teaching strategies	Methods of assessment
and Transferable Skills	to be used	
At the end of this course the student should be able:	Small group	reports, presentations
d1- Manage and organize the time	discussions	and communication
d2-Work independently or as a team		with the lecturer and
d3.Acquire an ethical attitude and approach	Practical classes	his colleagues.
us.Acquire an ennear autuue and approach		
·		
	•	

v. Course Content:								
	1 – Course Topics/Items:							
	a – Theoretical Asp	pect:						
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs			
1	Introduction to quality control	Definitions of quality, basic principle of quality control.Component of Quality Control, General Quality System	2	6	a1, b3, d1-2			

Requirements,





		ThemainpartoftheISO standardismadeupofthree separate standards, Pharmaceutical Quality Control System, ControlCharts,			
2	Documentation	The purposes of documentation, Good documentation in QA system, Types of documentation for QA.	1	3	a1, b3, d2-d4
3	Sampling	Types, Handling theSample in the Laboratory, the informationthat may be take in consideration during sampling, Sampling Procedures And Errors, sampling of solid, liquid and gas, Sample preservation: Why Sample preservation sample preservation Sample preparation	1	3	a4, b2, d2
4	Errors In Pharmaceutical Analysis	Meaning of errors, Classification of Errors.	2	6	a2, b2, d3
5	Midterm exam		1	3	a1-a4, b1-b3
6	Method Validation	Meaning, method of validation Validation approaches, Method of validation according to USP or ICH, Some Important Terminology	1	3	a3, b3, d1-3
7	Drug stability and stability indication	Definition, Purpose of stability testing, The type of stabilitystudies depends on the different phases of drug and use, Degradation andstability of drugs, Routes of druginstabilityin dosageform, Chemical degradationroutes, Stability Indicating Assay Methods (SIAMs),	1	3	b1, d1-3





8	Physicochemical properties	Physicochemical properties of drug Spectroscopic method for analysis	1	3	a3, b3, d1-3
9	Chromatographic		1	3	b1, d1-3
10	Application of QC	Quality control of raw, material and pharmaceutical dosage forms	1	3	a1-a3, b1-b3, d1d
11	Final exam		1	3	a1-a4, b1-b3
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester			39	

VI. Teaching Strategies:

Lectures using data show video animation, Practice session, Discussions, Solving Problem methods, Group assignments, Small group discussions, and Practical classes.

Ī	V	II. Assignments and projects:			
	no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
	1	- Project	a1-4, b1-3, d1-d3	5	5

V	VIII. Assessment Tasks:								
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes				
1	Project	2, 8	5	5%	a1-4, b1-3, d1- d3				
2	Oral Tests	5, 9	5	5%	, a1-a3, b1-b3				
3	Written Test (1)	7	30	30%	a1-4, b1-3				
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	60	60%	a1-4, b1-3				
			100	100%					





E	X. Learning Resources:
	1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).
	 SomenathMitra, Sample Preparation Techniques in Analytical Chemistry, 2003, A John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Publication, Canada. Satinder Ahuja, Stephen Scypinski, Handbook Of ModernPharmaceutical Analysis, 2001, Academic Press, San Diego, USA.
	2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.
	1- J. Ermer and J. H. McB. Miller, Method Validation in Pharmaceutical Analysis, 2005, WILEY-VCH Verlag GmbH and Co. KGaA, Weinheim.
	 Robert A. Nash, Alfred H. Wachter, Pharmaceutical Process Validation, Volume 129, Marcel Dekker Inc. Andrew J Fletcher, Lionel D Edward, Anthony W Fox Peter Stonie, Princible and practice of medicine, 2002, John Wiley and Sons Ltd. London, UK
	3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites <i>etc</i> .
2	X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)
The	University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al- Nasser University student's regulations handbook
1	Class Attendance: • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.
2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.





3	(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):
	 Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	(Cheating):
. 3	 Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	(Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own".
	 Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year





7

(Other policies):

- Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.
- Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings.
- Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Hospital Pharmacy

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:						
1	Course Title:	Hospital Pharmacy					
2	Course Number and Code:	B11582					
			C	LH		Total	
3	Credit hours: 2hrs.	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total	
3		3				3	
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	s First semester/Fifth year					
5	Pre –requisite :	Health	Managm	ent			
6	Co_requisite:						
7	7 Program (s) in which the course is offered:						
8	Language of teaching the course:	English/Arabic					
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Mohammed Addoais					
10	Approved By:						

II. Course Description:

An introductory course to the practice of pharmacy in a hospital setting will include organizational structure of the pharmacy department and its relation to other departments. It covers the different drug distribution systems, bulk compounding methods, parenteral admixtures, practice standards, pharmacy and therapeutics committee and general pharmacy administration

III. ILOs: at end of the course students will be to:

- 1. Explain hospitals and organization
- 2. list the pharmacy and therapeutic committee functions
- 3. Describe proper aseptic technique in IV admixture compounding
- 4. Mention the process of adverse drug reaction reporting and analysis
- 5. Compare between different drug distribution systems
- 6. Solve the drug relating problems.
- 7. Investigate the drug related problems.





- 8. Prepare intravenous admixture
- 9. Perform therapeutic drug monitoring
- 10. Solve any drug related problems in community pharmacy
- 11. Communicate effectively with patients, the public and health professionals.
- 12. Cooperate with health professionals

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:

2.20123		
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding.	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.
At end of the course students will be able to:		
a1-Explain hospital organization	Lectures using data	Written exam
a2-List the pharmacy and therapeutic committee functions	show, Video	Quiz
a3- Descirbe proper aseptic technique in IV admixture compounding	animation and seminars, Directed	
a4- Mention the process of adverse drug reaction reporting and analysis	reading, Independent study	
(B)Intellectual Skills:		

(B)Intellectual Skills:

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills. At end of the course students will be able to:	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
b1-Compare between different drug distribution systems b2-Solve the drug relating problems. b3-Investigate the drug related problems.	Directed reading Independent study Solving problem methods	Oral exam Presentation Written exam

(C)Professional and Practical Skills.

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment Methods:

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional	Teaching	Methods of
and Practical Skills	strategies to be	assessment





At end of the course students will be able to:	used	
c1- Prepare intravenous admixture	Directed reading	Written exam
c2- Perform therapeutic drug monitoring	Independent	
c3- Solve any drug related problems in community pharmacy	study	
	Solving problem	
	methods	
	Case studies	
(D)General/ Transferable Skills:		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Transferable Methods.	skills to Teaching	and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and	Teaching	Methods of
Transferable Skills	strategies to be	assessment
At end of the course students will be able to:	used	assessment
d1-Communicate effectively with patients, the public and	Group	Reports and
health professionals.	discussion	discussion
d2-Cooperate with health professionals	Seminars	based
	Directed reading	assessment
	Independent	
	study	

V. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

	1					
No	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Numb er of weeks	Contac t hours	C-ILOs	
1	Introduction	 Organization and Structure Organization of a hospital and hospitalpharmacy Responsibilities of a hospital pharmacist Pharmacy and therapeuticcommittee Budget preparation and Implementation. Hospital formulary Contents, preparation and revision of hospital formula 	2	6	a1, a2, b1, c3, d1 d2	
2	Drug Store Management and Inventory Control:	 Organization of a drug store Types of materials stocked Storage conditions. Purchase and Inventory Control Principles purchase procedures Purchase order 	2	6	a3, d1	





		 Procurement and stocking 			
3	Drug Distribution Systems in Hospitals:	 Outpatient dispensing - methods adopted. Dispensing of drugs to inpatients . Types of drug distribution systems . Floor stockDDS Unit doseDDS Prescription DDS Automation in drug distribution Goals Automated dispensing systems Charging policy – labeling Dispensing of drugs to ambulatory patients. Dispensing of controlled drugs. 	4	12	a3, a4, b1, c1, c2, d1, d2
4		Midterm exam	1	3	a1, a2, b1, b2
5	Pharmacy services	 Inpatient pharmacy services Dose adjustment. Intravenous admixture (TPN) principles of lamina air flow (LAF) hood operation principles of aseptic technique, as well as policies and procedures for parenteral drug administration Practice the appropriate aseptic technique used in the preparation of intravenous admixture calculations associated in all aspects of intravenous admixture preparation appropriately and accurately Therapy drug monitoring (TDM) Evaluation of medication orders for drug allergy, interactions, and contraindications according to specific patient profiles Outpatient pharmacy services Care of patients with chronic illnesses Smoke cessation Family planning 	6	18	a4, b2, b3, c2, c3, d1, d2
6		Final exam	1	3	a1, a2, a3, a4, b2, b3, c2, c3, d1, d2





VI. Teaching Strategies:

- Lectures using data show
- Video animation and seminars
- Directed reading
- · Independent study
- Group discussion
- Solving problem methods

VII. Assignments and projects:								
no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark				
1	Reports	b1, b2, b2, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2	11	5				

VIII. Assessment Tasks:								
nc	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes			
1	Project	11	5	5%	b1, b2, b2, c1, c2, c3, d1, d2			
2	Quizzes and oral test	6, 8	5	5%	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b2, d1, d2			
3	Written Test (midterm exam)	9	30	30%	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b2, d1, d2			
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	60	60%	a1, a2, a3, a4, b1, b2, b2, d1, d2			
	Total		100	100%				

IX. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

1- M. C.Allwood and J. T. Fell (2010). "Textbook of Hospital Pharmacy" Fourthedition. Blackwell Scientific Publications, Oxford, UK.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

1. W.E. Hassan (1986). "Hospital Pharmacy" Fifthed. Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.





2	X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)
The	University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al- Nasser University student's regulations handbook
1	Class Attendance: • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.
2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.
3	 (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.





5	 (Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed n that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Clinical Pharmacy II

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

I. General Information:						
1	Course Title: Clinical Pharmacy II					
2	Course Number and Code:	B11568				
		С.Н		Total		
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
3		2	1			3
4	Study level/year at which this course is Second semester/Fi offered:		r/Fifth Ye	ear		
5	Pre –requisite :	Clinica	ıl Pharma	cy I		
6	Co –requisite :					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:					
8	8 Language of teaching the course:		English and Arabic			
9	Prepared By:	By: Salah Abdullah Ahmed				
10	Approved By:					

II. Course Description:

This course provides an understanding of the principles of clinical pharmacy and information on the etiology, clinical signs and symptoms, investigations and principles of treatment of disease important to pharmacists in their development of patient-oriented practice.





III. ILOs:

Upon successful completion of this course, the students should be able to:

- 1-Identify the clinical presentations of diseases.
- 2- List the finding of different laboratory tests and its relation to disease management.
- 3-Explain the clinical management of various clinical cases.
- 4-Recognize the pharmacotherapy-related problems such as drug side effects, interactions, disease contraindication.
- 5-Illustrate the drug use and management of disease of special populations
- 6-Analyze and appraise clinical cases
- 7-Create therapeutic plan for certain diseases
- 8-Investigate different drug-related problems in clinical and/or pharmacy settings
- 9-Explore relevant information for clinical case notes and discuss problems in therapeutic management of patients
- 10-Perform different diagnosisofdiseases
- 11-Implement therapeutic plans for treatment of certain diseases
- 12-Solve drug-related and patient-related problems
- 13-Monitor drug regimen therapeutic outcomes
- 14- Assess patient cases and evaluate the overall treatment outcomes
- 15-Write reports and give oral presentations

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods:					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods:					
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Knowledge and Understanding. Upon successful completion of this course, the students should be able	Teaching strategies to be used.	Assessment Methods.			
a1-Identify the clinical presentations of diseases.	Lectures using data show, and case discussions.	Quizzes, exams, asking questions, and active participation.			
a2- List the finding of different laboratory tests and its relation to disease management.	~	≈			
a3-Explain the clinical management of various clinical cases.	\approx	≈			
a4-Recognize the pharmacotherapy-related problems such as drug side effects, interactions, disease contraindication.	Case discussion	\approx			
a5-Illusrtate the drug use and management of disease of special populations.	Case discussion	≈			
(B)Intellectual Skills:					
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods:					

Teaching

Assessment Methods





Intellectual Skills.	atmata aisa t	
Upon successful completion of this course, the	strategies to be used	
students should be able	be used	
b1-Analyze and appraise clinical cases	Case discussions and assignments.	Quizzes, exams, asking questions, homework and active participation.
b2-Create therapeutic plan for certain diseases	Lectures using data show, describe guidelines and algorithms, case discussions and assignments.	≈
b3-Investigate different drug-related problems in clinical and/or pharmacy settings	Case discussions and assignments.	\approx
b4-Explore relevant information for clinical case notes and discuss problems in therapeutic management of patients	Case discussions and assignments.	≈
(C)Professional and Practical Skills.		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Methods:	Practical Skills	sto Teaching and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Professional and Practical Skills Upon successful completion of this course, the students should be able	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
c1-Perform different diagnosisofdiseases	Case discussions, practical work and assignments.	Practical reports, Quizzes, exams, asking questions, homework and active participation.
c2- Implement therapeutic plans for treatment of certain diseases	≈	\approx





o2 Colve days related and noticent related muchlanes	~	~
c3-Solve drug-related and patient-related problems	\approx	≈
c4-Monitor drug regimen therapeutic outcomes	≈	≈
(D)General/ Transferable Skills:		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and Tran Methods.	sferable skills to	Teaching and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills Upon successful completion of this course, the students should be able	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
d1- Assess patient cases and evaluate the overall treatment outcomes	Case discussions and assignments.	Quizzes, exams, asking questions, homework and active participation.
d2-Write reports and give oral presentations	Assignments and	≈

discussions

V. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

 $a-Theoretical\ Aspect:$

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Renal disorders	Acute renal failure	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, c4 d1, d2
2		Urinary tract infections	1	2	a2, b1, b4, c1, c2
3		Type 1 diabetes mellitus	1	2	a1-a5 b1-b4
4	Endocrinology disorders	Type 2 diabetes mellitus	1	2	c1-c6 d1, d2
5		Hyperthyroidism	1	2	
6		Hypothyroidism	1	2	
7	Gynecologic disorders	Pregnancy and lactation "therapeutic	1	2	





		consideration"			
8	Mid-term		1	2	
9	Gynecologic disorders (continuation)	Pregnancy and lactation "therapeutic consideration"	1	2	
10	Infectious disorders	Pneumonia Sepsis and septic shock	1	2	
11	Neurological disorders	Parkinson's disease	1	2	
		Epilepsy	1	2	
12	Psychological disorders	Depression	1	2	
12	Final exam	-	1	2	
	Number of Weeks/and Unit		26		

h -	Practical Aspect:
υ-	Tacucainsucci.

Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Case studies on acute renal failure	1	2	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, b3, b4, c1, c2, c3, c4 d1, d2
2	Case studies on acute pyelonephritis	1	2	a1, a2, b1, c1, c2, d2
3	Case-studies on type 1diabetes	1	2	
4	Case-studies on type 2 diabetes	1	2	
5	Case-studies on hyperthyroidism	1	2	
6	Case-studies on hypothyroidism	1	2	
7	Case-studies on benign cases during pregnancy	1	2	a1-a5
8	Case-studies on certain disorders during pregnancy	1	2	b1-b4 c1-c4
9	Case-studies on pneumonia	1	2	d1, d2
10	Case-studies on sepsis and septic shock	1	2	
11	Case-studies on Parkinson's disease	1	2	
12	Case-studies on epilepsy	1	2	
13	Case-studies on depression	1	2	
14	Final Practical exam	1	2	





Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semester4	28	4 units

VI. Teaching Strategies:

Lectures using data show, presentations, problem solving method, case-studies, Practical work and discussion, assignments.

VII. Assignments and projects:

no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	Presentations	a4, a5, b2, b3, b4 c3, c4, d2	8	
2	Case discussions	a1-a5 b1-b4 c1-c4 d1, d2	All	10
3	Drug fact sheet	a4, a5, b3, b4, c4	9	
4	Websites search	d2	12	

VIII. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Assignments	all	10	10%	a1-a5 b1-b4 c1-c4 d1, d2
2	Practical Reports	all	10	10%	
3	Written Test (1)	8	10	10%	a1-a4
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	50	50%	
5	Final Exam (practical)	14	20	20%	a1, a4, b1, b2, c1-c4 d1, d2
7	Total		100	100%	





IX. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1-Dipiro et al, Pharmacotherapy Handbook, 7th edition 2008, McGraw Hill
- 2-Koda-Kimble and Young's, Applied therapeutics "the clinical use of drugs", 10th edition 2013, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Dipiro et al, Pharmacotherapy A pathophysiologic Approach, 7th edition 2008, McGra Hill
- 2- Dipiro et al, Pharmacotherapy Principles and Practice, 7th edition 2008 McGraw Hill.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1- www.dynamed.ebscohost.com
- 2- www.drugs.com
- 3- www.drugdigest.com
- 4- www.pharmacistletter.com
- 5- www.rxlist.com

X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)

The University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al-Nasser University student's regulations handbook

Class Attendance:

• Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.

(Tardy):

1

3

Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.

(Exam Attendance/Punctuality):

- Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam.
 - Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed.
 - If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt.
 - If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%.
 - The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of





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	 examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	 Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Applied pharmacognosy 2

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:					
1	Course Title:		Applied pharmacognosy 2			2
2	Course Number and Code:					B11577
			C	C.H		Total
3	Credit hours:	Th.	Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	
		4				4
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:			second	semester/	third year
5	Pre –requisite :	Pharmacognosy I & II courses Phytochemistry I & II courses Applied Pharmacognocy				
6	Co –requisite :	None			None	
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:	None				
8	Language of teaching the course:	English/Arabic				
9	Prepared By:	Wedad Mansour				
10	Approved By:					

II. Course Description:

The course provides students with information about clinical effectiveness of herbs in the prevention and/or treatment of the diseases affecting digestive system, cardiovascular system, respiratory system, non-specific enhancement of resistance, urinary system, rheumatic conditions, nervous system,





gynaeocological conditions, cancer, skin diseases, eye diseases, wounds and other injuries. Also provides students with information about botanical or herbal products that will allow them to make judgments about clinical effectiveness and potential for adverse consequences in patients.

III. ILOs:

After completion of this course, the students should be able to

- 1- Recognize the medicinal plants in prevention and healing of diseases.
- 2- Summarize the principles of using some herbal medications to relief some common health problems e.g. GIT, cardiovascular, respiratory, urinary,etc
- 3- Identify pharmacological properties, adverse reactions and contraindications of some herbal medications used in some specific health problems.
- 4- Suggest appropriate formulas for treatment of common diseases
- 5- Design implementation, monitoring, assessment and intervention in drug therapy to obtain the most effective, most safe and economic drug regimen.
- 6- Contribute to the development of the profession through applied study, analysis of the published literature, drug information and evaluation of medicinal plants and their uses in improving health.
- 7- Diagnose simple health problems.
- 8- Prescribe a herbal remedy for treatment of common health problems.
- 9- Create and dispense herbal medicine prescriptions as well as reviewing written prescriptions for accuracy and to reduce medication errors.
- 10-Work effectively as a member of a team
- 11- Write reports and presents it.
- 12- Communicate effectively with other health care professionals, patients and publics.
- 13-Demonstrate decision making and problem solving in using of herbal medicine as an alternative medicine.
- 14-Acquire good knowledge about herbal medicine as one of the most common alternative therapies.
- 15-Advise patients and publics to enhance recovery and achieve positive therapeutic outcomes.





IV. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items: Complementary & alternative medicine

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order Topic/ unit Sub topic Number of weeks Contact hours 1 Introduction - Definitions of complementary and alternative medicine - Concepts of complementary and alternative medicine 1 2 - Comparison with Integrative medicine - Comparison with Integrative medicine 1 2 - Classification of complementary and alternative medicine - Alternative medicine 1 2 - Alternative medicines - Definitions, concepts, and applications of 1 2 * Traditional Chinese medicine * Indian medicine (Ayuveda). 1 2 - Mind-body therapies - Biologically Based Practices 1 2 - Manipulative therapies - Energy medicine 1 2 - Energy medicine 1 2 - Evidence based therapies - Anthroposophical medicine 1 2 * Anthroposophical medicine * Aromatherapy * Flower remedy therapy 1 2 * Phytotherapy (Herbal medicine) * Phytotherapy (Herbal medicine) * Phytotherapy (Herbal medicine)	а	– Theoretical Aspect:			
alternative medicine - Concepts of complementary and alternative medicine - Comparison with Integrative medicine - Comparison with Integrative medicine - Classification of complementary and alternative medicine - Classification of complementary and alternative medicine Alternative medicine - Alternative medicine - Alternative medicine 1 2 Types of complementary and alternative medicine - Indian medicine (Ayuveda). - Mind-body therapies - Biologically Based Practices - Manipulative therapies - Energy medicine Definitions, concepts, applications of: - Homoeopathy - Homoeopathy - Anthroposophical medicine * Aromatherapy - Flower remedy therapy - Tomper and alternative medicine - Alternative medic	Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic		
Types of complementary and alternative medicine Types of complementary and alternative medicine - Mind-body therapies - Biologically Based Practices - Manipulative therapies - Energy medicine Definitions, concepts, applications of: * Homoeopathy * Anthroposophical medicine * Aromatherapy * Flower remedy therapy 1 2	1	Introduction	alternative medicine - Concepts of complementary and alternative medicine - Comparison with Integrative medicine - Classification of complementary	1	2
- Biologically Based Practices - Manipulative therapies - Energy medicine Definitions, concepts, applications of: * Homoeopathy * Anthroposophical medicine * Aromatherapy * Flower remedy therapy 1 2 2 2 4 * Flower remedy therapy 1 2	2		- Definitions, concepts, and applications of * Traditional Chinese medicine.	1	2
- Energy medicine Definitions, concepts, applications of: * Homoeopathy Evidence based therapies * Anthroposophical medicine * Aromatherapy * Flower remedy therapy 1 2 2	3			1	2
Evidence based therapies * Anthroposophical medicine * Aromatherapy * Flower remedy therapy 1 2 2	4			1	2
* Flower remedy therapy 1 2	5	Evidence based therapies	of: * Homoeopathy	1	2
	6			1	2
7 Mid- term exam 1 2	7	Mid- term exam		1	2





		 Herbs and herbal combinations, preparations and doses used in 		
8		treatment of:	1	2
		* Central Nervous System disorders		
		* Urinary tract disorders		
9		* Skin diseases	1	2
		* Respiratory system		
10	Phytotherapy	* Digestive system disorders	1	2
10		* Rheumatic Diseases	1	
11		* Cardiovascular system	1	2
		* Gynecological disorders		
42		* Endocrine and metabolic	_	
12		problems	1	2
		* Performance and immune deficiencies		
13	Non-medicinal based therapies	- Hydrotherapy	1	2
	therapies	- Apitherapy		
14 Final exam 1			2	
Number of Weeks /and Units Per Semester				

No	Assignment	Week Due	Mark
1	Seminar	10, 11	3
2	Project	5, 8	4
3	Micro assignments	3-11	3

7	V. Assessment Tasks:				
No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Assignments	3-11	10	10%	
2	Exercises and Home works	3, 6, 11	3	3%	





3	Oral Tests	2, 7, 9, 12	3	3%
4	Quizzes	4, 8	4	4%
5	Written Test (1)	7	20	20%
6	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	60	60%
7	Total		100	100%

V	I. Learning Resources:
	1- Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).
	1- Steven B Kayne. "Complementary and alternative medicine" (2009); Pharmaceutical Press.
	2- Henrich M., Barens j. and Gibbons S.A. "Fundamentals of Pharmacognosy and Phytotherapy" (2004); Churchill Livingstone, New York.
	3- Karin Kraft. "Pocket guide to herbal medicine" (2004); Georg Thieme Verlag.
	2- Recommended Books and Reference Materials.
	1- Brun L. and Cohen M. "Herbs & Natural Supplements" (2010); 3rd ed., Elsevier, London
	2- Tracy T.S. & Kingston R.L. "Herbal Products" (2007); 2nd ed., Humana Press, New Jersey.
	3- Evans W.C., Evans D. & Trease E., Saunders "Trease and Evans 'Pharmacognosy" (2009); 16th
	ed. Elsevier, New York.
	3- Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.
	1- http://www.holisticonline.com/Herbal-Med/hol_herb-forms.htm
	2- http://www.mothernature.com/Library/Bookshelf/Books/15/1.cfm
	3- http://www.rain-tree.com/prepmethod.htm

VI	I.Learning Resources:			
	1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).			
	1- Henrich M., Barens j. and Gibbons S.A. "Fundamentals of Pharmacognosy and Phytotherapy" (2004); Churchill Livingstone, New York			
	2- Evans W.C., Evans D. and Trease E., Saunders "Trease and Evans 'Pharmacognosy" (2009); 16th ed. Elsevier, New York.			
	2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.			
	1- Brun L. and Cohen M. "Herbs and Natural Supplements" (2010); Third ed., Elsevier, London			





2- Tracy T.S. and Kingston R.L. "Herbal Products" (2007); Seconded., Humana Press, New Jersey.
3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites <i>etc</i> .
1- http://www.holisticonline.com/Herbal-Med/hol_herb-forms.htm
2- http://www.mothernature.com/Library/Bookshelf/Books/15/1.cfm
3- http://www.rain-tree.com/prepmethod.htm

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VI	II. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)
The	University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al- Nasser University student's regulations handbook
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2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.
3	 Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed.
	 If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.





	(Assignments and Projects):
4	 The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
	(Cheating):
5	 Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	(Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own".
	Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students regarded at the state of the state o
	 If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year.
7	(Other policies):
7	 Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Industrial Pharmacy II

University: Al-Nasser University

Faculty: Medical Science

Department: Pharmacy

Program title: Pharmacy Program

	I. General Information:					
1	Course Title: Industrial Pharmacy II					
2	Course Number and Code:	B1158	8			
3			C.	Н		Tatal
	Credit hours:		Pr.	Tut.	Tr.	Total
						3
4	Study level/year at which this course is offered:	Second semester/Fifth year				
5	Pre –requisite :	Industri	al Pharma	ıcy I		
6	Co –requisite :					
7	Program (s) in which the course is offered:					
8	Language of teaching the course:	English and Arabic				
9	Prepared By:	Dr. Abdulkarim Alzomor				
10	Approved By:					

II. Course Description:

Students are to be introduced to the basic concepts involved in the manufacture of various drug dosage forms on large scale efficiently and economically. Moreover, they will be provided with the essential unit operation involved in the production of pharmaceuticals such as heat transfer, evaporation, drying, size reduction and separation, extraction, filtration, centrifugation, size enlargement and mixing process.

III. ILOs: After participating in the course, students would be able to

- 1- Name and define the unit operations involved during industrial scale production of differentdosage forms.
- 2- List the different equipment utilized to carry out different unit operations.
- 3- Describe the components and the operation of various equipment used during the manufacture of different dosage forms.
- 4- Compare between different equipment and select the suitable equipment used efficiently to perform the required operation during pharmaceutical manufacturing.
- 5- Design appropriate chart for manufacturing of different dosage forms.
- 6- Estimate the product quantity by applying the rules of material balance.
- 7- Solve the problems commonly encounter during the large scale production of pharmaceuticals.

a3- Describe the components and the operation

used

equipment

manufacture of different dosage forms.





- 8- Handle the strategy for working in pharmaceutical plants.
- 9- Have ethical values in professional work.

IV. Alignment Learning Outcomes with Teaching and Assessment Methods: (A)Knowledge and Understanding: Alignment Learning Outcomes of Knowledge and Understanding to Teaching and Assessment Methods: Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Teaching strategies to Assessment Methods. Knowledge and Understanding. be used. After participating in the course, students would Lectures using data Quizzes, Written show, video. :be able to exam. a1.Name and define the unit operations - Discussion and involved during industrial scale production of presentation differentdosage forms. a2- List the different equipment utilized to carry out different unit operations.

(B)Intellectual Skills:

various

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Intellectual Skills to Teaching Methods and Assessment Methods:

during

Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) in Intellectual Skills.	Teaching strategies to be used	Assessment Methods
After participating in the course, students would be able to: b1-Compare between different equipment and select the suitable equipment used efficiently to perform the required operation during pharmaceutical manufacturing.	Lectures, Training, Discussions, Solving Problem methods,	Presentation, Homework and research.
b2-Design appropriate chart for manufacturing of different dosage forms.		

(C)Professional and Practical Skills.

Alignment Learning Outcomes of Professional and Practical Skillsto Teaching and Assessment





Methods:		
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inProfessional and Practical Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
After participating in the course, students would be able to:	- Training in factories	Report and written exams
c1-Estimate the product quantity by applying the rules of material balance.	- Video	
c2- Solve the problems commonly encounter during the large scale production of pharmaceuticals.		
(D)General/ Transferable Skills:		
Alignment Learning Outcomes of General and T Methods.	ransferable skills to Teach	ing and Assessment
Course Intended Learning Outcomes (CILOs) inGeneral and Transferable Skills	Teaching strategies to be used	Methods of assessment
After participating in the course, students would be able to:	 Group discussion Training classes 	Reports, presentations and communication
d1- Handle the strategy for working in pharmaceutical plants.		with the lecturer and his colleagues.
d2. Have ethical values in professional work		

V. Course Content:

- 1 Course Topics/Items:
 - a Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C- ILOs
1	_Heat transfer and Flow of heat	 -Classification of heat flow process. -Overall coefficient of heat transfer. - Mechanisms of heat transfer, conduction, convection andradiation. -Design of heating equipment. -Tubularheaters; heat transfer by radiationand convection. -Tubular heaters; heat interchangers, inductive heating. 	1	3Hrs	d1 a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1
2	Drying	 Introduction, definition, factor affecting drying Classification of dryers dryers for dilute solutions 	2	6hrs	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1c2,





		and suspensions. - Dryers for solid materials. - Convectional and conduction dryers. - Theory of drying loss on drying and moisture content, equilibriummoisture content. - Principles of freeze drying, freeze dryers.			d1,
3	Evaporation	 General principals of evaporation. Factor affecting evaporation Classification of Evaporator – jacketed kettles, tube evaporators, -forced circulation evaporator and evaporator accessories. Evaporation under reduced pressure. Multiple effect evaporation. 	1	3hrs	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1 c2, d1
4		Mid Exam	1	3hrs	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1 c2, d1
5	Mixing process	- Introduction, factor affecting mixing, type of mixture - Fundamentals and mechanismType of mixer used in -liquid/liquid, -liquid/solid, -semisolidsolid/solid mixing.	2	6hrs	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1 c2, d1
6	Size enlargement	 Methods and mechanisms of granule formation. Reasons for size enlargement. Pharmaceutical granulation equipments; 	1	3hrs	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1 c2, d1





		high speed mixer granulator, oscillating granulator, extruder.			
7	Size reduction	- Theory and reasons of size reduction - Factors influencing size reduction Pharmaceutical applications Mechanisms and equipments used for size reduction; e.g. roller mill, ball mill, hammer mill, fluid energy mill, colloid mill.	1	3hrs	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1, c2, d1
8	Filtration	 -Theory of filtration and filtration media. - Darcy's equation. - Filter aids. - Classification of filtration filters (e.g. plate and frame filter, leaf filter, filter press, rotary filter). 	1	3hrs	a1, a2, 3, b1, b2, c1 c2, d2
9	Distillation	 Theory of distillation, definition, uses type of distillation: (a) for miscible liquids, (b) for immiscible liquids, (c) Steam distillation d) fractional distillation. andect. 	1	3hrs	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1 c2, d2
10	Extraction process	 Theory of extraction, definition, uses, factor affecting extraction Type of extraction: Liquid/ solid extraction Liquid/ liquid extraction 	1	3hrs	a1, a2, 3, b1, b2, c1 c2, d1
11	Crystallization	- Classification, batch crystallizers, simple vacuum crystallizers Nucleation and crystal growth critical humidity prevention of caking, material and energy balances	1	3hsr	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1 c2, d2
12	- Final exam		1	3hrs	a1, a2, a3, b1,





				b2, c1, c2 and d1
Numbe	r of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	14week	42 hr	

VI. Teaching Strategies:

- Lectures using data show, video.
- Discussion of Training reportand presentation.

VII. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Quizzes	5	5	5%	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1, c2
2	Written Test (1) Mid exam	6	30	30%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2, d1
3	Homework	10	5	5%	a1, a2, a3, b1, c1, c2
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	60	60%	a1, a2, a3, b1, b2, c1, c2 and d1
5	Total		100	100%	

VIII. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- Badger, WL. and Banchero, J.T., (1995). Introduction to chemical engineering, McGRAW- HILL book publishing company INC., KOGAKUSHA company, LTD Tokyo.
- 2- Warren McCabe. Julian Smith, Peter Harriot (2000). Unit Operations, McGraw-Hill Publishing science. New Delhi, sixth edition.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Williams and Wilkins (2005).Remington; the Science and Practice of Pharmacy (2first edition). Publisher: Lippincott.
- 2- Bhatt NB, Panchal VM, Panchal VM, (2005). Machine Drawing. Charotar Publishing House PVT Ltd.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1- McGraw-Hill web site page
- 2- CD Operation pharmaceutical production machine in different factory





I	X. Course Policies: (including plagiarism, academic honesty, attendance etc)
The	University Regulations on academic misconduct will be strictly enforced. Please refer to Al- Nasser University student's regulations handbook
1	Class Attendance: • Absence from lectures and/or practical shall not exceed 25 %. Students who exceed the 25% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the college shall not be allowed to take the final exam and shall receive a mark of zero for the course.
2	(Tardy): Students will be allowed to in the class if he/she is late not more than 15 minutes with an acceptable excuse. If the student is late in attending the class for more than three times without an excuse he/she will be warned and will be asked to write undertaken for not repeating that, otherwise his guardian will be notified and the student will miss the classes and will be considered as failed.
3	 (Exam Attendance/Punctuality): Student will not be allowed to appear in the final exam if he/she is late 30 minutes from the begging of the exam. Students will not be allowed to leave the exam room until unless half of the examination time is passed. If a student misses the final exam, he/she has to provide an accepted excuse he/she will be eligible to take the exam as first attempt. If the student misses the final exam he will be considered as failed and if the repeated exam will be calculated as the minimum of 50%. The student will be considered as failed if he broke the regulations and roles of examination. In the practical courses failing in either part is marked as failing in the course and student has to appear in the failing part and the marks will be given as the minimum mark. Using mobile phones is strictly prohibited in examination time and the student will be considered as failed if he did so.
4	 (Assignments and Projects): The students have to submit the assignment or project on time. In late cases student has to provide an acceptable and written excuse to the lecturer before the lecturer has to submit the final marks to the department otherwise the student will not be given the marks of the project.
5	 (Cheating): Cheating in examinations or tests is prohibited which may be in the form of copying from another student or bringing unauthorized materials into the exam room (e.g., crib notes, pagers or cell phones) etc. Midterm Exam cheating results in giving the student a mark of zero Cheating in the final exam will result in failing the student in that subject if he/she did not get benefits in that subject, if he/she gets benefits he/she will be considered as failed in two courses. If the cheating occur in the last day of exam the student will be





	 considered as failed in that course and the previous one. If the students repeats cheating in a single examination period he will be discontinued for a full academic year or permanently if he repeated cheating more than twice.
6	 (Plagiarism): "To plagiarize is to take ideas or words of another person and pass them off as one's own". Plagiarism will results in losing the marks of the assignments. If the students personates other at examination time both will be suspended for a full academic year
7	 (Other policies): Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden. Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings. Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





First year First semester





I. Course Specification of Introduction to PharmacyCourse Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
	HistoryOf	-Introduction to history of			
	Pharmacy and development of	pharmacy			
	pharmacy	-Symbols: the mortar and			
		pestleandrecipere.Others.			
		-Drug development and			
		discovery of active			
		constituents,			
1		-Development of industrial	5	10	
		pharmacy.			
		-Role of old civilization;			
		-Egyptian civilization			
		-Greek civilization			
		-Roman civilization			
		-Arabian civilization			
		-Europe civilization			
2	Pharmaceutical Sciences	-Medicinal chemistry and Pharmacognosy, Pharmacy	1	2	
		practice, clinical pharmacy			
3	Midt	term Exam	1	2	





	pharmaceutical	-Definitions, examples of			
	dosage forms	pharmaceutical dosage			
		forms.			
		-Dosage form design,			
		selection of the proper			
4		dosage forms,	3	6	
		-Routes of drug			
		administration.			
		-Types of pharmaceutical			
		dosage forms, advantages			
		and disadvantage.			
	Pharmacopoeia and	- Definition and types			
5	Pharmacy profession	 objective and types Pharmaceutical abbreviations Pharmaceutical terminology Definitions and history. 	1	2	
		-The field of Pharmacy:			
		-Profession ethics			
6	Final exam	exam	1	2	
	Number of Weeks	s)/per semester	12	24	

	II. Assessment Tasks:				
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Assignment	9	5	5%	
2	Quizzes and class activity	all	5	5%	
3	Mid Exam (theoretical)	7	30	30%	
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	13	60	60%	
	Total	100%			





III.	Learning Resources:
1-Required	d Textbook(s) (maximum two).
	 Bond, Christine, (2000). Evidence-based pharmacy. Pharmaceutical Press, Fifth ed. London. Ruth E. Nermire, Karen L. Kier, McGraw Hill, 2009. Pharmacy student Survival Guide, Secondedition.
2-Recom	nmended Books and Reference Materials.
	 Arthur J. Winfield, R. Michael E,. Richards; 2009. Pharmaceutical practice, Fourthedition, Churchill Livingstone. Williams and Wilkins, 2005. Pharmaceutical calculations, 12thedition, Lippincott. Loyd v. Allen, Nicholas G. Popovich and Haward C. Ansel's, 2004. Pharmaceutical dosage forms and drug delivery Systems, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins.
3-Electron	ic Materials and Web Sites etc.
	1-http://www.ashp.org/doclibrary/bestpractices/managementpositions.aspx
	2-http://www.aetna.com/faqs-health-insurance/health-care-professionals-pharmacy-mgt-program-faqs.html 3-http://betterpharmacytech.com/about-us/pms/





Course Specification of General Chemistry I

	I.	Course Content:		
ı				

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:					
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Numbe r of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Introduction and Some definitions and Units of Measurements: • Matter • Physical and chemical properties physical and chemical changes, • Intensive and extensive properties, • Energy changes. • Units, SI system and Measurements and significant figures:	 atom, element, compound, mixture. The basic units in SI system. conversion, significant figures, rules of significant figures. 	2	4	
2	Atomic Structure: Atoms and their component Atomic and Mass Number, Isotopes, Mole, Avogadro's number and the Mole and molecular weight • Periodic table: • Cations and anions • Writing formula from ions • Naming Chemical Compounds	 Historical, modern periodic table, Groups and Periods Ionic, Covalent (molecules), and oxoacid compound (Compound containing mono and polyatomic ions. 	2	4	
4	Electronic Structure of Atoms andPeriodic Table • Electronic structure		2	4	





	 Orbitals and Quantum Numbers: The Energies of Orbitals Electron Configuration Writing Electron Configuration Electron Configuration and the Periodic Table 	• Principal quantum number, the azimuthal quantum number, the magnetic quantum number, and the spin quantum number			
5	Mid Exam		1	2	
6	Periodic Properties of the Elements • Explaining The Behavior of Elements Through Atomic Properties • The Halogens	 Atomic Size, Ionization Energy, Electron Affinity, Electronegativity, Metallic Characters Oxidizing Agents, Acidic, Basic and Amphoteric Properties 	2	4	
7	Chemical Formulas and Chemical Equations Chemical Equations Chemical formulas: Percent composition Determine the Empirical formula from a percent composition Empirical formula and molecular formula Balance the chemical equation Chemical Equations Calculations based on Chemical Equations Classifying Chemical Reactions	Empirical, molecular, and structure formulas. Reduction, combination, decomposition, displacement and metathesis reactions	2	4	





Chemical Bonding, Lewis structure and Molecular Geometry • Lewis Dot Formulas of Atoms • Formation of Ionic bonding andCovalent Bonding • Lewis Formulas for Molecules and Polyatomic Ions • The Octet Rule • Resonance • Limitations of the Octet R for Lewis Formulas • Polar and Nonpolar Coval Bonds • Dipole Moments • Formula charge • Molecular Structure and Covalent Bonding Theoric • Valence Bond (VB) Theo Molecular Shapes and Bonding	• Valence Shell Electron Pair Repulsion (VSEPR) Theory • Polar Molecules:	3	6	
8 Final Exam		1 15	30	

b - Prac	cticalAspect:			
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Identification of Anions: Carbonate and bicarbonate-sulfur salts-Halides-cyanogen salts-arsenic and phosphorous salts-and other miscellaneous salts	2	6	
2	Identification of Cations: Silver group - copper/arsenic group - Iron group - Zinc group - alkaline earth group - alkali group.	3	9	
3	Systematic analysis : of cations and anions in simple inorganic mixtures.	2	6	
4	Systematic analysis: of cations and anions in mixture containing difficulties, e.g. phosphate organic matter,	3	9	





oxidizing agent, insoluble substances and mixture of related acid radicals.			
Final Exam	1	3	
Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	11	33	

II.	Assessment Tasks:				
No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Assignment	ALL	5	5 %	
2	Practical reports	1-10	10	10 %	
3	Exercises and Home works and Quizzes	3, 6, 8, 10	5	5 %	
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10 %	
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	15	50	50 %	
6	Final Exam (practical)	10	20	20 %	
	Total		100	100 %	

III. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- **1.** Whitten, Davis, Peck, and Stanley, *General Chemistry*, Thomson: Brooks Cole; 7th edition (2004)
- **2.** Darrell D. Ebbing and Steven D. Gammon. General Chemistry. 9th2009Houghton Mifflin Company, BOSTON NEW YORK

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1. Course Notes Handout Texts: Prepared by Satyajit D. Sarker and Lutfun Nahar. Chemistry for Pharmacy Students: General, Organic and Natural Product Chemistry. John Wiley and Sons Ltd, The Atrium, Southern Gate, Chichester, West Sussex, 2007
- **2.** C.V.S. Subrahmanyam, Essentials of Physical Pharmacy, Published by Vallabh Prakashan (2005).

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- $1. \underline{http://www.evangel.edu/Personal/badgers/Web/GenChemPPTs.htm}$
- 2.http://facstaff.uwa.edu/mcurry/General%20Chemistry%20I%20PowerPoint.htm
- 3.http://memo.cgu.edu.tw/ching-shiun/general%20chemistry.htm





I. Course Specification of English ICourse Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Unit: 1 reading	Preventive medicine	2	4	
2	Unit: 2 Infectious Diseases.	Infection and how they spread.	2	4	
3	Unit: 3 Fight infection and midterm exam	How the body fight infection	3	6	
4	Unit 4: Nutrition	Nutrition and balanced diet	2	4	
5	Unit 5: Malnutrition	Deficiency	2	4	
6	Unit: 6 Immunity	Immunization	2	4	
7	Final Exam		1	2	
	Number of Weeks/and Units		28		

II. Assessment Tasks:

No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes
1	Creative writing	6	5	5%	b1-b2, c1, d1-d3
2	Oral Tests	1-12	5	5%	a1-a3, b1-b2, c1, d1-d3
3	Written Test (1)	6	30	30%	a1-a3, b1-b2, c1, d1-d3
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	12	60	60%	a1-a3, b1-b2, c1, d1-d3
5	Totak		100	100%	

III. Learning Resources:

1- Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. Amr Al Himairi, (2005), English for medical students, Sana'a University, Sana'a, Republic of Yemen
- 2. Laquire Blass, (2005), Well read 1, Oxford University press.

2- Recommended Books and Reference Materials.





	1. Jack C. Richard, (2005), Person to Person Starter, Oxford University
	press.
	2. Mosby's (1989), Medical and Nursing Dictionary, second edition.
	Glotia Publication Pvt. Ltd.
3- Electronic Ma	nterials and Web Sites etc.





قالب توصيف مقرر اللغة العربية I

I. Course Content: محتوى المقرر

1- Course Topics/Items: مواضيع المقرر

a – Theoretical Aspect: المواضيع النظرية

a – Theoretical Aspect. 45–75–7								
مOrder سلسل	الوحدة / الموضوعTopic/ unit	Sub العناوين topic الفرعية	Number of weeks عدد الإسابيع	Contact hours الساعات الفعلية				
1	أهمية تعلم اللغة العربية.	-ماهي اللغة -أهمية اللغة	1	2				
2	مهارات الاستماع وأهميتها وعوائقها.		1	2				
3	مهارات الاستماع تطبيق وتقويم.		1	2				
4	حل بعض التدريبات المتعلقة بهذه المهارة.		1	2				
5	مهارات التحدث وأهميتها وقصص.		1	2				
6	أسس الخطاب الناجح.		1	2				
7	امتحان نصفي		1	2				
8	نماذج لبعض الطلاب الراغبين في الإلقاء.		1	2				
9	الجملة الاسمية وأركانها.	- صور المبتدأ. - صور الخبر.	1	2				
10	مراجعة،وتطبيقات على الجملة الاسمية.	أمثلة + تدريب على الإعراب.	1	2				
11	النواسخ كان + إن وأخواتها.	حل الأمثلة وتحليلها.	1	2				
12	الأدب في العصر الجاهلي لمحة.		1	2				
13	الأدب في العصر الإسلامي والأموي.		1	2				
14	الأدب في العصر العباسي.		1	2				
15	الأدب في العصر الأندلسي		1	2				
16	امتحان نهائي		1	2				
عدد الاسابيع أو الوحدات في الفصل Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester عدد الاسابيع أو الوحدات في الفصل								

II. Assessment Tasks: طرق التقييم								
no	طريقة Assessment Method التقييم	Week Due الاسبوع	الدرجة Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment				





				نسبة الدرجة من الدرجة النهائية	
1	بحث عن المهارات التفصيلية للاستماع الشرود الذهني الأسباب والعلاج.	5, 10	o	٥%	
2	اسئلة قصيرة Quizzes	3, 6, 9, 14	0	٥%	
3	امتحان تحريري(1) Written Test	7	٣.	۳0%	
4	Final Exam (theoretical) امتحان نهائي (نظري)	16	٦٠	٦٥%	
5	Total		100	100%	

III.	Learning Resources: مصادر التعلم
1-Req	uired Textbook(s) (maximum two).(المراجع المطلوبة (بحد اقصى ٢).
	 ١- مجد الدين الفيروز أبادي،١٩٩٨، القاموس المحيط، الطبعة الاولى، دار الفكر للطباعة والنشر، بيروت، لبنان.
	٢- د.محمد صالح الشنطي، ٢٠١٣م، المهارات اللغوية، الطبعة الاولى، دار الاندلس للنشر والتوزيع حائل، السعودية.
2-Re	ecommended Books and Reference Materials.ا
	١- د.محمد عبدالله المحجري، ٢٠١٣م، المهار ات اللغوية ، الطبعة الأولى، دار الكتب اليمنية للنشر ،صنعاء ،اليمن. ٢- د.صادق الصلاحي، الوجيز في اللغة العربية. (مخطوط)
3-El	
3-El	٢- د.صادق الصلاحي، الوجيز في اللُّغة العربية. (مخطوط)
3-El	٢- د.صادق الصلاحي، الوجيز في اللغة العربية. (مخطوط) المراجع الالكترونية ومواقع النت .lectronic Materials and Web Sites etc





I. Course Specification of Medical PhysicsCourse Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Introduction: Physics and Measurements	 Concepts of unit and measurements. Fundamental and derived units. Units of length, weight, mass, time. Matter: properties of solids, liquids and gases Dimensional Analysis Conversion of Units What is Medical Physics 	1	2	
2	Vectors	 Coordinate Systems Vector and Scalar Quantities Components of a Vector and Unit Vectors Scalar Product of Vectors Displacement, Velocity, and Acceleration 	1	2	
3	The Force and Laws of Motion	 The Concept of Force Newton's First Law Newton's Second Law Mass and Weight Newton's Third Law Free body diagram Forces of Friction Forces in and on the body 	1	2	
4	Static Equilibrium and Elasticity	 The torque The Rigid Object in Equilibrium The Center of Gravity Examples of Rigid Objects in Static Equilibrium. Skeletal Muscles and Levers Static forces in the body Elastic Properties of Solids 	1	2	





5	Work, Energy, and Power	 Stress, Strain, and Elasticity Modulus Example: Bone Shortening Work Done by a Constant Force Kinetic Energy and Potential Energy Conservation of energy Power Energy Changes in the body 	1	2	
		Energy from FoodMetabolic rateEfficiency of the Human body as a machine			
6	Fluid Mechanics	 Properties of fluids: Density, fluid pressure, Atmospheric pressure, surface tension, capillary, Viscosity. Measurement of pressures, Measurement of blood pressure. Buoyant Forces and Archimedes' Principle. Fluid Dynamics, Blood flow, Continuity equation. Bernoulli's Equation and its Applications Effect of gravitational forces on human body. 	2	4	
7	Mid-term Exam			2	
8	Temperature and Heat	 Temperature Thermometers and Temperature Scale Thermal Expansion of Solids and Liquids An Ideal Gas Heat and Internal Energy 	1	2	





	Sound	 The First Law of Thermodynamics Heat Transfer Mechanisms Heat losses from the body Sound Waves and its 			
9		 Properties Intensity of Sound Waves Sound Level The Doppler Effect Ultrasound and Medical Applications: A Scan, B Scan, M Scan 	1	2	
10	Light	 The Nature of Light and the Ray Aspect of Light The Light Reflection and Refraction Medical uses, Endoscope Images formed by thin Lenses. The Magnifier, The Microscope. The Eye, Myopia and correction, Hyperemia 	1	2	
11	Electricity	 Electric Charges, Electric Field, Electric Potential Capacitance, Capacitors, Dielectrics Electric Current, Resistance, Resistors, Electrical Power Electrical Safety Electricity Within the Body, Electromyography (EMG), Electrocardiograph (ECG), Electrocardiograph (EEG) Flow of electricity in Solids, Electrolytes, Gases and Vacuum 	2	4	
12	Radiation	 Some Properties of Nuclei Radioactivity The Decay Processes Natural Radioactivity Nuclear Magnetic Resonance and Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) 	1	2	





		 Radiation Damage Uses of Radiation in diagnostic and therapy X-ray Laser 			
13	FINAL EXAM		1	2	
	Number of Weeks /and Units Per Semester		15	30	

b -	PracticalAs	pect:
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Order	Practical Experiment Of Weeks Co		Contact hours	
1	Measurement Tools And Systems		3	
2	Determination of Young's modulus by Searle's method	1	3	
3	Experimental verification of Hooke's law	1	3	
4	Experimental determination of viscosity of highly viscous liquids		3	
5	Experimental verification Stoke's law		3	
6	Midterm examination	1	3	
7	measure thespecific heat capacity of a substance	1	3	
8	Determine resistanceusing a voltmeter and an ammeter	1	3	
9	Experimental verification Ohm's Law	1	3	
10	Experimental verification Pattern offield lines round a bar magnet		3	
11	Experimental verification mirror lines lows		3	
12	12 Final examination 1		3	
Numl	per of Weeks/and Units Per First Second seme	ester	36	

I. Assessment Tasks:

No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Exercises and Home works and Quizzes	3, 5, 6, 9, 11	5	5%	
2	Practical reports and activities	ALL	10	10%	
3	Assignment	8	5	5%	
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	





5	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	50	50%	
6	Final Exam (practical)	14	20	20%	
	Total		100	100%	

**	т .		D
11	I earr	าากด	Resources:
11.	ட்டியர்	11115	itesources.

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. Serway and Faughn, 2012, College Physics, Second Edition, Open Stax College,
- 2. Paul Davidovits, 2013, Physics in Biology and Medicine (Complementary Science), 4thRevised Academic Press Elsevier.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

 Russell K. Hobbie, Bradley J. Roth, 2009, Intermediate Physics for Medicine and Biology (Biological and Medical Physics, Biomedical Engineering), 4thRevised Edi Springer.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.





Course Specification of of Computer Fundamentals

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

	a – Theoretical Aspect:							
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours				
1	An Overview of Computer Concepts	Definitions, History, Generation, Types,	1	1				
2	Computer Components	Hardware, Software,	1	1				
3	System Units	Memory, CPU, Input/output devices, Storage	1	1				
4	Central Processing Unit (CPU)	Control unit, Registers, Arithmetic Logic Unit	1	1				
5	Memory Unit	Rom Types, Ram, Memory Management	1	1				
6	Storage Devices	Hard disk, Mass storage Devices, Files	1	1				
7	Mid Term Exam		1	1				
8	Input and Output Devices	Input Devices (Keyboards, Mouse, etc., Output Devices (Monitors types, Printers Types, etc.	1	1				
9	Data Representation and Numerical systems	Machine language, Binary numbers, Numbers conversions	1	1				
10	Computer Operating Systems	Graphic User Interface, Different types of OS, Folders and Files	1	1				
11	Basic Computer Networks	Network Types, Network Topology	2	2				
12	Internet, Web and email	Internet Requirement, Web and Google, Email creation and Settings	1	1				
13	Computer Security and Viruses	Users and passwords, Security, Virus definition, Virus types, Anti-virus	1	1				
14	<u>Final Exam</u>		1	2				





Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	15	16	
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b - Pr	b - Practical Aspect:						
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours				
1	Computer Components (Motherboards, Memory, Hard disk, Monitors)	1	2				
2	Window 7 (Installations, Desktop, Folders, Files, Notepad, etc.)	2	4				
3	Microsoft Word (Documents/new/open/save, update, page/text format, Figures, photos, tables)	2	4				
4	Microsoft Excel (New, Open, Save, Calculation, Graphs types, Pages, Formats)	2	4				
5	Microsoft PowerPoint (slides, formats, slide show, timers, inserts)	3	6				
6	Internet, Web and Email (connections, searching, create email)	2	4				
7	Lab Test	1	2				
Num	nber of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	13	26				

	II. Assessment Tasks:						
No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment			
1	Exercises and Home works and Quizzes	3, 4, 8, 9	5	5%			
2	Assignment	10, 11, 12	5	5%			
3	Practical Tests	6	10	10%			
4	Written Test (1)	7	15	15%			
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	15	50	50%			
6	Final Exam (practical)	13	20	20%			
	Total		100	100%			





III. Learning Resources:

1- Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- Anita Goel, "Computer Fundamentals", Pearson Education India, first Edition, 2010.
- 2- Joan Preppernau and Joyce Cox, "Windows 7 Step by Step", 2009.

2- Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Suzanne Weixel, Jennifer Fulton, Faithe Wempen, Catherine Skintik, "Learning Microso Office 2007", Prentice Hall, 2007.
- 2- William Stalling, "Computer Organization and Architecture", Fifth Edition, Prentice Hal 2000.
- 3- Jeffrey S. Beasley, Piyasat Nilkaew, "Networking Essentials", Third Edition, Pearson IT Certification, 2012.

3- Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1- http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Computer_science
- 2- http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Microsoft_Office
- 3- http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Computer_virus





I. Course Specification of General BiologyCourse Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

	u Theoretical Abpect.							
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours				
1	Introduction	History of evolution	1	2				
2	Macromolecules	carbohydrates, lipids, proteins and nucleic aid	3	6				
3	Cells and midterm	prokaryotes, eukaryotes, cell organelles	4	8				
4	Transport	active, passive, and bulky	2	4				
5	Enzymes	properties, function and composition	2	4				
6	Cell division	mitosis and meiosis in animal cell	2	4				
7	Final Exam		1	2				
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per S	emester	15	30				

b - Pr	b - Practical Aspect:						
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours				
1	Introduction	1	2				
2	Macromolecules	3	6				
3	Cells and tissues	3	6				
4	Transport	3	6				
5	Enzyme and Cell division	1	2				
6	Animal kingdom	1	2				
7	Final Exam	1	2				
Nun	nber of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	13	26				

II.Assessment Tasks:						
	no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes





1	Project (single\group)	2, 8	5	5%	
2	Practical reports	1-10	10	10%	
3	Oral Tests	5, 9	5	5%	
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	
6	Final Exam (practical)	11	20	20%	
7			100	100%	

III. Learning Resources:

1- Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1.Sylvia/S.Mader 2012, Human Biology, 17th Edition (McGraw-Hill) N.Y.USA.
- 2.E.Solomon, L.Berg, D.Martin 2008 Biology 8th edition (Thomson Brooks Cole, Belmont.U.S.A College Publishing)

2- Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1.Bruce Albert, Alexander Johnson, Peter Walter (2008), Molecular biology of the cell, Fifth edition, (Garland Science), New York. U.S.A.
- 2. Cecie Starr (1997), Basic concept in biology Third edition, (International Thomson Publishing Company), Belmont, U.S.A.
- 3. Shuaa Al-Yousufy (1994), Cell structure and function, (Qatar Publishing Library), Qatar.
- 4. Aish Zaytoon (1996), Human biology, (National Publishing Library), Jordan.

3- Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1- Journal of biology, www.jbiol.com
- 2- Biology of Reproduction, www.biolreprod.org





Course Specification of Medical Terminology

Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a –	Theoretical Aspect				
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Introduction to medical terminology	Importance of medical term- part of medical term - root	1	2	
2	Prefixes	Meaning of Prefixes :color, number, size, location degree ,direction	1	2	
3	Suffixes	Meaning of Suffixes: disease ,surgical procedures , instruments	1	2	
4	Analyzing and defining medical term	Breaking down a medical termRules of defining medical term	1	2	
5	Combining a medical term	Combining form , Combining vowelsRules of using Combining vowels	1	2	
6	Cardiovascular tract	Analyzing and defining terms related to Cardiovascular tract	1	2	
7	Mid-term examination		1	2	
8	Respiratory tract	Analyzing and defining terms related to Respiratory tract	1	2	
9	Musculoskeletal term + skin	Analyzing and defining terms related to Musculoskeletal term + skin	1	2	
10	Gastrointestinal tract	Analyzing and defining terms related to Gastrointestinal tract	1	2	
11	Body structure	Direction terms, anatomical planes, body cavity	1	2	
12	Abbreviation	Most uses abbreviation	1	2	
13	Final Exam		1	2	a1- a3, b1-b2, c1-c2, d1
	Number o	f Weeks/and Units Per Semester	13	26	

VI. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	sessment Method Week Due		Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Creative writing	6	5	5%	





2	Oral Tests	1-12	5	5%	
3	Written Test (1)	6	30	30%	
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	12	60	60%	
5	Total		100	100%	

IX. Learning R	esources:					
1- Required Textbo	1- Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).					
	1. Amr Al Himairi, (2005), English for medical students, Sana'a University,					
	Sana'a, Republic of Yemen					
	2. Laquire Blass, (2005), Well read 1, Oxford University press.					
2- Recommended	d Books and Reference Materials.					
	 Medical Terminology and Abbreviations References. Mosby's Medical and Nursing Dictionary, second edition. Glotia Publication Pvt. Ltd. 1989. 					
3- Electronic Ma	3- Electronic Materials and Web Sites <i>etc</i> .					
1.www.wow.com/Medical +Terminology						
2. www.webcrawler.com/						
3. www.amazon.com						





First year: second semester





Course Specification of General Chemistry II

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Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

a – Theoretical Aspect:						
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	CILOs	
1	Gases and the Kinetic – Molecular Theory Common Properties of Gases Pressure Gas Laws: Determination of Molecular Weights and Molecular Formulas of Gaseous Substances Dalton's Law of Partial Pressures Mass – Volume Relationships in Reactions Involving Gases The Kinetic – Molecular Theory Diffusion and Effusion of Gases Real Gases: Deviations from Ideality	• Boyle's Law, harles's Law, Gay – Lusac's Law, Standard Temperature and Pressure, Avogadro's Law, The Combined Gas Law Equation, The Ideal Gas Equation and Graham's law	3	6		
2	 Liquids and Solids: Kinetic-Molecular Description of Liquids and Solids Intermolecular Attractions and Phase Changes Liquid State: The Solid State: Melting Point, Heat Transfer Involving Solids, Sublimation and the Vapor Pressure of Solids Phase Diagrams (Pversus T) Amorphous Solids and Crystalline Solids Structures of Crystals Bonding in Solids Band Theory of Metals 	• Viscosity, Surface Tension, Capillary Action, Evaporation, Vapor Pressure, Boiling Points and Distillation and Heat Transfer Involving Liquids	2	4		





3	 Chemical Thermodynamics: Heat Changes and Thermochemistry The First Law of Thermodynamics Some Thermodynamic Terms Enthalpy Changes Calorimetry Thermochemical Equations Standard States and Standard Enthalpy Changes Standard Molar Enthalpies of Formation, ΔH_f° Hess's Law Bond Energies Changes in Internal Energy, ΔE Relationship of ΔH and ΔE Spontaneity of Physical and Chemical Changes The Two Aspects of Spontaneity The Second Law of Thermodynamics 	2	4	
	 Entropy, S Free Energy Change, ΔG, and Spontaneity The Temperature Dependence of Spontaneity 			
4	Mid Exam	1	2	
5	 ChemicalKinetics: The Rate of a Reaction Factors That Affect Reaction Rates Nature of the Reactants Concentrations of Reactants: The Rate-Law Expression Concentration versus Time: The Integrated Rate Equation Collision Theory of Reaction Rates Transition State Theory Reaction Mechanisms and the Rate-Law Expression Temperature: The Arrhenius Equation Catalysts 	2	4	
6	ChemicalEquilibrium • Basic Concepts • The Equilibrium Constant			





 Variation of Kc with the Form of the Balanced Equation The Reaction Quotient Uses of the Equilibrium Constant, Kc Factors That Affect Equilibria The Haber Process: A Practical Application of Equilibrium Application of Stress to a System at Equilibrium Partial Pressures and the Equilibrium Constant Relationship between KP and Kc Heterogeneous Equilibria Relationship between ΔG0 Rxn and the Equilibrium Constant Evaluation of Equilibrium Constants at Different Temperatures 	2	4	
 ChapterElectrochemistry Electrical Conduction Electrodes Electrolytic Cells and Faraday's Law of Electrolysis Faraday's Law of Electrolysis Commercial Applications of Electrolytic Cells Voltaic or Galvanic Cells The Standard Hydrogen Electrode Standard Electrode Potentials Uses of Standard Electrode Potentials Standard Electrode Potentials for Other Half-Reactions Nernst Equation Using Electrochemical Cells to Determine Concentrations The Relationship of E0 Cell to ΔG⁰ and K Primary Voltaic Cells 	2	4	
8 Final Exam	1	2	
Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	15	30	

b - F	b - PracticalAspect:						
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	CILOs			





1	Density	1	3	
2	Determination of the Value of the Gas Constant	1	3	
3	Determination of viscosity of a liquid	1	3	
4	Determine the Freezing Temperature	1	3	
5	Vapor Pressure and Heat of Vaporization	1	3	
6	Separation of Mixtures by Gravity Filtration and Evaporation	1	3	
7	Heat of Solutionand Neutralization	1	3	
8	Determination of equilibrium constant of reaction	1	3	
9	Determination of order of the reaction	1	3	
10	Determination of conductometric of solution	1	3	
11	Final Exam	1	3	
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	11	33	

II. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Assignment	ALL	5	5 %	
2	Practical reports	1-10	10	10 %	
3	Written Test (1) Exercises and Home works Quizzes	7	15	15 %	
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	15	50	50 %	
5	Final Exam (practical)	10	20	20 %	
	total		100	100 %	

III.Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- **1.** Whitten, Davis, Peck, and Stanley (2004), *General Chemistry*, Thomson: Brooks Cole; 7th edition.
- **2.** Darrell D. Ebbing and Steven D. Gammon (2009). General Chemistry. 9th Edition Houghton Mifflin Company, BOSTON, NEW YORK

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.





- 1. Course Notes Handout Texts: Prepared by
- 2. Satyajit D. Sarker and Lutfun Nahar. Chemistry for Pharmacy Students: General, Organic and Natural Product Chemistry. John Wiley and Sons Ltd, The Atrium, Southern Gate, Chichester, West Sussex, 2007
- **3.** C.V.S. Subrahmanyam, Essentials of Physical Pharmacy, Published by Vallabh Prakashan (2005)
- 3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.
 - 4.http://www.evangel.edu/Personal/badgers/Web/GenChemPPTs.htm
 - $5. \underline{http://facstaff.uwa.edu/mcurry/General\%20Chemistry\%20I\%20PowerPoint.htm}$
 - 6.http://memo.cgu.edu.tw/ching-shiun/general%20chemistry.htm

قالب توصيف مقرر اللغة العربية II

I. Course Content: محتوى المقرر

1 – Course Topics/Items: مواضيع المقرر

a - Theoretical Aspect: المواضيع النظرية

orderم سلسل	الوحدة / الموضوعTopic/ unit	Sub العناوين topic الفرعية	Number of weeks عدد الاسابيع	Contact hours الساعات الفعلية	
1	مهاراتالقراءة،أهميتها،أنواعها		1	2	
2	مهارات القراءة حل أسئلة الكتاب		1	2	
3	مهارات الكتابة	أهميتها وتاريخها	1	2	
4	التلخيص		1	2	
5	الرسائل والسيرة		1	2	
6	قواعد إملائية		1	2	
7	علامات الترقيم		1	2	
8	امتحان تحريري نصفي		1	2	
9	الأدب في النهضة والعصر الحديث	المدرسة الإحيائية	1	2	
10	المدارس الرومانسية		1	2	
11	مدرسة الشعر الحر		1	2	
12	الجملة الفعلية وأركانها		1	2	





13	المفعول به وصوره		1	2	
14	نائب الفاعل		1	2	
15	قواعد العدد		1	2	
16	الامتحان النهائي		1	2	
Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester عدد الاسابيع او الوحدات في الفصل					

	II. Assessment Tasks: رق التقييم	ط			
no	Assessment Method طريقة التقييم	Week Due الاسبوع	Mark الدرجة	Proportion of Final Assessment نسبة الدرجة من الدرجة النهائية	
1	المهارات التفصيلية للاستماع الشرود الذهني الأسباب والعلاج.	5, 10	5	5%	
2	اسئلة قصيرة Quizzes	3, 6, 9, 14	5	5%	
3	امتحان تحريري(Written Test (1)	7	30	30%	
1	Final Exam (theoretical) امتحان	16	60	600/	

16

III. Learning Resources: مصادر التعلم

نهائي (نظري)

Total

المراجع المطلوبة (بحد اقصى ٢).(Tequired Textbook(s) (maximum two).(المراجع المطلوبة (بحد الدين الفيروز أبادي،١٩٩٨) القاموس المحيط،الطبعة الاولى ،دار الفكر للطباعة والنشر،بيروت ،لبنان.

60

100

٢- د.محمد صالح الشنطي،٢٠١٣م، المهارات اللغوية، الطبعة الاولى ، دار الاندلس للنشر والتوزيع حائل، السعودية.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials. المراجع الموصي بها

١- د.محمد عبدالله المحجري،٢٠١٣م، المهارات اللغوية ، الطبعة الأولى، دار الكتب اليمنية للنشر ،صنعاء ،اليمن.

٢- د صادق الصلاحي، الوجيز في اللغة العربية. (مخطوط)

60%

100%

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc. المراجع الالكترونية ومواقع النت

1-موقع اللغة العربية تعلماً وتعليماً.

• 2 فنون اللغة العربية

3 الموسوعة العربية العالمية دليل المهارات.





قالب توصيف مقرر (الثقافة الإسلامية)

I. Course Content: محتوى المقرر

1 – Course Topics/Items: مواضيع المقرر

a – Theoretical Aspect: المواضيع النظرية

المواصيع اللطرية. "a – Theoretical Aspect						
Order مسلسل	/Topic unit الموضو عunit	العناوين الفرعيةSub topic	Number of weeks عدد الإسابيع	Contact hours الساعات الفعلية		
1	مفهوم الثقافة الإسلامية وخصائصها ومصادر ها	 ا تعريف الثقافة الإسلمية في اللغة والاصطلاح خصائص الثقافة الإسلمية (الربانية – الشمولية – الوسطية والاعتدال - العمومية والعالمية – حفظ الضروريات الخمس) مصادر الثقافة الإسلامية (القرآن الكرين – السنة النبوية المطهرة) 	1	2		
2	أصول العقيدة الإسلامية	1- أهمية دراسة العقيدة الإسلامية ٣-تعريف العقيدة الإسلامية: 2-أركان العقيدة الإسلامية: الركن الأول: الإيمان بالله. الركن الثاني: الايمان بالملائكة. الركن الثالث: الايمان بالكتب السماوية. الايمان بالأنبياء الركن الرابع: الايمان بالأنبياء والمرسلين. الإيمان بالوم الركن الخامس: الايمان بالقضاء الأخر. الركم السادس: الايمان بالقضاء والقدر.	1	4		
3	التكافل الاجتماعي في الإسلام	1- تعريف التكافل في اللغة والاصطلاح. 7- أسباب وجوب التكافل في الاسلام أو لا: القرابة الموجبة للتكافل. ثانيا: أصل مشروعية كفالة الزوجة بالنققة. 7-الاصناف التي يستحب كفالتها. 8-بعض الامور التي تدخل السرور على المسلمين وأجرها عند الله عظيم.	1	2		



4	الاسلام والمرأة	ا - مقارنة بين ما كانت عليه المرأة في الجاهلية وما هي عليه في الاسلام. ٢-مكانة المرأة عند اليهود والنصاري والمجتمع المدني الحديث. ٣-مكانة المرأة في الاسلام. ١٥-الحياء والمرأة. ٢-الفوارق الشرعية بين الرجل والمرأة وموقف العلم الحديث منها. ١- الفوارق الشرعية بين الرجل والمرأة والمرأة والمرأة والمرأة. ١- الفوارق الشرعية بين الرجل والولاية العظمي والعامة. ١- المتاليف دون المرأة. ١- الملاق. ١- الطلاق. ١- الطلاق. ١- الميراث. ١- الميراث. ١- الميراث. ١- الميراث. ١- الميراث. ١- الميراث. ١- الشهادة. ١- المجاب الشرعي وشروطه.	2	4	
5	موقف الاسلام من تنظيم النسل وبعض القضايا الطبية المعاصرة.	ا - تنظيم النسل. ٢ - الاسباب الداعية لتنظيم النسل. ٣ - بعض القضايا الطبية المعاصرة: و النباتي حكم الاسلام في الاستنساخ البشري البشري - أطفال الأنابيب بنوك الأجنة حكم الاجهاض في الاسلام الترقيع الجلدي وزراعة الأعضاء تشريح جثة الميت.	1	2	
6	کل ما سیق در استه	الامتحان النصفي	1	2	
7	حقوق الإنسان في الاسلام	ا - الاعلان العالمي لحقوق الاسلام. ٢ - الاسلام وحقوق الانسان: - حق الحياة. - حق المساواة. - حق الحرية.	2	4	



		- حق العدالة.			
		- حق الفرد في محاكمة عادلة.			
		- حق الحماية من تعسف السلطة.			
		 حق الحماية من التعذيب. 			
		- حق الفرد في حمابة عرضه			
		وسمعته.			
		 حق اللجوء الى ديار المسلمين. 			
		- حق حرية التفكير والاعتقاد			
		والتعبير.			
		- حق المشاركة في الحياة العامة.			
		 حق احترام حقوق الاقليات. 			
		 حق الحرية الدينية. 			
		 حق الدعوة والبلاغ. 			
		- حق العمل.			
		 حق بناء الاسرة. 			
		 حق التربية الصالحة. 			
		- حقوق الزوجة.			
		- حق التنقل.			
		- حق الفرد في حماية			
		خصوصيته.			
		 حق حماية الملكية الفكرية. 			
		- حق التمتع بكافة الحقوق			
		الاقتصادية			
		١-الوحدة والأصل في مشروعيتها.			
8	الاسلام والوحدة	٢-مظاهر وحدة الأمةُ الإسلامية.	1	2	
		٣-أهمية وحدة الأمة الاسلامية.			
		١ ـمفهوم الوطن وأقسامه.			
		٢-تقسيم العالم غلى مسلمين			
		و ذمیین و مستأمنین.			
		٣-ماذا يعني انتمائي للوطن.			
9	الوطن والمواطن	٤ ـ حقوق المواطن:	1	4	
9	الوصل والمواص	- العدل.	1	4	
		- المساواة.			
		- الحرية.			
		- ا <u>ل</u> شورى.			
		- الديمقر اطية			
		١ -مفهوم العلمانية ونشأتها ومدة			
10	العلمانية والعولمة	ظهورها في العلم الاسلامي.	1	2	
10		٢_مفهوم العولمة ونشأتها وأهدافها	1	2	
		وأضرارها على العالم الإسلامي.			
		ا ِمفهوم الرِأسـمالية ونشــأتها			
11	الرأسمالية	وأهدافها وأضرارها.	1	2	
		٢-موقف الإسلام منها.			
		١-مفهوم الغزو الفكري وأنواعــه			
12	الغزو الفكري	ومظاهره واهدافه والمؤسسات	1	2	
12	الغرو التدري	التابعة له.	1	4	
		٢-موقفالاسلام منه.			





13	التغريب الثقافي والاجتماعي	سات	التغريب وأ أهدافه والمؤس قف الإسلام منه	ومظاهره و التابعة له.	1	2	
14	كل ما سبق تدريسه	النهائي	الامتحان		1	2	
Num	ber of Weeks/and Units Per	، في الفصل ter	ع او الوحدات	عدد الاسابي	32	الإجمالي	
	II. Assessment Tasks: التقييم	طرق					
No	Assessment Method التقييم	طريقة	Week Due الاسبوع	Mark الدرجة	F Assess الدرجة	ortion of inal نسبة ment الدرجة من النهائب	
1	بحث Assignment		9	5	4	5%	
2	Exercises and Home work test الاختبار الشفوي والتمارين	s oral	4,6,10	5		5%	
3	امتحان تحريري(Written Test (1)		7	30	3	80%	
4	Final Exam (practical) امتحان (عملي)		16	60	6	50%	
				100	10	00%	

III. Learning Resources: مصادر التعلم
المراجع المطلوبة (بحد اقصى ٢).(1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two
 ■ أ.د/ علي أحمد القاعدي ، مبادئ الثقافة الإسلاميةطبعة ١٤٣٤ هـ - ٢٠١٣ م، منشورات المتفوق للطباعة
والنشر، صنعاء اليمن.
 د/ عبدالكريم عثمان، معالم الثقافة الإسلامية، الطبعة الثانية عشر،٦٠٠٦ هـ - ١٩٨٥ م، مؤسسة الرسالة.
2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.
 ■ د/ عبدالحكيم السروري، الثقافة الإسلامية، الطبعة الثانية ١٤٣١ هـ - ٢٠١٠ م، دار الفكر.
 د/ يوسف القرضاوي، ثقافة الداعية، الطبعة الأولى ١٤١٧ هـ - ١٩٩٧ م، مؤسسة الرسالة بيروت.
 الثقافة الإسلامية – مجموعة من دكاترة جامعة العلوم – الطبعة الثالثة ٢٠١٤م –منشورات جامعة العلوم.
 ■ د/ عبدالله أحمد فروان - المدخل الى الثقافة الإسلامية منشورات الصادق للطياعة والنشر ٢٠١٤ م.
المراجع الالكترونية ومواقع النت.3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc





I. Course Specification of English IICourse Content:

1 - Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Unit: 7 Smoking	Problems of smoking	2	4	
2	Unit: 8 writing: Definition	Stage 1 writing	2	4	
3	Unit: 9 writing 2. Definition. Part.2 and midterm exam	Structure 2	3	6	
4	Unit 10. Writing 3 exemplification	Stage 1 and 2	2	4	
5	Unit 11.writing.4 classification	Stage 1 and 2	2	4	
6	Unit: 12 Writing 5 classification	Classification part two.	2	4	
7	Final exam		1	2	
	Number of Weeks/and Units P	er First semester4		28	

VI. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Creative writing and Oral Tests	6	10	10%	
2	Written Test (1)	6	30	30%	
3	Final Exam (theoretical)	12	60	60%	
4	Total		100	100%	

IX. Learning Resources:

1- Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. Amr Al Himairi, (2005), English for medical students, Sana'a University, Sana'a, Republic of Yemen
- 2. Laquire Blass, (2005), Well read 1, Oxford University press.

2- Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

Jack C. Richard (2005), Person to Person Starter, Oxford University press.





	 Mosby's (1989), Medical and Nursing Dictionary, second edition. Glotia 	
	Publication Pvt. Ltd.	
3- El	lectronic Materials and Web Sites etc.	





علم نفس

I. Course Content: محتوى المقرر

1 – Course Topics/Items: مواضيع المقرر

	a – Theoretical Aspect: المواضيع النظرية								
Order مسلسل	Topic/ unit الوحدة /الموضوع	العناوين الفرعيةSub topic	Num ber of week s عدد الاسابي	Contact hours الساعات الفعلية					
1	علم النفس , مدخل مفاهيمي عام	- تعاريف العلم , علم النفس - أهمية و اهداف علم النفس - موضوعات علم النفس - العلوم ذات العلاقة بعلم النفس	1	2					
2	مناهج البحث في علم النفس	- تعريف منهج البحث - أنواع مناهج البحث - تقنيات جمع المعلومات في البحوث - سمات واخلاقيات البحث	1	2					
3	مدارس علم النفس	- مدرسة التحليل النفسي - المدرسة السلوكية - المدرسة الإنسانية - المدرسة الإيجابية	1	2					
4	مجالات علم النفس	- مجالات علم النفس النظرية - مجالات علم النفس التطبيقية	1	2					
5	محددات السلوك العصبية والغدية	- الجهاز العصبي والسلوك - جهاز الغدد والسلوك	1	2					
6	محددات السلوك البيئية	- البيئة الطبيعية للسلوك - البيئة الاجتماعية للسلوك	1	2					
7	الامتحان النصفي		1	2					
8	الدافعية Motivation	- تعريف الدافعية المفاهيم ذات العلاقة - تصنيف الدوافع - العلاقة بين الدافعية والسلوك - قياس الدوافع - تطبيقات دراسة الدافعية في الحياة	1	2					
9	الإنفعالات Emotions	- تعريف الانفعالات والمفاهيم ذات العلاقة - تصنيف الانفعالات - بنية الانفعالات - نمو الانفعالات - العلاقة بين الانفعالات والسلوك - قياس الانفعالات	1	2					





10	العمليات العقلية Mental process	- العمليات العقاية , تعريف عام ١- الاحساس ٢- الانتباه ٣- الادراك ٤- التفكير - مسار نمو وبناء المليات العقاية	1	2				
11	الشخصية Personality	- تعريف الشخصية - نظريات الشخصية - العوامل المؤثرة في تكوين الشخصية - قياس الخصية	1	2				
12	الصحة النفسية Health psychology	-مفهوم الصحة ,الصحة النفسية ,علم الصحة النفسية . - اهمية و فلسفة در اسة الصحة النفسية – منهجية در اسة الصحة - معايير (محكات) الصحة النفسية - فريق العمل في مجال الصحة النفسية – تعزيز الصحة النفسية	1	2				
13	الاضطرابات النفسية Psychological Disorders	- تعريف عام للاضطرابات النفسية والعقلية - تصنيف للاضطرابات النفسية والعقلية للاضطرابات النفسية والعقلية - اسباب للاضطرابات النفسية والعقلية - تقييم ومواجهة للاضطرابات النفسية والعقلية	1	2				
14		الامتحان النهائي	1	2				
Number of V	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester 28 عدد الاسابيع خمسة عشر اسبوع							

II. Assessment Tasks: طرق التقييم

no	Assessment Method طريقة التقييم	Week Due الاسبوع	Mark الدرجة	Proportion of Final Assessment نسبة الدرجة من الدرجة النهائية	
1	عروض الباوربينت تلخيص الموضوعات وتمثيل عليها	4-12	5	%5	
2	Quizzes اختبار شفوي Oral Tests اسئلة قصيرة	5-12	5	%5	





3	Written Test (1)ا امتحان تحريري	7	30	30%	
4	Final Exam (theoretical) امتحان نهائي (نظري)	14	60	60%	
	Total		100	100%	

4 Final Exam (theoretical) امتحان 60 60% 60%	
Total 100 100%	

مصادر التعلم :Learning Resources

- المراجع المطلوبة (بحد اقصى ٢).(maximum two). المراجع المطلوبة (بحد اقصى ٢). المراجع المطلوبة (بحد الله علم النفس, جامعة العلوم والتكنولوجيا. اليمن. 1
 - د طارق محمود رمزي واخرون. ٢٠٠٠. مقدمة في علم النفس, دار الفكر العربي, لبنان. -2

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials. المراجع الموصي بها

- د محيى الدين توق ١٩٩٢. المدخل الى علم النفس, دار الفكر للنشر, عمان -1
- د فاروق عبد الفتاح موسى. ٢٠٠٤. اسس السلوك الانساني المدخل الى علم النفس العام 2 مكتبة زهراء الشرق. القاهرة

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc. المراجع الالكترونية ومواقع النت

1-www.arabpsynet.com/archives/op/OP.khat-jordcons.htm.

2-www.arabpsynet.com/book/samer





I. Course Specification of Pharmacy Management Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Course introduction	.General information about the importance of health managementdefine the main topic in this course.	1	2	
2	Health and management	-definition _ Why study management ? _ Management functions _ Management roles _ Types of managers _ Management skills	1	2	
3	Organizational development	-definition -important of organization development(od) -role of od services/ consultant -od services/ techniques -conditions that had to be present if an OD intervention could have any meaningful chance of bringing about the desired change:	1	2	
4	Organizational behavior	-introduction -important of ob -concept of ob -Organizational Citizenship Behavior (OCB)	1	2	
5	Leadership	-definition-introduction-nuture of power	1	2	



		.		l	<u> </u>
		-Decision-making			
		authority of leaders			
		-Factors affecting			
		leadership style.			
		-Participative			
		leadership.			
		-Guidelines to make			
		full use of			
		participative approach.			
	Planning	-Definition			
6	process	-stage of planning	1	2	
		-Type of planning			
7	Mic	l-term exam	1	2	
	Decision	-Definition			
	making	-Steps of DM			
8	process	-Problems in DM	1	2	
	-	-condition of DM			
		-style of DM			
	Human	-Definition of HRM			
9	Resource	-HRM process	1	2	
	Management	-			
10	Controlling	-Definition	1	2	
10		-type of controlling.	1		
	Budgeting and	.Issues in Financial			
	financial	Allocation			
	management	• Methods of Financial			
		Control			
		– Budgeting			
11		• Bottom-up	1	2	
		• Top down			
		• Zero-based			
		– Auditing			
		• Internal			
	G	• External			
	Strategic	-Development of			
	management	Strategic Management			
		-Levels of Strategy			
12		-Strategic	1	2	
		Management Process			
		-SWOT Analysis			
		-Corporate Portfolio			
	Invantory	Matrix -definition			
	Inventory	-INTRODUCTION			
13	management	-Function	1	2	
		-Method of IM			
		-wienion of livi			





14	Management theory	-Why study management theory? -The evolution of management -The evolution of management theoryRecent developments in management theory.	1	2	
15	Health care system	definitioncontents of HCS.	1	2	
16	F	inal exam	1	2	
Nur	mber of Weeks/ar	d Units Per Semester	16	32	

II. Assessment Tasks:

No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment
1	Quiz1	5	5	5%
2	Oral test	10	5	5%
3	Mid Exam (theoretical)	7	30	30%
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	60	60%
5	Total		100	100%

III. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- Kreitner. 2002. Foundations of Management: Basics and Best Practices. Robert New York: Thompson
- 2- Robbins and Coulter. 2002. Management, 7th Edition. Prentice and Hall International Inc.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1. Robbin, S.P.2002. Management Concepts and Practice. Prentice-Hall Inc.New Jersey
- 2. Shonell, S.M. and Kaluzzy, A.D. 2000. Health Care Management: A Text in Organizational Theory and Behavior. John Wiley and Sons, New Jersey, 4nd. Ed.

3- Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.





- $1. \quad \underline{http://www.aetna.com/faqs-health-insurance/health-care-professionals-pharmacy-mgt-program-faqs.html} \\$
- 2. http://www.chemistanddruggistjobs.co.uk/jobs/pharmacy-manager/

Course Specification of Pharmaceutical Calculation Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

a-T	Theoretical Aspect:				
No	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Introduction &Roman numerals	 Introduction of pharmaceutical calculation Type of Roman number and problems 	1	2	
2	System used in the measurement	 Metric system Apothecary system Avoirdupois system Intersystem conversion Problems 	2	4	
3	Common household & Techniques measures	 Household measuring devices Techniques of pharmaceutical measurement Problems 	1	2	
4	Quantitative product strength	PercentageRatio strengthDilution and concentrationProblems	2	4	
5	Reducing and enlarging formulas	Reducing and enlarging formulasProblems	1	2	
6		Midterm exam	1	2	
7	Biological fluids and electrolytes	 Electrolyte solutions and concept of milliequivalent. Buffers and Buffered solutions. Isotonic solutions Problems 	2	4	
8	Drug doses & other subjects	Density, Temperature and specific gravity	2	4	





		 Allegation methods in pharmaceutical sciences Fundamental concepts of dosage calculations Dosage calculations based on body surface area (BSA Problems 			
9	Prescription	• Define, Types, Symbols	1	2	
10	Final exam		1	2	
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester			28	

I. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Exercises and Home works and oral test	8, 12	10	10%	
2	Written Test (midterm exam)	6	30	30%	
3	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	60	60%	
4	Total	100	100%		

I. Learning Resources:
1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).
 M.Savva. (2006). Rational Approachto Pharmaceutical Calculations, V agmaLLC.
2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.
 H.C .Ansel (2013). Pharmaceutical Calculations. Lippincott Williams & Wilkin 14th ed. S. Parsons. (2013); Pharmaceutical Calculations. Parsons Printing Pre.
3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites <i>etc</i> .
(Alsoavailableasopensourcee-book:http://pharmaceuticalcalculations.org)





Course Specification of Biostatistics

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Theconceptof statistics and its relationship to other sciences.		1	2	
3	StatisticalResearchandbasicsteps. Measures of central tendency.		1	2	
4	Measures of dispersion, skewnessand Kurtosis		1	2	
5	principlesandrules of the possibilities and		1	2	
6	Probability distributions		1	2	
7	MIDTERM		1	2	
	sampling distributions		1	2	
8	statistical inferenceoncommunitieslargevolume ofsamples		1	2	
9	Statistical inferenceon thecommunities of small sizes amples- the distribution of t-test		1	2	
10	statisticalhypothesistestsusingthe distribution of chi-square		1	2	
11	varianceanalysisusing a distributionF		1	2	
12	Somestatistical methodsparametric and nonparametric.		1	2	
13	Statisticalmethods forquality control.		1	2	
14	Final Exam		1	2	
Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester					

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	T CaCIIIII	9 3114	1169168.

Lectures

Computer for Application on SPSS program





Group discussion Problem solving method

III. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Exercises and Home works quizzes	8, 12	5	5%	
2	Project	12	5	5%	
3	Written exam(mid term)	6	10	10%	
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	30	30%	
5	Total		50	50%	

IV. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. Al-Mansoob MA and Masood MS, 2012. Introductory to Statistics and Probability, first edition, Yemen.
- 2. Chernick and Friser., 2003. Introductory Biostatisticsfor the Health Sciences. Modern Applications Including Bootstrap. California State University Long Beach, California.





Second year: first semester





Course Specification of Analytical Chemistry I

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

a – Theoretical Aspect:									
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours					
1	Introduction to analytical chemistry	Definition and scope. Introduction to analytical chemistry, The Analytical Perspective, Common Analytical Problems, why analytical chemistry?	1	2					
2	Basic Tools of Analytical Chemistry	Numbers in Analytical Chemistry Fundamental Units of Measure Significant Figures Units for Expressing Concentration Molarity and Formality, Normality Molality Weight, Volume, and Weight-to- Volume Ratios Converting Between Concentration Units p-Functions Stoichiometric Calculations Conservation of Mass Conservation of Charge Conservation of Protons Conservation of Electron Pairs	1	2					
3	Qualitative Inorganic Analysis 1	-identification of six groups of Anions: 1- Carbonates and Bicarbonates group 2- Sulphur-containing anions 3- Halides 4- Cyanogen anions 5- Arsinic and phosphorous containing anions 6- Nitrogen- containing anions	3	7					





		- separation of a mixture of Anions			
		identification of a five groups of cations: Group 1 : lead(II), mercury(I), and silver(I). Group 2: mercury(II), copper(II), bismuth(III), cadmium (II), tin(II), tin(IV), arsenic(III), arsenic(V), antimony(III), andantimony(V). Group 3: iron(II), iron(III), cobalt(II),			
4	Qualitative Inorganic Analysis 2	nickel(II), manganese(II), chromium(III), aluminium(III), andzinc(II). Group4: calcium(II), strontium(II), andbarium(II). Group 5: Magnesium(II), lithium(I), sodium(I), potassium(I), and ammonium(I)ions. -separation of a mixtureof Anions	2	4	
5		Midterm exam	1	2	
6	Acid Base titration:	Modern concepts of acids and base, acid base equilibria, law of mass action, dissociation constants, Common ion effect, Ionic product of water, pH, buffer solutions, theory of acid base titration, neutralization curves, neutralization indicators, mixed and universal indicators. Formal titrations. Pharmaceutical applications	4	8	





7	Non aqueous titration:	Theory, advantages and limitation, non-aqueous solvents, ionization and dissociation in non-aqueous media, titration of weak acids and bases, indicators in non-aqueous titration, preparation of standard solutions, Pharmaceutical applications	3	6	
8	Final exam		1	2	
	Number of	32			

b - PracticalAspect:

Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Identification of cations	1	2	
2	Separation of mixture of cations	1	2	
3	Separation of mixture of anions	1	2	
4	Calibration of volumetric apparatus	1	2	
5	Preparation and standardization of HCl and NaOH solutions	1	2	
6	Assay of sodium bicarbonate	1	2	
7	Assay ofbenzoic acid,	1	2	
8	Preparation and standardization of perchloric acid	1	2	
9	Preparation and standardization of sodium methoxide solutions	1	2	
10	Assay ofephedrine	1	2	
11	Assay of Metformin hydrochloride	1	2	
12	Final Exam	1	2	
Nur	nber of Weeks/and Units Per First Second ser	nester	24	

II. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Project	2, 8	5	5%	
2	Practical reports	1-9	10	10%	
3	Oral Tests	5, 9	5	5%	





4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	
6	Final Exam (practical)	10	20	20%	
7			100	100%	

III. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- Douglas A. Skoog, Donald M. West, F. James Holler and Stanley R. Crouch Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry, 2004, 8th edition, Thomson Brooks/Cole, Belmont, USA.
- 2-F.W. Fifield and D. Kealey, "Principles and Practice of Analytical Chemistry" Fifth Edition, 2000, Blackwell Science, London.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- DEAN'S Analytical Chemistry Handbook, 2004, Secondedition, McGraw-Hill Handbooks, New York, USA.
- 2- SomenathMitra, Sample Preparation Techniques in Analytical Chemistry, 2003, A John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Publication, Canada.
- 3- K. Danzer, Analytical ChemistryTheoretical and Metrological Fundamentals, 2007, Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

1-The Analytical Abstracts database (http://www.rsc.org/CFAA/AASearchPage.cfm)

2-The Analytical Forum on ChemWeb (http://analytical. chemweb.com/search/search.exe)

(Other policies):

7

- Using mobile or another electronic device capable of storing or transfer data in class during the lecture or the exam is forbidden.
 - Abnormal behavior is not acceptable and the student will face a punitive proceedings.
 - Eating or drinking is strictly prohibited.





Course Specification of Human Anatomy

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

			Number	Contact	
No	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	of weeks	hours	
1	Introduction Anatomical terms	 Overview of the subject and its different parts Overview of the different body regions and systems Terms related to position Terms related to movement 	1	2	
2	Skin and fascia	Structure SkinFunctions of skin	1	2	
3	Anatomyof muscular system	 Types of muscles Structure of muscles	1	2	
4	Anatomy of Bone and cartilage	 Joints, ligaments, bursa, synovial sheath Bones and cartilage	1	2	
5	Anatomy of blood and lymph	Heart and blood vesselslymph vessels and nodes	2	4	
6	Anatomy of nervous system	Central nervous systemPeripheral nervous system	1	2	
7	Anatomy of respiratory system	Structure of respiratory organs	1	2	
8		Midterm exam	1	2	
9	Anatomy of digestivesystem	Alimentary canalDigestive glands	1	2	
10	Anatomy of genital system	 Female: The uterus The vagina The ovary Anatomy of the breast Male: The testis Scrotum The penis 	1	2	
11	Anatomy of urinary system	The kidneyUreter	1	2	





		Urinary bladder			
12	Anatomy of Sense Organs :	Structure of Skin, Eye, ear, Nose, Tongue.	1	2	
13	Anatomy of Endocrine System:	ThyroidPancreasPituitaryAdrenal glandsGonads	1	2	
14	Final exam		Week 15	2	
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester			30	

b - Pract	b - Practical Aspect:							
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours					
1	Introduction and terminology	1	2					
2	Anatomy of Bone and cartilage	1	2					
3	Anatomy of blood and lymph	1	2					
4	Anatomy of nervous system	1	2					
5	Anatomy of respiratory system	1	2					
6	Anatomy of digestive system	1	2					
7	Anatomy of genital system	1	2					
8	Anatomy of urinary system	1	2					
9	Anatomy of Sense Organs:	1	2					
10	Anatomy of Endocrine System:	1	2					
11	Final exam	1	2					
Numb	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester		22					

VII. Assessment Tasks:								
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment				
1	Exercises & Home works	3	2.5	2.5%				





2	Project (single\group)	4	2.5	2.5%	
3	Practical reports	1-10	10	10%	
4	Mid Exam	8	15	15%	
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	
6	Final Exam (practical)	11	20	20%	
7			100	100%	

II. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. John A. Gosling, Philip F. Harris (2008). Human anatomy color atlas andtextbook Fifth edition. Elsevier, Spain.
- 2. Inderbir Singh (2011). Textbook of Human Histology: With Colour Atlas and Practical Guide. 6th edition. Jaypee, Newdelhi, India.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

1. Gerard J. Tortora, Mark Nielsen (2013). Principles of Human Anatomy, 13th Edition. Wiley, UK.





Course Specification of Pharmaceutics I

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

	a – Theoretical	Aspect:			
No	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Numbe r of weeks	Contac t hours	
1	Solubility	 Determination of solubility Techniques of aqueous solubility determination of non-ionized, ionized and unstable drugs Factors/ parameters affecting solubility Enhancement of solubility Extraction Solubility and partitioning coefficient Preservative action in oil-water systems 	2	4	
2	Principles of dissolution	 Definition of dissolution and dissolution rate, Noyes-Whitney equation. Dissolution process and its mathematical treatment Dissolution rate determination 	1	2	
3	Diffusion	 Diffusion definition, mechanisms, pharmaceutical applications. Ficks first law, second law and steady state diffusion. Diffusion controlled drug delivery (reservoir systems). Diffusion controlled drug delivery (matrix systems) and the Higuchi equation 	1	2	
4	Rheology	Principles of rheology.Measuring methods in the rheology.Application of rheology in pharmacy	1	2	
5	Surface tension	 Concepts of surfaces, interfaces, surface and interfacial tension. Wetting of solid surfaces, spreading of liquids over liquid substrates critical micelle concentration(CMC) Effect of counter ion and temperature on surface tension and temperature on CMC-values Pharmaceutical applications of surfactants 	2	4	
6		Midterm exam	1	2	





7	Adsorption	Adsorption at solid surfaces	1	2	
,		adsorption isotherms	1		
8	Micrometrics of powders	 Micromeritics and characterization of powders Shape factors Angle of repose Flowabilityand aging Effect of glidantscompactability Parenteral powders 	1	2	
9	Complexation	 Definition of complexes, donor-acceptor interactions, Lewis acid-base system, types of complexes Metal ion complexes, chelates and organic molecular complexes Inclusion complexes, pharmaceutical applications and quantitative analysis of complexation (stoichiometric ratio determination and association constants 	1	2	
10	Drug and formulation stability	 various types and sources of stability problems and procedure/ protocol for carrying out stability studies of drug substances and their formulations with special reference to ICH guidelines Physical stability testing Highlights on accelerated/ ambient/ controlled physical stability testing of solutions, disperse systems, aerosols, coated/ uncoated tablets, gelatin capsules, and sustained release products Degradation mechanisms. Pharmaceutical stability problems (hydrolysis, oxidation, photodegradation,) First order reactions and second order reactions, integrated rate laws and half-life. Determination of shelf life and recommended storage conditions. 	3	6	
11	Incompatibility	Type of drug incompatibilitiesCauses of drugincompatibilities	1	2	
12		Final exam	1	2	
	Number	of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	16	32	

h	Practical	A amout.
υ-	Fractical	ASDECL.





Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1.	Separation of solid/liquid by Filtration.	1	2	
2.	Reduction size of solid matter by Grinding and Sieving.	1	2	
3.	Separation of solid/liquid by Centrifugation.	1	2	
4.	Separation of liquid/ liquid matter by Extraction.	1	2	
5.	Determination the Solubility.	1	2	
6.	Measurement the surface tension.	1	2	
7.	The role of surfactant on the interfacial tension.	1	2	
8.	Determination the Angle of repose.	1	2	
9.	Determination the Chemical drug incompatibility.	1	2	
10.	Determination the physical drug incompatibility.	1	2	
11.	Determination of order of degradation reaction and calculation of shelf life	2	4	
12.	Measurement of viscosity of different fluids	1	2	
13.	Finalexam	1	2	

II. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Assignment	9	5	5%	
2	Practical Reports	1-13	10	10%	
3	Quizzes	2, 5, 12	5	5%	
4	Written Test (midterm exam)	8	10	10%	
5	Final Exam (practical)	14	20	20%	
6	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	50	50%	
	Total	100	100%		

III. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. Michael E. Aulton, FAAPS, Kevin M.G.(2007). Aulton's Pharmaceutics: The Design and Manufacture of Medicines, Third ed. Elsevier. London, UK.
- 2. Remington (2005). The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, 2first Edition, Williams and Wilkins. Maryland, USA.





2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

1. Ansel and Loyd Allen (2013). Ansel's Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms and Drug Delivery Systems. 10thedition., Williams and Wilkins. Maryland, USA.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

1-www.go.jblearning.com/basicphysicalpharmacy





Course Specification of Physiology I

I.	Course Contents	

1. Course topics and sub-topics (theoretical and practical) with contact hours and alignment to CILOs

Topics/Units of Course Contents

First: Theoretical Aspects

No.	Course Topics/Units	Sub-topics	No. of Weeks	Contact Hours	
1	1-Physiology of the cell. 2-Transport across the cell membrane.	Cell compositions Cell membrane Cytoplasmic organelles Nucleus Movements of molecules across membranes Mechanism of particles and water diffusion across cell membrane	2	4	
2	1-Body fluids, composition, distribution, general functions. 2-Osmosis, tonicity and water balance	n, general functions. Body fluid compartments		4	





		Blood			
		Composition of blood:			
		Plasma			
	1-Composition and functions of	Blood elements			
2	the blood.	Red blood corpuscles	2	4	
3	2- RBCs, Formation and	Most common types of	2	4	
	general functions.	normal and abnormal			
		hemoglobin			
		Anemia: Types of anemia			
		RBCs functions			
4	Midterm		1	2	
		White blood cells			
		Types of leucocytes			
	1- WBCs: structures,	White blood cells			
5	classifications and functions	functions	2	4	
	2- Hemostasis and its disorders	Platelets			
		Hemostasis and WBCs			
		disorders			
	1- Nerve fibers, structures,	The neuron (Nerve cell)			
	classifications,	neuron classification,			
	functions and properties	structure and function			
	of nerves.	Resting and action			
6	2- Resting membrane	potential	3	6	
Ü	potentials, action	Myelin sheath	3		
	potentials and factors	Neuroglia or glial cells			
	affecting them.	General functions of			
	3- Conduction of nerve impulse,	neuroglia			
	neuromuscular transmission.	Types of neuroglia cells			





7	1-Autonomic nervous system, origin, organization, distribution. 1-Autonomic ganglia, chemical transmitters and functions of ANS.	Autonomic (involuntary or visceral) nervous system(ANS) Types of autonomic nervous system	2	4	
8	Final exam		1	2	
	Total number of weeks and hours			32	

2. Practical/Tutorial/Clinical Aspects

Write up practical/tutorial/clinical topics

	1 1			
No.	Practical/Tutorial/Clinical topics	No. of Weeks	Contact Hours	
1	Separation of the blood	1	2	
2	Measurement of the hemoglobin.	1	2	
3	Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR)	1	2	
4	The hematocrit (H)	1	2	
5	Bleeding time and Clotting time	1	2	
6	Blood groups	1	2	
7	The white blood cells	1	2	
,	Total number of weeks and hours	7	14	

II. Assignments and projects:

no	Assignment	CILOs	Week Due	Mark
1	Assignment	a1-a4, b1-b2, d1- d2	9	5





	IV. Learning Assessment:						
No.	Assessment Tasks	Week due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment			
1	Assignments	9	5	5%			
2	Quiz Homework	4	5	5%			
3	Midterm Exam	7	10	10%			
4	Practical Report	ALL	10	10%			
5	Final Exam Practical	14	20	20%			
6	Final Exam Theory	16	50	50%			
	Total		100	100%			

III. Teaching Strategies

The methodologies and teaching and learning strategies that can be used:

- 1 Lectures
- 2 –Discussions (Seminars)





Course Specification of First Aid

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:										
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours						
1.	Introduction to first aid	- Definitions								
	aru	Rules,Responsibility	1	2						
		- Vital signs								
2.	Initial patient assessment	Forming General impressionPrimary and	1	2						
		Secondsurvey								
2	D 110	- SAMPLE history								
3.	Basic life support	- Adult		4						
		 Childand infant 	2							
		- Choking	2	7						
		- Near drawing								
4.	Bleeding and shock	 Internal and external 	1	2						
5	Midterm exam		1	2						
6	Medical emergency and Poisoning	- Management	2	2						
7	Trauma	musculoskeletalInjuries(fracture)WoundsBurn	3	6						
8.	Final exam		1	2						
	Number of Weeks/and	Units Per First Second seme	ester	Number of Weeks/and Units Per First Second semester 24						





II. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Assignments	9	10	10%	
2	Written Test (1)	7	30	30%	
3	Final Exam (theoretical)	1	60	60%	_
			100	100%	

III. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

1-Austen M.2011, First Aid Manual. 9th edition.London

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

1. Crouch R. 2009, Emergency nursing hand bookfirst edition.Oxford University press

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

1-http: www.trauma.org

2-http: BLS.com





Course Specification of Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry I

	Course Spe	chication of Fharmaceutical Organ	inc Chemi;	stry 1			
Course	Content:						
1 – Course Topics/Items:							
a – The	eoretical Aspect:						
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours			
1	Introduction to Organic Chemistry	 ➤ The Origins of Organic Chemistry ➤ Classification of carbon compounds ➤ Classification According to Molecular Framework ■ Acyclic Compounds ■ Carbocyclic Compounds ■ Heterocyclic Compounds ➤ Classification According to Functional Group ➤ Principles of Atomic Structure ➤ Bond Formation: The Octet Rule ➤ How Electrons are Arranged in Atoms ➤ Bonding in organic compounds ➤ Ionic Bonding ➤ The Covalent Bond ➤ Hydrogen Bond ➤ Carbon and the Covalent Bond ➤ Carbon—Carbon Single Bonds ➤ Electronegativity and Bond Polarity ➤ Arrhenius Acids and Bases ➤ Formal Charge ➤ Resonance ➤ Arrow Formalism 	1	2			
2	Orbitals and Orbital Hybridization	 Wave Properties of Electrons in Orbitals Molecular Orbitals The Sigma Bond The Pi Bond 	1	2			





		 ➢ Hybridization and Molecular Shapes ➢ SP3 Hybridization ➢ SP2 Hybridization ➢ SP Hybridization ➢ Drawing Three-Dimensional Molecules ➢ General Rules of Hybridization and Geometry ➢ Bond Rotation 			
3	Alkanes and Cycloalkanes (Paraffinic Hydrocarbons)	 ➢ The Structures of Alkanes ➢ Nomenclature of Organic Compounds ➢ IUPAC Rules for Naming Alkanes ➢ Alkyl and Halogen Substituents ➢ Use of the IUPAC Rules ➢ Sources of Alkanes ➢ Physical Properties of Alkanes and Nonbonding Intermolecular Interactions ➢ Conformations of Alkanes ➢ Cycloalkane Nomenclature and Conformation ➢ Cis—Trans Isomerism in Cycloalkanes ➢ Stabilities of Cycloalkanes; Ring Strain ➢ General Methods of Preparation of Alkanes ➢ Reactions of Alkanes ➢ Oxidation and Combustion; Alkanes as Fuels ➢ Halogenation of Alkanes ■ The Free-Radical Chain Mechanism of Halogenation 	2	4	
4	Alkenes and Dienes	 ➢ Definition and Classification ➢ Nomenclature ➢ Some Facts about Double Bonds ➢ The Orbital Model of a Double Bond; the Pi Bond ➢ Cis-Trans Isomerism in Alkenes ➢ Z-E Isomerism in Alkenes ➢ General methods of Synthesis of Alkenes 	3	6	



		 ➢ Synthesis by Elimination of Alkyl Halides ■ Dehydrohalogenation ■ Debromination of a Vicinal Dibromide ➢ Synthesis by Dehydration of Alcohols ➢ Addition and Substitution Reactions Compared ➢ Addition of Unsymmetric Reagents to Unsymmetric Alkenes; Markovnikov's Rule ➢ Addition Reactions ➢ Addition of Hydrogen ➢ Addition of Halogens 			
5		Midterm exam	1	2	
6	Cont., Alkenes and Dienes	 Cont., Reactions of Alkenes Addition of Water (Hydration) Addition of Acids Oxidation of Alkenes Oxidation with Permanganate Ozonolysis of Alkenes Mechanism of Electrophilic Addition to Alkenes Markovnikov's Rule Explained with Rearrangement Reactions Hydroboration of Alkenes Additions to Conjugated Systems (Dienes) Addition of Hydrogen Addition of Water (Hydration) 	1	2	
7	Alkynes	 ➢ Introduction ➢ Nomenclature of Alkynes ➢ Physical Properties of Alkynes ➢ Some Facts About Triple Bonds ➢ The Orbital Model of a Triple Bond ➢ Electronic Structure of Alkynes ➢ Commercial Importance of Alkynes ➢ Acidity of Alkynes; Formation of Acetylide Ions 	1	2	





		 ➤ Synthesis of Alkynes from Acetylides ➤ Synthesis of Alkynes by Elimination Reactions ➤ Reactions of Alkynes ➤ Addition Reactions of Alkynes ➤ Reduction of an Alkyne ➤ Keto-Enol Tautomerism ➤ Oxidation of Alkynes 			
8	Aromatic Compounds	➤ Some Facts About Benzene ➤ The Kekulé Structure of Benzene ➤ Resonance Model for Benzene ➤ Orbital Model for Benzene ➤ Symbols for Benzene ➤ Symbols for Benzene ➤ Nomenclature of Aromatic Compounds ➤ The Resonance Energy of Benzene ➤ Electrophilic Aromatic Substitution ➤ The Mechanism of Electrophilic Aromatic Substitution ➤ Halogenation ➤ Nitration ➤ Sulfonation ➤ Alkylation ➤ Acylation ➤ Acylation ➤ Ring-Activating and Ring- Deactivating Substituents ➤ Ortho, Para-Directing and Meta-Directing Groups ➤ Ortho, Para-Directing Groups ➤ Meta-Directing Groups ➤ Substituent Effects on Reactivity ➤ The Importance of Directing Effects in Synthesis	3	6	
9		Final exam	1	2	
	Number of Wee	eks/and Units Per Semester	14	28	

b – Practical Aspect: Organic Chemistry I





Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours
1	 Instruction in the laboratory methods of organic chemistry rules and ethics in laboratory. Purification some organic compounds by Filtration 	1	2
2	➤ Purification some organic compounds by Recrystallization	1	2
3	➤ Purification some organic compounds by Sublimation and Simple distillation	1	2
4	➤ Purification some organic compounds by Steam distillation and Determination of Boiling Points	1	2
5	➤ Determination of melting point and mixed melting point	1	2
6	Combustion experiments (benzene and hexane)	1	2
7	> Extraction of caffeine from tea	1	2
8	 The separation of benzoic acid from p - dichloro benzene Separation of methyl orange for methylene blue using a chromatography column (adsorption) 	1	2
9	 acetylsalicylic acid extraction of aspirin tablets extraction of R - (+) - limonene from orange peel and grapefruit. 	1	2
10	➤ Paper chromatography (the separation of a mixture of sugars - the separation of amino acids). thin-layer chromatography (preparation of slides and the separation of dyes from the extract of spinach leaves).	1	2
11	≻ Final Exam	1	2
Number	of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	11	22

b - PracticalAspect :					
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs	
1	Purification some organic compounds by -Filtration	1	2	a1, c1, c3, d1-3	
2	Purification some organic compounds by -Recrystallization	1	2	a2, c1, c3, d2-4	
3	-Purification some organic compounds by Sublimation	1	2	a1, c1, c3	
4	Purification some organic compounds by Simple distillation	1	2	a1, c1, c3, d4	
5	Purification some organic compounds by Steam distillation	1	2	a1, c1, c3, d2	
6	-Determination of melting point and mixed melting point	1	2	c1, c3, d1-4	
7	Determination of Boiling Points,	1	2	a1, c1, c3, d3	
8	Combustion experiments (benzene and hexane)	1	2	a1, c1, c4	
9	Lassaigne's test, detection of sulpher,	1	2	a1, c1, c2, d1, d2	





10	Detection of halogen.	1	2	c1, c2, d1-4
11	Detection of nitrogen.	1	2	a1, c1, c2
12	Final Exam	1	2	c1-4, d1-4
Number	of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	11	22	

I. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Project (single\group)	2, 8	5	5%	
2	Practical reports	1-9	10	10%	
3	Oral Tests	5, 9	5	5%	
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	
6	Final Exam (practical)	10	20	20%	
7			100	100%	

II. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- R. T. Morrison and R. N. Boyd, Organic Chemistry, 2002, 6th edition, Pearson Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
- 2- Francis A. Carey and Richard J. Sundberg, Advanced Organic Chemistry; Part B: Reactions and Synthesis, 2001, 4thedition, Wiley and Sons., Inc. New York.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1. I. L. Finar, Organic Chemistry: The Fundamental Principles, 1963, Fourthedition, longman green and company ltd. London.
- 2. John McMurry." Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry " 2011, Seventh Edition, Brooks/Cole 20 Davis Drive, Belmont.
- 3. Jerry and March, Advanced Organic Chemistry; reaction, mechanism and structure, 2007, 6th edition, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey
- 4. Janice Gorzynski Smith." Organic Chemistry", 2011, Third Edition, McGraw-Hill, a business unit of The McGraw-Hill Companies, New York.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

1- www.orgsyn.org

2-





3-

Second year: second semester





Course Specification of Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry II

Course Content:

- 1 Course Topics/Items:
- a Theoretical Aspect:

a – 1110	a – Theoretical Aspect:						
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs		
1	Organic Halogen Compounds	 Definition Classification Nomenclature Physical Properties Interesting Alkyl Halides The Polar Carbon-Halogen Bond General methods of Synthesis of Organic Halogen Compounds Nucleophilic Substitution Reaction Examples of Nucleophilic Substitutions The Leaving Group The Nucleophile Nucleophilic Substitution Mechanisms The SN2 Mechanism The SN1 Mechanism Stereochemistry of the SN2 and SN1 Reaction The SN1 and SN2 Mechanisms Compared Elimination Reaction The E2 Mechanism The Zaitsev Rule The E1 Mechanism Stereochemistry of the E2 Reaction Substitution and Elimination in Competition 	3	6			
2	Alcohols, Phenols and Thiols	 Definition Classification Nomenclature of Alcohols, Phenols and Thiols Hydrogen Bonding in Alcohols and Phenols Physical Properties Acidity and Basicity Reviewed The Acidity of Alcohols and Phenols The Basicity of Alcohols and Phenols Preparation of Alcohols The Grignard Reagent; an Organometallic Compound 	2	4			





		 General Features—Reactions of Alcohols Dehydration of Alcohols to Alkenes The Reaction of Alcohols with Hydrogen Halides Prepare Alkyl Halides from Alcohols Oxidation of Alcohols to Aldehydes, Ketones, and Carboxylic Acids Alcohols with More Than One Hydroxyl Group Aromatic Substitution in Phenols Oxidation of Phenols Phenols as Antioxidants Thiols, the Sulfur Analogs of Alcohols and Phenols 			
3		Midterm Exam	1	2	
4	Ethers and Epoxides	 Definition Classification Nomenclature of Ethers Physical Properties of Ethers Ethers as Solvents Preparation of Ethers Reaction Ethers with Strong Acid Epoxides Cleavage of Ethers 	1	2	
5	Aldehydes and Ketones	 Definition Nomenclature of Aldehydes and Ketones Some Common Aldehydes and Ketones Aldehydes and Ketones in Nature The Carbonyl Group Preparation of Aldehydes and Ketones Reactions of Aldehydes and Ketones Nucleophilic Addition to Carbonyl Groups Addition of Alcohols: Formation of Hemiacetals and Acetals Addition of Water; Hydration of Aldehydes and Ketones Addition of Grignard Reagents and Acetylides Addition of Hydrogen Cyanide; Cyanohydrins Addition of Nitrogen Nucleophiles Reduction of Carbonyl Compounds Oxidation of Carbonyl Compounds Keto-Enol Tautomerism 	2	4	





Final Exam Annides Application: The Mechanism of Action of β-Lactam Antibiotics 1 2	6	Carboxylic Acids and Their Derivatives		2	4	
Number of Weeks/and Units Per semester 14 28	,		CW 1 / 1H ' D			

	b – Practical Aspect: Organic Chemistry II :						
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours				
1	➤ Identification of Alcohols	1	2				
2	➤ Identification of aldehyde and ketones	1	2				
3	➤ Identification of carboxylic acids	1	2				
4	➤ Identification of amines	1	2				
5	➤ Fisher method of esterification(preparation of ethylacetate)	1	2				
6	➤ Preparation of acetamide	1	2				





7	➤ Hydrolysis of acetamide	1	2
8	> Detection of halogen and Detection of nitrogen.	2	4
9	➤ Preparation of benzoic acid oxidation of benzyl alcohol	1	2
10	Final exam	1	2
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	22	

b - Pı	b - PracticalAspect:						
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours				
1	Identification of Alcohols	1	2				
2	Identification of aldehyde and ketones	1	2				
3	Identification of carboxylic acids	1	2				
4	Identification of amines	1	2				
5	Fisher method of esterification(preparation of ethylacetate)	1	2				
6	Preparation of acetamide	1	2				
7	Hydrolysis of acetamide	1	2				
8	Introduction to use of stereo models	2	4				
9	Final exam	1	2				
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semeste	r0	20				

	I. Assessment Tasks:				
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Project (single\group)	2, 8	5	5%	
2	Practical reports	1-9	10	10%	
3	Oral Tests	5, 9	5	5%	
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	





6	Final Exam (practical)	10	20	20%	
7			100	100%	

	_		_	
П.	Learn	ing	Resources:	

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- R. T. Morrison and R. N. Boyd, Organic Chemistry, 2002, 6th edition, Pearson Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
- 2- K.-H. Hellwich · C. D. Siebert, "Stereochemistry Workbook" 2006, Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, Berlin.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1. I. L. Finar, Organic Chemistry: The Fundamental Principles, 1963, Fourthedition, longman green and company ltd. London.
- 2. John McMurry." Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry " 2011, Seventh Edition, Brooks/Cole 20 Davis Drive, Belmont.
- 3. Jerry and March, Advanced Organic Chemistry; reaction, mechanism and structure, 2007, 6th edition, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey
- 4. Janice Gorzynski Smith." Organic Chemistry", 2011, Third Edition, McGraw-Hill, a business unit of The McGraw-Hill Companies, New York.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

1-www.orgsyn.org





Course Specification of Analytical Chemistry II

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Redox titration:	Theory of redox reactions, strength and equivalent weights of oxidizing agents and reducing agents, redox titration curves, redox indicators, titration involving potassium permagnate, cerricsulphate potassium iodate, potassium bromate, titanous chloride, sodium 2, 6-dichlorophenol indophenol. Iodometry and iodimetry, Pharmaceutical application of redox titrations- Pharmaceutical applications	2	4	
2	Potentiometry	Theoretical consideration, Measurement of potential, Instrumentation, Reference and indicator electrodes, ion selective electrodes, potentiometric titrations, location of end point, equipment, analytical application direct measurement of mean concentration, differential curve, determination of solubility product	2	4	
3	Gravimetric Methods of analysis:	Overview of Gravimetry Types of Gravimetric Methods Conservation of Mass Why Gravimetry Is Important Precipitation Gravimetry	3	6	





		Theory and Practice			
		Sparingly soluble substances,			
		Solubility product and common ion			
		effect, factors affecting solubility,			
		fractional precipitation, quantitative			
		precipitation, condition for			
		precipitation, contamination of			
		precipitate-co precipitation and post			
		precipitation, practical aspects of			
		gravimetric analysis-precipitation,			
		digestion, filtration, washing,			
		drying/ignition of precipitate,			
		introduction to thermogravimerty			
		Quantitative Applications			
		Qualitative Applications			
		Volatilization Gravimetry			
		Theory and Practice			
		Quantitative Applications			
		Evaluating Volatilization Gravimetry			
		Particulate Gravimetry			
		Theory and Practice			
		Quantitative Applications			
		Evaluating Precipitation Gravimetry			
				_	
4	Midterm		1	2	
		Theory of precipitation titration,			
5	Precipitation	Mohrs method, Volhard's method,	1	2	
	titration:	Adsorption indicators.Pharmaceutical			
		application			
	Complexometric	Concepts of complexation and			
6	titration:	chelation, Werner's co-ordination	3	6	
		number, stability of complexes,			





		titrants, titration curves, types of			
		complexometric titrations, methods of			
		end point detection, metallochromic			
		indicators, metal ion buffer, titration			
		selectivity - masking and demasking,			
		Applications			
		Principle of gas analysis, Hemple's			
7	Gas analysis:	apparatus, absorbants in gas analysis, applications – assay of oxygen, carbon dioxide, nitrous oxide.	1	2	
8	Final exam		1	2	
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semester4				

b - P	b - PracticalAspect:					
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours			
1	Preparation and standardization of potassium permangnatesolution	1	2			
2	Preparation and standardization of ceric ammonium sulphatesolution	1	2			
3	Preparation and standardization of potassium iodidesolution	1	2			
4	Assay of phenol	1	2			
5	Assay of hydrogen peroxide	1	2			
6	Preparation and standardization of ammonium thiocynate solution.	1	2			
7	Preparation and standardization of a silver nitrate solution.	1	2			
8	Assay of potassium chloride.	1	2			
9	Assay of sodium chloride.	1	2			
10	Preparation and standardization of EDTA solution	1	2			
11	Assay of Calcium lactate	1	2			
12	Final exam	1	2			





Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	24	
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II. Assessment Tasks:

No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Project (single\group)	2, 8	5	5%	
2	Practical reports	1-9	10	10%	
3	Oral Tests	5, 9	5	5%	
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	
6	Final Exam (practical)	10	20	20%	
7			100	100%	

III. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- Douglas A. Skoog, Donald M. West, F. James Holler and Stanley R. Crouch Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry, 2004, 8th edition, Thomson Brooks/Cole, Belmont, USA.
- 2- F.W. Fifield and D. Kealey, "Principles and Practice of Analytical Chemistry" Fifth Edition, 2000, Blackwell Science, London.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- DEAN'S Analytical Chemistry Handbook, 2004, Secondedition, McGraw-Hill Handbooks, New York, USA.
- 2- SomenathMitra, Sample Preparation Techniques in Analytical Chemistry, 2003, A John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Publication, Canada.
- 3- K. Danzer, Analytical ChemistryTheoretical and Metrological Fundamentals, 2007, Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1-The Analytical Abstracts database (http://www.rsc.org/CFAA/AASearchPage.cfm)
- 2- The Analytical Forum on ChemWeb (http://analytical.chemweb.com/search/search.exe)





Course Specification of Pharmaceutics II

I. Course Content:

- 1 Course Topics/Items:
 - a Theoretical Aspect:

	a – Theoretical Aspect:				
No	Topic/ unit	unit Sub topic			
formulation studies 1 • Exc. • Sele		its effect on formulation like O Physical form O Particle size O Shape O Densityand angle of repose O Wetting O Dielectric constant O Solubility O Dissolution O Organoleptic properties			
2	Solution	 Introduction Classification of pharmaceutical solution Aqueous solution Non aqueous solution Formulation (vehicles used and additives) Isotonicity Stability of solution Manufacture of solution 			
3	Suspension • Advantages and disadvantages • Pharmaceutical application of suspension • Types of suspensions • Formulation of suspension • Difference between Flocculation, deflocculation. • Factors affecting sedimentation rate of suspension. • Formulation of various types of suspensions. • flocculating agents • Viscosity modifiers				





		Formulation additivesStability testing of suspension			
4	Emulsion	 Emulsion types Emulsion uses Identification of emulsion type Emulsion formulation Choice of emulsion type, and oil phase Emulsion consistency Choice of emulsifying agent Preparation of emulsion Classification of emulsifying agents Stability of emulsion Stability testing of emulsion 			
5		Final exam			
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester				

Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Weights and measures, Containers, closures and Labeling	1	2	
2	Preparation Lugol's solution/ Potassium permanganate 0.2%	1	2	
3	Preparation Paracetamol elixir	1	2	
4	Preparation sodium bicarbonateEar drops/ chloramphenicol eye drops	1	2	
5	Midterm exam	1	2	
6	Preparation Simple syrup/ cough syrup	1	2	
7	Starch mucilage.	1	2	
8	Preparation of Calamine lotion	1	2	
9	Preparation of chloramphenicol suspension	1	2	
10	Preparation of mineral oil emulsion/ Liquid paraffin emulsion.	1	2	
11	Preparation Castor oil emulsion/ Cod liver oil emulsion.	1	2	
12	Final exam	1	2	
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester			

II. Assessment Tasks:					
No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Assignment	9	5	5%	





2	Practical Reports	7	10	10%	
3	Quizzes	2, 5, 12	5	5%	
4	Written Test (midterm exam)	8	10	10%	
5	Final Exam (practical)	14	20	20%	
6	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	50	50%	
	Total		100	100%	

III. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. Michael E. Aulton, FAAPS, Kevin M.G.(2007). Aulton's Pharmaceutics: The Design and Manufacture of Medicines, Third ed. Elsevier. London, UK.
- 2. Remington (2005). The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, 2first Edition, Williams and Wilkins. Maryland, USA.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

2. Ansel and Loyd Allen (2013). Ansel's Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms and Drug Delivery Systems. 10thedition., Williams and Wilkins. Maryland, USA.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

1-www.go.jblearning.com/basicphysicalpharmacy





Course Specification of Physiology II

	I. Course Contetns									
	Topics/Units of Course Contents									
First	First: Theoretical Aspects									
No ·	Course Topics/Units	Sub-topics	No. of Week	Cont act Hour s						
1	 1- Introduction to cardiovascula r system 2- Heart and its properties 3- Blood pressure 	 Physiologicalanatomy, pulmonary and systemic circulation Properties of cardiac muscle, introduction to ECG. Heart sounds, cardiac cycle and cardiac output. Blood pressure and factor Determining and maintaining it. 	3	6						
2	Lymph system	Lymph and lymphatic: formation and functions.	1	2						
3	1- Introduction to respiratory system.	to respiratory to respiratory - Exchange and transport		4						
4	Mi	dterm	1	2						





5	The kidney and its units	Functional anatomy of the kidneys. Mechanisms of urine formation. Renal clearance and glomerular filtration rate (GFR). Regulation of acid-base balance	2	4	
6	Endocrine system	by the kidneys. Introduction to endocrine system: endocrine glands and their functions.	2	4	
7	Reproductive system Introduction to reproductive: male and female reproductive system. Menstrual cycle		2	4	
	Central nervous system Central nervous system. Physiology of pain.		1	2	
8	8 Final exam				
	Total number of v	15	30		

Second: Practical/Tutorial/Clinical Aspects

Write up practical/tutorial/clinical topics

,	whice up practical tutorius crimical topics						
No.	Practical/Tutorial/Clinical topics	No. of Weeks	Contact Hours				
1	Puke Rate+ Respiration	1	2				
2	Blood Pressure	1	2				
3	Measurement of temperatare + hearing	1	2				
4	Blood Glucose Test	1	2				
5	Vision.	1	2				
6	ECG	1	2				
7	Enzyme	1	2				





8	Bile Juice	1	2	
9	Final Exam	1	2	
Total number of weeks and hours		9	18	

	II. Learning Assessment:							
No.	Assessment Tasks	Week due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned CILOs			
1	Assignments	3, 6, 8,	5	5%				
		11						
2	Midterm Exam Quizzes and	7	10	15%				
	Homework							
3	Practical Reports	All	10	10%				
4	Final Exam Practical	14	20	20%				
5	Final Exam Theory	16	50	50%				
	Total		100	100%				

III. Learning Resources:

(Author, (Year), Book Title, Edition, Publisher, Country of publishing)

Textbooks-not more than 2

- 1- Text book of medical physiology, Guyton and Hall, 12th Ed 2010, MississippiMedical Center, Jackson, Mississippi, USA
- 2- Essentials of Human Physiology for Pharmacy, Laurie Kelly first Ed. 2005, CRC Press, Pharmacy Education series

Essential References-not less than 4

- 1- Textbook: Human Physiology, 13th Ed. Stuart Ira Fox
- 2- Anatomy and Physiology, Fifth Ed. Thibodeahandpatton 1999.
- 3- A–Z of Haematology first Ed. Barbara J. Bain and Rajeev Gupta, Blackwell Publishing Ltd. London 2003.





- 4- Textbook of Anatomy and Physiology. William Arnould-Taylor and Nelson Thornes, 1998)
- 5- Human Anatomy and Physiology 13th Ed. David Shier 2012

Electronic Materials and Web Sites

- 1. www.csun.edu/science/biology/anatomy/anatomy.html
- 2. www.cliffsnotes.com
- 3. www.innerbody.com
- 4. www.anatomyandphysiology.com/
- 5. www.mhhe.com/biosci2/anatomyrevealed
- 6. www.le.ac.uk/pa/teach/va/anatomy





Course Specification of Histology

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

a Theoretical Tispeeti						
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs	
1	Microscopy and Microtechniques		1	2		
2	Epithelial tissue	Simple epithelium Stratified epithelium Glandular epithelium Neuroepithelium	2	4		
3	Connective tissue	Connective tissue proper Cartilage Bone	2	4		
4	Blood	Granular leukocyte Non granular leukocyte Platelet Heamopoiesis	1	2		
5	Mild term exam		1	2		
6	Muscular tissue	Skeletal muscle Cardiac muscle Smooth muscle	1	2		
7	Nervous tissue	Neuron Peripheral nervous system	1	2		
8	Circulatory system	The blood vessels	1	2		
9	Lymphatic and macrophage system	Lymphatic vessels Lymph node The spleen	1	2		





		The tonsils			
		The thymus			
		The macrophage system			
10	Integumentary system	Skin Thick skin Thin skin Skin appendages	1	2	
11	Revision		1	2	
12	Final exam		1	2	
N	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester			28	

b - Practical Aspect:

Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	Microscopy and Microtechniques	1	2	
2	Epithelial tissue	1	2	
3	Connective tissue	1	2	
4	Blood	1	2	
5	Muscular tissue	1	2	
6	Nervous tissue	1	2	
7	Circulatory system	1	2	
8	Lymphatic and macrophage system	1	2	
9	Integumentary system	1	2	
10	Revision	1	2	
11	Final exam	1	2	
N	Number of Weeks /and Units Per Semester			

VIII. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Exercises & Home works	3	2.5	2.5%	
2	Project (single\group)	4	2.5	2.5%	
3	Practical reports	1-10	10	10%	





4	Mid Exam	8	15	15%	
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	
6	Final Exam (practical)	11	20	20%	
7			100	100%	

II. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- -Histology and cell biology for medical students part 1 and part 2, 2013 staff members of histology department faculty of medicine Cairo university.
- 2- Anthony Mescher 2013. Basic Histology: Text and Atlas, Thirteenth Edition: 9780071780339, 2013.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Functional histology
- 2- Histological techniques

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

1- www.histology.com





Course Specification of Botany

I.Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

 $a-Theoretical\ Aspect:$

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	The Plant Kingdom; Seedless Plants	There Are Four Major Groups Of Plants	1	2	
2	Plant Structure, Growth, And Differentiation	Roots, Stems, Leaves, Flowers, And Fruits Made Up The Plant Body. Is Composed Of Cells And Tissues	2	4	
3	Leaf Structure And Function	The Leaf Consists Of An Epidermis, Ground Tissue, And Vascular Tissue. Leaf Structure Differs In Dicots And Monocots.	2	4	
4	Stems And Plant Transport and midterm	-Water And Minerals Are Transported In Xylem, While Sugars Are Transported In Phloem.	3	6	
5	Roots And Mineral Nutrition	-There Are Two Basic Types Of Root Systems	2	4	
6	Reproduction In Flowering Plants	Fertilization Is Followed By Seed And Fruit Development	2	4	





7	Growth Responses And Regulation Of Growth		2	4	
8	Final Exam		1	2	
Nu	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester			30	

b - P	b - Practical Aspect:				
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours		
1	The plant kingdom; seedless plants	2	4		
2	Plant structure, growth, and differentiation	2	4		
3	Leaf structure and function	2	4		
4	Stems and plant transport	2	4		
5	Roots and mineral nutrition	2	4		
6	Reproduction in flowering plants	2	4		
7	Final exam	1	2		
Number	r of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	13	26		

	II.Assessment Tasks:					
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment		
1	Project (single\group)	2, 8	5	5%		
2	Practical reports	1-10	10	10%		
3	Oral Tests	5, 9	5	5%		
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%		
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%		
6	Final Exam (practical)	11	20	20%		
7			100	100%		





III.Learning Resources:

1- Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. Sylvia/S.Mader 2012, Human Biology, 1th Edition (McGraw-Hill) N.Y.USA.
- 2. E.Solomon, L.Berg, D.Martin 2008 Biology 8th edition (Thomson Brooks Cole, Belmont.U.S.A College Publishing)

2- Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1. Bruce Albert, Alexander Johnson, Peter Walter (2008), Molecular biology of the cell, Fifth edition, (Garland Science), New York. U.S.A.
- 2. Cecie Starr (1997), Basic concept in biology Third edition, (International Thomson Publishing Company), Belmont, U.S.A.
- 3. Shuaa Al-Yousufy (1994), Cell structure and function, (Qatar Publishing Library), Qatar.
- 4. Aish Zaytoon (1996), Human biology, (National Publishing Library), Jordan.

3- Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

1. Power Point Lectures for Biology, concepts and connections 6th edition by Campbell, Reece, Taylor, Simon and Dickey 2012.





Third year: first semester





Course Specification of Pharmaceutics III

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

No	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Numb er of	Conta		
1	Parenteral preparation	 Route of administration of injection Types ofWater for injection Pyrogenecity Non-aqueous vehicles Isotonicity and methods of adjustment Formulation of injection (the vehicles, osmotic pressure, pH, specific gravity, suspension for injection, emulsion for injection) Containers and closures selection Methods of Sterilization 	weeks 3	hours 6		
2	Ophthalmic preparation	 Principles of ocular drug absorption. Ophthalmic solution. Ophthalmic suspension. Ophthalmic ointments. Ocuserts (ophthalmic inserts) Examples of drugs used to treat certain eye diseases. 	1	2		
3	Therapeutic aerosols	 Definition and uses of therapeutic aerosols. Instability of aerosols Deposition of aerosols in the human respiratory tract. Formulation and generation of aerosols Pressurized packages Type of propellants Containers Formulation aspects Performance of pressurized packages as inhalation aerosol generators Air-blast nebulizers Dry powder generators Methods of preparation Evaluation methods Leaking and pressure testing of containers. 	2	4		





		 Output, drug concentration and dose delivered and particle Size analysis 			
4		Midterm exam	1	2	
5	Semisolid dosage forms	 Skin anatomy and physiology Percutaneous absorption and factors affecting it. Ointments Classification of ointment bases Additives included in ointment bases Methods of Preparation of ointments and packaging. Some examples of medicated ointments Creams definition Classification of creams Some examples of medicated creams Pastes Definition Composition Examples of medicated pastes Gels Composition and uses Evaluation of drug release from ointment and cream bases. 	4	8	
6	Suppositories	 Introduction Advantages and disadvantages Anatomy and physiology of rectum Factors affecting rectal drug absorption. Shapes and size of suppositories. Types of suppository bases. Methods of Preparation of suppositories. Displacement value Calibration of suppository mold with bases. 	2	4	
7		Final exam	1	2	
	Number	of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	14	28	

b - PracticalAspect:						
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours			
1	Yellow Simple ointment (ointment base)	1	2			
2	Preparation of emulsifying ointment	1	2			





3	Preparation of white field/cetrimide ointment	1	2	
4	Preparation of atropine sulfate eye ointment 1%	1	2	
5	Preparation of Absorption ointment Base	1	2	
6	Preparation of W/O Emulsion ointment Base (Cold Cream type base)	1	2	
7	Preparation of O/W Emulsion Base (Hydrophilic Ointment)	1	2	
8	Preparation of Water Soluble Base (PEG)	1	2	
9	Aqueous cream/ Sulfur and salicylic acid cream.	1	2	
10	Zinc gelatin paste (Unna's paste).	1	2	
11	Calibration of suppository mold using different bases Calculation of displacement value	1	2	
12	Preparation of acetaminophen suppositories	1	2	
13	Final exam	1	2	
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semester3		26	

II. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Assignment	9	5	5%	
2	Practical Reports	1-12	10	10%	
3	Quizzes	2, 5, 12	5	10%	
4	Written Test (midterm exam)	8	10	10%	
5	Final Exam (practical)	14	20	20%	
6	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	50	50%	
	Total		100	100%	

III. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. Michael E. Aulton, FAAPS, Kevin M.G.(2007). Aulton's Pharmaceutics: The Design and Manufacture of Medicines, Third ed. Elsevier. London, UK.
- 2. Remington (2005). The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, 2first Edition, Williams and Wilkins. Maryland, USA.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

1. Ansel and Loyd Allen (2013). Ansel's Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms and Drug Delivery Systems. 10thedition., Williams and Wilkins. Maryland, USA.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.





1-www.go.jblearning.com/basicphysicalpharmacy
2-
3-

Course Specification of Biochemistry I

I	. Course Con	tent:			
1 –	Course Topics/Item				
	a – Theoretical As	spect:			
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Introduction to Biochemistry	 Definition and importance of biochemistry Cell types and structure 	1	3	
2	Carbohydrate biochemistry	 Definition, classification and properties Isomerism Monosaccharides Oligosaccharides Polysaccharides 	3	9	
3	Protein biochemistry and Midterm exam (1)	 Definition, importance, classification and properties Amino acids Peptides Proteins (simple, conjugated, derived) Protein structure and denaturation 	3	9	
4	Lipid biochemistry	 Definition, importance, classification and properties Fatty acids Waxes Compound lipids (phospholipids, glycolipids, 5. Derived lipids (cholesterol, steroids and bile acids) 	3	9	
5	nucleic acid biochemistry	 Definition, importance, classification and properties Purines and pyrimidines Nucleotides and nucleosides DNA structure, properties and types RNA structure, properties and types 	2	6	





6	vitamins biochemistry	 Definition, importance, classification and properties Fat soluble vitamins (sources, roles, deficiencies and RDA) Water soluble vitamins (sources, roles, deficiencies and RDA) 	1	3	
7	Enzymes	 Definition, importance, classification and properties Enzyme inhibition 	1	3	
8	Final exam		1	3	
	Number of Weeks	/and Units Per Semester	15	54	

b - PracticalAspect:					
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours		
1	Introduction to lab safety and Qualitative analyses of carbohydrate	3	9		
2	Qualitative analyses of lipids	3	9		
3	Qualitative analyses of proteins	3	9		
4	Qualitative analyses of nucleic acids	1	3		
5	Qualitative analyses of vitamins	1	3		
6	Final exam	1	3		
Nun	Number of Weeks/and Units Per First Second semester				

	II. Assessment Tasks:				
No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Assignment (single\group)	10	5	5%	
2	Quizzes	3, 5, 9, 11	5	5%	
3	Written Test	7	10	10%	





4	Practical reports	All	10	10%	
5	Final Exam (practical)	12	20	20%	
6	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	
			100	100%	

III.	Learning Resources:
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1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. MALLIKARJUNA RAO, (2008). Medical Biochemistry. Secondedition, New Age International Limited Publisher, New Delhi, India.
- 2. John Baynes and Marek Dominiczak, 2014. Medical Biochemistry With STUDENT CONSULT Online Access. Fourthedition, Elsevier limited, China.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1. Chatterjea MN and Shinde R, (2007). Textbook of Medical Biochemistry, 7th edition, JAYPEE BROTHERS, New Delhi, India.
- 2. Champe PC, Harvey RA, Ferrier DR (2008). Lippincott's Reviews of Biochemistry, Fourthedition, Lippincott William and Wilkins, London, UK.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1- http://bcs.whfreeman.com/biochem5/default.asp
- 2- http://www.biochemistry.org/
- 3- http://www.wiley.com/college/boyer/0470003790/animations/animations.htm
- 4- http://www.wiley.com/college/fob/anim/

Course Specification of Pharmaceutical Microbiology I

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

	u 1110101011111111111111111111111111111						
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours			
1	Introduction in microbiology	- Importance of microorganisms Medical terms in microbiology	1	3			
2	Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes	- Comparison	1	3			
3	Bacterial structure	- Components - Function	1	3			
4	Classification of bacteria Morphology of bacteria		1	3			
5	Bacterial metabolism	Growth requirements	1	3			





6	Bacterial Pathogenicity	The virulence factors Transmission routes of bacterial infection	1	3	
7	Middle exam		1	3	
8	Bacterial infections	- Common bacterial diseases - Stages of infection	1	3	
9	Normal bacterial flora	- Types - Function	1	3	
10	Antimicrobial agents	Sources of antibacterial agenTypes of antibiotics	1	3	
11	Antimicrobial agents	 - Mechanisms of action of antibiotics - Resistance of bactor antibiotics 	1	3	
12	Antimicrobial agents	MIC, MBC	1	3	
13	Fungi	- General Characteristics and - Importance	1	3	
14	Fungi	-Morphology of fungi		3	
15	Mycoses	-Classification - Pathology, - Clinical significance, - Treatment	1	3	
16	Final exam		1	3	
	Number of Weeks/and	Units Per Semester		48	

b - F	racticalAspect:			
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs





1	Infection control polices in microbiology lab	1	2	
1	Infection control polices in microbiology lab	1	Z	
2	Preparation and sterilization of culture media	1	2	
3	Inoculation and incubation of culture media	1	2	
4	Examination of culture Preparation of smear	1	2	
5	Gram staining	1	2	
6	Microscopic examination of isolates	1	2	
7	Biochemical tests	1	2	
8	Antimicrobial susceptibility test	1	2	
9	Antimicrobial susceptibility test	1	2	
10	Determination of the minimal inhibitory concentration (MIC) and minimum bactericidal concentration (MBC)	1	2	
11	Media, techniques, and incubation used for culturing fungi	1	2	
12	Microscopic examination of fungi	1	2	
13	Collection of specimens and diagnosis of dermatophytoses	1	2	
14	Final exam	1	2	
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester		28	

II. Assessment Tasks:

No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Exercises and Home works, Quizzes	2	5	5%	
2	Project	4	5	5%	
3	Practical Reports	All	10	10%	
4	Written Test	6	10	10%	
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	50	50%	
6	Final Exam (practical)	15	20	20%	
7			100	100%	





III. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. Harvey RA, Champe PA, Strol WA, Rouse h, Fisher BD. Lippincott's Illustrated Reviews Microbiology (2001). Lippincott Williams and Wilkins. Philadelphia.
- 2. Kar A. Pharmaceutical Microbiology. (2008). New age international publisher. New Delhi.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- Winn W, Allen S, Janda W, Koneman E, Procop G, Schreckenberger P, and Woods G. Koneman's Color Atlas and Textbook of Diagnostic Microbiology. (2006)6th edition.Lippincott Williams and Wilkins.
- Cheesbrough M. Medical laboratory manual for tropical countries. ELBS with Butterworth-Heinemann, University press, Cambridge, UK. Vol. II. Microbiology.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK7627/ www.cdc.gov/ www.textbookofbacteriology.net/ www.wsmicrobiology.com

www.microbiologyonline.org.uk

www.asm.org





Course Specification of Pharmacognosy I

I.Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

	a – Theoretical Aspect:						
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours			
1	Introduction to pharmacognosy	 -Definition and importance of pharmacognosy. - Nomenclature and classification of crude drugs. - Cultivation and collection of Medicinal drugs. 	1	3			
2	Production of drugs:	Drying, preservation and protection of crude drugs.Adultration of drugs.	1	3			
3	Chemistry of crude drugs	- The food storage products and the products of metabolism.	1	3			
		 Introduction to morphological and anatomical description of the leaves Study of Digitalis, Senna, Guava, Eucalptus leaves 	1	3			
4	4 Leaves	- Study of Stramonium, Belladonna, Egyptian henbane, Buchu and Boldo leaves	1	3			
		- Study of Coca, Jaborandi, Uva-Ursi, Ivy, Tea and Henna leaves.	1	3			
5		Mid exam	1	3			
6	Barks	 Introduction to morphological and anatomical description of the barks Study of Cinchona, Cinnamon, Cassia, Cascara barks. 	1	3			
7		- Study of Frangula, Quillaia, Pomegranate, Hamamelis baks and Galls	1	3			





8	Subterranean organs	- Introduction to subterranean organs (roots, rhizomes, bulbs, corms, tubers) - study of Rauwolfia, Liquorice, Ipecacuanha and Senega	1	3	
Ü		- Study of Ginger, Valerian, Filix-mas, Jalap and Aconite		3	
		- Study of Colchicum, Rhubarb, Squill, Curcuma and Podophylum.	1	3	
9	Herbs	 Introduction herbs. Study of Ergot, Indian hemp, Catharanthus, Lobelia, peppermint and thyme herbs 	1	3	
10		Final exam	1	3	
Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semester4					

b - P	b - PracticalAspect:					
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours			
1	Introduction, Laboratory safety measures - The use of light microscope and study types of stomata	1	2			
2	Microscopical identification of starch (Potato, Maiz and Wheat)	1	2			
3	Morphology - microscopical identification of Senna, Stramonium and Egyptian henbane leaves	1	2			
4	Morphology - microscopical identification of Henna, Ivy and Guava leaves	1	2			
5	Morphology - microscopical identification of	1	2			





	Eucalyptus and Tea leaves			
6	Morphology - microscopical identification of Cassia and Cinnamon.	1	2	
7	Morphology - microscopical identification of Pomegranate and Galls	1	2	
8	Morphology - microscopical identification of Liquorice and Rhubarb	1	2	
9	Morphology - microscopical identification of Ginger and Curcuma	1	2	
10	Morphology - microscopical examination of medicinal herbs;Peppermint and Thyme herbs Indian hemp herbs	1	2	
11	Final Exam	1	2	
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semester1			

II. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Seminar and project	5, 9, 11	5	5%	
2	Practical Reports	1-10	10	10%	
3	Quizzes	4, 6, 10	5	5%	
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	
5	Final Exam (practical)	11	20	20%	
6	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	

III.Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- Evans W.C., Evans D. and Trease E., Saunders "Trease and Evans 'Pharmacognosy" (2009); 16th ed. Elsevier, New York
- 2- Singh, G.K and Bhandari, A. "Textbook of Pharmacognosy" (2000); first ed., reprint (2008).CBS publisher and Distributers, New Delhi, India.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Sharma, V.D. and Pandey, S.K. "Pharmacognosy Practical Notebook" (2007); first ed. CBS publisher and Distributers, New Delhi, Bangalore, India.
- 2- Raje, V.N. "Pharmacognosy" (2010); first ed. CBS publisher and Distributers Pvt Ltd., New Delhi, Bangalore, Pune, Kochi, Chennai.





3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1-http://pages.intnet.mu/webpam/Pharmacognosy.htm
- 2- http://www.phcog.org/
- 3- http://www.botanical.com





Course Specification of Pharmacology I

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	C-ILOs
1	General Introduction of Pharmacology	Introduction to Pharmacology Pharmacokinetics	3	9	
		Pharmacodynamics			
		Introduction			
		Sympathomimetic Drugs			
		Sympatholytic Drugs		15	
2	Autonomic Nervous System first part	Para- sympathomimetic Drugs	5		
		Para-sympatholytic Drugs			
		Autonomic Ganglia			
3	Midterm E	Exam	1	2	
4	Anti-inflammatory Drugs	Introduction Non-Steroidal Anti- inflammatory Drugs	2	6	
5	Autacoids	Histamine and its antagonists Serotonin and its antagonists	1	3	
6	Final Exam	J	1	3	
	Number of Weeks/and Un	45			

	II. Assessment Tasks:							
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment				
1	Assignment/ Presentation	6	5	5%				





2	Quizzes	4 - 8	5	5%	
3	Written Test (1)	7	30	30%	
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	15	60	60%	
	Total		100	100%	

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1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- M.A. Clark, R. Finkel, J.A. Rey, K. Whalen (2009)Lippincott's Illustrated Reviews of Pharmacology, *11th edition*, Lippincott's Williams and Wilkins, Philadelphia.
- 2- B.G. Katzung, S.B. Masters, A.J. Trevor (2012)Basic and Clinical Pharmacology, *Fifth edition*, Mc Graw Hill Lange, U.S.A.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- H.P. Rang, M.M. Dale, J.M. Ritter, R.J. Flower (2007) Rand and Dale's Pharmacology, *6th edition*, Churchill Livingstone Elsevier, Philadelphia.
- 2- Lectures notes.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1- www.who.int
- 2- <u>www.drugs.com</u>





Course Specification of Instrumental Analysis

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Num ber of week s	Conta ct hours	
1	Introduction	Instrumental methods of analysis, advantages and comparison with classical methods of analysis	1	3	
2	Physical methods	Polarimetry: optical and specific rotation, instrumentation and applications. Refractometry: refractive index, molar refraction, instrumentation and applications	1	3	
3	Spectrochemical methods:	Electromagnetic radiation: nature of electromagnetic radiation, the interaction between energy and matter, electromagnetic spectrum, absorption and emission of radiant energy by atoms and molecules.	1	3	
4	UV-Visible spectroscopy:	Absorption spectrophotometry, Beer- Lambert;s law, methods of color development. Instrumentation, single-beam and double-beam spectrophotometers, single component analysis. Simultaneous spectrophotometry, derivative spectrophotometry and	2	6	



		applications in pharmaceutical analysis.			
5	Fluorescence Spectroscopy	Fluorescence and phosphorescence, excitation and emission spectra, factors affecting the fluorescence intensity, instrumentation and applications.	1	2	
6		Midterm	1	2	
7	Flame Photometry and Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy	Flame photometry: Introduction, theory, instrumentation and applications. Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Introduction, theory, instrumentation and applications.	1	3	
8	Electroanalytical Methods	Introduction Potentiometric methods: theory, instrumentation and applications. Voltammetry: introduction, theory, instrumentation, polarography and applications.	2	6	
9	Separation Methods	Introduction Solvent extraction: distribution law, the distribution ratio, calculations of the percent extracted. Chromatography: principles of chromatographic separations, classification of chromatographic techniques, theory of column efficiency in chromatography and resolution in chromatography	2	6	
13	Final Exam		1	2	
	Total		13	37	





	II. Assessment Tasks:				
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Project	2, 8	5	5%	
2	Oral Tests and homework	5, 9	5	5%	
3	Written Test (1)	7	20	20%	
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	70	70%	
5			100	100%	

III. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- Lena Ohannesian, Anthony J Streeter, handbook of pharmaceutical analysis. 2002, V.117, Marcel Dekker, Inc. New York.
- 2- B.D. Mistry., A Handbook of Spectroscopic Data CHEMISTRY (UV, JR, PMR, JJCNMR and Mass Spectroscopy), 2009, Oxford Book Company, Jaipur.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Francis Rouessac and AnnickRouessac, Chemical Analysis; Modern Instrumentation Methods and Techniques, 2007, 2NDEdition, John Wiley and Sons Ltd, Chichester, West Sussex, England.
- 2- S Ahuja, N Jespersen, modern instrumental analysis, 2006, first edition, Elsevier B.V. Oxford, UK.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.





Course Specification of Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry III

Course Content:

- 1 Course Topics/Items:
- a Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Amines and Related Nitrogen Compounds	 Definition Classification and Structure of Amines Nomenclature of Amines Physical Properties and Intermolecular Interactions of Amines The Basicity of Amines Comparison of the Basicity and Acidity of Amines and Amides Preparation of Amines Alkylation of Ammonia and Amines Reduction of Nitrogen Compounds Reaction of Amines with Strong Acids; Amine Salts Chiral Amines as Resolving Agents Acylation of Amines with Acid Derivatives Quaternary Ammonium Compounds Aromatic Diazonium Compounds Diazo Coupling; Azo Dyes 	2	4	
2	Stereochemistry	 Definition Classification of Isomers Chirality and Enantiomers Stereogenic Centers; the Stereogenic Carbon Atom Configuration and the R-S Convention The E-Z Convention for Cis—	2	4	





		 Compounds with More Than One Stereogenic Center; Diastereomers Resolution of a Racemic Mixture Meso Compounds; the			
3	Polynuclear Aromatic Compounds :	Aromatic Compounds Nomenclature and Physical and Chemical Properties Naphthalene Anthracene Phenanthrene Chemical Properties of Naphthalene Substitution reactions Halogenation Nitration Sulphonation Friedel-Craft's Reactions The Mechanism of Substitution in Naphthalene, Addition Reactions, Reduction, Oxidation, Orientation of Substitution in Naphthalene and Its Derivatives Effect of Activating and Deactivating Groups	2	4	
4		Midterm Exam	1	2	
5	Heterocyclic Compounds	 Rules for Nomenclature of three, four, five, six and seven membered heteroatoms. Definition, properties, preparations, reactions, aromaticity Monocyclic five membered Rings Containing One heteroatom Pyrrole Furan 	4	10	





		 Thiophen Monocyclic five membered Rings Containing two heteroatoms Imidazole Oxazole Thiazole Pyrazole Monocyclic six membered Rings Containing One or More Heteroatoms Pyrrroline Pyrrolidine Pyridine, Pyridine, Pyrimidine Six-membered Heterocyclic Compounds with One Oxygen as a Heteroatom Pyran, Pyrone and Their Derivatives), Nomenclature of Bicyclic Rings Containing One or More Heteroatoms Purine Quinoline Isoquinoline Indole 			
		➤ Isoquinoline			
6	Final Exam		1	2	
	Number of		28		

b – P	b – Practical Aspect: Organic Chemistry III:						
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours				
1	Synthesis of hexamine	1	2				
2	Synthesis of aspirin	1	2				
3	Preparation of salicylamide	1	2				





4	Preparation of acetanilide	1	2
5	Nitration of acetanilide	1	2
6	Preparation of p-nitroaniline	1	2
7	Preparation of p-bromoaniline	1	2
8	Preparation of naphthalene picrate	1	2
9	Preparation of Anthracene picrate	1	2
10	Acylation of β-naphthol	1	2
11	Final exam	1	2
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester		22

b - PracticalAspect:				
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Synthesis of hexamine	1	2	
2	Synthesis of aspirin	1	2	
3	Preparation of salicylamide	1	2	
4	Preparation of acetanilide	1	2	
5	Nitration of acetanilide	1	2	
6	Bromination of acetanilide	1	2	
7	Preparation of p-nitroaniline	1	2	
8	Preparation of p-bromoaniline	1	2	
9	Preparation of sulfanilic acid	1	2	
10	Preparation of benzoic acid oxidation of benzyl alcohol	1	2	
11	Final exam	1	2	
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester			

	I.Assessment Tasks:				
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Project	2, 8	5	5%	
2	Practical reports	1-10	10	10%	
3	Oral Tests	5, 9	5	5%	





4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	
6	Final Exam (practical)	11	20	20%	
			100	100%	

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	Aarning	Resources:
11.1	Carmin	ixesources.

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- R. T. Morrison and R. N. Boyd, Organic Chemistry, 2002, 6th edition, Pearson Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
- 2- Dohn D Hepworth, David R Waringand Micheal J Waring. "Aromatic Compounds "2002, The Royal Society of Chemistry, Cambridge.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1. John McMurry." Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry " 2011, Seventh Edition, Brooks/Cole 20 Davis Drive, Belmont.
- 2. Jerry and March, Advanced Organic Chemistry; reaction, mechanism and structure, 2007, 6th edition, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey
- 3. Janice Gorzynski Smith." Organic Chemistry", 2011, Third Edition, McGraw-Hill, a business unit of The McGraw-Hill Companies, New York.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

1-www.orgsyn.org





Third year: second semester





Course Specification of Pharmaceutics IV

I.Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

No	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Numb er of weeks	Cont act hour s	
	Powder	 Types of powders Advantages and disadvantages of powders, Cachets and Tablet triturates . Preparation of different types of powders encountered in prescriptions . Weighing methods, possible errors in weighing Minimum weighable amounts and weighing of material below the minimum weighable amount Powder Problems Geometric dilution and proper usage and care of dispensing balance. 	2	4	
1	Granules	 Definition and importance Methods of granulation Effervescent granules Formulation preparation 	1	2	
2	Capsule	 Introduction Types of capsules Hard gelatin capsules Advantages and disadvantages Composition of capsule shell Selection of capsule size. Excipients used in hard gelatin capsule formulation. Enteric coating of capsules. Capsule filling process. Storage of hard gelatin capsules. Soft gelatin capsules Advantage and disadvantages. Capsule shell composition. Shapes and sizes. 	3	6	





		 Soft gelatin capsule formulation. Soft gelatin capsule filling process.release from ointment and cream bases. 			
3		Midterm exam	1	2	
4	Tablet	 Introduction Advantages and disadvantages. Types of tablets. Tableting methods Direct compression Dry granulation Wet granulation Tablet excipients Tablet press machines Problems encountered during tablet formulation. Standards quality control tests for tablets. Tablet coating Types of coating Film forming materials Common polymers used for tablet coating. Formulation of coating solution Equipments for coating Coating process evaluation of coated tablets. QC test for tablet 	6	12	
5		Final exam	1	2	
	Number	of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	14	28	

b - P	b - PracticalAspect:					
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours			
1	Study of physical properties of powder (flow, size, density)	1	2			
2	Preparation of Magnesium trisilicate powder.	1	2			
3	Preparation of Oral rehydration powder.	1	2			
4	Preparation of Dusting powder.	1	2			
5	Preparation of Effervescent granule base by wet method	1	2			
6	Preparation of Effervescent granule base by dry method	1	2			





7	Preparation oftablets by Direct compression for (dry method)	1	2	
8	Preparation oftablets by Dry granulation method (slugging method)	1	2	
9	Preparation oftablets by Wet granulation method	1	2	
10	Determination of capsule size	1	2	
11	Filling of hard gelatin capsules (punch method) & (capsule machine)	1	2	
12	Final exam	1	2	
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester		24	

,	II.Assessment Tasks:							
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment				
1	Assignment	9	5	5%				
2	Practical Reports	1-12	10	10%				
3	Quizzes	2, 5, 12	5	5%				
4	Written Test (midterm exam)	8	10	10%				
5	Final Exam (practical)	14	20	20%				
6	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	50	50%				
	Total		100	100%				

III.Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. Michael E. Aulton, FAAPS, Kevin M.G.(2007). Aulton's Pharmaceutics: The Design and Manufacture of Medicines, Third ed. Elsevier. London, UK.
- 2. Remington (2005). The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, 2first Edition, Williams and Wilkins. Maryland, USA.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

1. Ansel and Loyd Allen (2013). Ansel's Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms and Drug Delivery Systems. 10thedition., Williams and Wilkins. Maryland, USA.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

1-www.go.jblearning.com/basicphysicalpharmacy





Course Specification of Biochemistry II

I.Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:					
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks		
1	Introduction to Bioenergertics	3. Free energy concept4. Biologic oxidation5. Introduction to metabolism	1		
2	Carbohydrate metabolism	 6. Digestion and absorption 7. Glycolysis and citric acid cycle 8. Hexose monophospate shunt 9. Gluconeogenesis 10. Glycogen metabolism 11. Hexoses metabolism 	3		
3	Proteinmetabolism and midterm exam	 Digestion and absorption Catabolism of amino acids Urea formation Metabolic disturbances of amino acids Protein biosynthesis 	3		
4	Lipid metabolism	 Digestion and absorption Fatty acid oxidation and biosynthesis Lipogenesis Phospholipids metabolism Cholesterol metabolism Ketone bodies metabolism Lipoprotein metabolism 	4		
5	Nucleic acids metabolism	 Digestion and absorption Formation and metabolism of Purines and metabolic disturbances Formation and metabolism of Pyramidins and metabolic disturbances 	2		
6	Final Exam		1		
	Number of Week	15			





Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Estimation of glucose (random and fasting)	1	3	
2	Estimation of amylase and Estimation of lactate dehydrogenase	2	3	
3	Lipid profile	2	3	
4	Estimation of total protein and Estimation of albumin	2	3	
5	Estimation of creatinine	1	3	
6	Estimation of uric acid and urea	1	3	
7	Estimation of iron	1	3	
8	Estimation of ALT and AST	1	3	
9	Final Exam	1	3	
N	umber of Weeks/and Units Per First Second seme	ester	36	

	II.Assessment Tasks:							
No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	Aligned Course Learning Outcomes			
1	Assignment	10	5	5%				
2	Quizzes and homework	3, 5, 9, 11	5	5%				
3	Written Test	7	10	10%				
4	Practical reports	All	10	10%				
5	Final Exam (practical)	12	20	20%				
6	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%				
			100	100%				

III.Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. MALLIKARJUNA RAO, (2008). Medical Biochemistry. Secondedition, New Age International Limited Publisher, New Delhi, India.
- 2. John Baynes and Marek Dominiczak, 2014. Medical Biochemistry With STUDENT CONSULT Online Access. Fourthedition, Elsevier limited, China.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1. Chatterjea MN and Shinde R, (2007). Textbook of Medical Biochemistry, 7th edition, JAYPEE BROTHERS, New Delhi, India.
- 2. Champe PC, Harvey RA, Ferrier DR (2008). Lippincott's Reviews of Biochemistry, Fourthedition, Lippincott William and Wilkins, London, UK.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.





- 1- http://bcs.whfreeman.com/biochem5/default.asp
- 2- http://www.biochemistry.org/
- 3- http://www.wiley.com/college/boyer/0470003790/animations/animations.htm
- 4- http://www.wiley.com/college/fob/anim/





Course Specification of Pharmaceutical Microbiology II

I.Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

	a – Theoretical Aspect:						
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours			
1	Viruses	Structure, viral replication	1	3			
2	Viruses	Viral diseases, clinical manifestation, transmission routes,	1	3			
3	Viruses	Control of the disease, diagnosis and treatment	1	3			
4	Immunity	Innate immunity	1	3			
5	Immunity	Adaptive immunity	1	3			
6	Immunity	Immune system disorders	1	3			
7	Introduction to pharmaceutical microbiology		1	3			
8	Middle exam		1	3			
9	Sterilization and Disinfection		1	3			
10	Sterilization and Disinfection		1	3			
11	Microbiological aspects of pharmaceutical processing		1	3			
12	Microbial spoilage and preservation of pharmaceutical products		1	3			
13	Contamination of non-sterile pharmaceutical in hospital	Nosocomial infection	1	3			
14	Factory and hospital hygiene andgood manufacturing practice		1	3			
15	Factory and hospital hygiene andgood manufacturing practice		1	3			
16	Final exa	m	1	2			
	Number of Weeks/and U	Units Per Semester		47			

1) -	Practical	Aspect:





Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Infection control polices in microbiology lab	1	2	
2	Laboratory diagnosis of viruses	1	2	
3	Laboratory diagnosis of viruses	1	2	
4	Serological techniques for the diagnosis of infectious diseases.	1	2	
5	Serological techniques for the diagnosis of infectious diseases.	1	2	
6	Sterilization and disinfection techniques	1	2	
7	Sterilization and disinfection techniques	1	2	
8	Sources of microbial contamination	1	2	
9	Sterility testing of pharmaceutical products	1	2	
10	Sterility testing of pharmaceutical products	1	2	
11	Final exam	1	2	
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester	•	22	

II.Assessment Tasks:

No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Exercises and Home works Quizzes	2	5	5%	
2	Project	4	5	5%	
3	Practical Reports	5	10	10%	
4	Written Test	6	10	10%	
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	50	50%	
6	Final Exam (practical)	15	20	20%	
7			100	100%	

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1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).





- 1. Harvey RA, Champe PA, Strol WA, Rouse H, Fisher BD. Lippincott's Illustrated Reviews Microbiology (2001). Lippincott Williams and Wilkins. Philadelphia.
- 2. Kar A. Pharmaceutical Microbiology. (2008). New age international publisher. New Delhi.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- Winn W, Allen S, Janda W, Koneman E, Procop G, Schreckenberger P, and Woods G. Koneman's Color Atlas and Textbook of Diagnostic Microbiology (2006). 6th edition.Lippincott Williams and Wilkins.
- Cheesbrough M. Medical laboratory manual for tropical countries. ELBS with Butterworth-Heinemann, University press, Cambridge, UK. Vol. II. Microbiology.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK7627/ www.cdc.gov/ www.textbookofbacteriology.net/ www.wsmicrobiology.com www.microbiologyonline.org.uk www.asm.org





Course Specification of Pharmacognosy II

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
		- Introduction, morphology and anatomy characters, inflorescence and placentation of flowers	1	3	
1	Flowers	- Study of Clove, Chamomile, Pyrethrum and Arnica flowers	1	3	
		- Study of Tilia, Santonica, Lavender and Saffron flowers	1	3	
	Fruits	 Introduction, classification microscopical examination, macroscopical characters of fruits Study of Ammi visnaga and Ammi majus 	1	3	
2		- Study of Anise, Fennel caraway, Cumin and Capsicum fruits	1	3	
		- Study of Star-anise, Coriander, vanilla pods and Senna pods fruits	1	3	
3		Mid exam	1	3	
4	Seeds	 Introduction microscopical examination, macroscopical characters of seeds Study of Cardamom and Colchicum seeds. 	1	3	
		- Study of Nux-vomica, Linseed, and (black and white) seeds.	1	3	





		- Study of Nutmeg, Fenugreek, Calabar and Nigella seeds	1	3	
5	Unorganized drugs	 Definition, classification, chemical and physical properties Study of resin and resin combination (Colophony, Myrrh, Olibaum and5Dragon's blood) 	1	3	
		- Study of medicinal gums (Gum Arabic and Tragacanth) - Study of Medicinal latex (Opium)	1	3	
		Study of Medicinal juice(Aloe and Kino).Study of medicinal extracts(Agar and Gelatin).	1	3	
6		Final exam	1	3	
Number	r of Weeks/and Units		42		

b - Practical Aspect:

	o Tractical ispecti					
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours			
1	Morphology - microscopical identification of Clove and Chamomile flowers	1	2			
2	Morphology - microscopical identification of Pyrethrum and Arnica flowers	1	2			
3	Morphology - microscopical identification of Ammi visnaga, Anise, Fennel caraway and Cumin fruits	1	2			
4	Morphology - microscopical identification of Capsicum Coriander, and Senna pods fruits	1	2			
5	Morphology - microscopical identification of	1	2			





	Cardamom, Nux-vomica and Linseed seeds.			
6	Morphology - microscopical identification of (black and white) and Nigella seeds.	1	2	
7	Morphology - microscopical identification of Myrrh, Olibaum and Dragon's blood	1	2	
8	Morphology - microscopical identification of Gum Arabic and Tragacanth	1	2	
9	Morphology - microscopical identification of Opium and others	1	2	
10	Morphology - microscopical identification of Aloe and others	1	2	
11	Final Exam	1	2	
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester			

II. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Seminar and project	5, 9, 11	5	5%	
2	Practical Reports	1-10	10	10%	
3	Quizzes	4, 6, 10	5	5%	
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	
5	Final Exam (practical)	11	20	20%	
6	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	

III. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- Evans W.C., Evans D. and Trease E., Saunders "Trease and Evans 'Pharmacognosy" (2009); 16th ed. Elsevier, New York
- 2- Singh, G.K and Bhandari, A. "Textbook of Pharmacognosy" (2000); first ed., reprint (2008).CBS publisher and Distributers, New Delhi, India.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Sharma, V.D. and Pandey, S.K. "Pharmacognosy Practical Notebook" (2007); first ed. CBS publisher and Distributers, New Delhi, Bangalore, India.
- 2- Raje, V.N. "Pharmacognosy" (2010); first ed. CBS publisher and Distributers Pvt Ltd., New Delhi, Bangalore, Pune, Kochi, Chennai.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.





- 1-http://pages.intnet.mu/webpam/Pharmacognosy.htm
- 2- http://www.phcog.org/
- 3- http://www.botanical.com

Course Specification of Pharmaceutical Organic Chemistry IV

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – The	oretical Aspect:				
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Principles of Spectroscopy	 Spectroscopy and Electromagnetic Radiations Characteristics of Electromagnetic Radiations Electromagnetic Spectrum Absorption and Emission Spectra Hydrogen index deficiency 	1	2	
2	Infrared Spectroscopy	 Introduction Instrumentation Sample Handling Theory (Origin) of Infrared Spectroscopy Number of Fundamental Vibrations Factors Affecting Vibrational Frequencies Characteristic Absorptions in Common Classes of Compounds Fingerprint Region Applications of Infrared Spectroscopy Interpretation of Infrared Spectra Some Solved Problems 	3	4	
3	¹ H NMR Spectroscopy	 Introduction Theory Instrumentation Sample Handling Shielding, Deshielding and Chemical Shift Measurement of Chemical Shift: NMR Scale Factors Affecting chemical Shift Number of PMR Signals: Equivalent and Nonequivalent Protons Peak Area and Proton counting Spin-Spin Splitting: Spin-Spin coupling coupling constant (J) 	3	6	





		 Analysis (Interpretation) of NMR Spectra Nomenclature of Spin Systems Magnetic Equivalence Spin-Spin coupling of Protons with Other Nuclei Protons on Heteroatoms: Proton Exchange Reactions Simplification of complex NMR Spectra Applications of PMR Spectroscopy continuous Wave (eW) and Fourier Transform (FT) NMR Spectroscopy Some Solved NMR Problems Some Solved NMR + IR Problems 			
4		Midterm Exam	1	2	
5	¹³ C NMR Spectroscopy	 Introduction and Theory Sample Handling Common Modes of Recording Be Spectra Chemical Shift Equivalence Be ehemical Shifts Factors Affecting ¹³C ehemical Shifts Be ehemical Shifts (ppm from TMS) of Some compounds Spin-Spin eoupling Effect of Deuterium Substitutionon CMR Signals Use of Shift Reagents Applications of CMR Spectroscopy Some Solved Problems 	1	2	
6	Visible and Ultraviolet Spectroscopy	 Introduction Absorption Laws and Molar Absorptivity Instrumentation Sample Handling Theory (Origin) of UV- Visible Spectroscopy Electronic Transitions Formation of Absorption Bands Designation of Absorption Bands Transition Probability: Allowed and Forbidden Transitions Certain Terms Used in Electronic Spectroscopy: Definitions Conjugated Systemsand Transition Energies Solvent Effects Woodward-Fieser Rules for Calculating λ_{max} in Conjugated Dienes and Trienes Polyenes and Poly-ynes 	2	4	





7	Mass	 Woodward- Fieser Rules for Calculating λ_{max} in a,β-Unsaturated Carbonyl Compounds Some Solved Problems Introduction Ionization Methods Molecular and Fragment Ions Instrumentation Double Focusing Mass Spectrometers Mass Spectrum and the Base Peak Recognition of the Molecular Ion (Parent) Peak and Detection of Isotopes Confirmation of the Recognized Molecular Ion Peak Multiply Charged Ions Metastable Ions or Peaks Applications of Mass Spectroscopy Representation of Fragmentation Processes Factors Governing General Fragmentation Processes Examples of General Fragmentation Modes Fragmentation Modes of Various Classes of Organic Compounds Some Solved Problems 	2	4	
8	Final exam		1	2	
	Number of	Weeks/and Units Per semester			28

	I. Assessment Tasks:						
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment			
1	Project (single\group)	2, 8	5	5%			
2	Oral Tests	5, 9	5	5%			
3	Written Test (1)	7	20	20%			
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	70	70%			
5	Total		100	100%			

II. Learning Resources:	
1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two)	





- 1- Louis D. Quin, John A. Tyrell, Fundamentals of Heterocyclic Chemistry, 2010, John Wiley and Sons, Inc. Hoboken, New Jersey.
- 2- R. T. Morrison and R. N. Boyd, Organic Chemistry, 2002, 6th edition, Pearson Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1. John McMurry." Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry " 2011, Seventh Edition, Brooks/Cole 20 Davis Drive, Belmont.
- 2. Jerry and March, Advanced Organic Chemistry; reaction, mechanism and structure, 2007, 6th edition, John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey
- 3. Janice Gorzynski Smith." Organic Chemistry", 2011, Third Edition, McGraw-Hill, a business unit of The McGraw-Hill Companies, New York.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

1-www.orgsyn.org





Course Specification of Pharmacology II

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
		Introduction			
		Antihypertensive Drugs			
1	Cardiovascular System	Antianginal Drugs	5	10	
		Anti-arrhythmia			
		Anti- Congestive Heart Failure			
2	Drug Affecting Blood I	Antianaemic Drugs	1	2	
3	Midterm Exam		1	2	
		Antihyperlipoprotein			
4	Drug Affecting Blood II	Management of Haemostatic Disorders	2	4	
5	Respiratory System	Anti-Asthmatic Drugs Anti-cough	2	4	
6	Renal System	Diuretics Renal disorders	2	4	
7	Final Exam		1	2	
	Number of Weeks/and Unit		28		

b -	Practical Aspect:

Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
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1	Process of organ isolation	2	6	
2	In vivo effects of drugs	6	18	
3	In vitro effects of drugs	5	15	
4	Final Exam	1	3	
1	Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semeste	er4	28	

]	II. Assessment Tasks:				
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Presentation	6	5	5%	
2	Practical Reports	All	10	10%	
3	Quizzes and Exercises and Home works	4-8	5	5%	
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	15	50	50%	
6	Final Exam (practical)	14	20	20%	
	Total		100	100%	

III. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- M.A. Clark, R. Finkel, J.A. Rey, K. Whalen (2009) Lippincott's Illustrated Reviews of Pharmacology, *11th edition*, Lippincott's Williams and Wilkins, Philadelphia.
- 2- B.G. Katzung, S.B. Masters, A.J. Trevor (2012) Basic and Clinical Pharmacology, *Fifth edition*, Mc Graw Hill Lange, U.S.A.





2-Re	commended Books and Reference Materials.
	1- H.P. Rang, M.M. Dale, J.M. Ritter, R.J. Flower (2007) Rand and Dale's
	Pharmacology,
	6th edition, Churchill Livingstone Elsevier, Philadelphia.
3-Ele	ectronic Materials and Web Sites etc.
	1- <u>www.who.int</u>
	2- <u>www.drugs.com</u>

Fourth year: first semester





Course Specification of Medicinal Chemistry I

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Introduction to medicinal chemistry	Terminology related to medicinal chemistry and its orientation	1	2	
2	Physicochemical properties	Hydrophobicity, electronic effect and steric effect	1	2	
3	Application of QSAR	calculation of pc, Craig plot, topless scheme and Hansch equation	1	2	
4	Drug-receptor interaction	Types of bond in drug receptor interaction Application of D-R interaction	1	2	
5	Drug design	sources of lead compound, strategies of drug design, introduction to graph theory, applications of quantum mechanics. Computer Aided Drug Designing (CADD), brief introduction to combinatorial chemistry. types of drug design	1	2	





6	Prodrug and drug latenation	Types of prodrug Objectives of prodrug Examples of prodrug	1	2	
7	Mid	term exam	1	2	
8	Drug metabolism	Site of drug biotransformation, pathways of drug metabolism: phase I (oxidation, reduction and hydrolysis) Phase II (conjugation with glucuronic acid, sulfate, amino acids and glutathione, acylation, methylation)	2	4	
9	Sympathomimitic	Classification, biosynthesis, synthesis metabolism	1	2	
10	Sympatholytic	Classification, synthesis metabolism	1	2	
11	Parasympathatic	Classification, biosynthesis, synthesis metabolism	1	2	
12	parasympatholytic	Classification, SAR, synthesis metabolism	1	2	
13	Final exam		1	2	
Numbe	Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semester4			28	

b - Practical Aspect:

Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Limit Test For Chloride	1	3	
2	Limit Test For Sulphate	1	3	
3	Limit Test For iron	1	3	
4	limit test for sulphate in sod thiosulphate	1	3	
5	limit test for chloride in potassium bromide	1	3	





6	limit test for chloride in colored compound (potassium permanganate)	1	3	
7	limit test in sodium salicylate	1	3	
8	Limit test for cl, SO4 and salicylic acid in aspirin	2	3	
9	Final exam	1	3	
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester		30	

V	VI. Assessment Tasks:				
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Project	2, 8	5	5%	
2	Practical reports	1-9	10	10%	
3	Oral Tests	5, 9	5	5%	
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	
6	Final Exam (practical)	11	20	20%	
	Total		100	100%	

VII. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- John M. Beale, Jr. and John H. Block, "Text book of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry", 2011, 12th Edition, Wilson and Gisvold, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, A Wolters Kluwer Company, Philadelphia.
- 2- Graham L. Patrick, "An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry", 2009, Fourth Edition, Oxford University Press Inc., New York

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Thomas Nogrady, Donald F. Weaver. Medicinal Chemistry A Molecular and Biochemical Approach, 2005, Third edition, Oxford University Press, Inc., New York.
- 2- Donald J. Abraham, "BURGER'S Medicinal Chemistry and Drug Discovery" 6th edition, A John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Virginia.
- 3- Thomas L. Lemke, Victoria F. Roche, David A.Willaiams and S. William Zito "Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry", 2008, 6 th, Edition, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, a Wolters Kluwer business, Philadelphia.





- 4- PovlKrogsgaard-Larsen, TommyLiljefors andUlf Madsen, "Textbook of Drug Design andDiscovery".2002, Third edition, Taylor and Francis, London.
- 5- K.-H. Hellwich · C. D. Siebert, "Stereochemistry Workbook"2006, Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, Berlin.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1- http://www.chemaxon/marvin
- 2-http://www.webmolecules.com
- 3-http://www.acdlabs.com
- 4-PASSPrediction of Activity Spectra for Substance) (http://www.ibmh.msk.su/PASS).





Course Specification of Pharmacology III

1 – Course Topics/Items:

V. Course Content:

	a Theoretical Aspect.				
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
		Introduction			
		Anesthetics			
4	Central Nervous System	Antidepressant Drugs		10	
1	I (C.N.S)	Sedatives ,Anxiolytics and Hypnotics	6	12	
		C.N.S Stimulants			
		Opioid Analgesics			
2	Midterm Exam		1	2	
3	Central Nervous System	Anti-Epilepsy	2	4	
3	II(C.N.S)	Anti-Parkinson's	2	4	
4	Skeletal Muscle Relaxants		1	2	
5	Local Anesthetics		1	2	
		Anti-Peptic Ulcer			
6	Gastro-Intestinal Tract	Anti-Constipation	3	6	
		Anti-Diarrhea			
7	Final Exam		1	2	
	Number of Weeks/and U		30		

b -	Practica.	lAspect:
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Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Handling of experimental animals	2	6	
2	Process of organ isolation	3	9	
3	In vivo effects of drugs	4	12	
4	In vitro effects of drugs	4	12	
5	Final Exam	1	3	
1	Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semeste	er4	28	

•	VI. Assessment Tasks:							
No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment				
1	Assignment/ Presentation	6	5	5%				
2	Practical Reports	All	10	10%				
3	Quizzes and Exercises and Home works	4-8	5	5%				
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%				
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	15	50	50%				
6	Final Exam (practical)	14	20	20%				
	total		100	100%				

VII. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

1- M.A. Clark, R. Finkel, J.A. Rey, K. Whalen (2009)Lippincott's Illustrated Reviews of Pharmacology, *11th edition*, Lippincott's Williams and Wilkins, Philadelphia.





- 2- B.G. Katzung, S.B. Masters, A.J. Trevor (2012) Basic and Clinical Pharmacology, *Fifth edition*, Mc Graw Hill Lange, U.S.A.
- 2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.
 - 1- H.P. Rang, M.M. Dale, J.M. Ritter, R.J. Flower (2007) Rand and Dale's Pharmacology, *6th edition*, Churchill Livingstone Elsevier, Philadelphia.
- 3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.
 - 1- www.who.int
 - 2- www.drugs.com





Course Specification of Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics I

I. Course Content:

$1-Course\ Topics/Items:$

No	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Numbe r of weeks	Contac t hours	
1	Introduction to Biopharmaceutics	 Definition of some terms used in biopharmaceutics Aims of studying of biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics Plasma –time level curve Routes ofDrug Administration, Bioavailability, Advantages and Disadvantages Transport of Drugs Across Biological Membranes 	2	4	
2	GIT absorption of drugs	 Definition Bio-pharmaceutics hurdles in drug development, approaches to overcome them Mechanism of drug absorption Physiological factors affecting oral absorption Physical-Chemical factors affecting oral absorption Effect of Food on drug Absorption Formulation factors affecting oral absorption Techniques for the GIT absorption assessment 	4	8	
3		Midterm exam	1	2	
4	Biopharmaceutics study of Drug distribution	 Definitions Factors affecting drug distribution Volume of distribution Binding to plasma proteins Factors affecting protein binding Drug distribution to special tissue Brain Placenta Drug interaction in protein binding 	2	4	





5	Biopharmaceutics study of Drug metabolism	 Definitions Role of drug metabolism Drug metabolism sites Metabolic pathway Metabolism enzymes Metabolism phases Factors affecting drug metabolism Drug interaction in metabolism Extrahepatic metabolism Prodrugs 	2	4	
6	Biopharmaceutics study of Drug excretion	 Definitions Role and pathway of excretion Types of excretion Renal excretion Non-renal excretion Biliary excretion Mammary excretion Salivary excretion Skin excretion Pulmonary excretion GIT excretion Genital excretion Factors Affecting Renal Excretion Drug interaction 	2	4	
7	Bioavailability and bioequivalence	 Historical aspects. Definitions. Objectives and significance of BA/BE studies. Factors affecting Bioavailability. Measurement of Bioavailability. Methods for enhancing Bioavailability. Introduction to Bioequivalence. Limitations of BA/BE studies Protocol design of bioavailability assessment. Methods of bioequivalence determination 	2	4	
8		Final exam	16	2	
	Number of W	Veeks/and Units Per Semester	16	32	





	II. Assessment Tasks:						
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment			
1	Assignment	9	5	5%			
2	Quizzes	2, 5, 12	5	5%			
3	Written Test (midterm exam)	8	30	30%			
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	15	60	60%			
	Total		100	100%			

II	I. Learning Resources:
1-Requ	nired Textbook(s) (maximum two).
	1. Leon Shargel Andrew (2012). Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics,
	Sixth edition, Lippincotts and William, Philadelphia.
2-Re	commended Books and Reference Materials.
	1. Michel E. Winter (2011). Basic clinical pharmacokinetics, Fifth edition,
	Lippincotts and William, San Fransisco.
3-Ele	ectronic Materials and Web Sites etc.
	1-www.boomer.org

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Course Specification of Pathology

I.Course Content:

 $1-Course\ Topics/Items:$

	a – Theoretical Aspect:						
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours			
1	Introduction		1	3			
2	Disease management - Cell and tissue injury, heat injury, degeneration, necrosis, apoptosis		1	3			
3	Acute inflammation	causes, types	1	3			
4	Chronic inflammation	causes and types Granulation tissue	1	3			
5	Tissue repair		1	3			
6	Circulatory disorders	ischemia, congestion, gangrene, edema.	2	6			
7	Mid Term Exam		1	3			
8	Immune disorders	hypersensitivity reactions, auto- immune diseases	1	3			
9	Genetic disorders		1	3			
10	Growth Disorders		1	3			





	Genetic basis and tests for tumors				
11	Neoplasia	Causes and types of tumors	2	4	
12	Malignant tumors		1	3	
13	Final exam		1	3	
Nι	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester			45	

	II.Assessment Tasks:				
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Exercises and Home works and Quizzes	All	5	5%	
2	Project (single\group)	4	5	5%	
3	Midterm Exam	7	30	30%	
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	60	60%	
	Total		100	100%	

III. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- Kumar Abbas and Fausto Mitchel 2007. Robbins basic pathology 8th edition Philadelphia, PA 19103-2899.
- 2- Robin Reid, Fiona Robertand Elaine Macduff 2011. Pathology Illustrated 7th edition ISBN 9780702033766 Churchill Livingston.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Lecture notes on general pathology
- 2-lecture notes on systemic pathology

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1- www.google general pathology
- 2-www.google systemic pathology





Course Specification of Community Health

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	Course Content:				
1 -	Course Topics/Items:				
	a – Theoretical Aspect:		Namelani	Comtost	
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1.	Introduction to community health	- Definitionsand concepts	1	2	
		 Level of prevention 			
2.	assessment community health problems	- Factors affecting community health	1	2	
3.	community health services	- Structure andFunction			
		- Environmental health	2	4	
		- Ruralhealth			
		 Occupational health 			
4.	Epidemiology in community health care	Concepts basic to epidemiologyEpidemiological rates	3	6	
5.	Communicable disease	Conceptschain of infectionControl	2	4	
6.	Populations with development needs	Maternaland childSchool health	2	4	
7	Communities in crises	- Disaster, violence	1	2	
8	Med -term exam		1	2	
9	Theoretical exam		1	2	
	Number of Weeks/a	and Units Per First semester		28	

II. Assessment Tasks:





no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Micro- assignment	9	5	5%	
2	Quizzes	5, 10	5	5%	
3	Written Test (midterm exam)	7	30	30%	
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	60	60%	
			100	100%	

III.Learning Resources:
1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).
1-Mc kenzei, James, RebertR.Pinger and Jerome ketecki (2008).An introduction to community health.6 th edition.Jones andBartlett publishing USA
2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.
2. Cassens B, (1992). Preventive medicine and public health. Secondedition vania pennsy Harwal publishing Co. USA.
3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites <i>etc</i> .





Course Specification of Phytochemistry I

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

$a-Theoretical\ Aspect:$

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1		 Introduction, classification, and general concepts (adsorption and partition chromatography) Separation techniques 	1	3	
2	Chromatography	Types of chromatographic methods: Column chromatography (CC), Paper chromatography, Thin layer chromatography (TLC).	1	3	
3		Types of chromatographic methods: Gas chromatography (GC), High performance liquid chromatography (HPLC), Ion exchange chromatography and Gel chromatography.	1	3	
4		Definition, classification, distribution, functions, function in plant, properties, extraction, uses. Phenylalkylamine alk.; Ephedra, khat. Capsicum.	1	3	
5	Alkaloids	Tropolone alk.; Colchicum, Pyridine and piperidine; tobacco, Pepper, Pomegranate Tropane alk.; Belladonna, Coca, Quinoline alk; cinchona alk	1	3	
6		Isoquinoline alk; opium alk, (Phenanthrene): morphine, Codeine, thebaine; benzylisoquinoline alk: papaverine;phthalidisoquinoline; ipecacuanha alk.	1	3	
7		Mid exam	1	3	
8	Alkaloids	Indol alk; phystostigma, ergot, Nux vomica, Vinca, Rauwolfia	1	3	





		Purine alk.; caffeine, theophylline, theobromine imidazol alk; pilocarpus alk, Terpenoid alk; aconitine, taxol alk			
9	Terpenoids	Definition, classification, distribution, extraction, functions Monoterpenes; Classification, extraction and characterization, plant containing regular monoterpene, valerian, olea eurropae, Irregular monoterpene, pyrethrum.	1	٣	
10		Sesquiterpene; Structure, chemical and biological properties; gossypol compound, sesquiterpene lactones; arnica, sweet wormwood Diterpene Structure, chemical and biological properties; yews, coleus.	1	٣	
11		Triterpenes ;Classification, structures, cucurbitacines Tetraterpenoids: Biological origin, distribution, uses, drug containing teteraterpenoids	1	٣	
12	Steroids	Definition, Classification, Structures, Sterols, Vitamin D, Bile acids: Sources, structure, action, clinical uses.	1	٣	
13		Steroid hormones: (sex hormones and adrenocortical hormones)	1	3	
14		Final exam	1	3	
Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semester4				42	

b - PracticalAspect:							
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours				
1	Adsorption chromatography; column chromatography (column packaging)	1	2				
2	Separation of plant pigments (Extraction by column chromatography)	1	2				





3	Partition chromatography; paper chromatography	1	2	
4	Partition chromatography; Thin layer chromatography	1	2	
5	Extraction and identification of alkaloids derived from Phenylalkylamine (khat, capsicum)	1	2	
6	Extraction and identification of alkaloids derived from piperidine (Pomegranate)	1	2	
7	Extraction and identification of alkaloids derived from tropane (Stramonium)	1	2	
8	Extraction and identification of alkaloids derived from purine (caffeine)	1	2	
9	Extraction and identification of alkaloid derived from phthalidisoquinoline (ipecacuanha)	1	2	
10	Extraction and identification of terpenoids (Colocynth)	1	2	
	Final Exam	1	2	
Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semester1			22	

]	II. Assessment Tasks:						
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment			
1	Seminar and project	3, 5, 9, 11-13	5	5%			
2	Practical Reports	1-10	10	10%			
3	Quizzes	4, 6, 8, 10	5	5%			
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%			
5	Final Exam (practical)	12	20	20%			
6	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%			
	Total		100	100%			
III. Learning Resources:							

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- 1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).
 - 1- Evans W.C., Evans D. and Trease E., Saunders "Trease and Evans 'Pharmacognosy" (2009); 16th ed. Elsevier, New York
 - 2- Jarald E.E. and Jarald S. E., "Textbook of Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry" (2009); CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi
- 2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.





- 1- Steven M. Colegate and Russell J. Molyneux. "Bioactive natural products: detection, isolation, and structural determination" (2008); Seconded, editor.
- 2- Cordell G.A. "The alkaloids: Chemistry and Biology" (2002); Volume 59, Elsevier, New York

- 1- http/www.Phytomania.org.
- 2- http/www.medicalbotanyintroduction.html.
- 3- http/www.botanical.com





Fourth year: second semester





Course Specification of Medicinal Chemistry II

I. Course Content:

$1-Course\ Topics/Items:$

$a-Theoretical\ Aspect:$

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Cardiovasculardrug I	Antihypertensive agents	1	2	
2	Cardiovasculardrug II	Antiarrhythmic drugs	1	2	
3	Cardiovasculardrug III	Antiarrhythmic drugsandAntihyperlipidemic agents.	1	2	
4	Cardiovasculardrug IV	Anti-coagulant, Haemostaticsand Cardiotonics.	1	2	
5	Diuretics	CAI, Thiazides, Osmotics, Loop and K-Sparing Diuretics.	1	2	
6	CNS Drugs I	Sedatives and hypnotics	1	2	
7	Midterm Exam		1	2	
8	CNS Drugs II	Skeletal Muscle Relaxants and anticonvulsants	1	2	
9	CNS Drugs III	Anti-psychotic drugs [Neuroleptics] [Major tranquilizer]	1	2	
10	CNS Drugs IV	Antidepressants agentsandantiparkinsonism	1	2	
11	Anti-inflammatory agents	Salicylates, anthranilatesarylaceticacic, arylpropionic acid pyrazolididiones, oxicames, cox-II inhibitor, analgesics antipyretics and antigout	2	4	





12	Opiods and local anasthetics	Opiods classification, opoid receptor SAR, local anasthetics ester local anesthetic, amide local anesthetic, synthesis, SAR	1	2	
13	antihistamines	H1- antihistamines SAR first generation, Secondgeneration H2- antihistamines	2	4	
14	Final Exam		1	2	
	Number of Weeks/a		32		

b - PracticalAspect:

Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Identification of aspirin	1	3	
2	Assay of aspirin	1	3	
3	Qualitative and quantitative analysis of chloral hydrate	1	3	
4	Synthesis of aspirin	2	6	
5	Assay of naproxen	1	3	
6	Assay of ibuprofen tab	1	3	
7	Identification of ranitidine	1	3	
8	Assay of ranitidine	1	3	
9	Identification of Propranolol	1	3	
10	Assay of Propranolol	1	3	
11	Final Exam	1	3	
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semeste	36		

II. Asse	essment	Tasl	KS
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no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Project (single\group)	2, 8	5	5%	
2	Practical reports	1-9	10	10%	
3	Oral Tests	5, 9	5	5%	
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	
6	Final Exam (practical)	11	20	20%	
7			100	100%	

III. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- John M. Beale, Jr. and John H. Block, "Text book of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry", 2011, 12th Edition, Wilson and Gisvold, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, A Wolters Kluwer Company, Philadelphia.
- 2- Graham L. Patrick, "An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry", 2009, Fourth Edition, Oxford University Press Inc., New York

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Thomas Nogrady, Donald F. Weaver. Medicinal Chemistry A Molecular and Biochem Approach, 2005, Third edition, Oxford University Press, Inc., New York.
- 2- Donald J. Abraham, "BURGER'S Medicinal Chemistry and Drug Discovery" 6 th edition, A John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Virginia.
- 3- Thomas L. Lemke, Victoria F. Roche, David A.Willaiams and S. William Zito "Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry", 2008, 6 th, Edition, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, a Wolters Kluwer business, Philadelphia.
- 4- PovlKrogsgaard-Larsen, TommyLiljefors andUlf Madsen, "Textbook of Drug Design andDiscovery".2002, Third edition, Taylor and Francis, London.
- 5- K.-H. Hellwich · C. D. Siebert, "Stereochemistry Workbook"2006, Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, Berlin.

- 1- http://www.chemaxon/marvin
- 2-http://www.webmolecules.com
- 3-http://www.acdlabs.com
- 4-PASSPrediction of Activity Spectra for Substance) (http://www.ibmh.msk.su/PASS).





Course Specification of Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics II

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

N	Tania/anit		Number	Contact	
No	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	of weeks	hours	
1	Introduction to pharmacokinetics	 Terminology and definitions Rates and orders Kinetic of drug absorption Compartment models Definition Basis of Classification Model selection criteria 	2	4	
2	One compartment open model	 Calculation of the following parameters (for each model) Volume of Distribution Elimination Rate Constant Clearance Elimination half life AUC Concentration at zero time. One Compartment I.V Bolus Assumptions First-order kinetics Plasma data Area under the Curve Half-life Pharmacokinetics of Oral Administration Differential Equation Integrated Equation Absorption Rate Constant (K)	4	8	





		 Calculation of F Intravenous Infusion: Continuous infusion – steady state Combined infusion and bolus administration Combined slow and fast infusion Post infusion 			
3		Midterm exam	1	2	
4	Two compartment open model with first order elimination kinetics	 Pharmacokinetics of single dose as oral and intravenous (rapid/bolus.(Intravenous infusion Multiple oral and intravenous administrations. Pharmacokinetic of sustained releases formulation 	2	4	
5	Non-linear pharmacokinetics(d ose dependent kinetics)	 Michaels- Menten's kinetics Pharmacokinetic characteristics. In-vivo estimation of Km and Vm 	2	4	
6	Multiple Administration:	 Multiple I.V Bolus Dose Independent doses Accumulating doses Development of general equation Cpmax and Cpmin equations Multiple Oral Dose Administration: Cpmin equation Average Cp equation 	2	4	
7	Dosage regimen design	Calculation the doseCalculation dosing intervalAverage concentration	2	4	
8		Final exam	1	2	
	Number of We	eks/and Units Per Semester	16	32	

II. Assessment Tasks:





No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Practical Reports	6	10	10%	
2	Oral Tests	12	5	5%	
3	Quizzes	2, 5, 12	5	5%	
4	Written Test (midterm exam)	8	10	10%	
5	Final Exam (practical)	14	20	20%	
6	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	50	50%	
	Total		100	100%	

II	I. Learning Resources:
1-Requ	nired Textbook(s) (maximum two).
1.	1. Leon Shargel Andrew (2012). Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics, Sixth edition, lippincotts and William, Philadelphia.
1.	
	1. Michel E. Winter (2011). Basic clinical pharmacokinetics, Fifth edition, lippincotts and William, San Fransisco.
3-Ele	ectronic Materials and Web Sites etc.
	1-www.boomer.org





Course Specification of Phytochemistry II

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:							
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number	Contact			
1		Definition, distribution, properties, classification and nomenclature, Cardiac glycosides; definition, structures, cardenolides, bufadienolids, structure of sugar moiety, structure activity relationship, Biogenesis of card. Gly.,	of weeks	hours 3			
2	Glycosides	Cardiac gly; physicochemical properties, hydrolysis of card. Gly., isolation, pharmacological properties, mechanism of action Chemical test of card. Gly., drug containing card. Gly.; digitalis purpurea, digitalis lanata. Bufadienolids,	1	3			
3	Glycosides	Saponin gly.; ; definition, classification, distribution, extraction, chemical and physical properties, characterization biological and pharmacological properties, drugs as expectorant and antitusive, anti-exudative, adaptogens and diuretic.	1	3			
4		Anthracen gly; definition, classification, distribution, extraction, chemical and physical properties, characterization biological and pharmacological properties, drugs as Senna, Rhabarub, Aloe.	1	3			



					i
5		Flavonoid gly; classification, chemical structure, physicochemical properties, extraction, characterization, biological properties, rutin, hesperidin, flavonoid containing drugs.	1	3	
6		Cyanogentic gly; cyanogenesis, distribution, structure, properties, detection, extraction, pharmacological activities, cyanogenetic plants. Glucosinolates; definition, distribution, structure, biogenesis, hydrolysis, toxicity and drug containing glucosinolates	1	3	
7		Mid exam	1	3	
8		Definition, distribution, physical properties, method of isolation, chemical composition, Pharmacological properties,	1	3	
9	Volatile oils	Drugs containing v.o. used as counter irritant agents, drug containing v.o. used as expectorants,	1	3	
10		Drugs containing v.o. used as diuretic, drug containing v.o. used as stomachic and carminative.	1	3	
11	Definition, classification, structure, hydrolysable- and condensed-, complex and pseudo-tannins, distribution, biosynthesis, physico-chemical properties, extraction, characterization, biological properties, drug containing tannin		1	3	





12	Phenylpropanoids	Definition, classification, biosynthesis, phenols and phenolic acids:, structure, physico-chemical properties, characterization, extraction, biological properties, drug containing phenols and phenolic acids. cumarins;definition, structure classification, biosynthesis, physico-chemical properties, characterization, extraction, biological properties, uses,	1	3	
13		Drug containing cumarins, furocoumarin, pyranocoumarines. Lignans; definition, classification, biological properties, uses, drug containing lignans. Lignin: definition, structure, biological and pharmacological properties of some lignins	1	3	
14		Final exam	1	3	
Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester		14	42		

b - F	b - PracticalAspect:					
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours			
1	Extraction and identification of cardiac gly. (Oleander)	1	2			
2	Extraction and identification of saponin gly. (Christ's thorn, Fenugreek)	1	2			
3	Extraction and identification of anthracene gly. (Senna, Aloe)	1	2			
4	Extraction and identification of flavonids (Orange, Ruta)	1	2			
5	Extraction and identification of cyangenetic gly (Linseed)	1	2			
6	Extraction and identification of glucosinolates gly (Mustard seeds)	1	2			
7	Extraction and identification of volatile oils (1)(Thyme)	1	2			
8	Extraction and identification of volatile oils (2) (Cinnamon)	1	2			





9	Extraction and identification of tannins (Tea, Galls)	1	2	
10	Extraction and identification of phenylpropanoids (Ammi visnaga)	1	2	
11	11 Final exam 1			
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semester1			

II. Assessment Tasks:

No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Seminar and project	3, 5, 9, 11-13	5	5%	
2	Practical Reports	1-10	10	10%	
3	Quizzes	4, 6, 8, 10	5	5%	
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	
5	Final Exam (practical)	12	20	20%	
6	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	
	Total		100	100%	

III. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- Evans W.C., Evans D. and Trease E., Saunders "Trease and Evans 'Pharmacognosy" (2009); 16th ed. Elsevier, New York
- 2- Jarald E.E. and Jarald S. E., "Textbook of Pharmacognosy and Phytochemistry" (2009); CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Steven M. Colegate and Russell J. Molyneux. "Bioactive natural products: detection, isolation, and structural determination" (2008); Seconded, editor.
- 2- Cordell G.A. "The alkaloids: Chemistry and Biology" (2002); Volume 59, Elsevier, New York

- 1- http/www.Phytomania.org.
- 2- http/www.medicalbotanyintroduction.html.
- 3- http/www.botanical.com





Course Specification of Toxicology

I. Course Content:

1 - Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	General principles of toxicology:	 Toxicity, hazard, risk. Branches of toxicology: Occupational, Environmental, Ecotoxicology, Analytical and Clinical. 	1	2	
2	Poisons:	Types of exposure and toxic responses.Spectrum of toxicity.Evaluation of safety of chemicals and drugs.	1	2	
3	Preventionand management of poisoning:	- Poisoning episodes: Accidental, Suicidal, Homicidal, Non-accidental, Maintenance of vital functions	1	2	
	- Antidotes: non-specific and specific Prevention of absorption of poisons, Enhanced elimination of poisons, Supportive management		1	2	
4	Poisoning with common drugs:	 Selected OTC Products: Aspirin, Paracetamol, Iron. CNS Depressants: Barbiturates andBenzodiazepines. CNS Stimulants: Amphetamine and Cocaine. 	2	4	



5	Corrosive acids:	- Sulphuric acid, hydrochloric acid, nitric acid (Characters, fatal dose and fatal period, mode of poisoning and picture of poisoning).	1	2	
6	Irritant poisons & Corrosive alkalies:	- Arsenic, lead, mercury and iron (Characters, sources, fatal dose and fatal period, mode of poisoning and picture of poisoning). Mode of poisoning - Picture of poisoning - Fatal dose and fatal period	1	2	
7	Midterm exam		1	2	
8	Pesticides & Plant poisons:	Halogenated and cholinesterase inhibitor insecticides Rodenticides, Herbicides, Fungicides Atropine, opium, nicotine, cannabis, and cocaine (Source, fatal dose and fatal period, mode of poisoning and picture of poisoning).	1	2	
9	Gas and volatile poisons: Animal poison:	 Cyanide, ethyl alcohol and methyl alcohol (Characters, fatal dose and fatal period, mode of poisoning and picture of poisoning). Carbon monoxide (CO-Hb) (detection, and Met-Hb – detection) Snake bite and scorpion sting. (Fatal dose and fatal period, mode of poisoning) and picture of poisoning). 	1	2	





10	Teratogenic and toxic effects ofdrugs and chemicals on reproduction:	- Possible site of action of teratogens: Effects on father, mother, fetoplacental unit and fetus. Principles of teratology as applied to man: Stages of pregnancy, drug dosage, placental transfer, use of drugs during pregnancy.	1	2	
11	Final Exam		1	2	
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester			24	

b - PracticalAspect:

Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Introduction to the different ways and techniques for identification of different toxic substances (extraction and detection) Supportive measures in poisoned patients (Gastric lavage, induction of emesis,etc)	1	2	
2	Detection of corrosive acids Detection of corrosive alkalis	1	2	
3	Detection of carbolic acid (phenols) Detection of heavy metals	1	2	
4	Detection of some analgesic drugs (aspirin and paracetamol) Detection of sedatives and hypnotics (barbiturates and benzodiazepines)	1	2	
5	Detection of CNS depressants (opioids) Detection of CNS stimulants (amphetamine)	1	2	
6	Detection of pesticides Detection of volatile poisons	1	2	
7	Final Exam	1	2	
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester		14	





II. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Practical reports	1-12	10	10%	
2	Written Med-term Test	8	15	15%	
3	Final Exam (practical)	14	20	20%	
4	Project	12	5	5%	
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	50	50%	
6	Total		100	100%	

III. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

1- Curtis Klaassen (2013), Casarett and Doull's Toxicology: Basic Science of Poisons. 8th Edition, McGraw Hill, New York.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Ernest Hodgson (2010), A Textbook of Modern Toxicology, FourthEdition. WILEY interscience.
- 2- Kent Olson (2011), Poisoning and Drug Overdose, Sixth Edition McGraw Hill Professional

- 1- http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/
- 2- http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/entrez/query.fcgi
- 3- http://www.PubMed.com





Course Specification of Parasitology

Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – The	a – Theoretical Aspect:						
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours			
1	Schistosomiasis	S. mansoni S. haematobium S. japonicum	1	2			
2	Fasciolasis	F. hepatica F. gigantic	1	2			
3	Taeniasis	T. saginata T. solium Cysticercosis	1	2			
4	Hymenolepisis and Diphyllobothriasis	H. nana H. diminuta	1	2			
5	Ascaris lumbricoides, Enterobius vermicularis & Trichuris		1	2			
6	Hook warm & Filariasi	1. Wuchereria bancrofti 2. W. malayi 3. Onchocerca volvulus		2			
7	Mid Exam		1	2			
8	Amebasis	Entamoeba histolytica	1	2			
9	Gardia & Trichomonads	1. T. vaginalis 2. T. homonis	1	2			
10	Trypanosomiasis	 T. rhodiensi T. gambiensi T. cruzi 	1	2			
11	Leishmaniasis	 L. tropica L. barziliensis L. donovani 	1	2			
12	Malaria		1	2			
13	Final Exam		1	2			





Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semester5

26

b - F	b - Practical Aspect:				
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours		
1	Schistosomiasis	2	4		
2	Fasciolasis	1	2		
3	Taeniasis	2	4		
4	Hymenolepisis	1	2		
5	Diphyllobothrium latum	1	2		
6	Diphyllobothrium mansoni	1	2		
7	Echinococcus granulosus	2	4		
8	Dipylidium caninum	1	2		
9	Laboratory diagnosis	1	2		
10	Prevention and control	1	2		
11	Final Exam	1	2		
Numb	Number of Weeks /and Units Per Semester 15		28		

I.	I. Assessment Tasks:					
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment		
1	Project (single or group)	2,8	2.5	2.5%		
2	Practical reports	1-10	10	10%		
3	Oral Tests	5,9	2.5	2.5%		
4	Written Test (1)	7	15	15%		
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%		
6	Final Exam (practical)	11	20	20%		
7			100	100%		





II. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1-David T, William P Marell and Voges. Medical Parasitology 9th edition, 2006 Saunders Eieevier, PA, USA
- 2. Monica Cheesbrough, Medical Laboratory Manual For tropical countries, vol I 2004Butter worth, Heinemann Ltd Oxford Britain

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

1-RamnikSood, Medical laboratory technology 6 thEdition 2009, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publisher New Delhi - India.

- 1-www. Wiley short course Parasitology.com
- 2- www. Jaypeebrothers Parasitology.com





Course Specification of Research Methodology

	Course Content:	
•	Course Content.	

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Introduction to Research	Research phaseChoosing research subjectsDefining and selecting research interest	1	2	
2	Information Search	 Information search - the library Information search -the internet 	1	2	
3	Overview of Research Design	 Type of research design Cross-sectional study Case-control study Cohort study Experimental studies/Clinical Trial Quasi-experimental studies Qualitative research method 	1	2	
4	Literature review	 Information storage Writing quotations and references – UKM Style, Vancouver, Harvard How to avoid plagiarism? 	1	2	
5	Research Process	 Steps in medical research Objectives Research hypothesis and variables Writing objectives and hypothesis Problems framework 	1	2	
6	Questionnaire Design	 Type of questions and questionnaire format Questionnaire implementation – interview technique 	1	2	
7	Mid Exam		1	2	





8	Research Management	 Research organization and time table Research budget How to get research budget 	1	2	
9	Research Ethics	Getting ethical approval	1	2	
10	10 • Final Exam		1	2	
	10Number of	20			

	II. Assessment Tasks:				
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Project (single\group)	8	5	5%	
2	Quizzes	4	5	5%	
3	Mid Exam	6	10	10%	
4	Final Exam	10	30	30%	
5	Total		50	50%	

III. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1. Polgar Colton, T. 2000. *Statistics in Medicine*. Little Brown and Co. Boston. FourthEd.
- 2. Dawson, B. and Trapp, R.G.2001. *Basic and Clinical Biostatistics*. Third Edition Prentice-Hall International Inc.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1. <u>Geoffrey, R. M., David, D.</u>and<u>David, F.</u>2005. Essentials of Research Design and Methodology. Essentials of Behavioral Science. Prentice Hall Inc.
- 2. <u>John, W. C.</u>2002. Research DesignQualitative, Quantitative, and Mixed Methods Approaches (SecondEdition), SagePublications.
- 3. <u>Geoffrey, R. and David, L. S.</u>2000. Biostatistics: The Bare Essentials, Second Edition

3 -Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

1-http://link.springer.com/chapter/10.1007/0-387-23273-7_3#page-1





Course Specification of Pharmacology IV

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours		
		Hypothalamic and Pituitary Hormones Thyroid andAntithyroid Agents				
1	Endocrine System	AdrenocorticosteroidsandAd ernocortical Antagonist Gonadal Hormones and	5	15		
		Inhibitors Pancreatic Hormones andAntidiabetic Agents				
2	Chemotherapeutic Drugs I	Introduction to Antimicrobial Drugs	1	3		
3	Midterm Exam		1	3		
4	Chemotherapeutic Drugs II	Folate Antagonist Inhibition of Cell Wall Synthesis Inhibition of Protein Synthesis Quinolones Antimycobacterial Drugs Antifungal, Anti-protozoal, Anti-malarial Anthelmintic Drugs Anticancer Vitamins	7	21		
5	Final Exam		1	3		
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semester5 45					

	II. Assessment Tasks:				
No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final	





1	Presentation	6	5	5%	
2	Quizzes and Exercises and Home	4-8	5	5%	
2	works				
3	Written Test (1)	7	30	30%	
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	15	60	60%	
5	Total		100	100%	

III. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- M.A. Clark, R. Finkel, J.A. Rey, K. Whalen (2009) Lippincott's Illustrated Reviews of Pharmacology, *11th edition*, Lippincott's Williams and Wilkins, Philadelphia.
- 2- B.G. Katzung, S.B. Masters, A.J. Trevor (2012) Basic and Clinical Pharmacology, *Fifth edition*, Mc Graw Hill Lange, U.S.A.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- H.P. Rang, M.M. Dale, J.M. Ritter, R.J. Flower (2007) Rand and Dale's Pharmacology,
 6th edition, Churchill Livingstone Elsevier, Philadelphia.
- 2- Lectures notes.

- 1- www.who.int
- 2- www.drugs.com





Fifth year: first semester





Course Specification of Medicinal chemistry III

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Antibacterial agents	Sulfonamides	1	2	
2	Antibiotics I	Penicillins	1	2	
3	Antibiotics II	Cephalosopins	1	2	
4	Antibiotics III	Tetracyclines, Aminoglycosides	1	2	
5	Antibiotics IV	Lincosamide, macrolide andchlormphenicol	1	2	
6	Quinolones	Ist generation Secondgeneration and 3dr generation	1	2	
7	midterm exam		1	2	
8	Anti mycobacterial agents	Anti T.B: first line Secondline antileprosy	1	2	
9	Antifungal agent	Antibiotics, azoles, allylamines and morpholines, antimetabolites, fatty acids and dyes	1	2	



10	Antiviral agent	Medically significant viruses, DNA viral replication, The building blocks of DNA nucleosides, Agents interfere with viral nucleic acid replication Anti-Retroviral [AntiHIV] Agents Agents inhibit the uncoating process, Neuraminidase Inhibitors, Non-Nucleoside Reverse Transcriptase [RT] Inhibitors HIV Protease Inhibitors	1	2	
11	Anticancer I	Types of Neoplasm Mechanism of Cancer formation Chemotherapeutic Agents Alkylating agents. Anti-metabolites [Specific S]	1	2	
12	Anticancer II	DNA intercalating agents. Antibiotics. Antimitotic agents [Specific M]. Hormones. Miscellaneous compounds.	1	2	
13	Antimalarial agents	Life cycle of the parasite, naturally occurring compounds, quinolone		2	





		derivatives, aminoacridine, tetrahydrofolate synthesis inhibitors, biguinides, polycyclic antimalarial agents	1		
14	final exam		1	2	
Numbe	r of Weeks/and Units Per Semeste	24			

b - P:	b - PracticalAspect:					
Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours			
1	Qualitative analysis ofnicotinic acid	1	3			
2	Quantitative analysis ofnicotinic acid	1	3			
3	Quantitative estimation of nalidixic acid	1	3			
4	Quantitative estimation of cyclophosphamide	1	3			
5	Quantitative estimation ofbusulfan	1	3			
6	Quantitative estimation of penicillinin capsules	1	3			
7	Identification of tetracyclines	1	3			
8	Identification and assay of chloroquine	1	3			
9	Identification of gresoflavins	1	3			
10	Final Exam	1	3			
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semeste	r	33			

	II. Assessment Tasks:				
No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Project (single\group)	2, 8	5	5%	
2	Practical reports	1-9	10	10%	
3	Oral Tests	5, 9	5	5%	
4	Written Test (1)	7	10	10%	
5	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	50	50%	





6	Final Exam (practical)	11	20	20%	
7			100	100%	

III. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- John M. Beale, Jr. and John H. Block, "Text book of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry", 2011, 12th Edition, Wilson and Gisvold, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, A Wolters Kluwer Company, Philadelphia.
- 2- Graham L. Patrick, "An Introduction to Medicinal Chemistry", 2009, Fourth Edition, Oxford University Press Inc., New York

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Thomas Nogrady, Donald F. Weaver. Medicinal Chemistry A Molecular and Biochemical Approach, 2005, Third edition, Oxford University Press, Inc., New York.
- 2- Donald J. Abraham, "BURGER'S Medicinal Chemistry and Drug Discovery" 6 th edition, A John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Virginia.
- 3- Thomas L. Lemke, Victoria F. Roche, David A.Willaiams and S. William Zito "Foye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry", 2008, 6 th, Edition, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, a Wolters Kluwer business, Philadelphia.
- 4- PovlKrogsgaard-Larsen, TommyLiljefors andUlf Madsen, "Textbook of Drug Design andDiscovery".2002, Third edition, Taylor and Francis, London.
- 5- K.-H. Hellwich · C. D. Siebert, "Stereochemistry Workbook" 2006, Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, Berlin.

- 1- http://www.chemaxon/marvin
- 2- http://www.webmolecules.com
- 3- http://www.acdlabs.com
- 4- PASSPrediction of Activity Spectra for Substance) (http://www.ibmh.msk.su/PASS).





Course Specification of Community Pharmacy

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

No	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Numb er of weeks	Contac t hours	
1	Community pharmacy services	 Self-care and self-medication . Drug use in special populations Activities of the community pharmacist Prescription and over-the counter (OTC) medications Assessment of patient Physical assessment skills 	2	6	
2	OTC For treatment ofGIT disorders	 Mouth ulcers Heart burn Indigestion Nausea and vomiting Constipation Diarrhea Haemorrhoids 	2	6	
3	OTC For treatment ofrespiratory disorders	Cold and fluCoughSore throatAllergic rhinitis	2	6	
		Midterm exam	1	3	
4	OTC For treatment ofskin disorders	 Eczema/dermatitis/common childhood rashes Acne Athlete's foot Warts and verrucae Hair loss Dandruff 	3	9	





		 Psoriasis Cold sores Warts and verrucas Corns and calluses Fungal infections 			
5	OTC For treatment ofpain and headache & OTC For treatment ofEye and ear disorders	 Headache and migraine Dental pain Muscoskeletal problems Ear problems Earache Ear wax Otitis externa Eye conditions Conditions of the cornea Conditions of the eyelid Other eye problems 	1	3	
6	OTC For treatment of Women's conditions & OTC For treatment of Infestations	 Cystitis Dysmenorrhoea Premenstrual syndrome (PMS) Vaginal thrush Head lice Scabies Threadworm 	1	3	
7	Community role	The role of the pharmacist in family planningSmoking cessation	1	3	
8				3	
	Number of W	eeks/and Units Per Semester	14	42	

	II. Assessment Tasks:						
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment			
1	Oral Tests	5, 10	5	5%			
2	Quizzes	6, 9	5	5%			
3	Written Test (midterm exam)	7	30	30%			
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	60	60%			
	Total		100	100%			

III.	Learning Resources:
1-Required T	Textbook(s) (maximum two).





- 1- Alan Nathan (2008). Managing symptoms in pharmacy. Second edition Pharmaceutical press. London.
- 2- Paul Rutter (2008). Community Pharmacy: Symptoms, Diagnosis and Treatment, second edition, Elsevier, London.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1. Daniel L. Krinsky, Rosemary R. Berardi, Stefanie P. Ferreri, Anne L. Hume, Gail D. Newton, Carol J. Rollins, Karen J. Tietze (2011). Handbook of Non-Prescription drugs, 17th edition. American pharmaceutical association. Washington.
- 3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.





Course Specification of Clinical Pharmacy I

I	I. Course Content:						
1 –	1 – Course Topics/Items:						
	a – Theoretical Aspect:						
4	Case-studies on ischemic heart disease	1	2				
5	Case-studies on acute coronary syndrome	1	2				
6	Case-studies on heart failure	1	2				
7	Case-studies on strokes	1	2				
8	Case-studies on dysrhythmias	1	2				
9	Case-studies on venous thromboembolism	1	2				
10	Case-studies on bronchial asthma	1	2				
11	Case-studies on chronic obstructive pulmonary disease.	1	2				
12	Case-studies on upper respiratory infections 1		2				
13	Case-studies on peptic ulcer disease	1	2				
14	Final Practical exam	1	2				
Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester 28							

II. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Practical reports	1-13	10	10%	
2	Assignments	all	5	5%	
3	Written Test (1) homework and oral test	8	15	15%	
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	50	50%	
5	Final Exam (practical)	15	20	20%	
6	Total		100	100%	





III. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1-Dipiro et al, Pharmacotherapy Handbook, 7th edition 2008, McGraw Hill
- 2-Koda-Kimble and Young's, Applied therapeutics "the clinical use of drugs", 10th edition 2013, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Dipiro et al, Pharmacotherapy A pathophysiologic Approach, 7th edition 2008, McGraw Hill.
- 2- Dipiro et al, Pharmacotherapy Principles and Practice, 7th edition 2008 McGraw Hill.

- 1- www.dynamed.ebscohost.com
- 2- www.drugs.com
- 3- www.drugdigest.com
- 4- www.pharmacistletter.com
- 5- www.rxlist.com





Course Specification of Industrial Pharmacy I

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

a – Theoretical Aspect:

	a – Theoretical Aspect.							
Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours				
1	Good Manufacture Practice (GMP	 Introduction. Quality, principles, quality assurance, GMP and quality control Quality management and total quality management. 	,	3hr				
2	Current Good Manufacture Practice (cGMP	- Premises (location of factory, design and different areas in factory (weighing area, sampling area, storage area, maintenance area, ancillary area, production area and quality control area	7	6hr				
3	Good Manufacture Practice (cGMP)	 Personnel and training: principles, training and hygiene. Key persons Documentation: principles, specification, records and batch (SOP). 	1	3hr				
4	_Good Manufacture Practice (cGMP)	 Manufacture: principles, validation, contamination, starting and intermediate materials, packaging material and finished product. Master-formula Recovered materials, complaints procedures and product recall. Good laboratory practices 	۲	6hr				





5	l Exam		١	3hr	
6	Sterile Products	 Introduction Types of sterile products Parentrals. Advantages and disadvantages. Total parenteral nutrition - (TPN) Powders for injection. Pyrogens. Vehicles.(Purified water preparation) Added substances (preservatives, antioxidants, solubilizer. suspending agents, buffers, stabilizers etc.) 		3hr	
7	Sterilization	Sterilization techniques; moist heat and dry heat sterilization, radiation, gaseous, filtration, etc.)	3hr	
8	Sterile preparation (continue)	 Design of Sterile Area. Sterile area and its classification; Air control, (Laminar flow etc). Air locks, environmental monitoring methods. 	•	3hr	
9	Sterile preparation (continue)	 Filling/ packaging (plastic and glass containers). Validation of equipment; e.g autoclave filters, etc. Validation of filling and packing machines. 	,	3hr	
10	Packaging Technology	- Influence of packaging materials, Type of pharmaceutical packaging, Manufacturing packaging, Problems of packaging, Advantage and disadvantage of packaging materials.	۲	бhr	
11	- Final exam		١	٣	
Numbe	r of Weeks/and Uni	ts Per Semester	14	42	





No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Quizzes	8	10	10%	
2	Written Test (1) Mid exam	6	30	30%	
3	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	60	60%	
5	Total		100	100%	

III. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

- 1- Michael E. Aulton; (2006). Pharmaceutics; the Science of Dosage Form Design.
- 2- Jhon Sharp;(2006). Good pharmaceutical manufacture practice, rational and compliance.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Williams and Wilkins (2005). Remington; the Science and Practice of Pharmacy (2first edition). Publisher: Lippincott.
- 2- Patrick J. Sinko (2006). Martin's Physical Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical Sciences.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1- www. Pharmaceutical manufacturing process.com
- 2- CD production lines and Quality control in different factory





قالب توصيف مقرر مهارات تسويقية واتصال

IV. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of Weeks	Contact hours	
1	Introduction an overview of marketing	DefinitionSimple marketing systemsMarketing value	1	2	
2	Marketing functions	Marketing relationshipCustomer valueCustomer relationshipmanagement	1	2	
3	Marketing environment	 External Forces that effect on marketing environment Internal forces that impact on organizations Micro environment and macro environment 	1	2	
4	Marketing process	 Analyzing marketing opportunities Method of selecting target market Developing marketing mix Managing marketing efforts 	1	2	
5	Consumer behavior	 Model of buyer behavior Characteristics affecting consumer behavior Buying decision process 	1	2	
6	Market segmentation	Segmentation definitionTarget marketingMarket positioning	1	2	
7	Mid-term examination		1	2	
8	Marketing mix (product strategies)	 Define four marketing activities Product definitions Product classification Product decisions Brand strategies 	1	2	





9	Pricing strategies	 Price definition Factors affecting price decisions Consumer perception of price and value Pricing policies 	1	2	
10	Place strategies (distributions)	 Distribution definitions Marketing channel Marketing intermediaries Distribution channel functions Channel behavior and conflict management Franchising 	1	2	
11	Promotion strategies (marketing communications)	 Promotion definition Promotion goals Marketing communication mix Communication process Marketing communications objectives Steps in developing effecting communication. 	1	2	
12	Marketing strategy planning	 Strategic Planning and Marketing Process Characteristics of a Strategic Plan SWOT Analysis Setting Company Objectives and Goals Portfolio Analysis Developing the marketing Mix plans Managing the marketing effort 	1	2	
13		Final Exam	1	2	
	Number of V	Weeks/and Units Per Semester	13		26

I. Assessment Tas	التقييم :sks	طرق
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No	Assessment Method طريقة التقييم	Week Due الاسبوع	Mark الدرجة	Proportion of Final Assessment نسبة الدرجة من الدرجة النهائية	
1	Exercises and Home works التمارين والواجبات المنزلية	10, 3	5	5%	
2	Project مشروع	9	5	5%	





	3	Midterm	7	30	30%	
	4	امتحان (theoretical) امتحان نهائي (نظري)	14	60	60%	
ĺ	5	Total		100	100%	

-	
II	.Learning Resources: مصادر التعلم
1-Requ	ired Textbook(s) (maximum two). (٢ المراجع المطلوبة (بحد اقصى
	1- principles of marketing by Philip Kotler and Gary Armstrong.
	2- Fundamentals of marketing by Stanton . Etzel and Walker
	3- Marketing by Jorl R. Evans and Barry Berman.
2-Rec	commended Books and Reference Materials.ا
	 نظام سویدان، ۲۰۰۸، التسویق مفاهیم معاصرة.
3-Elec	ctronic Materials and Web Sites etc. المراجع الالكترونية ومواقع النت





Course Specification of Applied Pharmacognosy I

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items: Applied pharmacognosy

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours
		-Main fields of traditional medicine, herbal medicine, vertues and shortcomings of phytotherapy, the scientific basis of herbal medicine.	1	2
		-Treatment of constipation, asthma, inflammation and peptic ulcer and therapeutic effects of ginseng.	1	2
1	Traditional medicine	-synergism and antagonism in the phytopharmacology	1	2
		-Renewed interest in some old remedies.	1	2
		-Factors influencing the activity of medicinal plant; ecological, allelopathy, biological and polyploidy.	1	2
		-Standardization of phytopharmaceuticals	1	2
2		Mid exam	1	2
		Intruduction, methods of evaluating the herbal drug; organoleptic and microscopical methods	1	2
3	Evaluation of herbal drugs	Physicochemical and chromatographic methods in evaluation of herbal drug	1	2
		Immunological and Microbiological quality of medicinal plants methods	1	2
4	Plant tissue culture	Introduction and materials of plant tissue cultures	1	2
		Methods of plants tissue culture	1	2





	Phytopharmaceutical produced by plant tissue culture	1	2
5	Final exam	1	2
Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester			

	II. Assessment Tasks:						
No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment			
1	Asignments	3-11	5	5%			
2	Exercises and Home works Quizzes	3, 6, 11	5	5%			
3	Written Test (1)	7	30	30%			
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	60	60%			
5	Total		100	100%			

II	I. Learning Resources:
	1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).
	1- Evans W.C., Evans D. and Trease E., Saunders "Trease and Evans 'Pharmacognosy" (2009); 16th ed. Elsevier, New York.
	2- Steven M. Colegate and Russell J. Molyneux. "Bioactive natural products: detection, isolation, and structural determination" (2008); Seconded, editor.
	2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.
	1- Paul M. Dewick. "Medicinal Natural Products. (A Biosynthetic approach)" (2001).
	2- Silverstein and Webster. "Spectroscopic Identification of organic compounds" (1996); 6th Ed.
	3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites <i>etc</i> .
	http://pages.intnet.mu/webpam/Pharmacognosy.htm-1
	2- http://www.phcog.org/
	3- http://www.botanical.com





Fifth year: second semester





Course Specification of Quality Control

I. Course Content:		
i. Course Comtent.		

1 – Course Topics/Items:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Introduction to quality control	Definitions of quality, basic principle of quality control.Component of Quality Control, General Quality System Requirements, ThemainpartoftheISO standardismadeupofthree separate standards, Pharmaceutical Quality Control System, ControlCharts,	2	6	
2	Documentation	The purposes of documentation, Good documentation in QA system, Types of documentation for QA.	1	3	
3	Sampling	Types, Handling theSample in the Laboratory, the informationthat may be take in consideration during sampling, Sampling Procedures And Errors, sampling of solid, liquid and gas, Sample preservation: Why Sample preservation sample preservation Sample preparation	1	3	
4	Errors In Pharmaceutical Analysis	Meaning of errors, Classification of Errors.	2	6	





5	Midterm exam		1	3	
6	Method Validation	Meaning, method of validation Validation approaches, Method of validation according to USP or ICH, Some Important Terminology	1	3	
7	Drug stability and stability indication	Definition, Purpose of stability testing, The type of stabilitystudies depends on the different phases of drug and use, Degradation andstability of drugs, Routes of druginstabilityin dosageform, Chemical degradationroutes, Stability Indicating Assay Methods (SIAMs),	1	3	
8	Physicochemical properties	Physicochemical properties of drug Spectroscopic method for analysis	1	3	
9	Chromatographic		1	3	
10	Application of QC	Quality control of raw, material and pharmaceutical dosage forms	1	3	
11	Final exam		1	3	
	Number of		39		

	II. Assessment Tasks:					
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment		
1	Project	2, 8	5	5%		
2	Oral Tests	5, 9	5	5%		
3	Written Test (1)	7	30	30%		
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	60	60%		
			100	100%		





III.	Learning Resources:
	1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).
	 SomenathMitra, Sample Preparation Techniques in Analytical Chemistry, 2003, A John Wiley and Sons, Inc., Publication, Canada. Satinder Ahuja, Stephen Scypinski, Handbook Of ModernPharmaceutical Analysis, 2001, Academic Press, San Diego, USA.
	2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.
	 J. Ermer and J. H. McB. Miller, Method Validation in Pharmaceutical Analysis, 2005, WILEY-VCH Verlag GmbH and Co. KGaA, Weinheim. Robert A. Nash, Alfred H. Wachter, Pharmaceutical Process Validation, Volume 129, Margael Delston Inc.
	 Marcel Dekker Inc. 3- Andrew J Fletcher, Lionel D Edward, Anthony W Fox Peter Stonie, Princible and practice of medicine, 2002, John Wiley and Sons Ltd. London, UK
	3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites <i>etc</i> .





Course Specification of Hospital Pharmacy

I. Course Content:

$1-Course\ Topics/Items:$

$a-Theoretical\ Aspect:$

	a – Theoretical Aspect.						
No	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Numb er of weeks	Contac t hours			
1	Introduction	 Organization and Structure Organization of a hospital and hospitalpharmacy Responsibilities of a hospital pharmacist Pharmacy and therapeuticcommittee Budget preparation and Implementation. Hospital formulary Contents, preparation and revision of hospital formula 	2	6			
2	Drug Store Management and Inventory Control:	 Organization of a drug store Types of materials stocked Storage conditions. Purchase and Inventory Control Principles purchase procedures Purchase order Procurement and stocking 	2	6			
3	Drug Distribution Systems in Hospitals:	 Outpatient dispensing - methods adopted. Dispensing of drugs to inpatients . Types of drug distribution systems . Floor stockDDS Unit doseDDS Prescription DDS Automation in drug distribution Goals Automated dispensing systems Charging policy – labeling Dispensing of drugs to ambulatory patients. Dispensing of controlled drugs. 	4	12			
4		Midterm exam	1	3			
5	Pharmacy services	Inpatient pharmacy servicesDose adjustment.	6	18			





	• C	principles of lamina air flow (LAF) hood operation principles of aseptic technique, as well as policies and procedures for parenteral drug administration Practice the appropriate aseptic technique used in the preparation of intravenous admixture calculations associated in all aspects of intravenous admixture preparation appropriately and accurately Therapy drug monitoring (TDM) Evaluation of medication orders for drug allergy, interactions, and contraindications according to specific patient profiles utpatient pharmacy services Care of patients with chronic illnesses			
		-			
6	F	inal exam	1	3	
	Number of Weeks/and Units Per Semester			48	

	II. Assessment Tasks:					
no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment		
1	Project	11	5	5%		
2	Quizzes and oral test	6, 8	5	5%		
3	Written Test (midterm exam)	9	30	30%		
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	60	60%		
	Total	100	100%			

III. Learning Resources:

1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).

1- M. C.Allwood and J. T. Fell (2010)."Textbook of Hospital Pharmacy" Fourthedition. Blackwell Scientific Publications, Oxford, UK.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

1. W.E. Hassan (1986). "Hospital Pharmacy" Fifthed. Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia.





3-Ele	ectronic Materials and Web Sites etc.	





Course Specification of Clinical Pharmacy II

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items:

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Renal disorders	Acute renal failure	1	2	
2	Kenai disorders	Urinary tract infections	1	2	
3		Type 1 diabetes mellitus	1	2	
4	Endocrinology disorders	Type 2 diabetes mellitus	1	2	
5		Hyperthyroidism	1	2	
6		Hypothyroidism	1	2	
7	Gynecologic disorders	Pregnancy and lactation "therapeutic consideration"	1	2	
8	Mid-term		1	2	
9	Gynecologic disorders (continuation)	Pregnancy and lactation "therapeutic consideration"	1	2	
10	Infectious disorders	Pneumonia Sepsis and septic shock	1	2	
11	Neurological disorders	Parkinson's disease	1	2	
10	D 11 ' 1" '	Epilepsy	1	2	
12	Psychological disorders	Depression	1	2	
12	Final exam	<u>-</u>	1	2	
	Number of Weeks/and Units		26		

b - 1	Practica	lAspect:
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Order	Practical Experiment	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	Case studies on acute renal failure	1	2	
2	Case studies on acute pyelonephritis	1	2	
3	Case-studies on type 1diabetes	1	2	
4	Case-studies on type 2 diabetes	1	2	
5	Case-studies on hyperthyroidism	1	2	
6	Case-studies on hypothyroidism	1	2	
7	Case-studies on benign cases during pregnancy	1	2	
8	Case-studies on certain disorders during pregnancy	1	2	
9	Case-studies on pneumonia	1	2	
10	Case-studies on sepsis and septic shock	1	2	
11	Case-studies on Parkinson's disease	1	2	
12	Case-studies on epilepsy	1	2	
13	Case-studies on depression	1	2	
14	Final Practical exam	1	2	
]	Number of Weeks/and Units Per First semeste	er4	28	

II. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Assignments	all	10	10%	
2	Practical Reports	all	10	10%	
3	Written Test (1)	8	10	10%	
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	16	50	50%	
5	Final Exam (practical)	14	20	20%	
7	Total		100	100%	

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1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).





- 1-Dipiro et al, Pharmacotherapy Handbook, 7th edition 2008, McGraw Hill
- 2-Koda-Kimble and Young's, Applied therapeutics "the clinical use of drugs", 10th edition 2013, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins.

2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.

- 1- Dipiro et al, Pharmacotherapy A pathophysiologic Approach, 7th edition 2008, McGra Hill.
- 2- Dipiro et al, Pharmacotherapy Principles and Practice, 7th edition 2008 McGraw Hill.

3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.

- 1- www.dynamed.ebscohost.com
- 2- www.drugs.com
- 3- www.drugdigest.com
- 4- www.pharmacistletter.com
- 5- www.rxlist.com

Course Specification of Applied pharmacognosy 2

I. Course Content:

1 – Course Topics/Items: Complementary & alternative medicine

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours
1	Introduction	- Definitions of complementary and alternative medicine - Concepts of complementary and alternative medicine - Comparison with Integrative medicine - Classification of complementary and alternative medicine.	1	2
2	Types of complementary and alternative medicine	 Alternative medical systems Definitions, concepts, and applications of * Traditional Chinese medicine. * Indian medicine (Ayuveda). 	1	2





		- Mind-body therapies	4	
3		- Biologically Based Practices	1	2
4		- Manipulative therapies	1	2
4		- Energy medicine	1	2
		Definitions, concepts, applications		
5		of:	1	2
		* Homoeopathy		
	Evidence based therapies	* Anthroposophical medicine		
		* Aromatherapy		
6		* Flower remedy therapy	1	2
		* Phytotherapy (Herbal medicine)		
7	Mic	d- term exam	1	2
8		 Herbs and herbal combinations, preparations and doses used in treatment of: 	1	2
		* Central Nervous System disorders		
		* Urinary tract disorders		
9		* Skin diseases	1	2
		* Respiratory system		
10	Phytotherapy	* Digestive system disorders	1	2
10		* Rheumatic Diseases	1	2
11		* Cardiovascular system	1	2
		* Gynecological disorders		
		* Endocrine and metabolic		
12		problems	1	2
		* Performance and immune deficiencies		
13	Non-medicinal based	- Hydrotherapy	1	2
	therapies	- Apitherapy	1	
14	F	inal exam	1	2





Number of Weeks /and Units Per Semester

No	Assignment	Week Due	Mark
1	Seminar	10, 11	3
2	Project	5, 8	4
3	Micro assignments	3-11	3

I	II. Assessment Tasks:						
No	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment			
1	Assignments	3-11	10	10%			
2	Exercises and Home works	3, 6, 11	3	3%			
3	Oral Tests	2, 7, 9, 12	3	3%			
4	Quizzes	4, 8	4	4%			
5	Written Test (1)	7	20	20%			
6	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	60	60%			
7	Total		100	100%			

II	I. Learning Resources:
	1- Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).
	1- Steven B Kayne. "Complementary and alternative medicine" (2009); Pharmaceutical Press.
	 2- Henrich M., Barens j. and Gibbons S.A. "Fundamentals of Pharmacognosy and Phytotherapy" (2004); Churchill Livingstone, New York. 3- Karin Kraft. "Pocket guide to herbal medicine" (2004); Georg Thieme Verlag.
	2- Recommended Books and Reference Materials.
	1- Brun L. and Cohen M. "Herbs & Natural Supplements" (2010); 3rd ed., Elsevier, London
	2- Tracy T.S. & Kingston R.L. "Herbal Products" (2007); 2nd ed., Humana Press, New Jersey.
	3- Evans W.C., Evans D. & Trease E., Saunders "Trease and Evans 'Pharmacognosy" (2009); 16th ed. Elsevier, New York.





3- Electronic Materials and Web Sites <i>etc</i> .
1- http://www.holisticonline.com/Herbal-Med/hol_herb-forms.htm
2- http://www.mothernature.com/Library/Bookshelf/Books/15/1.cfm
3- http://www.rain-tree.com/prepmethod.htm

IV	'. Learning Resources:
	1-Required Textbook(s) (maximum two).
	1- Henrich M., Barens j. and Gibbons S.A. "Fundamentals of Pharmacognosy and Phytotherapy" (2004); Churchill Livingstone, New York 2- Evans W.C., Evans D. and Trease E., Saunders "Trease and Evans 'Pharmacognosy" (2009); 16th ed. Elsevier, New York.
	2-Recommended Books and Reference Materials.
	1- Brun L. and Cohen M. "Herbs and Natural Supplements" (2010); Third ed., Elsevier, London
	2- Tracy T.S. and Kingston R.L. "Herbal Products" (2007); Seconded., Humana Press, New Jersey.
	3-Electronic Materials and Web Sites etc.
	1- http://www.holisticonline.com/Herbal-Med/hol_herb-forms.htm
	2- http://www.mothernature.com/Library/Bookshelf/Books/15/1.cfm
	3- http://www.rain-tree.com/prepmethod.htm





Course Specification of Industrial Pharmacy II

$1-Course\ Topics/Items:$

 $a-Theoretical\ Aspect:$

Order	Topic/ unit	Sub topic	Number of weeks	Contact hours	
1	_Heat transfer and Flow of heat	 -Classification of heat flow process. -Overall coefficient of heat transfer. - Mechanisms of heat transfer, conduction, convection andradiation. -Design of heating equipment. -Tubularheaters; heat transfer by radiationand convection. -Tubular heaters; heat interchangers, inductive heating. 	1	3Hrs	
2	Drying	 Introduction, definition, factor affecting drying Classification of dryers dryers for dilute solutions and suspensions. Dryers for solid materials. Convectional and conduction dryers. Theory of drying loss on drying and moisture content, equilibriummoisture content. Principles of freeze drying, freeze dryers. 	2	6hrs	





3	Evaporation	 General principals of evaporation. Factor affecting evaporation Classification of Evaporator – jacketed kettles, tube evaporators, -forced circulation evaporator accessories. Evaporation under reduced pressure. Multiple effect evaporation. 	1	3hrs	
4		Mid Exam	1	3hrs	
5	Mixing process	- Introduction, factor affecting mixing, type of mixture - Fundamentals and mechanism Type of mixer used in -liquid/liquid, -liquid/solid, -semisolidsolid/solid mixing.	2	6hrs	
6	Size enlargement	- Methods and mechanisms of granule formation Reasons for size enlargement Pharmaceutical granulation equipments; high speed mixer granulator, oscillating granulator, extruder.	1	3hrs	
7	Size reduction	- Theory and reasons of size reduction - Factors influencing size reduction Pharmaceutical applications Mechanisms and equipments used for size	1	3hrs	





		reduction; e.g. roller mill, ball mill, hammer mill, fluid energy mill, colloid mill.			
8	Filtration	 -Theory of filtration and filtration media. - Darcy's equation. - Filter aids. - Classification of filtration filters (e.g. plate and frame filter, leaf filter, filter press, rotary filter). 	1	3hrs	
9	Distillation	 Theory of distillation, definition, uses type of distillation: (a) for miscible liquids, (b) for immiscible liquids, (c) Steam distillation d) fractional distillation. andect. 	1	3hrs	
10	Extraction process	 Theory of extraction, definition, uses, factor affecting extraction Type of extraction: Liquid/ solid extraction Liquid/ liquid extraction 	1	3hrs	
11	Crystallization	 Classification, batch crystallizers, simple vacuum crystallizers. Nucleation and crystal growth critical humidity prevention of caking, material and energy balances 	1	3hsr	
12	- Final exam		1	3hrs	
Numbe	er of Weeks/and Units Per S	Semester	14week	42 hr	

I. Assessment Tasks:

no	Assessment Method	Week Due	Mark	Proportion of Final Assessment	
1	Quizzes	5	5	5%	





2	Written Test (1) Mid exam	6	30	30%	
3	Homework	10	5	5%	
4	Final Exam (theoretical)	14	60	60%	
5	Total		100	100%	



